

$$\frac{d^3 y}{dt^3} + r \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + \gamma \frac{dy}{dt} + f y = \frac{d^3 r}{dt^3} + r \frac{dr}{dt} + r$$

$$\xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} (s^3 + r s^2 + \gamma s + f) Y(s) = (s^3 + r s^2 + 1) R(s) \quad (a)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = G(s) = \frac{(s+1)^3}{(s+1)(s^2 + r s + f)} = \frac{s+1}{s^2 + r s + f} = \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2 + r}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -f & -r & -r \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_1 \\ \beta_1 \\ \beta_0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (b)$$

$$C = [1 \ 0 \ 0], \quad D = \beta_0$$

$$C + Dr = y \Rightarrow y = x_1 + \beta_0 r \Rightarrow x_1 = y - \beta_0 r \quad (1)$$

$$A \dot{x} + Br = x \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = x_2 + \beta_1 r \Rightarrow x_2 = \dot{x}_1 - \beta_1 r$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = \dot{y} - \beta_0 \dot{r} - \beta_1 r \quad (2)$$

$$A x + Br = \dot{x} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = x_2 + \beta_1 r \quad (3)$$

$$A x + Br = \dot{x} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_2 = -f x_1 - \gamma x_2 - r x_2 + \beta_0 r$$

$$\xrightarrow{(1),(2),(3)} \ddot{y} + r \ddot{y} + \gamma \dot{y} + f y = \beta_0 \ddot{r} + (\beta_1 + r \beta_0) \dot{r}$$

$$+ (\beta_0 + r \beta_1 + \gamma \beta_0) \dot{r} + (\beta_0 + r \beta_1 + \gamma \beta_0 + f \beta_0) r$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} \beta_0 &= 0 \\ \beta_1 + r\beta_0 &= 1 \\ \beta_r + r\beta_1 + 4\beta_0 &= r \\ \beta_r + r\beta_r + 4\beta_1 + r\beta_0 &= 1 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \beta_1 = 1 \left\{ \Rightarrow \beta_r = -1 \right\} \Rightarrow \beta_r = -r$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -r & -4 & -r \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -r \end{bmatrix}, C = [1 \ 0 \ 0], D = 0$$

$$x_1 = x \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_r$$

$$x_r = \dot{x} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_r = \ddot{x} = \sin(x_1) - 2x_1 - 3x_r$$

نقطی تعادل: $\left. \begin{matrix} x_1 = 0 \\ x_r = 0 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \bar{x} = x - 0 = x$

$$\dot{\bar{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \bar{x}$$

نقطی
حول: $x_1 = \pi$
 π $x_r = 0$

$$A \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 6 \sin x_1 - 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \bar{x} = x - \pi \Rightarrow \dot{\bar{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -3 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \bar{x}$$

\downarrow
 $\pi = -3$

$$A \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_r} \\ \frac{\partial f_r}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_r}{\partial x_r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 6 \sin x_1 - 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

در نقطه تعادل: $= -1$
 \downarrow
 0

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نقطه تعادل: $\left. \begin{matrix} \dot{x} = 0 \\ \dot{y} = 0 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x(x+y-1) = 0 \\ x^2 - y - 1 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x=0 \rightarrow y=-1 \\ x=1-y \rightarrow 1+y^2-2y-y-1=0 \rightarrow y^2-3y=0 \rightarrow y=0 \rightarrow x=1 \\ y=3 \rightarrow x=-2 \end{cases}$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial f_r}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f_r}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x+y-1 & x \\ 2x & -1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1_0 \rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \bar{x} = x-1, \bar{y} = y \\ -1 \rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \bar{x} = x+1, \bar{y} = y-3 \\ -1 \rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \bar{x} = x, \bar{y} = y+1 \end{cases}$$

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