

mutation - 9, any change 25,

12/7/23

CSE - 301

Probability models

Sample Space:

$$S = \{H, T\} ; S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

~~Each value is called an event~~

Event: Any subset  $E$  of sample space  $S$

$E, F$  are mutually exclusive if  $E \cap F = \emptyset$



$$P(I) \rightarrow P(I)$$

a function on event

↓  
Probability:  $P(E)$

i)  $0 \leq P(E) \leq 1$

ii)  $P(S) = 1$

iii)  $E_1, E_2, \dots$  mutually exclusive events,  $P(\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} E_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} P(E_i)$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$$

↑ ↑  
Not mutually Exclusive

Ex:  $S = \{HH, HT, TH, TT\}$

First head

~~$P(E)$~~

$E = \{HH, HT\}$

$P(E) = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

Next head

$F = \{TH, HH\}$

$P(F) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$P\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^n E_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n P(E_i) - \sum_{i < j} P(E_i E_j) + \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_i E_j E_k) - \dots + (-1)^{n+1} P(E_1 E_2 \dots E_n)$$

↑  
Not mutually exclusive

$E_i \cap E_j \rightarrow E_i E_j$



Conditional Probability:

$$P(E|F) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(F)}$$

Ex: Number 1-10. E be the event that number is 10. F be the event that the number is at least 5.

$$P(E|F) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(F)} = \frac{\frac{1}{10}}{\frac{6}{10}} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Ex:  $S = \{bb, bg, gb, gg\}$

E = both boys, F = at least one boy.

$$P(E|F) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(F)} = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Ex: 3 players, 3 hats, each player gets a hat.

$E_i$  = Event that  $i$ th man gets his own hat.

$P(\text{non gets his own hat}) = ?$

$$1 - P(E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \dots \cup E_n) = 1 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Calculation on next page



$$P(E_i) = \frac{1}{3}, \quad P(E_i E_j) = P(E_j | E_i) P(E_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(E_i E_j E_k) = P(E_k | E_i E_j) P(E_i E_j)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(E_1 \cup E_2 \cup E_3) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) + P(E_3)$$

$$- P(E_1 E_2) - P(E_2 E_3) - P(E_1 E_3) + P(E_1 E_2 E_3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(E|F) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(F)}; \quad P(EF) = P(E|F)P(F)$$

if  $E$  &  $F$  independent,  $P(E|F) = P(E)$

$$P(EF) = P(E) \cdot P(F)$$



$$F \cup F^c = S$$

Bayes Theorem:

$$P(F|E) = \frac{P(E|F) P(F)}{P(E|F) P(F) + P(E|F^c) P(F^c)}$$

$F_1, F_2, \dots, F_n$  mutually exclusive

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^n F_i = S$$

$$P(F_j|E) = \frac{P(E|F_j) P(F_j)}{\sum_{k=1}^n P(E|F_k) P(F_k)}$$

Ex:

$l$  — word;  $F_1, F_2, F_3 \rightarrow$  files

$F_i$  = Event that  $l$  is in file  $i$ .

$$P(F_1) = P(F_2) = P(F_3) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$d_i$  (Probability of finding  $l$  in file  $i$  by Qsearch)

$E$  = Qsearched file 1 & did not find  $l$



$$P(F_1|E) = ? = \frac{P(E|F_1)P(F_1)}{P(E|F_1)P(F_1) + P(E|F_2)P(F_2) + P(E|F_3)P(F_3)}$$

searching  
in file 1 but  
it is in 2

$$= \frac{(1-d_1) \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{(1-d_1)\frac{1}{3} + \cancel{d_1 \frac{1}{3}} + 1 \times \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1-d_1}{3-d_1}$$