

AI-assisted coding tools workshop: With Cline

What is Cline?

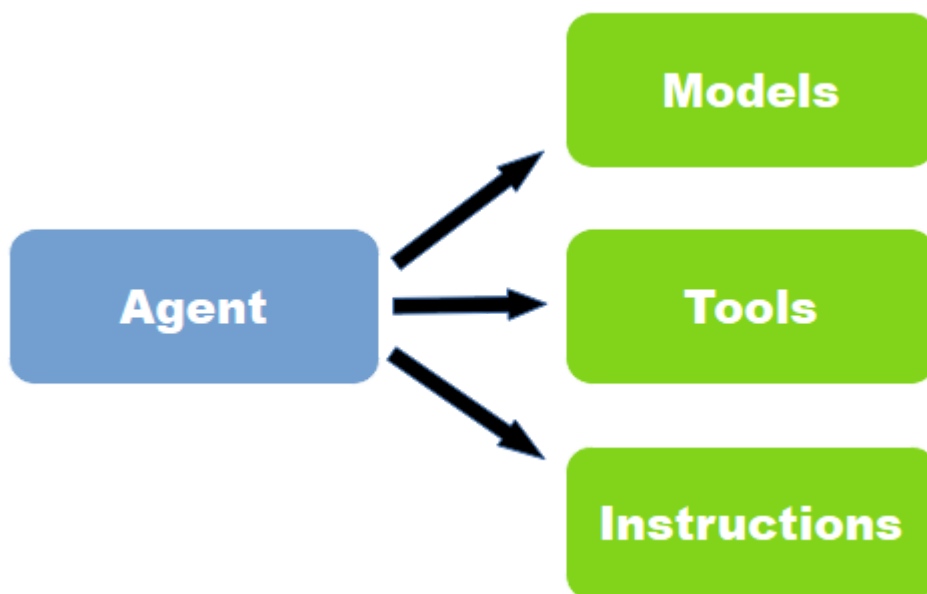
Cline is an autonomous, open-source coding agent

- Cline represents a new generation of AI-powered development tools that can understand complex coding tasks, plan solutions, and implement them with minimal human intervention. It integrates seamlessly with VS Code to provide a comprehensive coding assistant experience.

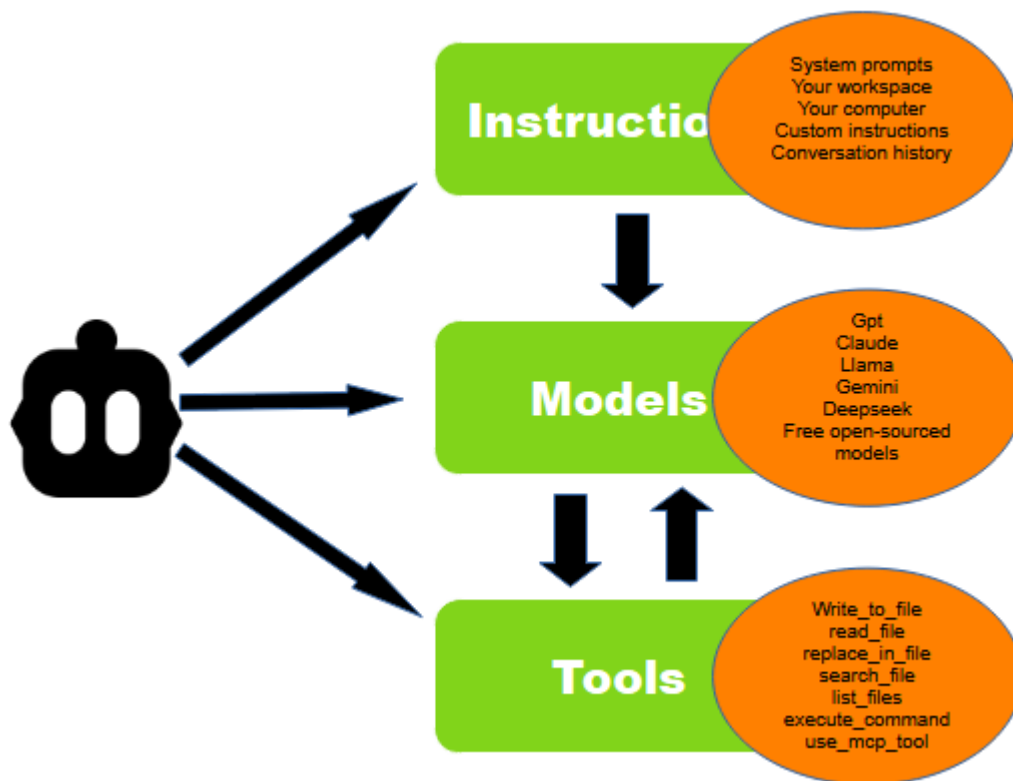
What is an Agent?

- **OpenAI** described agents as systems that work autonomously to accomplish tasks on your behalf
- **Anthropic** described agents as systems where LLMs dynamically direct their own processes and tool usage, maintaining control over how they accomplish tasks

Agents are primarily composed of three main building components:



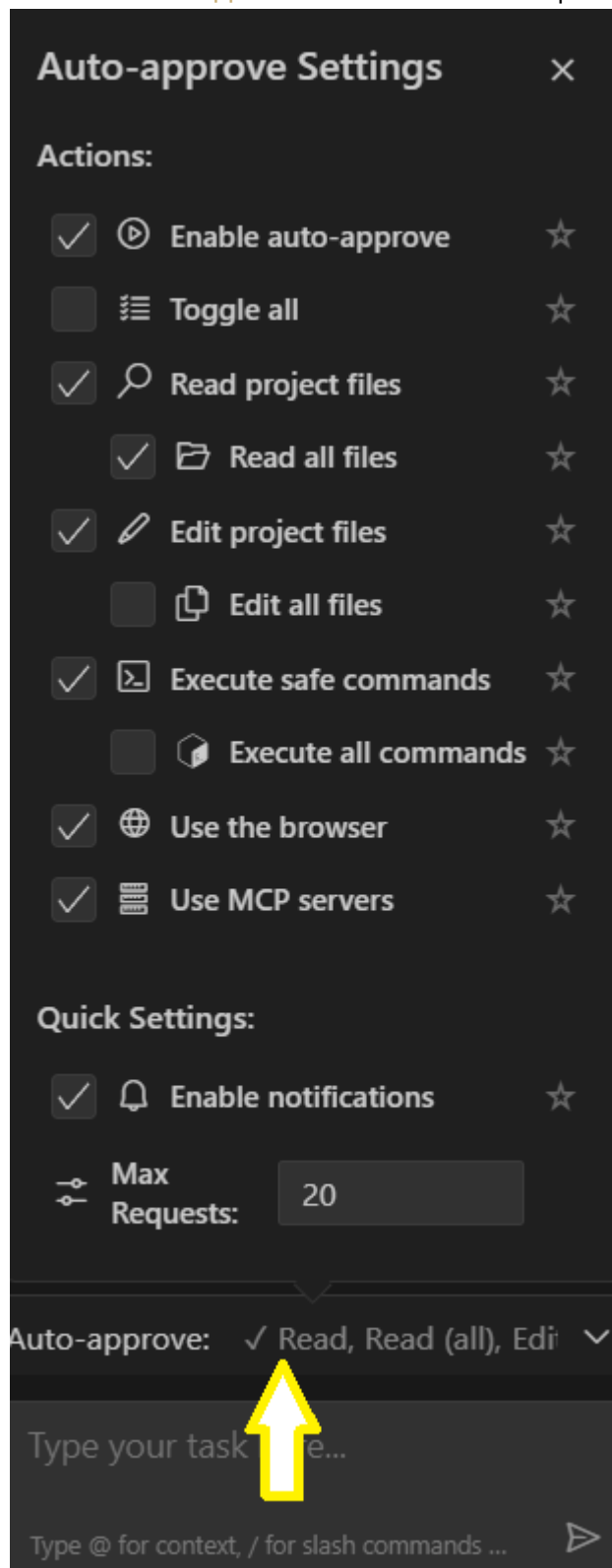
How Cline Works?



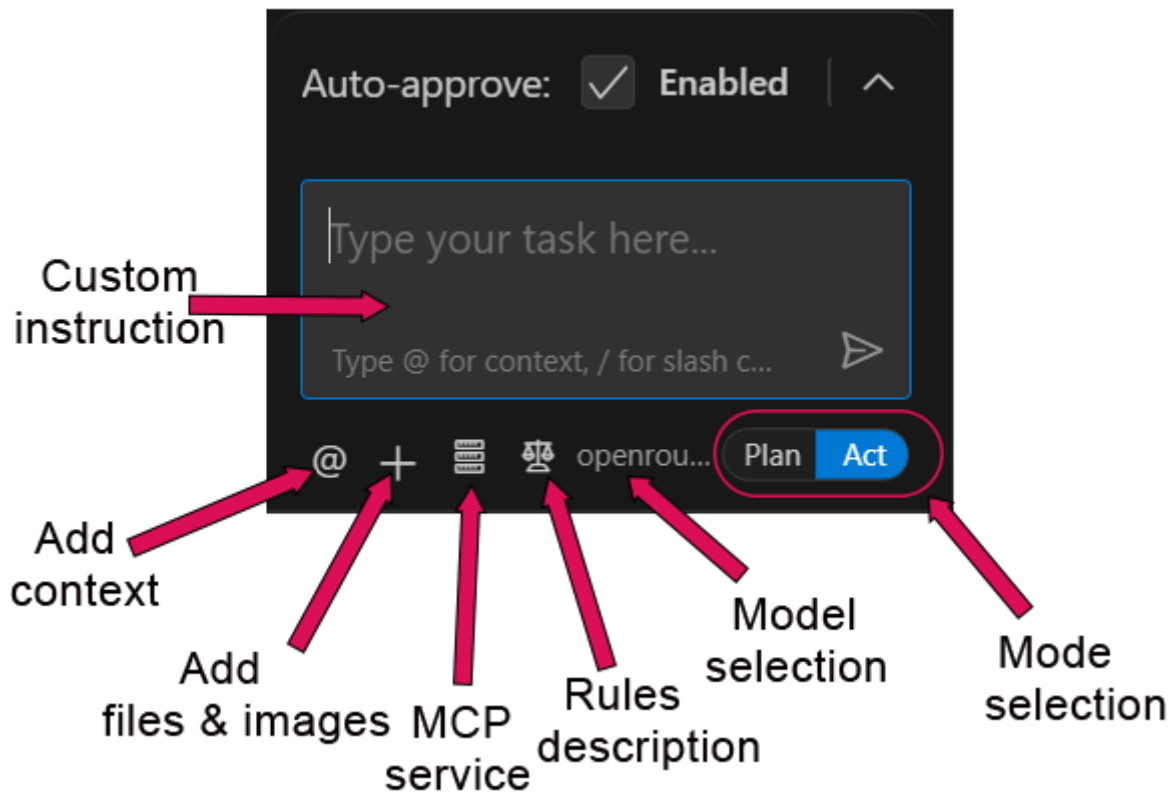
Cline Basic Setup:

- Please follow the instructions specified in [Week0 -> Day2 -> Week 0- Day 2 - 02 VS code configurations.pdf](#) to install the Cline extension and configure model selection

- Click the **Auto-approve** field to set the cline permission



Cline Basic Components and Their Descriptions:

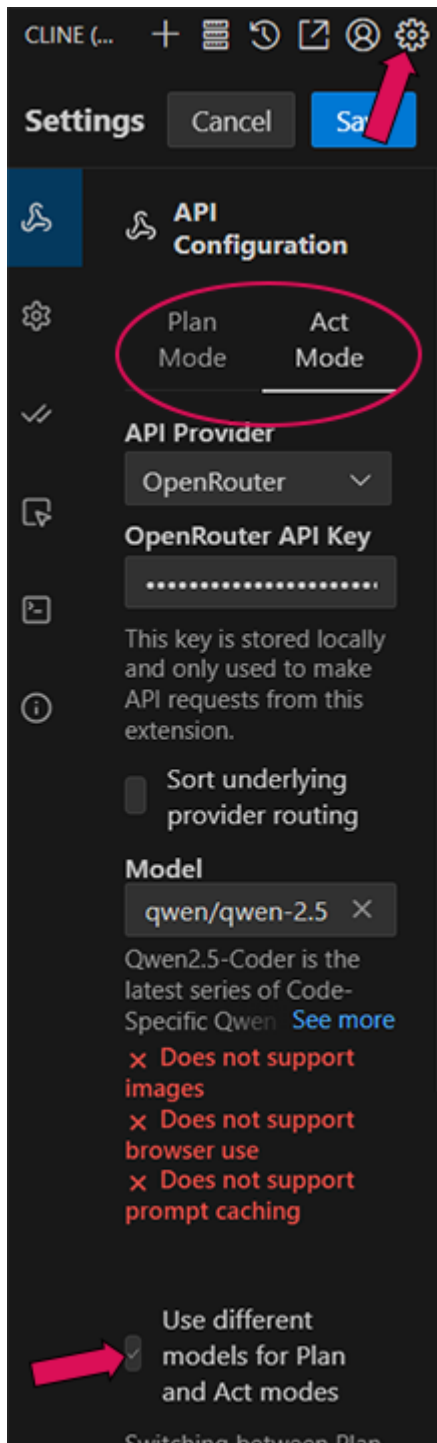


1. Mode Selection:

- **Plan Mode:** This feature helps users interact with the Cline agent to create a clear plan or strategy for problem-solving and workflow creation. This mode is particularly helpful for establishing clear strategies and steps for code generation, resulting in more accurate code output.
- **Act Mode:** Act mode implements the strategy created during Plan mode and generates deployable code. This separation allows for better quality control and more thoughtful implementation.

2. Model Selection:

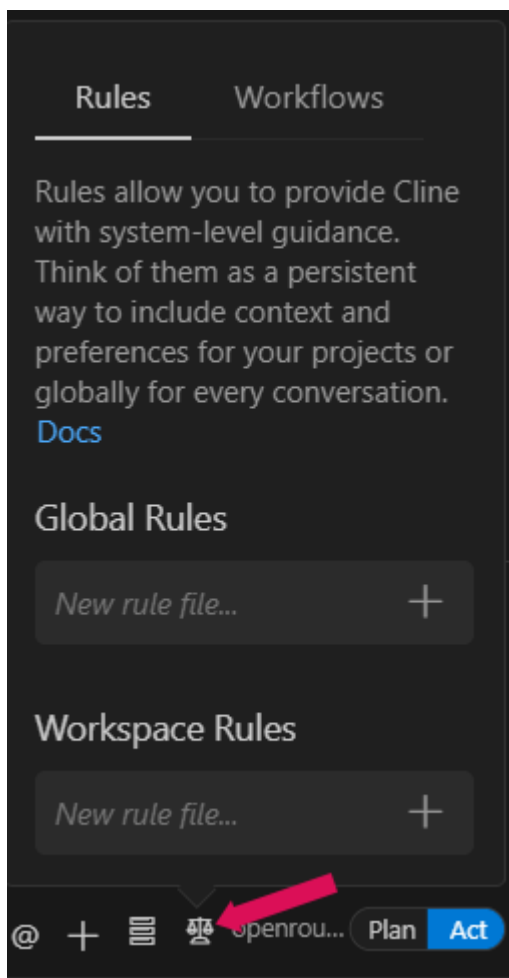
- Any compatible model can be selected after providing the necessary API key
- Different models can be selected for Plan and Act modes, which can increase accuracy, performance, and control costs
- **Best Practice:** Use a reasoning-focused model for Plan mode where logical thinking is crucial, and a more cost-effective coding model for Act mode where code generation is the primary objective



3. Rules Configuration

- **Global Rules:** Set specific rules that apply to all projects using Cline. These rules ensure consistent behavior across different workspaces.
 - **Example Use Cases:**
 - Security rules preventing access to sensitive files
 - Coding standards and conventions
 - Prohibited operations or file types
 - **Setup:** Copy and paste the content from `Week1 -> Day3 -> global_rules.txt`

- **Workspace Rules:** Project-specific rules that apply only to the current workspace. These rules can be more granular and tailored to specific project requirements.
 - **Setup Methods:**
 - Click the **+** button in the workspace rules panel
 - or Create a **.clinerules** file in the project root directory
 - Use content from **Week1 -> Day3 -> project_rules.txt** to create the **.clinerules** file.
- **Cline Memory Bank:** The Memory Bank transforms Cline into a self-documenting development system that maintains context across sessions through structured documentation. This feature enables Cline to remember project details, coding patterns, and decisions made in previous sessions.
 - **Setup Process:**
 - Copy content from **Week1 -> Day3 -> cline_memorybank.txt**
 - Add the content as a rule in Cline
 - Initialize the memory bank by typing **Initialize mermory bank** in the Cline prompt



4. Add Files and Images:

- Enhance Cline's understanding by providing additional context through:
 - **Documentation files:** README files, specifications, requirements
 - **Images:** UI mockups, flowcharts, architectural diagrams
 - **Configuration files:** Environment settings, build configurations
 - **Example code:** Reference implementations or templates

5. Add Context:

- The @ symbol enables context addition from specific sources:
 - **@filename:** Reference specific project files
 - **@terminal:** Include terminal output or commands
 - **@url:** Add context from web resources
 - **@folder:** Include entire directory contexts
- **Best Practice:** Use context strategically to provide relevant information without overwhelming the model with unnecessary details.

6. Slash Commands:

- **/smol Command:**
 - Condenses chat history within your current task. This is particularly useful when:
 - Conversations become very long
 - Performance starts to degrade
 - The model needs to refocus on core objectives
- **/newtask Command:**
 - Creates a new task while preserving context from your current session.
 - **Usage Examples:**
 - `/newtask` Start a completely new task
 - `/newtask add this as a new feature` Branch into a new feature while maintaining context
 - This is perfect for:
 - Branching explorations
 - Starting fresh without losing progress
 - Organizing complex projects into manageable tasks

7. MCP Services:

- The Model Context Protocol is an open standard that enables developers to build secure, two-way connections between their data sources and AI-powered tools. Think of MCP as creating a universal language that allows AI systems like Cline to communicate seamlessly with external services, databases, and tools that data scientists use daily.

- **Installation Process:**

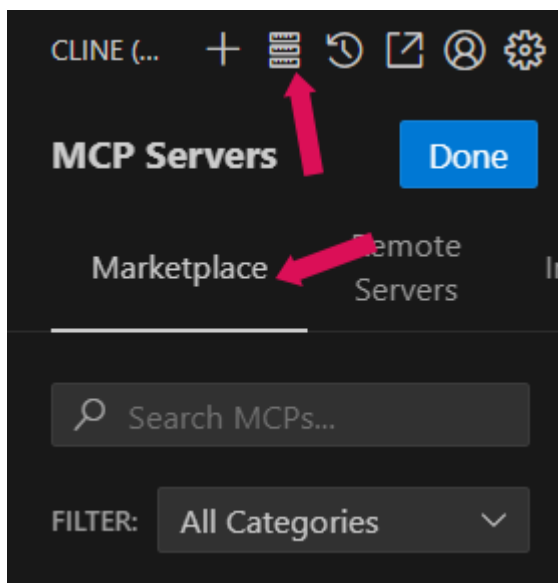
- **Access MCP Marketplace:** Cline provides automated installation, configuration management, and orchestration of AWS Labs servers with centralized logging and environment control
- **Service Configuration:** Configure each MCP server with appropriate credentials and connection parameters
- **Testing Connections:** Verify that Cline can successfully communicate with your chosen MCP services
- **Workflow Integration:** Incorporate MCP services into your data science workflows

- **Security Considerations:**

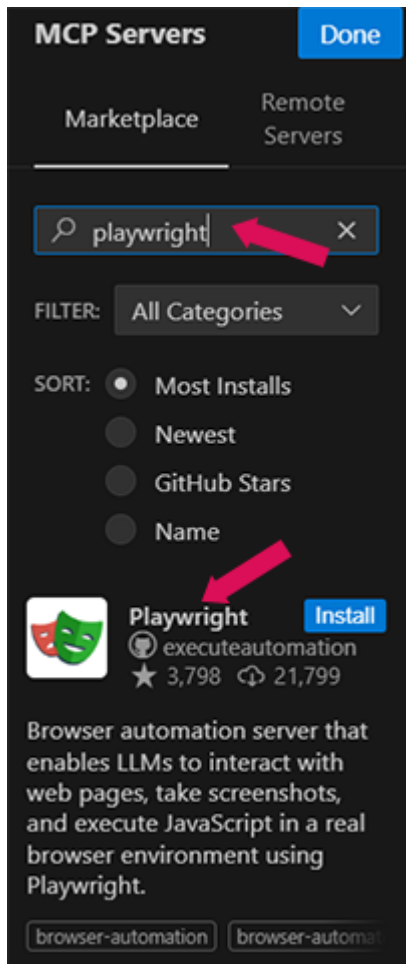
- Store API keys and credentials securely
- Use environment variables for sensitive information
- Implement proper access controls
- Regular credential rotation

- **Playwright MCP Service Installation:**

1. First click on the **MCP servers** icon located on the top right corner in the cline dashboard
2. Then click on the Marketplace tab



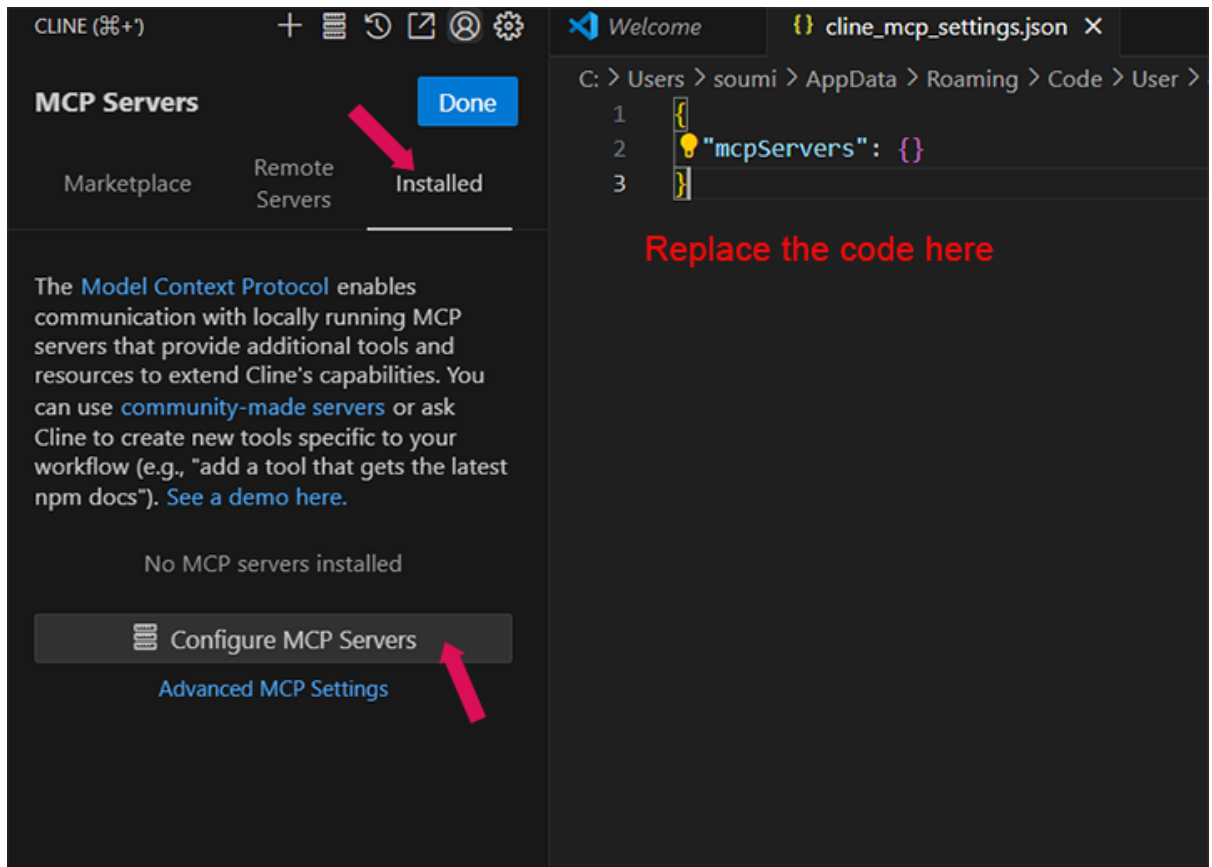
3. Then inside the search bar type **playwright**
4. You can directly install playwright by clicking on the **Install** button. This process requires LLMs support to install playwright
5. Or you can install it manually. Click on the **playwright** icon. This will redirect you to the official github page.



6. You have to copy the code snippet present under **Configuration to use Playwright Server** heading.

```
{
  "mcpServers": {
    "playwright": {
      "command": "npx",
      "args": ["-y", "@executeautomation/playwright-mcp-server"]
    }
  }
}
```

7. Return to cline and click on the **Install** tab.
8. Then click on the **Configure MCP Servers** ribbon that will open a **.json** file in the workspace
9. Paste the previous copied code snippet in the opened **.json** file and save it.



10. According to your computer configuration you may find the following error `npm' is not recognized as an internal or external command`. In that case you have to install `Node.js` library.
11. Go to the following link <https://nodejs.org/en> and download the latest LTS version of the Node.js for windows.
12. Now run the istaller and follow the installaton wizard. Make sure to chek `ADD TO PATH` option during installation.
13. Now install playwright package & browser to your current environment. Run the followign commands `npm install -g playwright` and `npx playwright install` one by ones in your console environment.
14. Then click on `Done` to complete the process

