Writ petitions:

Habeas Corpus

<"to have a body of">: If any person was arrested and the gov./police couldn't show the person

in front of their concerned ones.. then they can apply for habeas corpus. The court then

orders to present the person in front of court before 24 hrs. Lately court also decided

that in case of any unlawful detention would also come under this writ.

Mandamus

<"We Command">: It is a judicial remedy in the form of an order from a court to any gov.,

subordinate court, corporation or public authority to do some specific act which the body

is obliged to do.

Quo Warranto

<"By what warrant">: Through this warit, the court calls upon a person holding a public office to show under what authority he holds that office. if it is found that the person is not entitled to hold that office, he may be ousted from it. It can't be issued in respect to a private office.

Certiorari

<"to certify">: When the lower court or a tribunal has passed an order which is beyond its powers or committed an error of law then, through the writ of certiorari, the higher court may transfer the ase to itself or quash the order passed by the lower court or tribunal.

Prohibition: A writ of prohibition is issued by a Court to prohibit the lower courts,

tribunals and other quasi-judicial authorities from doing something beyond their authority.

It is issued to direct inactivity and thus differs from mandamus which directs activity.

\*\* The writ of certiorari is issued after the case is heard and decided. It is issued

to quash the decision or order of the lower court when the lower court passed an order

without or in excess of jurisdiction. Whereas, the writ of prohibition is issued

prohibiting the proceedings in the lower court which acts without or in excess of

jurisdiction while the case is pending before it. \*\*