Capstone_Project2

September 18, 2022

[1]:
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd


import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import style
import seaborn as sns

%matplotlib inline
```

[2]:
```
data = pd.read_csv('health care diabetes.csv')
```

[3]:
```
data.head()
```

[3]:

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

[4]:
```
data.isnull().any()
```

[4]:
```
Pregnancies                 False
Glucose                     False
BloodPressure               False
SkinThickness               False
Insulin                     False
BMI                         False
DiabetesPedigreeFunction    False
```

```
Age                         False
Outcome                     False
dtype: bool
```

[5]:
```
data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767
Data columns (total 9 columns):
 #   Column                    Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ------                    --------------  -----
 0   Pregnancies               768 non-null    int64
 1   Glucose                   768 non-null    int64
 2   BloodPressure             768 non-null    int64
 3   SkinThickness             768 non-null    int64
 4   Insulin                   768 non-null    int64
 5   BMI                       768 non-null    float64
 6   DiabetesPedigreeFunction  768 non-null    float64
 7   Age                       768 non-null    int64
 8   Outcome                   768 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(7)
memory usage: 54.1 KB
```

[6]:
```
Positive = data[data['Outcome']==1]
Positive.head(5)
```

[6]:

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1
6	3	78	50	32	88	31.0	0.248	26	1
8	2	197	70	45	543	30.5	0.158	53	1

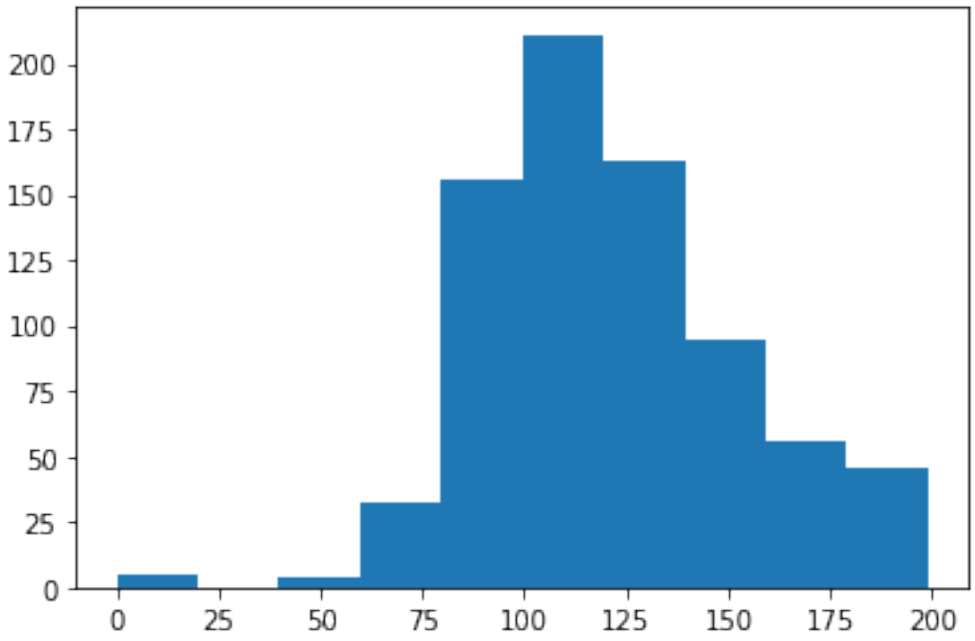
[7]:
```
data['Glucose'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[7]:
```
100    17
99     17
129    14
125    14
111    14
```

```
106    14
95     13
Name: Glucose, dtype: int64
```

[8]:
```
plt.hist(data['Glucose'])
```

[8]:
```
(array([  5.,   0.,   4.,  32., 156., 211., 163.,  95.,  56.,  46.]),
 array([  0. ,  19.9,  39.8,  59.7,  79.6,  99.5, 119.4, 139.3, 159.2,
        179.1, 199. ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```

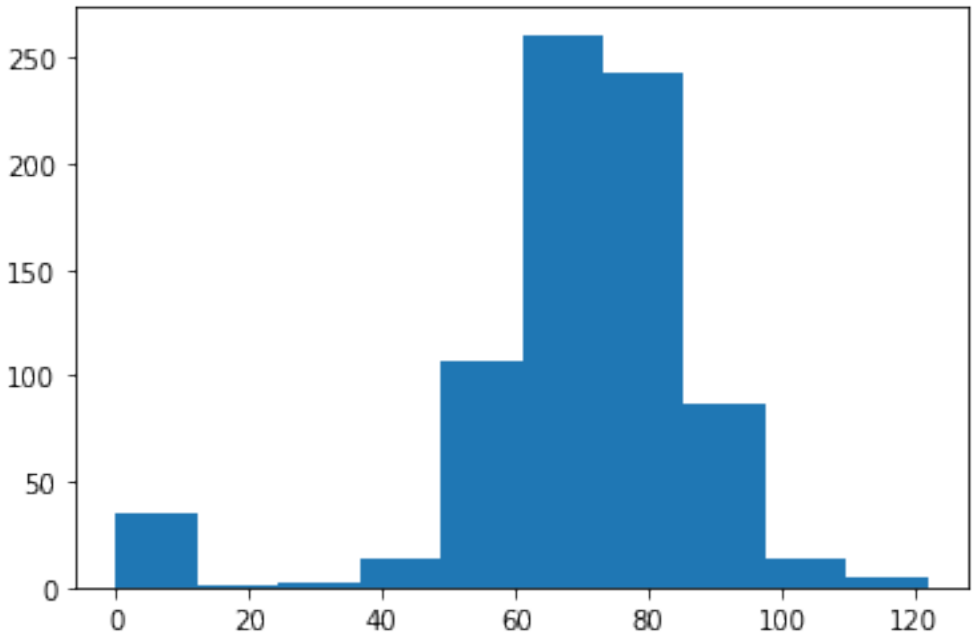


[9]:
```
data['BloodPressure'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[9]:
```
70    57
74    52
68    45
78    45
72    44
64    43
80    40
Name: BloodPressure, dtype: int64
```

[10]:
```
plt.hist(data['BloodPressure'])
```

[10]:
```
(array([ 35.,   1.,   2.,  13., 107., 261., 243.,  87.,  14.,   5.]),
 array([  0. ,  12.2,  24.4,  36.6,  48.8,  61. ,  73.2,  85.4,  97.6,
        109.8, 122. ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```

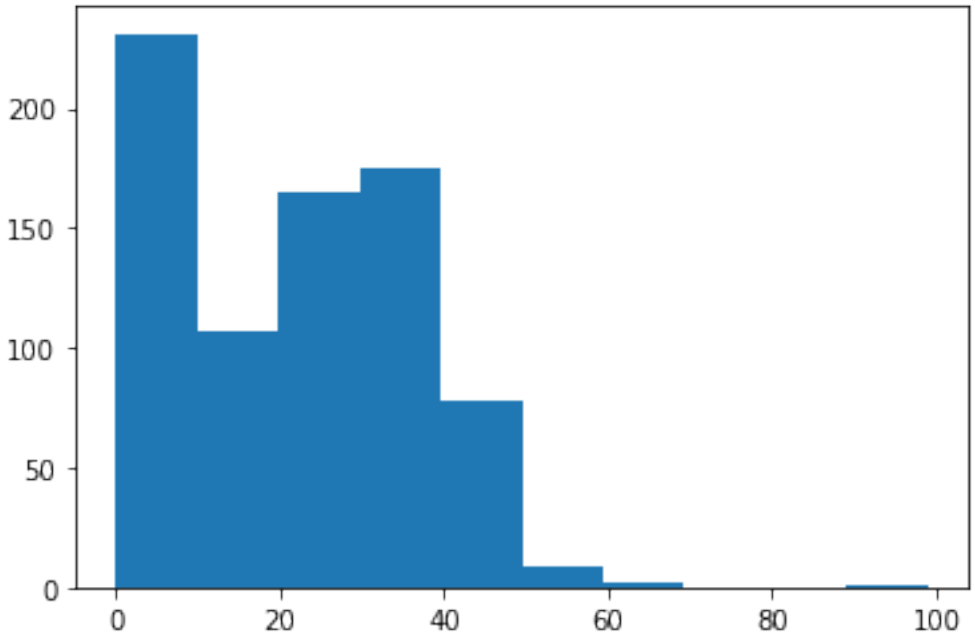


[11]:
```
data['SkinThickness'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[11]:
```
0     227
32     31
30     27
27     23
23     22
33     20
18     20
Name: SkinThickness, dtype: int64
```

[12]:
```
plt.hist(data['SkinThickness'])
```

[12]:
```
(array([231., 107., 165., 175.,  78.,   9.,   2.,   0.,   0.,   1.]),
 array([ 0. ,  9.9, 19.8, 29.7, 39.6, 49.5, 59.4, 69.3, 79.2, 89.1, 99. ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```

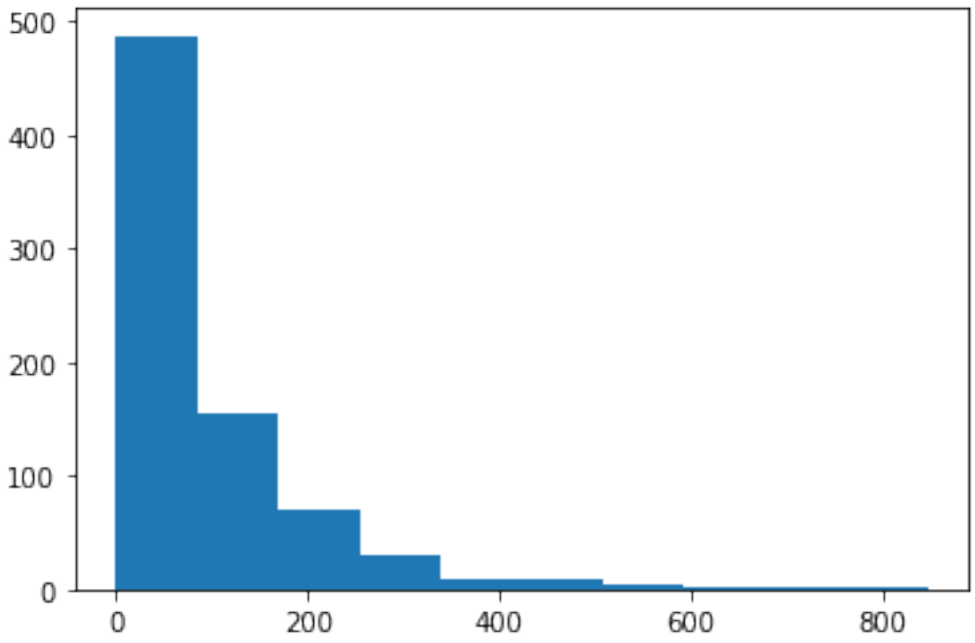


[13]:
```
data['Insulin'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[13]:
```
0      374
105     11
140      9
130      9
120      8
100      7
94       7
Name: Insulin, dtype: int64
```

[14]:
```
plt.hist(data['Insulin'])
```

[14]:
```
(array([487., 155.,  70.,  30.,   8.,   9.,   5.,   1.,   2.,   1.]),
 array([  0. ,  84.6, 169.2, 253.8, 338.4, 423. , 507.6, 592.2, 676.8,
        761.4, 846. ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```

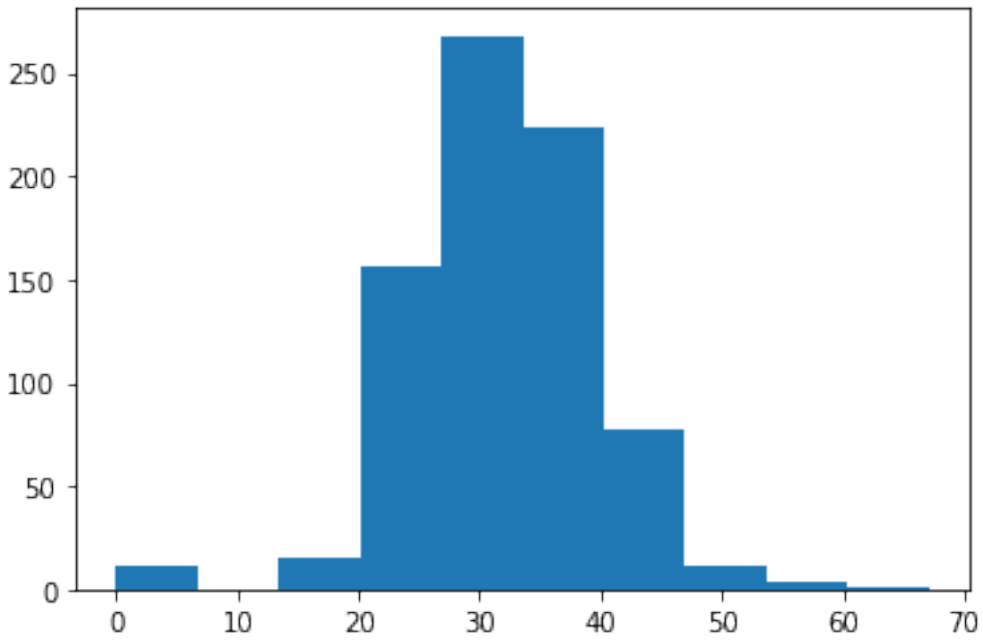


[15]:
```
data['BMI'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[15]:
```
32.0    13
31.6    12
31.2    12
0.0     11
33.3    10
32.4    10
32.8     9
Name: BMI, dtype: int64
```

[16]:
```
plt.hist(data['BMI'])
```

[16]:
```
(array([ 11.,   0.,  15., 156., 268., 224.,  78.,  12.,   3.,   1.]),
 array([ 0.  ,  6.71, 13.42, 20.13, 26.84, 33.55, 40.26, 46.97, 53.68,
        60.39, 67.1 ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```



[17]:
```
data.describe().transpose()
```

[17]:

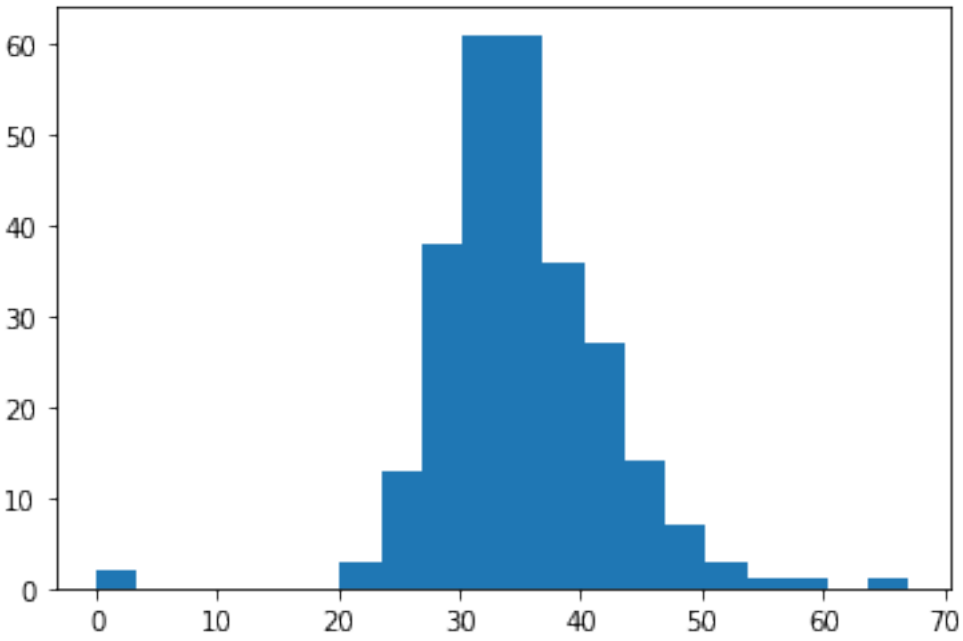
	count	mean	std	min	25%
Pregnancies	768.0	3.845052	3.369578	0.000	1.00000
Glucose	768.0	120.894531	31.972618	0.000	99.00000
BloodPressure	768.0	69.105469	19.355807	0.000	62.00000
SkinThickness	768.0	20.536458	15.952218	0.000	0.00000
Insulin	768.0	79.799479	115.244002	0.000	0.00000
BMI	768.0	31.992578	7.884160	0.000	27.30000
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	768.0	0.471876	0.331329	0.078	0.24375
Age	768.0	33.240885	11.760232	21.000	24.00000
Outcome	768.0	0.348958	0.476951	0.000	0.00000

	50%	75%	max
Pregnancies	3.0000	6.00000	17.00
Glucose	117.0000	140.25000	199.00
BloodPressure	72.0000	80.00000	122.00
SkinThickness	23.0000	32.00000	99.00
Insulin	30.5000	127.25000	846.00
BMI	32.0000	36.60000	67.10
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	0.3725	0.62625	2.42
Age	29.0000	41.00000	81.00
Outcome	0.0000	1.00000	1.00

0.1 Week 2

[18]:
```
plt.hist(Positive['BMI'],histtype='stepfilled',bins=20)
```

[18]:
```
(array([ 2.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  3., 13., 38., 61., 61., 36., 27.,
        14.,  7.,  3.,  1.,  1.,  0.,  1.]),
 array([ 0.   ,  3.355,  6.71 , 10.065, 13.42 , 16.775, 20.13 , 23.485,
        26.84 , 30.195, 33.55 , 36.905, 40.26 , 43.615, 46.97 , 50.325,
        53.68 , 57.035, 60.39 , 63.745, 67.1  ]),
 [<matplotlib.patches.Polygon at 0x7f48dc2da710>])
```

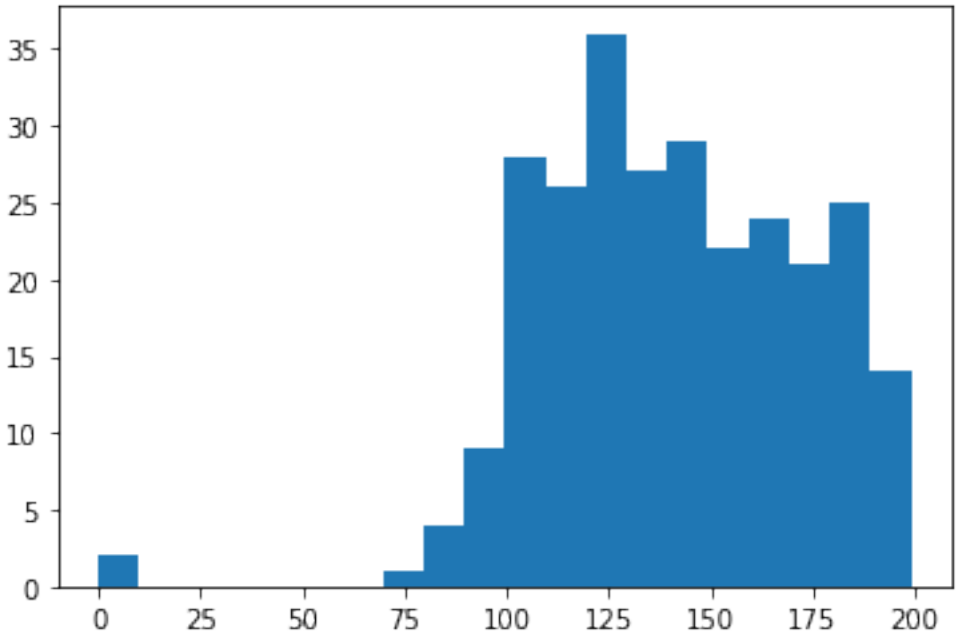


[19]:
```
Positive['BMI'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[19]:
```
32.9    8
31.6    7
33.3    6
30.5    5
32.0    5
31.2    5
32.4    4
Name: BMI, dtype: int64
```

[22]:
```
plt.hist(Positive['Glucose'],histtype='stepfilled',bins=20)
```

[22]:
```
(array([ 2.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  1.,  4.,  9., 28., 26., 36.,
        27., 29., 22., 24., 21., 25., 14.]),
 array([  0.  ,   9.95,  19.9 ,  29.85,  39.8 ,  49.75,  59.7 ,  69.65,
         79.6 ,  89.55,  99.5 , 109.45, 119.4 , 129.35, 139.3 , 149.25,
        159.2 , 169.15, 179.1 , 189.05, 199.  ]),
 [<matplotlib.patches.Polygon at 0x7f48db5fba50>])
```

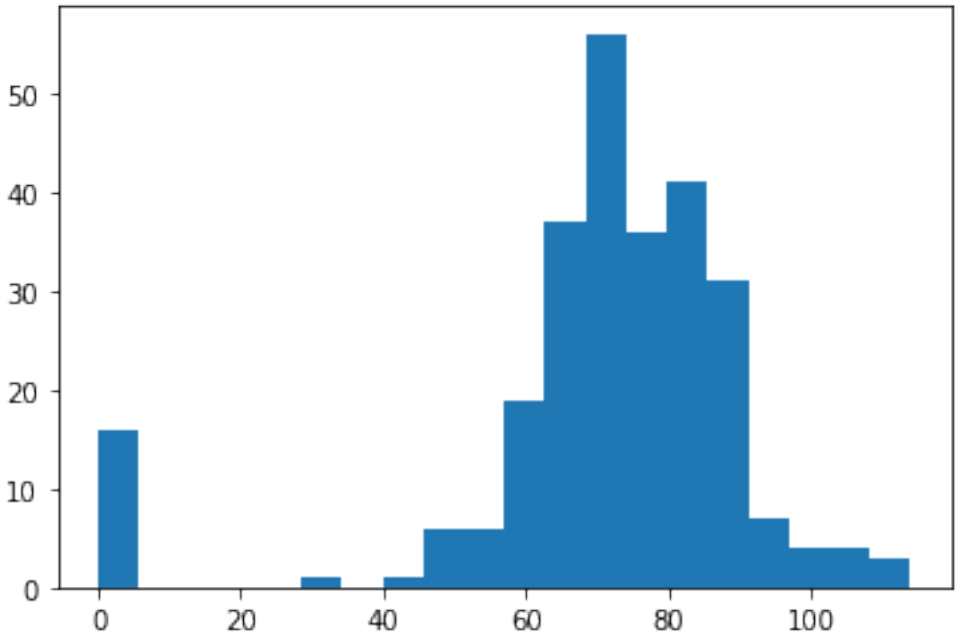


[23]:
```
Positive['Glucose'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[23]:
```
125    7
158    6
128    6
115    6
129    6
146    5
162    5
Name: Glucose, dtype: int64
```

[24]:
```
plt.hist(Positive['BloodPressure'],histtype='stepfilled',bins=20)
```

[24]:
```
(array([16.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  1.,  0.,  1.,  6.,  6., 19., 37., 56.,
        36., 41., 31.,  7.,  4.,  4.,  3.]),
 array([  0. ,   5.7,  11.4,  17.1,  22.8,  28.5,  34.2,  39.9,  45.6,
         51.3,  57. ,  62.7,  68.4,  74.1,  79.8,  85.5,  91.2,  96.9,
        102.6, 108.3, 114. ]),
 [<matplotlib.patches.Polygon at 0x7f48d74666d0>])
```

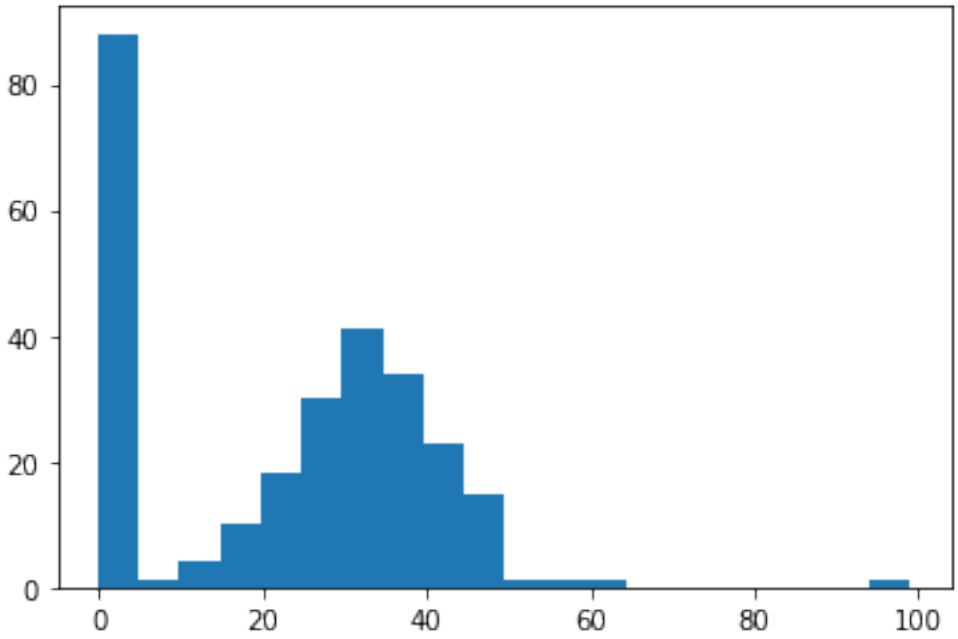


[25]:
```
Positive['BloodPressure'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[25]:
```
70    23
76    18
78    17
74    17
72    16
0     16
82    13
Name: BloodPressure, dtype: int64
```

[27]:
```
plt.hist(Positive['SkinThickness'],histtype='stepfilled',bins=20)
```

[27]:
```
(array([88.,  1.,  4., 10., 18., 30., 41., 34., 23., 15.,  1.,  1.,  1.,
         0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  1.]),
 array([ 0.  ,  4.95,  9.9 , 14.85, 19.8 , 24.75, 29.7 , 34.65, 39.6 ,
        44.55, 49.5 , 54.45, 59.4 , 64.35, 69.3 , 74.25, 79.2 , 84.15,
        89.1 , 94.05, 99.  ]),
 [<matplotlib.patches.Polygon at 0x7f48d769cc50>])
```

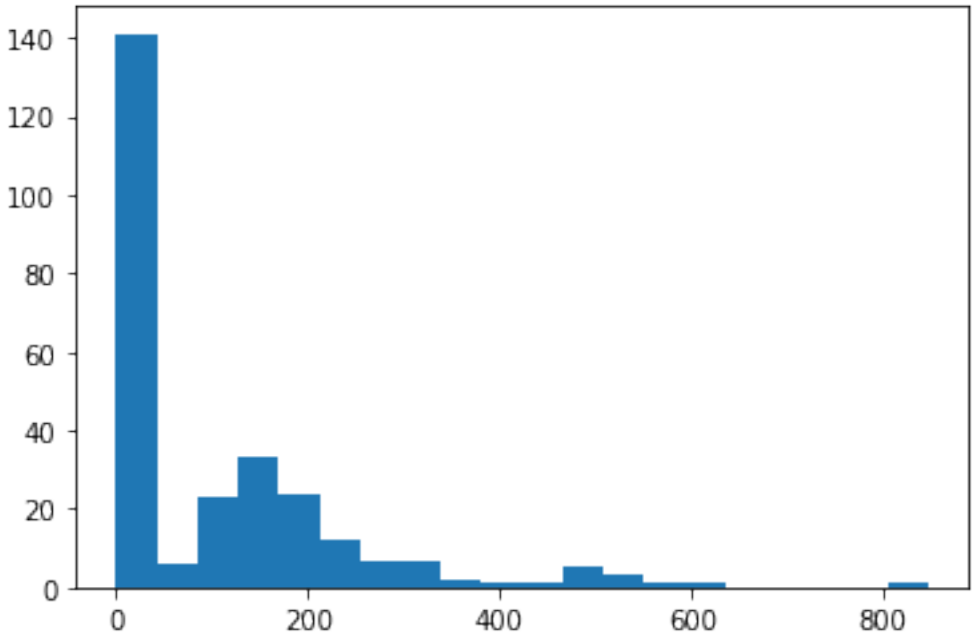


[28]:
```
Positive['SkinThickness'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[28]:
```
0     88
32    14
33     9
30     9
39     8
35     8
36     8
Name: SkinThickness, dtype: int64
```

[29]:
```
plt.hist(Positive['Insulin'],histtype='stepfilled',bins=20)
```

[29]:
```
(array([141.,   6.,  23.,  33.,  24.,  12.,   7.,   7.,   2.,   1.,   1.,
          5.,   3.,   1.,   1.,   0.,   0.,   0.,   0.,   1.]),
 array([  0. ,  42.3,  84.6, 126.9, 169.2, 211.5, 253.8, 296.1, 338.4,
        380.7, 423. , 465.3, 507.6, 549.9, 592.2, 634.5, 676.8, 719.1,
        761.4, 803.7, 846. ]),
 [<matplotlib.patches.Polygon at 0x7f48d763ab90>])
```



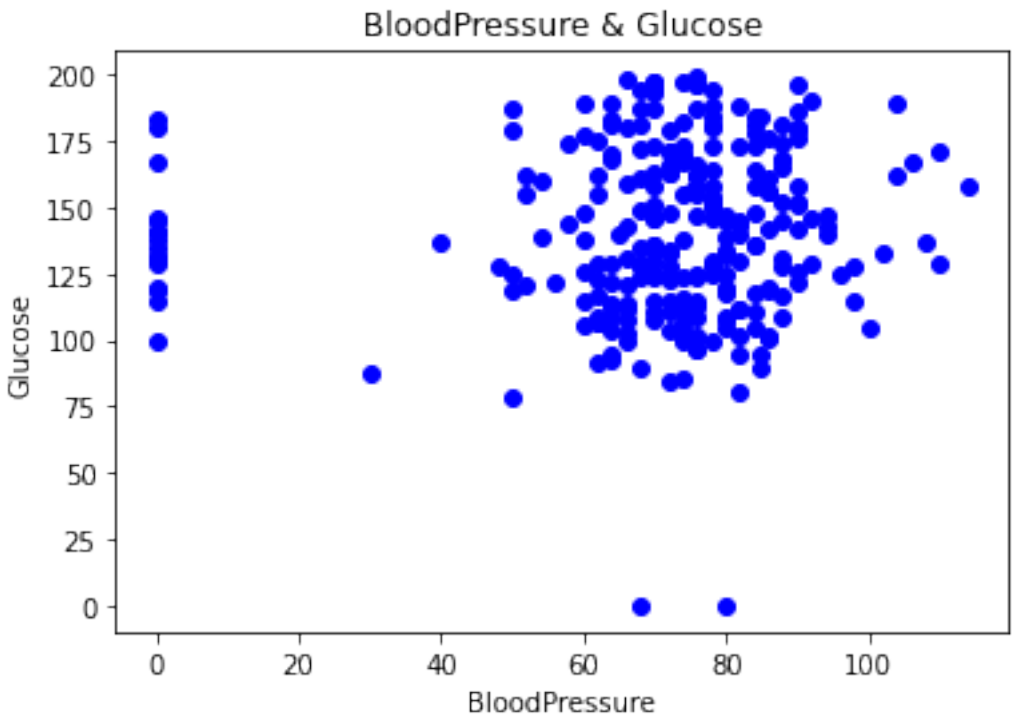
[30]:
```
Positive['Insulin'].value_counts().head(7)
```

[30]:
```
0      138
130      6
180      4
156      3
175      3
194      2
125      2
Name: Insulin, dtype: int64
```

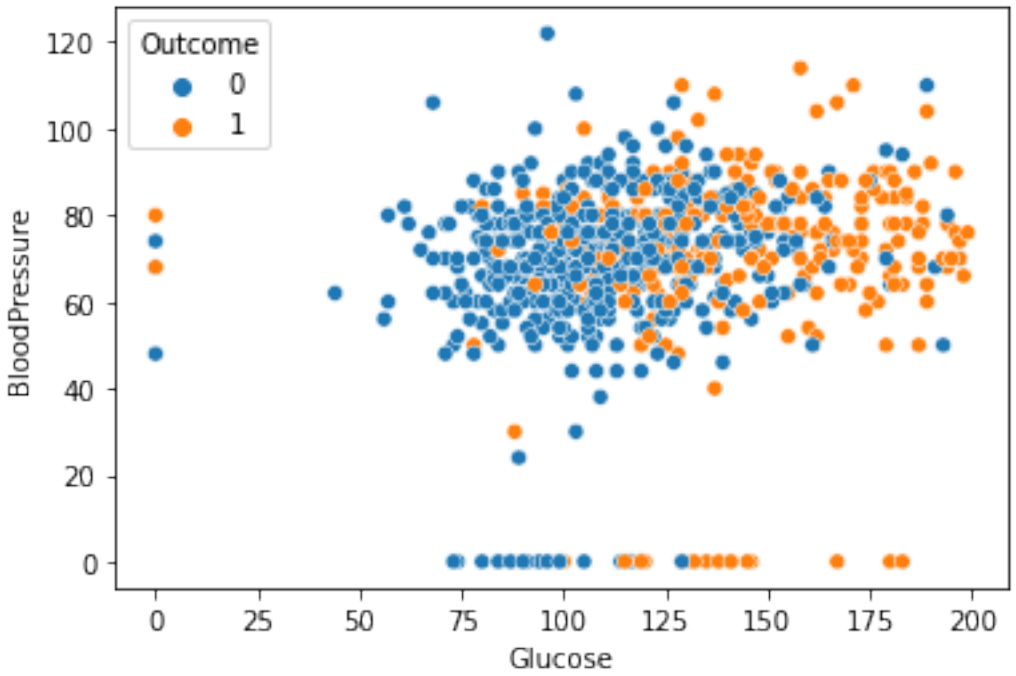
0.1.1 Scatter Plot

[31]:
```
BloodPressure = Positive['BloodPressure']
Glucose = Positive['Glucose']
SkinThickness = Positive['SkinThickness']
Insulin = Positive['Insulin']
BMI = Positive['BMI']
```

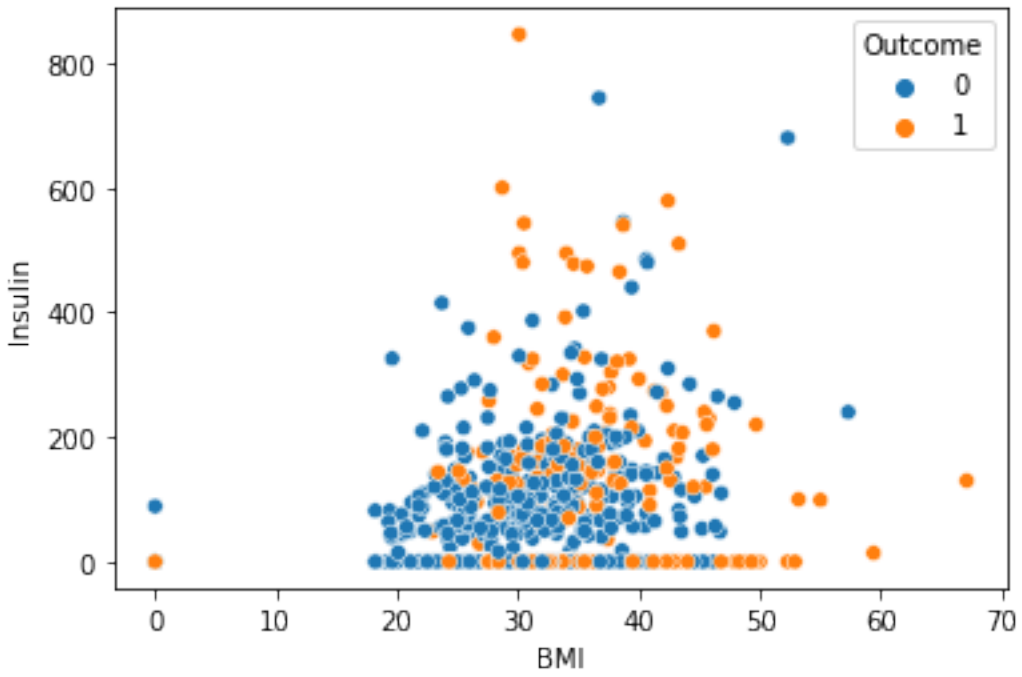
[32]:
```
plt.scatter(BloodPressure, Glucose, color=['b'])
plt.xlabel('BloodPressure')
plt.ylabel('Glucose')
plt.title('BloodPressure & Glucose')
plt.show()
```



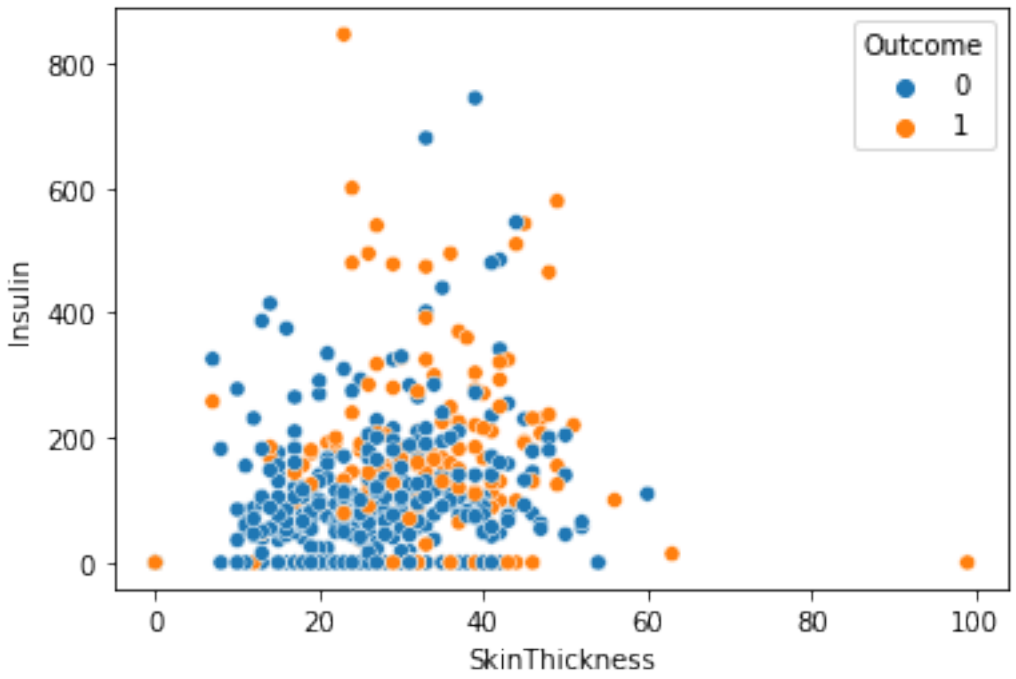
[33]:
```
g =sns.scatterplot(x= "Glucose" ,y= "BloodPressure",
                   hue="Outcome",
                   data=data);
```



[34]:
```
B =sns.scatterplot(x= "BMI" ,y= "Insulin",
                   hue="Outcome",
                   data=data);
```



[35]:
```
S =sns.scatterplot(x= "SkinThickness" ,y= "Insulin",
                   hue="Outcome",
                   data=data);
```



[36]:
```
### correlation matrix
data.corr()
```

[36]:

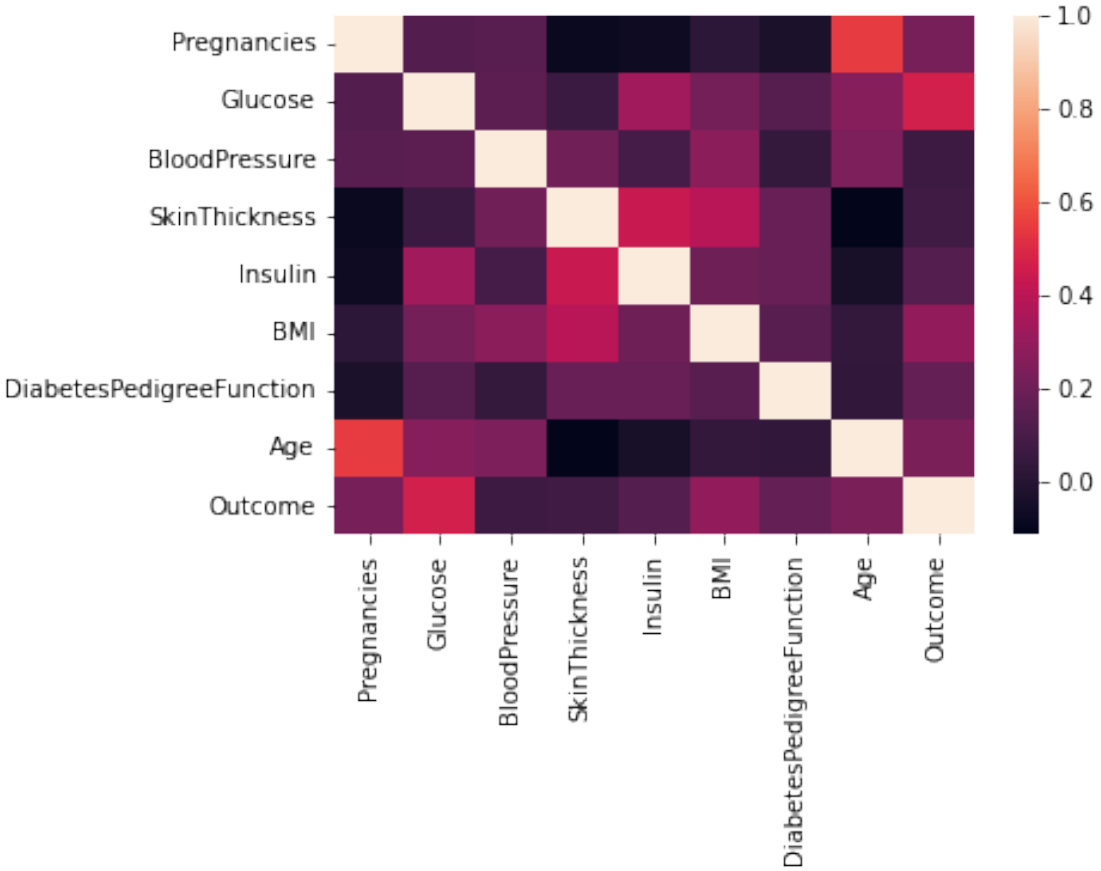
	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness
Pregnancies	1.000000	0.129459	0.141282	-0.081672
Glucose	0.129459	1.000000	0.152590	0.057328
BloodPressure	0.141282	0.152590	1.000000	0.207371
SkinThickness	-0.081672	0.057328	0.207371	1.000000
Insulin	-0.073535	0.331357	0.088933	0.436783
BMI	0.017683	0.221071	0.281805	0.392573
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	-0.033523	0.137337	0.041265	0.183928
Age	0.544341	0.263514	0.239528	-0.113970
Outcome	0.221898	0.466581	0.065068	0.074752

	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction
Pregnancies	-0.073535	0.017683	-0.033523
Glucose	0.331357	0.221071	0.137337
BloodPressure	0.088933	0.281805	0.041265
SkinThickness	0.436783	0.392573	0.183928
Insulin	1.000000	0.197859	0.185071
BMI	0.197859	1.000000	0.140647
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	0.185071	0.140647	1.000000
Age	-0.042163	0.036242	0.033561
Outcome	0.130548	0.292695	0.173844

	Age	Outcome
Pregnancies	0.544341	0.221898
Glucose	0.263514	0.466581
BloodPressure	0.239528	0.065068
SkinThickness	-0.113970	0.074752
Insulin	-0.042163	0.130548
BMI	0.036242	0.292695
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	0.033561	0.173844
Age	1.000000	0.238356
Outcome	0.238356	1.000000

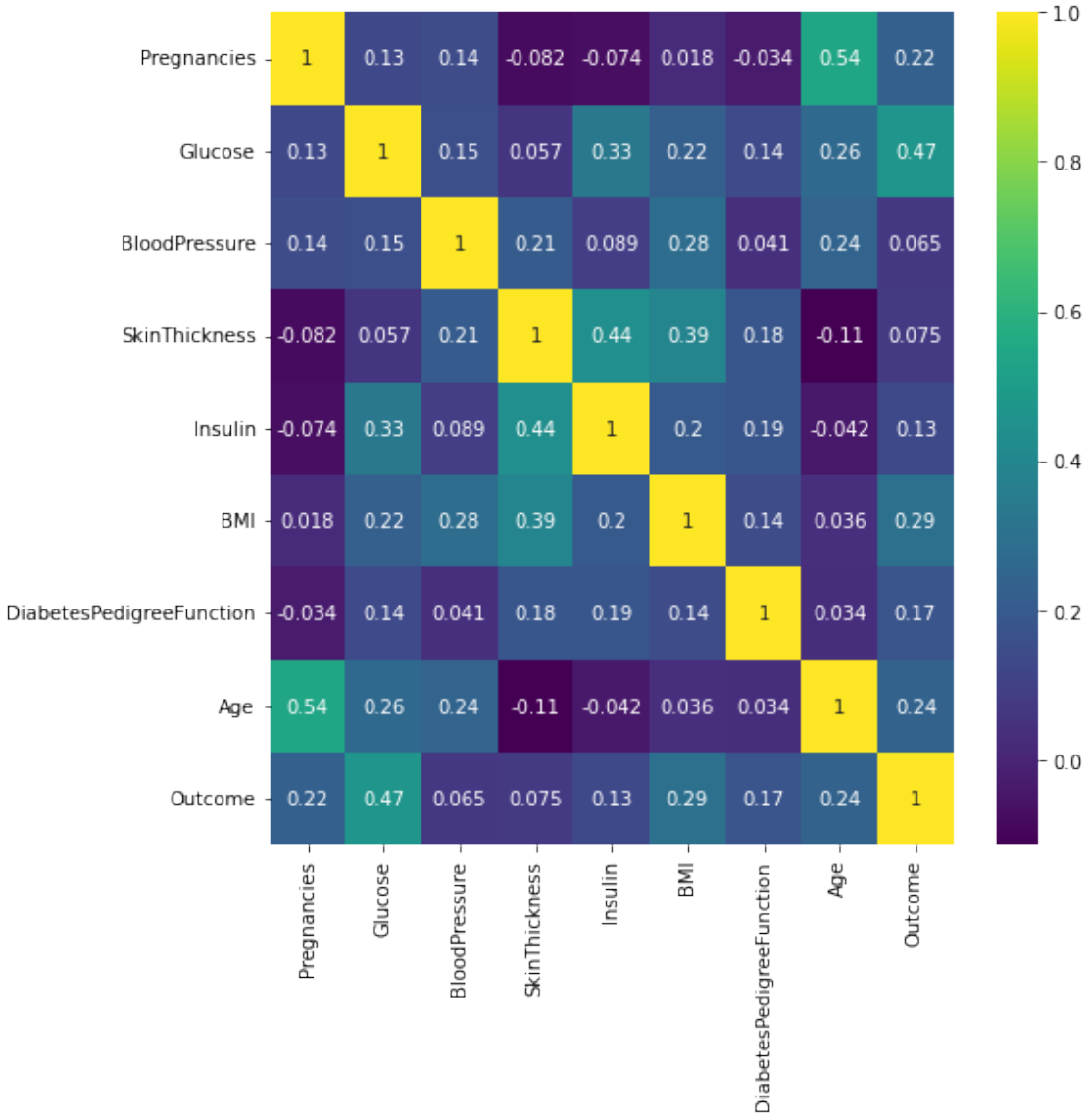
[37]:
```
### create correlation heat map
sns.heatmap(data.corr())
```

[37]: <AxesSubplot:>



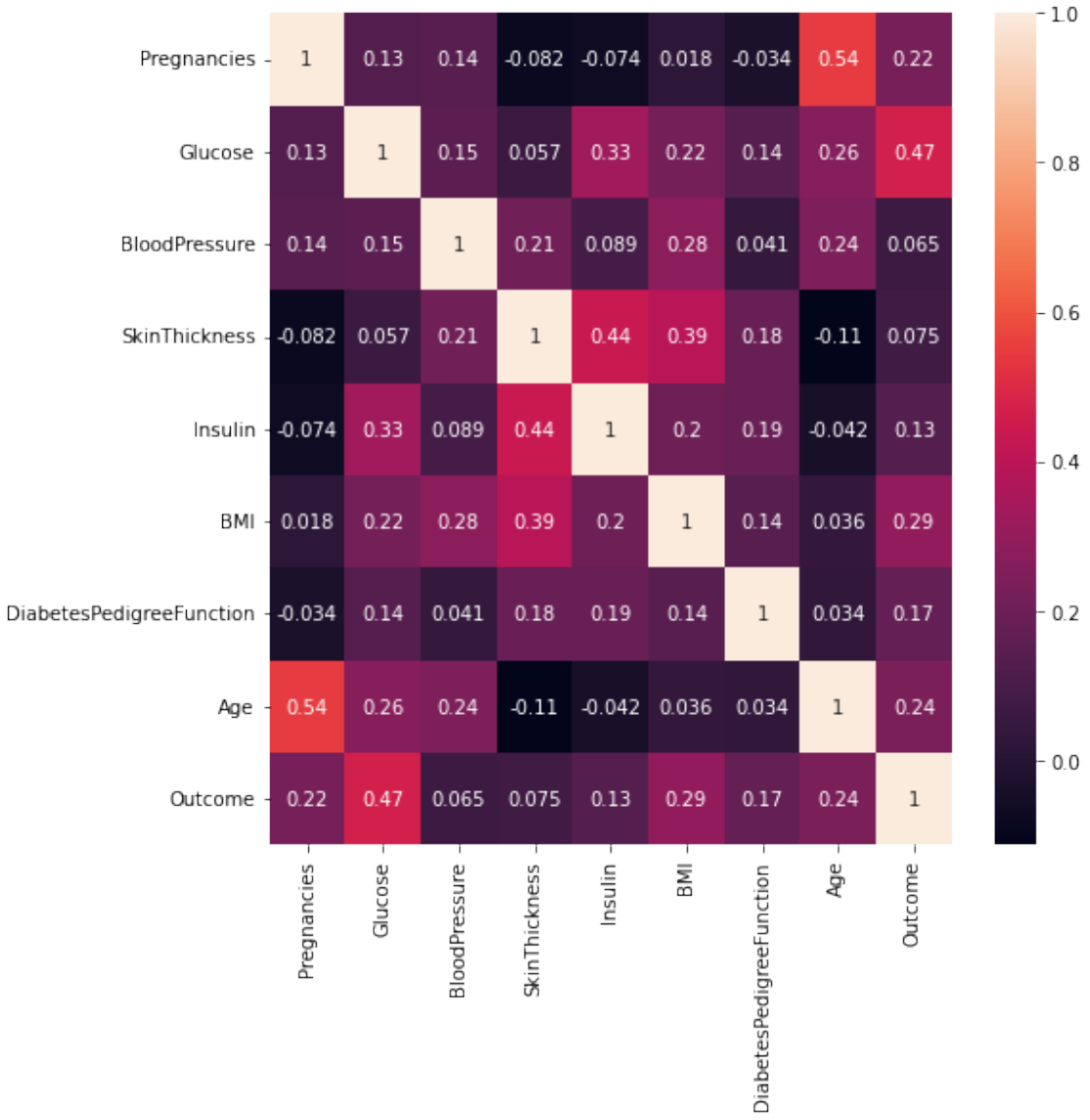
[38]:
```
plt.subplots(figsize=(8,8))
sns.heatmap(data.corr(),annot=True,cmap='viridis')  ### gives correlation value
```

[38]: <AxesSubplot:>



[39]:
```
plt.subplots(figsize=(8,8))
sns.heatmap(data.corr(),annot=True)  ### gives correlation value
```

[39]: <AxesSubplot:>



[40]:
```
data.head(5)
```

[40]:

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3			
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1			
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1			

```
2                    0.672   32          1
3                    0.167   21          0
4                    2.288   33          1
```

[41]:
```
features = data.iloc[:,[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]].values
label = data.iloc[:,8].values
```

[43]:
```
#Train test split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(features,
                                                 label,
                                                 test_size=0.2,
                                                 random_state =10)
```

[44]:
```
#Create model
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

[44]:
```
LogisticRegression()
```

[45]:
```
print(model.score(X_train,y_train))
print(model.score(X_test,y_test))
```

```
0.7719869706840391
0.7662337662337663
```

[46]:
```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(label,model.predict(features))
cm
```

[46]:
```
array([[446,  54],
       [122, 146]])
```

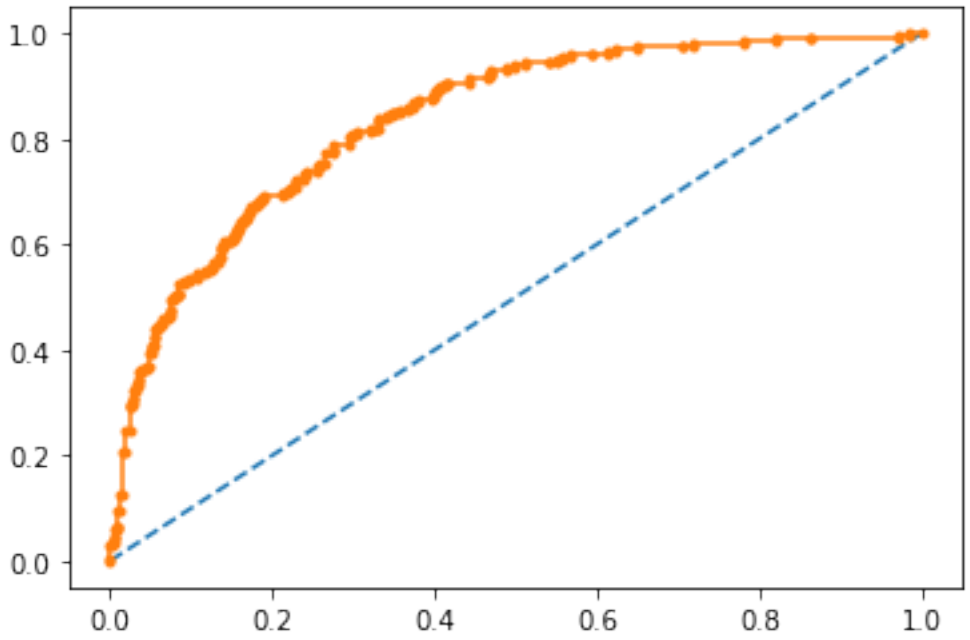
[47]:
```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification_report(label,model.predict(features)))
```

```
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

           0       0.79      0.89      0.84       500
           1       0.73      0.54      0.62       268

    accuracy                           0.77       768
   macro avg       0.76      0.72      0.73       768
weighted avg       0.77      0.77      0.76       768
```

[48]:
```
#Preparing ROC Curve (Receiver Operating Characteristics Curve)
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score

# predict probabilities
probs = model.predict_proba(features)
# keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
probs = probs[:, 1]
# calculate AUC
auc = roc_auc_score(label, probs)
print('AUC: %.3f' % auc)
# calculate roc curve
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(label, probs)
# plot no skill
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
# plot the roc curve for the model
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.')
```

```
AUC: 0.837
```

[48]:
```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f48d78f0cd0>]
```



[49]:
```
#Applying Decission Tree Classifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
model3 = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5)
model3.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

[49]:
```
DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5)
```

[50]:
```
model3.score(X_train,y_train)
```

[50]:
```
0.8289902280130294
```

[51]:
```
model3.score(X_test,y_test)
```

[51]:
```
0.7662337662337663
```

[52]:
```
#Applying Random Forest
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
model4 = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=11)
model4.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

[52]:
```
RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=11)
```

[53]:
```
model4.score(X_train,y_train)
```

[53]:
```
0.993485342019544
```

[54]:
```
model4.score(X_test,y_test)
```

[54]:
```
0.7402597402597403
```

[55]:
```
#Support Vector Classifier

from sklearn.svm import SVC
model5 = SVC(kernel='rbf',
           gamma='auto')
model5.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

[55]:
```
SVC(gamma='auto')
```

[56]:
```
#model5.score(X_test,y_test).score(X_train,y_train)
```

[57]:
```
model5.score(X_test,y_test)
```

[57]:
```
0.6168831168831169
```

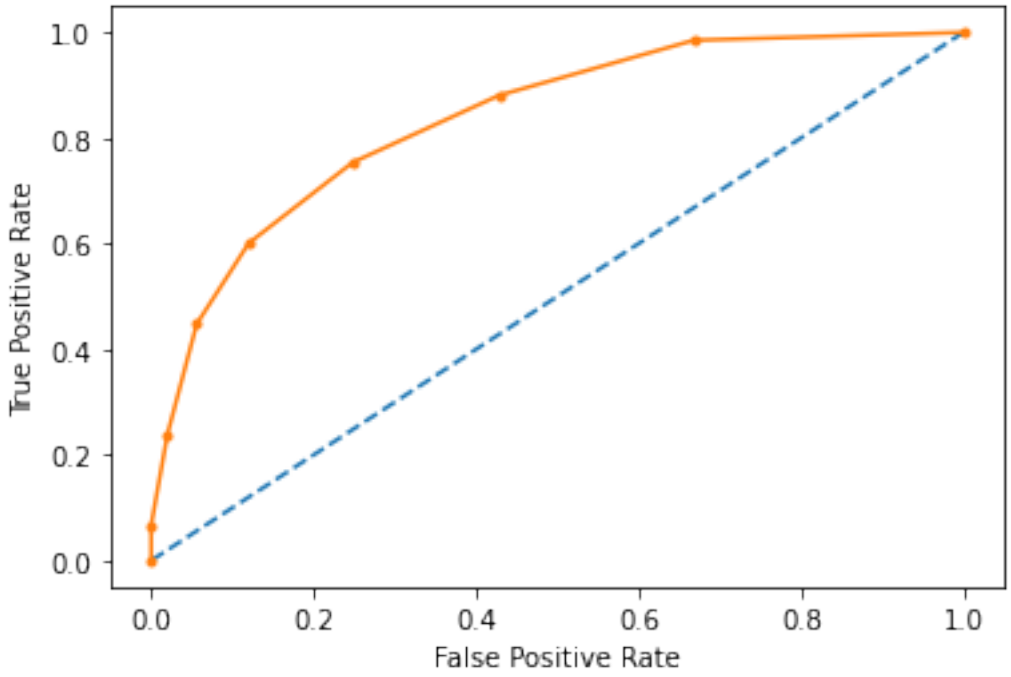
[58]:
```
#Applying K-NN
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
model2 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=7,
                              metric='minkowski',
                              p = 2)
model2.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

[58]:
```
KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=7)
```

[59]:
```
#Preparing ROC Curve (Receiver Operating Characteristics Curve)
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score

# predict probabilities
probs = model2.predict_proba(features)
# keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
probs = probs[:, 1]
# calculate AUC
auc = roc_auc_score(label, probs)
print('AUC: %.3f' % auc)
# calculate roc curve
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(label, probs)
print("True Positive Rate - {}, False Positive Rate - {} Thresholds - {}".
 ↪format(tpr,fpr,thresholds))
# plot no skill
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--')
# plot the roc curve for the model
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, marker='.')
plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
```

```
AUC: 0.836
True Positive Rate - [0.         0.06716418 0.23880597 0.44776119 0.60074627
0.75373134
 0.88059701 0.98507463 1.        ], False Positive Rate - [0.    0.    0.02
0.056 0.12  0.248 0.428 0.668 1.   ] Thresholds - [2.         1.
0.85714286 0.71428571 0.57142857 0.42857143
 0.28571429 0.14285714 0.        ]
```

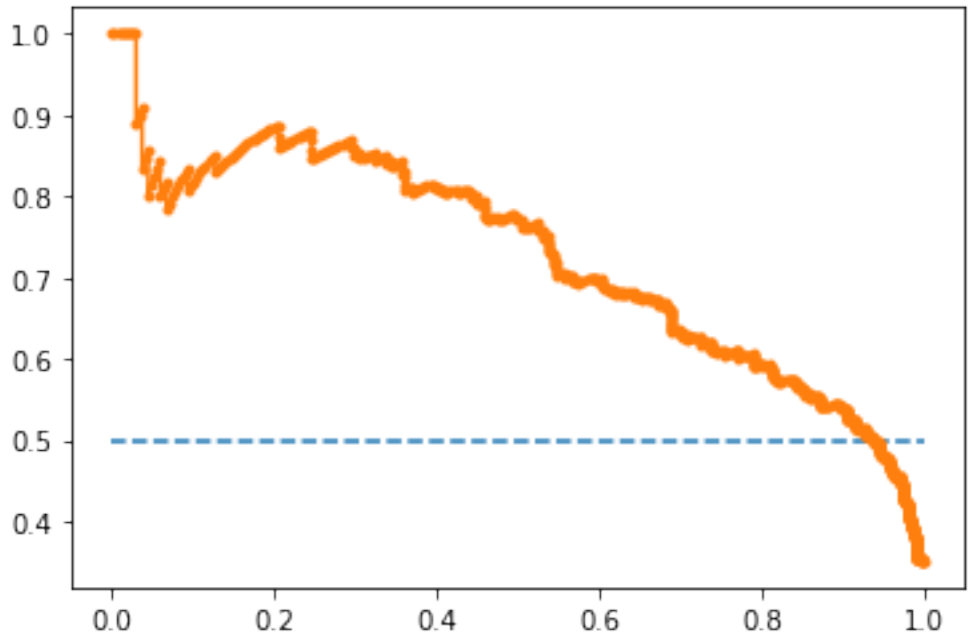
[59]:
```
Text(0, 0.5, 'True Positive Rate')
```



[60]:
```
#Precision Recall Curve for Logistic Regression

from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_curve
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import auc
from sklearn.metrics import average_precision_score
# predict probabilities
probs = model.predict_proba(features)
# keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
probs = probs[:, 1]
# predict class values
yhat = model.predict(features)
# calculate precision-recall curve
precision, recall, thresholds = precision_recall_curve(label, probs)
# calculate F1 score
f1 = f1_score(label, yhat)
# calculate precision-recall AUC
auc = auc(recall, precision)
# calculate average precision score
ap = average_precision_score(label, probs)
print('f1=%.3f auc=%.3f ap=%.3f' % (f1, auc, ap))
# plot no skill
plt.plot([0, 1], [0.5, 0.5], linestyle='--')
# plot the precision-recall curve for the model
plt.plot(recall, precision, marker='.')
```

```
f1=0.624 auc=0.726 ap=0.727
```

[60]:
```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f48cfdcc0d0>]
```

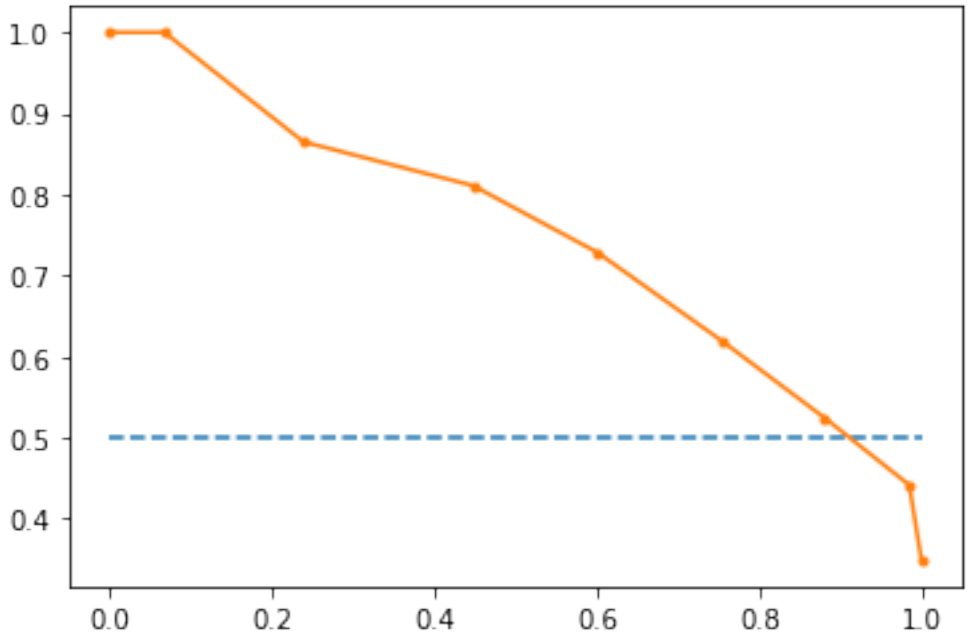


[61]:
```
#Precision Recall Curve for KNN

from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_curve
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import auc
from sklearn.metrics import average_precision_score
# predict probabilities
probs = model2.predict_proba(features)
# keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
probs = probs[:, 1]
# predict class values
yhat = model2.predict(features)
# calculate precision-recall curve
precision, recall, thresholds = precision_recall_curve(label, probs)
# calculate F1 score
f1 = f1_score(label, yhat)
# calculate precision-recall AUC
auc = auc(recall, precision)
# calculate average precision score
ap = average_precision_score(label, probs)
print('f1=%.3f auc=%.3f ap=%.3f' % (f1, auc, ap))
# plot no skill
```

```
plt.plot([0, 1], [0.5, 0.5], linestyle='--')
# plot the precision-recall curve for the model
plt.plot(recall, precision, marker='.')
```

```
f1=0.658 auc=0.752 ap=0.709
```

[61]:
```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f48cfd4e610>]
```

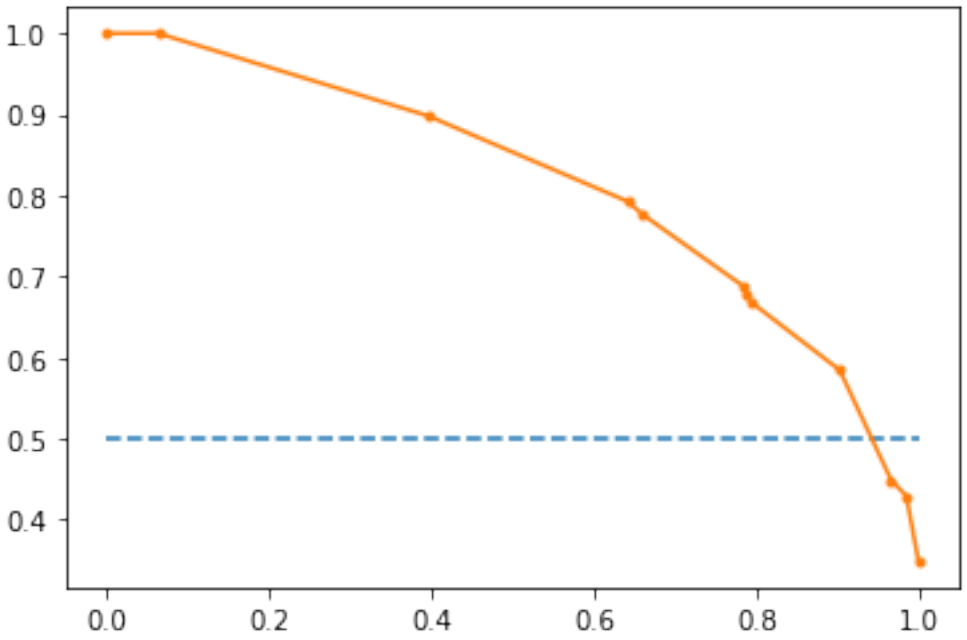


[62]:
```
#Precision Recall Curve for Decission Tree Classifier

from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_curve
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import auc
from sklearn.metrics import average_precision_score
# predict probabilities
probs = model3.predict_proba(features)
# keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
probs = probs[:, 1]
# predict class values
yhat = model3.predict(features)
# calculate precision-recall curve
precision, recall, thresholds = precision_recall_curve(label, probs)
# calculate F1 score
f1 = f1_score(label, yhat)
# calculate precision-recall AUC
auc = auc(recall, precision)
```

```
# calculate average precision score
ap = average_precision_score(label, probs)
print('f1=%.3f auc=%.3f ap=%.3f' % (f1, auc, ap))
# plot no skill
plt.plot([0, 1], [0.5, 0.5], linestyle='--')
# plot the precision-recall curve for the model
plt.plot(recall, precision, marker='.')
```

```
f1=0.709 auc=0.814 ap=0.769
```

[62]:
```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f48cfccfc50>]
```

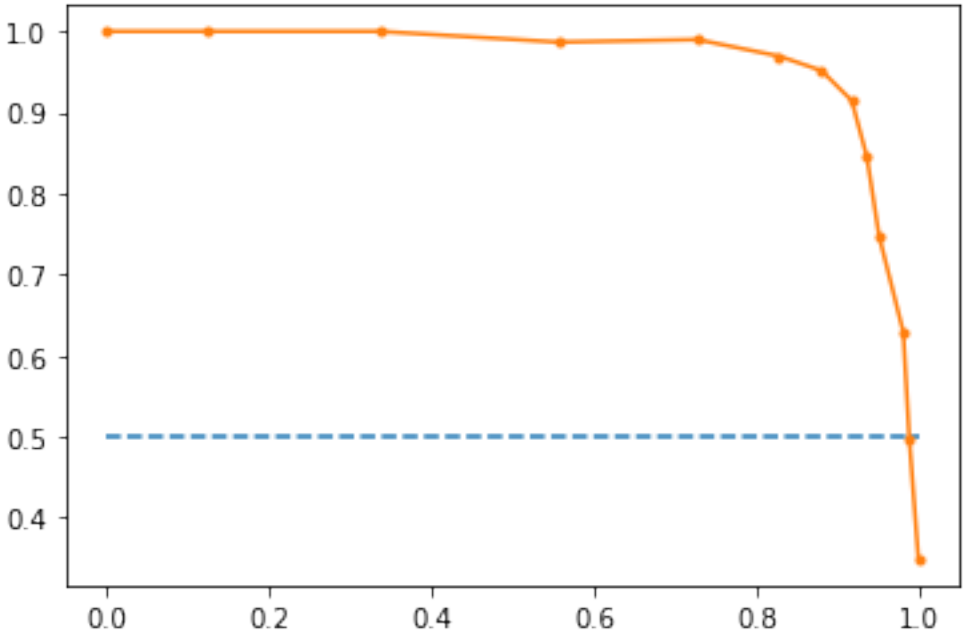


[63]:
```
#Precision Recall Curve for Random Forest

from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_curve
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import auc
from sklearn.metrics import average_precision_score
# predict probabilities
probs = model4.predict_proba(features)
# keep probabilities for the positive outcome only
probs = probs[:, 1]
# predict class values
yhat = model4.predict(features)
# calculate precision-recall curve
precision, recall, thresholds = precision_recall_curve(label, probs)
```

```
# calculate F1 score
f1 = f1_score(label, yhat)
# calculate precision-recall AUC
auc = auc(recall, precision)
# calculate average precision score
ap = average_precision_score(label, probs)
print('f1=%.3f auc=%.3f ap=%.3f' % (f1, auc, ap))
# plot no skill
plt.plot([0, 1], [0.5, 0.5], linestyle='--')
# plot the precision-recall curve for the model
plt.plot(recall, precision, marker='.')
```

```
f1=0.915 auc=0.966 ap=0.958
```

[63]:
```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f48cfc60290>]
```



[ ]: