

**COMP3310 Assignment 2**  
**Report**  
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## **1. Introduction**

### **1.1 Introduction**

This report describes my Gopher client implemented using native socket programming in Python. The client was tasked with crawling the Gopher hierarchy hosted at `comp3310.ddns.net` on port `70`, classifying and indexing content, identifying the smallest and largest files, detecting malformed entries, and probing referenced external servers.

## **2. Implementation**

### **2.1 Gopher Protocol**

The client adheres to the Gopher protocol by sending requests in the form of:

<selector>\r\n

and reading responses until EOF. Each entry is parsed as per the standard:

<item\_type><display\_string>\t<selector>\t<host>\t<port>

### **2.2 Crawling Logic**

The crawler:

- Maintains a set of visited selectors to prevent infinite loops.
- Parses directory (type 1) and recursively crawls internal paths.
- Collects text files (type 0) and binary files (type 9).
- Detects and logs malformed entries (type 3 or incorrect formatting).
- Attempts to connect to external servers and records their availability.

### **2.3 File Analysis**

- Text file contents are read and stored.

The client identifies and prints:

- The smallest text file (by content length).
- The largest text file.
- The smallest and largest binary files (by byte length).

### **2.4 Fault Handling**

- All failed or malformed requests are stored in an errors list.
- Timeouts and connection refusals are handled with exception blocks.
- Unknown or unsupported item types are skipped.

### **3. Output and operation**

### 3.1 Output when running code

An example output when running my code is as follows:

### --- Summary ---

Number of Gopher directories: 44

Number of text files: 10

```
Number of text files: 10
- /fc1436.txt
- /acme/products/anvils
- /acme/products/pianos
- /acme/products/paint
- /acme/contact
- /maze/statuette
- /maze/floppy
- /misc/empty.txt
```

/misc/looooooooooooo  
oooooooooooooooooooo  
- /misc/malformed?

Number of binary files: 2  
- /misc/binary

Contents of the smallest text file '/misc/empty.txt':

Size of the largest text file: 37396 bytes  
Size of the smallest binary file: 253 bytes  
Size of the longest line of file: 45584 bytes

Number of unique invalid references (errors): 6  
- ('invalid', 0, '')  
- ('comp3310.ddns.net', 70, '/maze/22')  
- ('comp3310.ddns.net', 70, '/misc/empty')  
- ('comp3310.ddns.net', 70, '/misc/nesta')  
- ('invalid', 0, '')  
- ('comp3310.ddns.net', 70, '/misc/malformed1')

Factor 1

```
- gopher.floodgap.com:70 -> UP
- comp3310.ddns.net:72 -> DOWN
- comp3310.ddns.net:73 -> DOWN
- comp3310.ddns.net:74 -> DOWN
- comp3310.ddns.net:71 -> UP
```

### **3.2 Output summary**

Using the above example, the crawler successfully traversed the Gopher hierarchy and produced the following statistics:

- Directories Found: 44
- Text Files Found: 10  
Example: /rfc1436.txt, /acme/products/paint, /maze/statuette
- Binary Files Found: 2  
Example: /misc/binary, /misc/encabulator.jpeg
- Smallest Text File: /misc/empty.txt (Content: .)
- Largest Text File Size: 37396 bytes
- Smallest Binary File Size: 253 bytes
- Largest Binary File Size: 45584 bytes
- Invalid References Logged: 6  
Example: ('comp3310.ddns.net', 70, '/maze/22')
- External Servers Referenced:
  - gopher.floodgap.com:70 – UP
  - comp3310.ddns.net on ports 71–74 – Mixed availability

### **3.3 Operation**

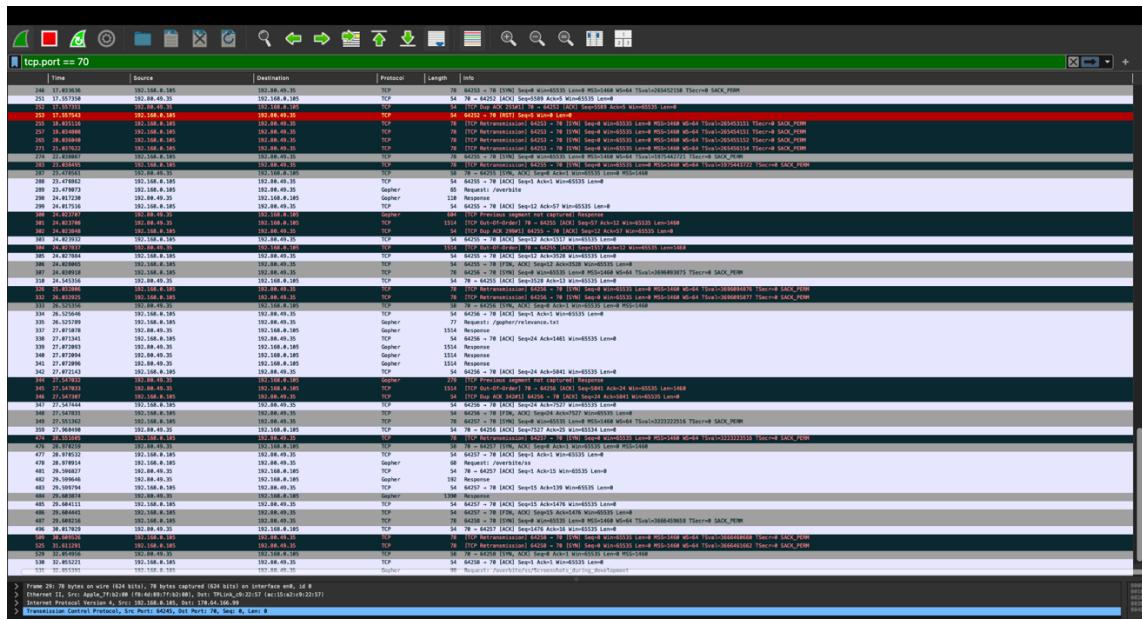
The code can be run by navigating to the correct directory (using cd) and then run ‘python 3310task2.py’. The code prompts the user to input the server host and server port, in this case ‘comp3310.ddns.net’ and ‘70’ respectively. The code will then run, producing a similar output to what is shown above.

## **4. Challenges and Observations**

- Several selectors timed out, indicating dead links or intentionally slow endpoints (e.g., /misc/tarpit).
- Malformed Gopher entries caused decoding failures, handled by error logging.
- Some entries reused the empty selector, likely due to incomplete formatting.
- Timestamped logs helped track request history and debug issues.

## **5. Wireshark**

### **5.1 Wireshark screenshot**



## 5.2 Wireshark Summary

Based on the Wireshark capture shown in the screenshot, the Gopher client generated a significant amount of TCP traffic over port 70 during its crawl of the server at comp3310.ddns.net. Multiple TCP connections were initiated from the client IP (192.168.0.105) to the server IP (192.168.0.35), with corresponding Gopher protocol requests and responses clearly visible. The presence of several TCP retransmissions and duplicate ACKs suggests instances of packet loss or delayed responses, which aligns with the timeouts and connection failures observed in the crawler's output, especially when accessing selectors like /acme/about and /misc/godot.

Additionally, the capture includes TCP reset (RST) packets, which indicate abrupt connection closures—likely from the server rejecting connections or from exhausted resources under load. This behaviour provides insight into the server's responsiveness and network reliability during the crawl. It also underscores the importance of the timeout and error-handling mechanisms implemented in the crawler code, which allowed the client to recover from failed or incomplete transactions without crashing or halting progress.