## mnist

## March 13, 2025

```
[1]: import tensorflow as tf # type: ignore
     from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist # type: ignore
     from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential # type: ignore
     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D,
      →MaxPooling2D
     from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # type: ignore
[2]: #load MNIST dataset
     (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
[3]: x_train.shape
[3]: (60000, 28, 28)
[4]: x_test.shape
[4]: (10000, 28, 28)
[5]: print(y_test)
    [7 2 1 ... 4 5 6]
[6]: #Displaying sample images from MNIST dataset
     #select random indices for displaying images
     import numpy as np # type: ignore
     indices = np.random.randint(0, x_train.shape[0], size = 16)
     #create a fig and subplots
     fig, axes = plt.subplots(4, 4, figsize=[5, 3])
     #flatten the axes array for easy iteration
     axes = axes.flatten()
     for i,ax in enumerate(axes):
         image = x_train[indices[i]]
         label = y_train[indices[i]]
         ax.imshow(image, cmap='gray')
```

```
ax.set_title(f"Label: {label}")
ax.axis('off')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
Label: 2
              Label: 6
                            Label: 8
                                           Label: 1
Label: 5
              Label: 2
                            Label: 3
                                           Label: 8
              Label: 5
                            Label: 7
Label: 9
                                           Label: 8
                            Label: 2
Label: 0
              Label: 0
                                           Label: 7
```

```
[10]: #reshape data for cnn input
img_rows, img_cols = 28, 28
x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], img_rows,img_cols,1)
```

```
[]: '''purpose of reshaping
------
is to transform data into 4d array, which is the std format for img dta in CNN.
the dimension represent:
no of samples - tot no of img in dataset
img height - height of each img in pixels
img width - width of each img in pixels
no of channels - no of color channels in img
```

[]: 'purpose of reshaping\nis to transform data into 4d array, which is the std format for img dta in CNN. \nthe dimension represent: \nno of samples - tot no of img in dataset\nimg height - height of each img in pixels\nimg width - width of each img in pixels\nno of channels - no of color channels in img\n\n'

```
[]: | #x_ test.shape
      x_train.shape
 []: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
 []: #normalize pixel values to bw 0 and 1
      x train = x train / 255.0
      x_test = x_test / 255.0
[14]: #convert class vectors to binary class matrices
      num classes = 10
      y_train = to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
      y_test = to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
[15]: print(y_test)
     [[0. 0. 0. ... 1. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 1. ... 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 1. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]]
[16]: #creat a cnn model
      model = Sequential()
      model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(3,3), activation='relu', input shape = 1
       (28, 28, 1))
      model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
      model.add(Flatten())
      model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
      model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
     C:\Users\KH.EN.P2MCA24006\AppData\Local\Packages\PythonSoftwareFoundation.Python
     .3.11_qbz5n2kfra8p0\LocalCache\local-packages\Python311\site-
     packages\keras\src\layers\convolutional\base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not
     pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
     models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model
     instead.
       super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
[17]: #compile the model
      model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',__
       →metrics=['accuracy'])
[18]: history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, batch_size=128, epochs=10, verbose=1,__
       →validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
Epoch 1/10
     469/469
                         16s 31ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.8750 - loss: 0.4466 - val accuracy: 0.9753 - val loss: 0.0821
     Epoch 2/10
     469/469
                         15s 32ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9788 - loss: 0.0694 - val_accuracy: 0.9831 - val_loss: 0.0538
     Epoch 3/10
     469/469
                         15s 31ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9860 - loss: 0.0481 - val_accuracy: 0.9819 - val_loss: 0.0557
     Epoch 4/10
     469/469
                         15s 32ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9899 - loss: 0.0340 - val accuracy: 0.9848 - val loss: 0.0462
     Epoch 5/10
     469/469
                         17s 37ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9934 - loss: 0.0234 - val_accuracy: 0.9833 - val_loss: 0.0495
     Epoch 6/10
     469/469
                         18s 31ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9946 - loss: 0.0183 - val accuracy: 0.9863 - val loss: 0.0414
     Epoch 7/10
     469/469
                         14s 30ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9960 - loss: 0.0145 - val_accuracy: 0.9871 - val_loss: 0.0395
     Epoch 8/10
                         15s 31ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9973 - loss: 0.0099 - val_accuracy: 0.9862 - val_loss: 0.0462
     Epoch 9/10
     469/469
                         15s 31ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9978 - loss: 0.0086 - val_accuracy: 0.9873 - val_loss: 0.0439
     Epoch 10/10
     469/469
                         14s 30ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9980 - loss: 0.0070 - val_accuracy: 0.9862 - val_loss: 0.0445
[19]: model.summary()
```

## Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	320
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 5408)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	692,352
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1,290

Total params: 2,081,888 (7.94 MB)

Trainable params: 693,962 (2.65 MB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

Optimizer params: 1,387,926 (5.29 MB)

[]: