

Homework 1-1

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- Write an application that runs 1000 games of craps (Fig. 6.8 Craps.java) and answers the following questions:
 - a) How many games are won on the first roll, second roll, ..., twentieth roll and after the twentieth roll?
 - b) How many games are lost on the first roll, second roll, ..., twentieth roll and after the twentieth roll?
 - c) What are the chances of winning at craps? (贏的機率有多高)
 - d) What is the average length of a game of craps? (平均一次遊戲擲幾次骰子)

Sample Output

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224 games won and 99 games lost on roll #1	1 games won and 3 games lost on roll #13
74 games won and 119 games lost on roll #2	1 games won and 0 games lost on roll #14
50 games won and 96 games lost on roll #3	0 games won and 4 games lost on roll #15
33 games won and 54 games lost on roll #4	1 games won and 0 games lost on roll #16
23 games won and 47 games lost on roll #5	0 games won and 0 games lost on roll #17
22 games won and 37 games lost on roll #6	0 games won and 1 games lost on roll #18
18 games won and 13 games lost on roll #7	0 games won and 0 games lost on roll #19
8 games won and 18 games lost on roll #8	0 games won and 0 games lost on roll #20
7 games won and 14 games lost on roll #9	3 games won and 1 games lost on rolls
5 games won and 6 games lost on roll #10	after the 20th roll
5 games won and 6 games lost on roll #11	
4 games won and 3 games lost on roll #12	

The chances of winning are $479 / 1000 = 47.90\%$

The average game length is 3.37 rolls.

Hint

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- Fig. 6.8 可略做修改(類別從Craps改為CrapsAnalysis)，以紀錄必要的資訊。
- 需宣告陣列，以紀錄不同骰子投擲次數的出現次數。
 - 如diceRollingWonTimes[5] = 23代表擲5次、結果為勝有23次、diceRollingLostTimes[5] = 47代表擲5次、結果為負有47次。
- 模擬過程中可持續累加每次的骰子投擲次數，即可算平均值。

Homework 1-2₁

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- Create a class called *Complex* for performing arithmetic with complex numbers. Complex numbers have the form

$$realPart + imaginaryPart * i$$

- Use *double* variables *real* and *imaginary* to represent the private data of the class.
- Provide a constructor that enables an object of this class to be initialized when it is declared. (以設定實部與虛部)
- Provide a **no-argument** constructor with **random positive** double values (from 0 to 1).
 - Please use *java.security.SecureRandom* to generate random numbers.

Homework 1-2₂

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- ▣ Provide public methods that perform the following operations:
 - Return the **conjugates** (共軛) of a Complex number
 - Return the **absolute number** (絕對值) of a Complex number
 - Add two Complex numbers
 - Subtract two Complex numbers
 - Multiply two Complex numbers
 - Divide two Complex numbers
 - Print Complex numbers in the form $a + bi$, where a is the real part and b is the imaginary part. (顯示到小數點後兩位)
- ▣ References:
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Complex_number
 - <https://zh.wikibooks.org/zh-tw/複數>

Sample Output

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$$a = 1.10 + 2.20i$$

$$\text{Conjugates of } a = 1.10 - 2.20i$$

$$\text{Absolute value of } a = 2.46$$

$$c = 0.29 + 0.46i$$

$$\text{Conjugates of } c = 0.29 - 0.46i$$

$$\text{Absolute value of } c = 0.54$$

$$b = 3.30 - 4.40i$$

$$\text{Conjugates of } b = 3.30 + 4.40i$$

$$\text{Absolute value of } b = 5.50$$

$$d = 0.79 + 0.68i$$

$$\text{Conjugates of } d = 0.79 - 0.68i$$

$$\text{Absolute value of } d = 1.04$$

$$a + b = 4.40 - 2.20i$$

$$a - b = -2.20 + 6.60i$$

$$a \times b = 13.31 + 2.42i$$

$$a \div b = -0.20 + 0.40i$$

$$c + d = 1.08 + 1.14i$$

$$c - d = -0.49 - 0.23i$$

$$c \times d = -0.08 + 0.56i$$

$$c \div d = 0.50 + 0.14i$$

- 不需使用者輸入，只要在Test程式中new Complex物件，並呼叫其相關的方法，再印出即可。
- a和b是直接給定實部與虛部，c和d則是亂數產生。

Hint

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- For the *conjugates*, *add*, *subtract*, *multiply*, and *divide* methods of class *Complex*, **return a new Complex object** with the results of the calculations.
 - ▣ You need *java.lang.Math*
- For the *absoluteValue* method of class *Complex*, return a **double** value.
- To print an object, please add a public method: *toString()* that returns a String.
 - ▣ You can refer to [https://www.javatpoint.com/understanding-toString\(\)-method](https://www.javatpoint.com/understanding-toString()-method)
- Please refer to *ComplexTest.java*.

Homework 1-3

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- (Palindromes) A palindrome is a sequence of characters that reads the same backward as forward.
 - For example, each of the following seven-digit integers is a palindrome: 12321, 55555, and 45554.
- Please write an application that reads in a five-digit **integer** and determines whether it is a palindrome.
- If the number is not five digits long, please just display an error message.

Examples

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Enter a 5-digit number: 12345
12345 is not a palindrome.

Enter a 5-digit number: 1234
Number must be 5 digits
1234 is not a palindrome.

(四個範例都是獨立
執行的結果)

Enter a 5-digit number: 666666
Number must be 5 digits
666666 is not a palindrome.

Enter a 5-digit number: 12321
12321 is a palindrome!!!

Problem-Solving Tips

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- Use division and remainder calculations to obtain the separate digits.
 - ▣ For a five-digit number to be a palindrome, the first and fifth digits must be the same, and the second and the forth digits must be the same.
- Using string to store the user input is not allowed!

Homework 1-3 (Bonus)

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- Write an application that reads in an positive integer that is less than Integer.MAX_VALUE and determines whether it is a palindrome. (Using string to store the user input is not allowed!)
- If the length of the number is not an odd number or the number is out-of-range, display an error message and allow the user to enter a new value.