# **NumPy Cheatsheet**

NumPy is a fundamental library for numerical computing in Python.

## 1. Array Creation

- **np.array(list)** Creates an array from a list or tuple.
- np.zeros(shape): Creates an array filled with zeros.
- np.ones(shape): Creates an array filled with ones.
- np.full(shape, value): Creates an array filled with a specific value.
- np.arange(start, stop, step): Creates an array with a range of values.
- np.linspace(start, stop, num): Creates an array of evenly spaced values.
- **np.eye(N):** Creates an identity matrix of size N.
- np.random.rand(d0, d1, ...): Creates an array with random values between 0 and 1.
- np.random.randint(low, high, size): Generates random integers in a given range.
- np.random.normal(mean, std, size): Creates an array with normally distributed values.

#### 2. Array Attributes

- arr.shape Returns the shape of the array.
- arr.ndim Returns the number of dimensions of the array.
- arr.size Returns the total number of elements in the array.
- arr.dtype Returns the data type of the array elements.
- arr.itemsize Returns the memory size of each array element.

## 3. Array Manipulation

- np.reshape(arr, new\_shape) Reshapes an array.
- **np.ravel(arr)** Flattens an array into a 1D array.
- np.transpose(arr) Transposes the given matrix.
- np.hstack((arr1, arr2)) Stacks arrays horizontally.
- np.vstack((arr1, arr2)) Stacks arrays vertically.
- np.concatenate((arr1, arr2), axis=n) Concatenates arrays along an axis.
- np.split(arr, sections, axis) Splits an array into multiple sub-arrays.
- **np.expand\_dims(arr, axis)** Expands the dimensions of an array.

• **np.squeeze(arr)** - Removes dimensions of size one.

## 4. Mathematical Operations

- **np.add(arr1, arr2)** Adds two arrays element-wise.
- np.subtract(arr1, arr2) Subtracts two arrays element-wise.
- np.multiply(arr1, arr2) Multiplies two arrays element-wise.
- np.divide(arr1, arr2) Divides two arrays element-wise.
- **np.power(arr, n)** Raises each element of an array to the power n.
- np.sqrt(arr) Computes the square root of each element.
- **np.exp(arr)** Computes the exponential of each element.
- np.log(arr) Computes the natural logarithm.
- **np.log10(arr)** Computes the logarithm base 10.
- np.sin(arr) Computes the sine of each element.
- np.cos(arr) Computes the cosine of each element.
- **np.tan(arr)** Computes the tangent of each element.

#### 5. Statistical Functions

- **np.mean(arr)** Computes the mean.
- **np.median(arr)** Computes the median.
- **np.std(arr)** Computes the standard deviation.
- **np.var(arr)** Computes the variance.
- **np.min(arr)** Returns the minimum value.
- **np.max(arr)** Returns the maximum value.
- **np.sum(arr)** Computes the sum of elements.
- **np.prod(arr)** Computes the product of elements.
- np.cumsum(arr) Computes the cumulative sum.
- **np.cumprod(arr)** Computes the cumulative product.
- **np.percentile(arr, q)** Computes the q<sup>th</sup> percentile.
- **np.corrcoef(arr1, arr2)** Computes correlation coefficient.
- **np.histogram(arr, bins)** Computes the histogram.

#### 6. Linear Algebra

- **np.dot(arr1, arr2)** Computes the dot product.
- **np.matmul(arr1, arr2)** Computes matrix multiplication.
- **np.linalg.inv(arr)** Computes the inverse of a matrix.
- **np.linalg.det(arr)** Computes the determinant.
- **np.linalg.eig(arr)** Computes the eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
- np.linalg.svd(arr) Computes Singular Value Decomposition.
- **np.linalg.solve(A, b)** Solves a linear equation system Ax = b.

## 7. Boolean Masking and Filtering

- **np.where(condition, x, y)** Returns elements based on condition.
- **np.nonzero(arr)** Returns the indices of nonzero elements.
- np.unique(arr) Finds unique elements in an array.
- np.isin(arr, values) Checks for elements in an array.
- np.any(arr) Checks if any element is True.
- np.all(arr) Checks if all elements are True.

#### 8. Sorting and Searching

- **np.sort(arr)** Sorts an array.
- **np.argsort(arr)** Returns the indices that would sort the array.
- **np.argmax(arr)** Returns the index of the maximum value.
- **np.argmin(arr)** Returns the index of the minimum value.
- **np.searchsorted(arr, value)** Finds indices where elements should be inserted.
- **np.bincount(arr)** Counts occurrences of values in an array.

### 9. File I/O

- np.save(filename, arr) Saves an array to a binary file.
- np.load(filename) Loads an array from a binary file.
- np.savetxt(filename, arr, delimiter=',') Saves an array to a text file.
- np.loadtxt(filename, delimiter=',') Loads an array from a text file.

## 10. Random Number Generation

- **np.random.seed(seed)** Sets the random seed.
- np.random.shuffle(arr) Shuffles an array randomly.
- **np.random.choice(arr, size)** Selects random elements from an array.

Official documentation: <a href="https://numpy.org/doc/">https://numpy.org/doc/</a>