

# “SAMVED” HACKATHON 2026

## TITLE PAGE

- **Problem Statement ID** – 04
- **Problem Statement Title-** Smart Safety and Assistance System for Sanitation Workers of Solapur Municipal Corporation
- **Theme-** Decent Work and Economic Growth
- **Team ID-** MITVPU\_SAMVED\_Team 39
- **Team Name (Registered on portal)** - SanitiSafe



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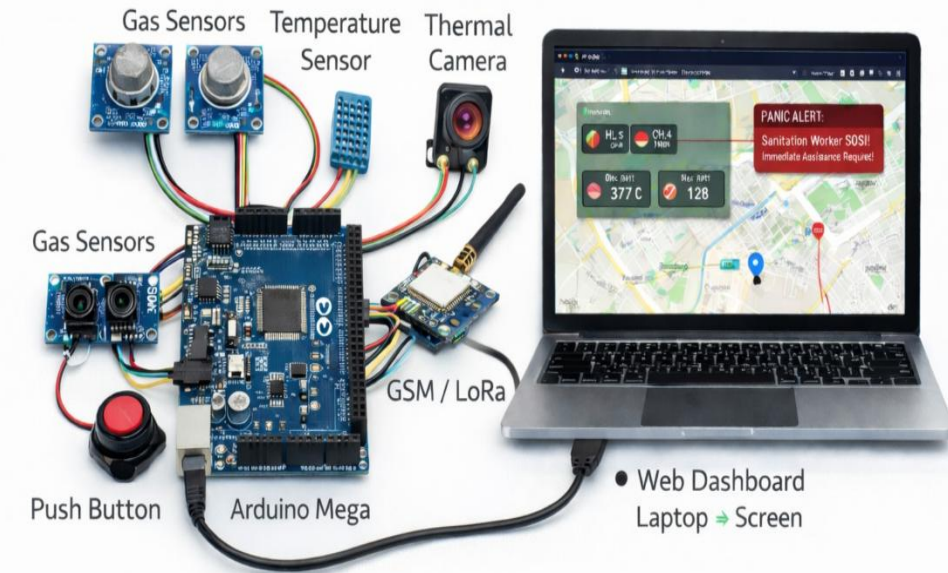
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# SMART SANITATION WORKER SAFETY MONITORING SYSTEM

## Idea Overview :

- A smart wearable safety band for sanitation workers
- Continuously monitors toxic gases, health, and location
- Sends real-time alerts to municipal authorities
- Enables fast emergency response and prevents accidents

Sanitation Worker Safety Monitoring System



# TECHNICAL APPROACH

## Hardware Tools:

- Arduino Mega 2560A, Gas Sensors (MQ-series) , Thermal Camera Module GSM / LoRa Module Push Button (SOS), Power Supply (Battery / Adapter)

## Software Tools:

- Arduino IDE, Embedded C / C++, Cloud / IoT Platform, Web Dashboard

## Technical Flow:

- **Sensor-equipped safety devices** (gas, temperature, thermal camera, GPS, SOS button) continuously monitor sanitation worker health and environmental conditions.
- **Arduino Mega / Raspberry Pi edge device** processes sensor data in real time to detect hazardous conditions and emergency situations.
- **GSM / LoRa wireless communication** transmits processed data and panic alerts to the municipal cloud and central safety monitoring system.
- **Central safety dashboard** displays live worker location, sensor readings, and alerts, enabling coordinated response from sanitation, health, emergency, and engineering departments.
- **Immediate assistance or alert escalation** is initiated, followed by authority review to ensure worker safety and accountability.

## Technical flow



# FEASIBILITY AND VIABILITY

## Feasibility Analysis:

➤ The proposed system is technically and economically feasible as it uses low-cost sensors, Arduino/Raspberry Pi, and existing GSM/LoRa networks.

## Challenges and Risks:

➤ Possible challenges include sensor accuracy, network connectivity in underground areas, device maintenance, and user adoption by workers.

## Mitigation Strategies:

➤ These challenges can be overcome through sensor calibration, multi-network communication, rugged device design, regular maintenance, and proper worker training.

# IMPACT AND BENEFITS

## **Impact on Target Audience:**

➤ Improves safety, health protection, and confidence of sanitation workers by providing real-time hazard monitoring and instant emergency assistance.

## **Social and Environmental Benefits:**

➤ Reduces worker fatalities and occupational health risks while promoting dignified, safer sanitation practices and a cleaner urban environment.

## **Economic and Operational Benefits:**

➤ Lowers medical and compensation costs, improves emergency response efficiency, and helps municipalities optimize operations through data-driven decisions.

# RESEARCH AND REFERENCES

## Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India

➤ *Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013*

<https://socialjustice.gov.in>

## World Health Organization (WHO)

➤ *Occupational health and safety of sanitation workers*

<https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-CED-PHE-WSH-18.2>

## Arduino Official Documentation

➤ *Arduino Mega 2560 – Datasheet and Technical Reference*

<https://docs.arduino.cc/hardware/mega-2560>

## MQ Gas Sensor Datasheets

➤ *MQ Series Gas Sensors – Detection of Toxic and Combustible Gases*

[https://www.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Sensors/Biometric/MQ\\_Series\\_Sensors.pdf](https://www.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Sensors/Biometric/MQ_Series_Sensors.pdf)

## LoRa Alliance

➤ *LoRa Technology for Low-Power Wide-Area Networks*

<https://loro-alliance.org>

# Thank you