

TRAINING DAY 14 REPORT

09 JULY 2025

What is a Task Manager?

A **Task Manager** is a simple web application that allows users to create, view, update, and delete their daily tasks or to-do items. It helps in organizing activities efficiently by keeping track of what needs to be done and what is already completed.

We will build a basic Django web application that:

- Stores tasks in a database.
- Displays them on a webpage.
- Allows adding new tasks, editing existing ones, and deleting tasks.

Model:

The model includes the following fields:

- **title** → CharField (to store the name or title of the task)
- **description** → TextField (to store a detailed description of the task)
- **created_at** → DateTimeField (with `auto_now_add=True` to automatically record the creation date and time)
- **completed** → BooleanField (default=False, to indicate whether the task is completed or still pending)

```
1  from django.db import models
2
3  class Task(models.Model):
4      title = models.CharField(max_length=200)
5      description = models.TextField()
6      created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
7      completed = models.BooleanField(default=False)
8
9      def __str__(self):
10         return self.title
11
```

Steps Performed:

1. Added the Task model in the models.py file of the tasks app.
2. Created and applied migrations using the commands:
 - a. `python manage.py makemigrations`
 - b. `python manage.py migrate`
3. Verified that the Task table was successfully created in the SQLite database.

View Creation

- Created a view function in views.py to fetch all tasks from the database and send them to the template for display.

```

1 from django.shortcuts import render
2 from .models import Task
3
4 def home(request):
5     tasks = Task.objects.all()
6     return render(request, 'tasks/home.html', {'tasks': tasks})
7
8

```

This view retrieves all Task objects and passes them to the home.html template inside a context dictionary.

URL Configuration

- Created a urls.py file inside the tasks app and added a route for the home page.

```

1 from django.urls import path
2 from . import views
3
4 urlpatterns = [
5     path('', views.home, name='home'),
6 ]
7
8

```

- Included the app's URLs in the main project file taskmanager/urls.py:

```

from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path, include

urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('', include('tasks.urls')),
]

```

Template Creation

- Created a template folder structure:
tasks/templates/tasks/home.html
- In the home.html file, displayed all tasks dynamically using Django template syntax.

```
templates > home.html > ...
1  {% load myfilters %}
2  {{ 5|multiply:3 }}  {%# Output: 15 #}
3
4
5
6  {% extends "base.html" %}
7
8  {% block title %}My Tasks{% endblock %}
9
10 {% block content %}
11
12     {% for task in tasks %}
13         <div style="margin-bottom: 10px;">
14             <h3>{{ task.title }}</h3>
15             <p>{{ task.description }}</p>
16             <p>Created at: {{ task.created_at }}</p>
17             <p>Status: {% if task.completed %}✅ Completed{% else %}❌ Pending{% endif %}</p>
18             <hr>
19         </div>
20     {% empty %}
21         <p>No tasks available.</p>
22     {% endfor %}
23
24 {% endblock %}
25
```

Successfully displayed all tasks from the database on the webpage, showing their title, description, creation time, and completion status.