Pandas Cheatsheet

Pandas is a powerful library for data manipulation and analysis in Python.

1. Creating DataFrames and Series

- pd.Series(data) Creates a one-dimensional Series.
- pd.DataFrame(data) Creates a two-dimensional DataFrame.
- pd.read_csv('file.csv') Reads a CSV file into a DataFrame.
- pd.read_excel('file.xlsx') Reads an Excel file into a DataFrame.
- pd.read_json('file.json') Reads a JSON file into a DataFrame.
- **df.to_csv('file.csv')** Saves a DataFrame to a CSV file.
- df.to_excel('file.xlsx') Saves a DataFrame to an Excel file.
- df.to_json('file.json') Saves a DataFrame to a JSON file.

2. Viewing and Inspecting Data

- df.head(n) Displays the first n rows.
- **df.tail(n)** Displays the last n rows.
- df.info() Displays concise DataFrame info.
- **df.describe()** Summarizes numerical columns.
- **df.shape** Returns the number of rows and columns.
- df.columns Returns column names.
- **df.index** Returns the index of the DataFrame.
- df.dtypes Displays data types of each column.
- df.isnull().sum() Checks for missing values.

3. Selecting and Filtering Data

- df['column'] Selects a single column.
- df[['col1', 'col2']] Selects multiple columns.
- df.loc[row_label, col_label] Selects data by label.
- **df.iloc[row_index, col_index]** Selects data by position.
- df[df['column'] > value] Filters rows based on condition.

• **df.query('column > value')** - Filters using a query string.

4. Modifying Data

- **df['new_col'] = value** Adds a new column.
- df.drop(columns=['col1']) Drops specified columns.
- **df.drop(index=[row_index])** Drops specified rows.
- **df.rename(columns={'old': 'new'})** Renames columns.
- **df.fillna(value)** Fills missing values.
- **df.dropna()** Drops missing values.
- df.replace({old: new}) Replaces values in a column.

5. Grouping and Aggregation

- df.groupby('column').sum() Groups by a column and sums.
- **df.groupby('column').mean()** Groups by a column and averages.
- **df.groupby('column').count()** Groups by a column and counts.
- **df.pivot(index, columns, values)** Pivots a DataFrame.
- **df.melt(id_vars, value_vars)** Unpivots a DataFrame.

6. Sorting and Ordering

- df.sort_values('column') Sorts values by a column.
- **df.sort_index()** Sorts by index.

7. Merging and Joining

- pd.concat([df1, df2]) Concatenates DataFrames.
- **df1.merge(df2, on='column')** Merges DataFrames on a column.
- df1.join(df2, lsuffix='_left', rsuffix='_right') Joins DataFrames on index.

8. Applying Functions

- **df.apply(func, axis=1)** Applies function to rows.
- **df.apply(func, axis=0)** Applies function to columns.
- **df['column'].map(func)** Maps a function to a column.

• df['column'].apply(lambda x: x*2) - Applies lambda function to a column.

9. Time Series Analysis

- df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date']) Converts column to datetime.
- **df.set_index('date')** Sets a datetime index.
- **df.resample('M').sum()** Resamples data to monthly frequency.

10. Exporting Data

- df.to_csv('file.csv') Saves DataFrame to CSV.
- **df.to_excel('file.xlsx')** Saves DataFrame to Excel.
- **df.to_json('file.json')** Saves DataFrame to JSON.

Official documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/