

## Assignment 4

```
In [1]: import networkx as nx
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import pickle
```

### Part 1 - Random Graph Identification

For the first part of this assignment you will analyze randomly generated graphs and determine which algorithm created them.

```
In [2]: P1_Graphs = pickle.load(open('A4_graphs', 'rb'))
P1_Graphs
```

```
Out[2]: [<networkx.classes.graph.Graph at 0x7fa0b690e8d0>,
<networkx.classes.graph.Graph at 0x7fa0b690e9e8>,
<networkx.classes.graph.Graph at 0x7fa0b690ea20>,
<networkx.classes.graph.Graph at 0x7fa0b690ea58>,
<networkx.classes.graph.Graph at 0x7fa0b690ea90>]
```

P1\_Graphs is a list containing 5 networkx graphs. Each of these graphs were generated by one of three possible algorithms:

- Preferential Attachment ('PA')
- Small World with low probability of rewiring ('SW\_L')
- Small World with high probability of rewiring ('SW\_H')

Analyze each of the 5 graphs and determine which of the three algorithms generated the graph.

*The graph\_identification function should return a list of length 5 where each element in the list is either 'PA', 'SW\_L', or 'SW\_H'.*

```
In [4]: def graph_identification():
    methods = []
    for G in P1_Graphs:
        degrees = G.degree()
        degree_values = sorted(set(degrees.values()))
        degree_hist = [list(degrees.values()).count(i) / float(nx.number_of_
        clustering = nx.average_clustering(G)
        shortest_path = nx.average_shortest_path_length(G)

        if len(degree_hist)>10:
            methods.append('PA')
        elif clustering < 0.1:
            methods.append('SW_H')
```