Q1. Write a java program to demonstrate the scope of private access modifier. class Person { private String name = "Shiv"; // Private variable private void displayName() { // Private method System.out.println("Name: " + name); } public void show() { System.out.println("Accessing private member from within the class:"); displayName(); public class Private { public static void main(String[] args) { Person p = new Person(); // p.name = "Bob";// !Error: 'name' has private access //!Error: 'displayName()' has private access // p.displayName(); p.show(); // ?Allowed: public method accessing private members internally **OUTPUT:**

```
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Private Accessing private member from within the class: Name: Shiv
```

Q2. Write a java program to demonstrate the scope of protected access modifier.

```
class Dog extends Animal {
  public void showDetails() {
    System.out.println("Accessing protected member from subclass:");
    System.out.println("Type: " + type);
    sound();
public class Protected {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Dog d = new Dog();
    d.showDetails(); // Accessing via subclass method
    // d.type = "Bird"; // !Not allowed outside subclass directly (though same package allows it)
                    // !Not recommended: should access via method
    // d.sound();
  }
OUTPUT:
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Protected
Accessing protected member from subclass:
  nimal makes a sound
Q3. Write a java program to demonstrate the scope of default access modifier.
// File: Default1.java
public class Default1 {
  String text = "Hello, this is default access"; // Default variable
  void display() { // Default method
    System.out.println(text);
  }}
// File: Default2.java (same package as Default1.java)
public class Default2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Default1 msg = new Default1();
    msg.display();
                      // ?Allowed: same package
    System.out.println(msg.text); // ?Allowed: same package
  }
OUTPUT:
 D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Default2
 Hello, this is default access
 Hello, this is default access
Q4. Write a java program to demonstrate the scope of public access modifier.
package test;
public class Public1{
  public String message = "Hello from a public class!"; // Public variable
  public void sayHello() { // Public method
    System.out.println(message);
  }
import test.*;
public class Public2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Public1 g = new Public1(); // ?Accessible anywhere
                         // ?Public method accessible
    g.sayHello();
    System.out.println(g.message); // ?Public variable accessible
  }
OUTPUT:
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Public2
Hello from a public class!
```

Hello from a public class!

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```
Q5. Write a java program such that if we create object of class it will print "SGSITS".
class temp{
    temp(){
        System.out.println("SGSITS");
    }
}
public class Sgsits {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        temp obj = new temp();
    }
}
OUTPUT:
```

D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Sgsits SGSITS

```
Q6. Write a java program where we create object it takes 3 parameters i.e. name, age, city and print it.

class temp{

temp(String name, int age, String city){

System.out.println("Name: " + name);

System.out.println("Age: " + age);

System.out.println("City: " + city);

}

public class Constructor {

public static void main(String[] args) {

temp obj = new temp("Shiv", 20, "Indore");

}
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Constructor
Name: Shiv
Age: 20
City: Indore
```

Q7. Write a java program for such that it will be unalterable i.e can not change the value of variable, methods should not be overridden and class will not inherited.

```
final class Unalterable {
    private final String data = "This value cannot change"; // Final variable
    public final void display() { // Final method
        System.out.println(data);
    }
}

public class Final {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Unalterable obj = new Unalterable();
        obj.display();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Final This value cannot change

Q8. Write a java program to create a static method and static variables in class A and call it.

```
class A{
    static int count = 5; // Static variable
    static void display() { // Static method
        System.out.println("Static count value: " + count);
    }
}
public class Static {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
A.display();
    System.out.println("Accessing static variable: " + A.count);
  }
}
OUTPUT:
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Static
Static count value: 5
Accessing static variable: 5
Q9. Write a java program to make static method in class A and call it class B.
class A {
  static void greet() {
    System.out.println("Class A says Hello!");
  }
public class B {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    A.greet();
OUTPUT:
 D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java B
 Class A says Hello!
Q10. WAP to merge two arrays.
import java.util.Arrays;
public class MergeArrays {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr1 = \{1, 3, 5\};
```

 $int[] arr2 = \{2, 4, 6\};$

int[] merged = new int[arr1.length + arr2.length];

```
for (int i = 0; i < arr1.length; i++) {
    merged[i] = arr1[i];
}
for (int i = 0; i < arr2.length; i++) {
    merged[arr1.length + i] = arr2[i];
}
System.out.println("Merged Array: " + Arrays.toString(merged));
}
OUTPUT:</pre>
```

```
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java MergeArrays Merged Array: [1, 3, 5, 2, 4, 6]
```

```
Q11. WAP to sort an array.

import java.util.Arrays;

public class SortArray {

   public static void main(String[] args) {

    int[] arr = {5, 2, 8, 1, 3};

    System.out.println("Original Array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));

    Arrays.sort(arr);

   System.out.println("Sorted Array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
   }
}

OUTPUT:
```

```
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java SortArray Original Array: [5, 2, 8, 1, 3] Sorted Array: [1, 2, 3, 5, 8]
```

```
Q12. WAP to search an element in given array. import java.util.Scanner; public class SearchElement {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] arr = {10, 25, 30, 45, 50, 12, 34, 13, 90, 100, 200, 323, 32, 34, 45, 56, 78, 90, 109};
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter element to search: ");
     int key = sc.nextInt();
     boolean found = false;
     for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
       if (arr[i] == key) {
          System.out.println(key + " found at index " + i);
          found = true;
          break;
     if (!found) {
       System.out.println(key + " not found in the array.");
     sc.close();
OUTPUT:
```

```
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java SearchElement
Enter element to search: 34
34 found at index 6
```

Q13. WAP to find median of two sorted array. import java.util.Arrays; public class Median {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 int[] arr1 = {1, 3, 5, 7, 1, 13, 15}; int[] arr2 = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14}; int n1 = arr1.length; int n2 = arr2.length;

```
int[] merged = new int[n1 + n2];
System.arraycopy(arr1, 0, merged, 0, n1);
System.arraycopy(arr2, 0, merged, n1, n2);
Arrays.sort(merged);
double median;
int n = merged.length;
if (n % 2 == 0) {
    median = (merged[n/2 - 1] + merged[n/2]) / 2.0;
} else {
    median = merged[n/2];
}
System.out.println("Merged Array: " + Arrays.toString(merged));
System.out.println("Median: " + median);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\JAVA_college\Assignmnet 3\Codes>java Median
Merged Array: [1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15]
Median: 6.5
```