

Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111		
Course Title:	Programming Language II		
Homework No:	04		
Topic:	Instance method and overloading		
Submission Type:	Hard Copy		
Resources:	1. Class lectures 2. BuX lectures a. English:		

Analyze the given code below to write the **HackathonTeam** class to get the output shown.

Hints:

- Remember, the constructor is a special method. Here, you have to deal with constructor overloading, which is similar to method overloading.
- A team can have a maximum of three members.
- Your class should have two variables.
- You may need to use the keyword 'None'.

Driver Code	Output
# Write your codes for subtasks here.	Team name: Atlantean
team_1 = HackathonTeam("Atlantean", "Aquaman")	Participants:
team_1.information()	Aquaman
nvint(!!!)	
print("=======")	Team name: Avengers
team 2 = HackathonTeam("Avengers", "Ironman", "Thor",	Participants:
"Hulk")	Ironman
team 2.information()	Thor
_	Hulk
print("====="")	=======================================
	Team name: X-Men
team_3 = HackathonTeam("X-Men", "Storm", "Mystique")	Participants:
team_3.information()	Storm
	Mystique

Design the **Foodie** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code.

Notes:

- 1. Your code should work for any number of strings passed to order() method.
- 2. Total spent by a foodie is calculated by adding the total prices of all the ordered foods and the waiter's tips (if any).
- 3. Global variable 'menu' can be accessed directly from inside the class.

Driver Code	Output		
<pre>menu = {'Chicken Lollipop':15,'Beef Nugget':20,'Americano':180,'Red Velvet':150,'Prawn Tempura':80,'Saute Veg':200} f1 = Foodie('Frodo') print(f1.show_orders()) print('1') f1.order('Chicken Lollipop-3','Beef Nugget-6','Americano-1') print('2') print(f1.show_orders()) print('3') f1.order('Red Velvet-1') print('4') f1.pay_tips(20) print('5') print(f1.show_orders()) f2 = Foodie('Bilbo') print('6') f2.order('Prawn Tempura-6','Saute Veg-1') print('7') f2.pay_tips() print('8')</pre>	Frodo has 0 item(s) in the cart. Items: [] Total spent: 0. 1		
<pre>print(f2.show_orders())</pre>	6 Ordered - Prawn Tempura, quantity - 6, price (per Unit)- 80.		

Total price - 480 Ordered - Saute Veg, quantity - 1, price (per Unit)- 200. Total price - 200 7
No tips to the waiter. 8 Bilbo has 2 item(s) in the cart. Items: ['Prawn Tempura', 'Saute Veg'] Total spent: 680.

Task 3
Write a class called Farmer with the required constructor and methods to get the following output.

Driver Code	Output		
f1 = Farmer()	Welcome to your farm!		
<pre>print("") f1.addCrops('Rice', "Jute", "Cinnamon")</pre>	3 crop(s) added.		
print("")	No fish added.		
f1.addFishes() print("")	1 crop(s) added.		
f1.addCrops('Mustard') print("") f1.showGoods()	You have 4 crop(s): Rice, Jute, Cinnamon, Mustard You don't have any fish(s).		
print("")	Welcome to your farm, Korim Mia!		
<pre>f2 = Farmer("Korim Mia") print("")</pre>	2 fish(s) added.		
f2.addFishes('Pangash', 'Magur')	2 crop(s) added.		
<pre>print("") f2.addCrops("Wheat", "Potato")</pre>	3 fish(s) added.		
<pre>print("") f2.addFishes("Koi", "Tuna", "Sardine") print("")</pre>	You have 2 crop(s): Wheat, Potato You have 5 fish(s): Pangash, Magur, Koi, Tuna, Sardine		
f2.showGoods() print("")	Welcome to your farm. Your farm ID is 2865127000!		
f3 = Farmer(2865127000) print("")	No crop(s) added.		
f3.addCrops() print("")	1 fish(s) added.		
f3.addFishes("Katla") print("")	You don't have any crop(s). You have 1 fish(s): Katla		
f3.showGoods() print("")			

Lucky winners have gotten a free one-day tour to Universal Studios. Being a programmer, you are asked to construct a class named "UniversalStudiosUser" that can easily store any visitor's information and preferred rides. Your output should match the given output.

Instructions:

- Create a class called UniversalStudiosUser
- Create the required constructor
- Create a method called **selected_rides** that can take as many arguments as the user wants to give.
- Lucky winners (Special users) get a 20% discount if they select more than 3 rides. Normal users do not get any discounts.

Driver Code	Output
customer_1 = UniversalStudiosUser("Alice", 21,	Welcome to Universal Studios.
"Special")	1 Added ride(s) successfully.
print("1")	2
customer_1.selected_rides("Waterworld-100",	Your information:
"Accelerator-200", "DinoSoarin-50")	Name: Alice, Age: 21, Category: Special
print("2")	Selected rides: Ride: Waterworld, Amount: 100 dollar(s)
customer 1.show details()	Ride: Accelerator, Amount: 200 dollar(s)
	Ride: DinoSoarin, Amount: 50 dollar(s)
print("====="")	Please pay 350.0 dollar(s).
	Welcome to Universal Studios.
customer 2 = UniversalStudiosUser("Bob", 20,	3
"Normal")	Added ride(s) successfully.
print("")	Your information:
customer_2.selected_rides("Enchanted Airways-300",	Name: Bob, Age: 20, Category: Normal
"Jurassic Park-500", "Accelerator-200",	Selected rides: Ride: Enchanted Airways, Amount: 300 dollar(s)
"DinoSoarin-50")	Ride: Jurassic Park, Amount: 500 dollar(s)
print("")	Ride: Accelerator, Amount: 200 dollar(s)
	Ride: DinoSoarin, Amount: 50 dollar(s) Please pay 1050.0 dollar(s).
customer_2.show_details()	======================================
	Welcome to Universal Studios.

```
print("======"")

customer_3 = UniversalStudiosUser("Mark", 15,
    "Special")
print("------ 5 ------")
customer_3.selected_rides("Transformers-450",
    "Jurassic Park-500", "Waterworld-100",
    "DinoSoarin-50")
print("------ 6 ------")
customer_3.show_details()
```

```
Added ride(s) successfully.
-------
Your information:
Nome: Mark Age: 15 Category: Sp
```

Name: Mark, Age: 15, Category: Special

Selected rides:

Ride: Transformers, Amount: 450 dollar(s) Ride: Jurassic Park, Amount: 500 dollar(s) Ride: Waterworld, Amount: 100 dollar(s) Ride: DinoSoarin, Amount: 50 dollar(s)

Congratulations!!! You've got a 20% discount.

Please pay 880.0 dollar(s).

Task 5

Design the **Department** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code.

Hints:

- 1. Your code should work for any number of integers passed to the add_students() method. The method will calculate the average number of students if the number of integers passed is equal to the number of classes.
- 2. Your code should work for any number of Department objects passed to the merge Department() method.
- 3. The average students of the mega department in the merge_Department() method are calculated in this way -

Total students of mega department= mega department average * mega department sections + department 1 average * department 1 sections + department 2 average * department 2 sections + department 3 average * department 3 sections +

Average students of mega department = (Total students of mega department / mega department sections)

Driver Code	Output		
d1 = Department() print('1')	The ChE Department has 5 sections.		
d2 = Department('MME Department') print('2')	The MME Department has 5 sections.		
d3 = Department('NCE Department', 8) print('3')	The NCE Department has 8 sections.		
d1.add_students(12, 23, 12, 34, 21) print('4') d2.add_students(40, 30, 21)	The ChE Department has an average of 20.4 students in each section.		
print('5') d3.add_students(12, 34, 41, 17, 30, 22, 32, 51)	The MME Department doesn't have 3 sections.		
print('6') mega = Department('Engineering Department', 10)	The NCE Department has an average of 29.88 students in each section.		
print('7') mega.add_students(21,30,40,36,10,32,27,51,45,15)	The Engineering Department has 10 sections.		
print('8') print(mega.merge_Department(d1, d2)) print('9')	The Engineering Department has an average of 30.7 students in each section.		
print(mega.merge_Department(d3))	ChE Department is merged to Engineering Department. MME Department is merged to Engineering Department. Now the Engineering Department has an average of 40.9 students in each section.		
	NCE Department is merged to Engineering Department. Now the Engineering Department has an average of 64.8 students in each section.		

Implement the **StudentRoutineGenerator** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the following driver code.

[You are not allowed to change the driver code.]

Driver Code	Output		
<pre>print('####################################</pre>	######################################		
'MAT110-Mon/Wed-2:00') st1.addCourses('ENG101-Sun/Tue-12:30', 'CSE110-Mon/Wed-9:30') st1.addCourses('PHY111-Sun/Tue-12:30') print('')	Successfully added CSE110! Successfully added MAT110! Successfully added ENG101! You already have CSE110 in your routine Can't take PHY111. It's clashing with your ENG101		
<pre>st1.showRoutine() print('') st1.dropCourse('CSE110') st1.dropCourse('PHY112') print('') st1.showRoutine() print('##########################")</pre>	Updated Routine: {'Sat/Thurs': {}, 'Sun/Tue': {'12:30': 'ENG101'}, 'Mon/Wed': {'12:30': 'CSE110', '2:00': 'MAT110'}} Routine Details: Sun/Tue: 12:30 - ENG101 Mon/Wed: 12:30 - CSE110 2:00 - MAT110		
<pre>st2 = StudentRoutineGenerator('John', 3) print('') st2.addCourses('MAT110-Mon/Wed-8:00') st2.addCourses('ENG101-Sat/Thurs-12:30', 'CSE110-Sun/Tue-9:30') st2.addCourses('PHY111-Sun/Tue-12:30') print('') st2.showRoutine()</pre>	Successfully dropped CSE110 No such course in your routine		

```
'Sun/Tue': {}, 'Mon/Wed': {}}
-----
Successfully added MAT110!
Successfully added ENG101!
Successfully added CSE110!
You can't take more than 3 courses
-----
Updated Routine:
{'Sat/Thurs': {'12:30': 'ENG101'},
'Sun/Tue': {'9:30': 'CSE110'},
'Mon/Wed': {'8:00': 'MAT110'}}
Routine Details:
Sat/Thurs:
12:30 - ENG101
Sun/Tue:
9:30 - CSE110
Mon/Wed:
8:00 - MAT110
```

```
class Test4:
2
       def init (self):
           self.sum, self.y = 0, 0
       def methodA(self):
           x, y = 0, 0
           msg = [0]
6
           msg[0] = 5
8
           y = y + self.methodB(msg[0])
           x = y + self.methodB(msg, msg[0])
10
           self.sum = x + y + msg[0]
11
           print(x, y, self.sum)
       def methodB(self, *args):
12
13
           if len(args) == 1:
14
               mg1 = args[0]
15
                x, y = 0, 0
16
                y = y + mg1
17
                x = x + 33 + mg1
                self.sum = self.sum + x + y
18
19
                self.y = mg1 + x + 2
20
               print(x, y, self.sum)
21
                return y
22
           else:
23
               mg2, mg1 = args
24
                x = 0
25
                self.y = self.y + mg2[0]
26
                x = x + 33 + mg1
                self.sum = self.sum + x + self.y
27
28
                mg2[0] = self.y + mg1
29
                mg1 = mg1 + x + 2
30
                print(x, self.y, self.sum)
31
                return self.sum
```

t3 = Test4()	x	У	sum
t3.methodA()			

```
class msgClass:
       def
             init (self):
           self.content = 0
   class Q5:
       def __init__(self):
6
           self.sum = 1
           self.x = 2
           self.y = 3
8
       def methodA(self):
           x, y = 1, 1
10
11
           msg = []
12
           myMsg = msgClass()
13
           myMsg.content = self.x
14
           msg.append(myMsg)
15
           msg[0].content = self.y + myMsg.content
           self.y = self.y + self.methodB(msg[0])
16
17
           y = self.methodB(msg[0]) + self.y
18
           x = y + self.methodB(msg[0], msg)
19
           self.sum = x + y + msg[0].content
           print(x," ", y," ", self.sum)
20
```

```
21
       def methodB(self, mg1, mg2 = None):
22
           if mg2 == None:
               x, y = 5, 6
23
24
               y = self.sum + mg1.content
25
               self.y = y + mg1.content
                x = self.x + 7 + mg1.content
26
27
                self.sum = self.sum + x + y
                self.x = mgl.content + x + 8
28
               print(x, " ", y," ", self.sum)
29
30
                return y
31
           else:
32
               x = 1
33
                self.y += mg2[0].content
34
               mg2[0].content = self.y + mg1.content
35
                x = x + 4 + mg1.content
                self.sum += x + self.y
36
               mg1.content = self.sum - mg2[0].content
37
               print(self.x, " ",self.y," ", self.sum)
38
                return self.sum
39
```

What is the output of the following code sequence?	х	У	sum
q = Q5()			
q.methodA()			