

# Loops and Iteration

Chapter 5

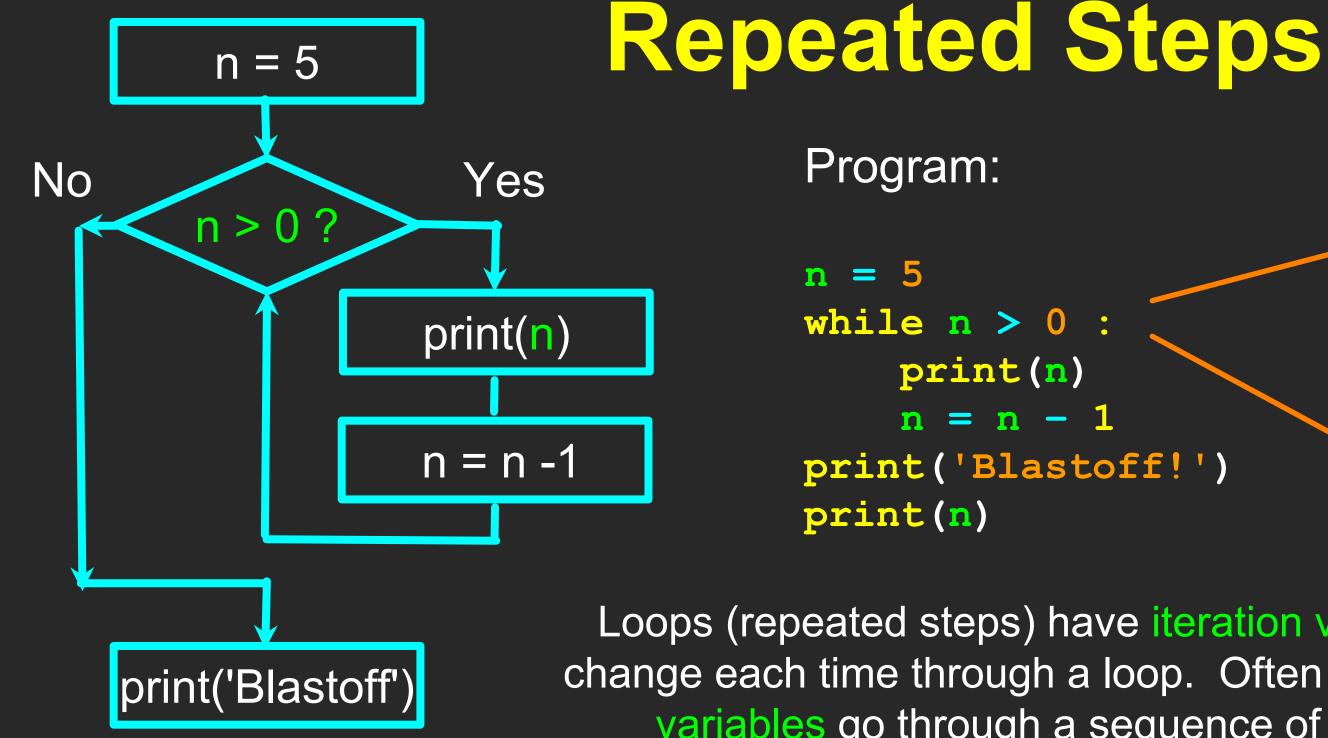


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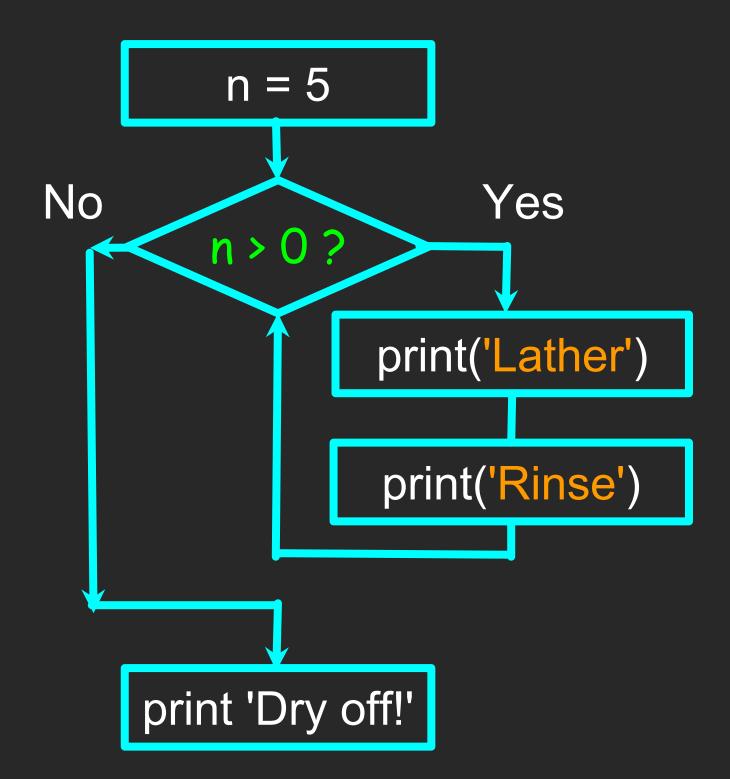




Output:

Blastoff!

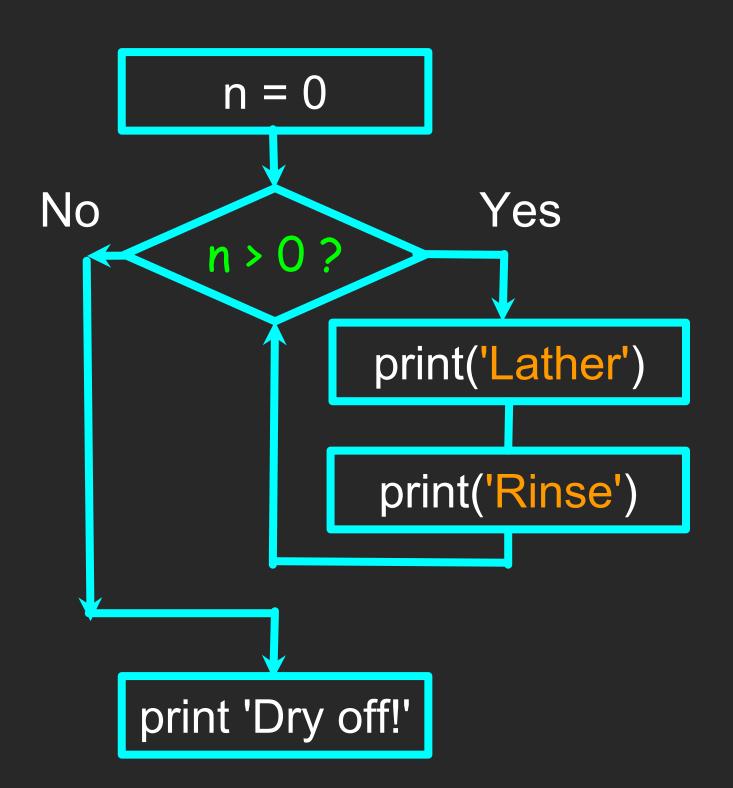
Loops (repeated steps) have iteration variables that change each time through a loop. Often these iteration variables go through a sequence of numbers.



### An Infinite Loop

```
m = 5
while n > 0 :
    print('Lather')
    print('Rinse')
print('Dry off!')
```

What is wrong with this loop?



### Another Loop

```
n = 0
while n > 0 :
    print('Lather')
    print('Rinse')
print('Dry off!')
```

What is this loop doing?



### Breaking Out of a Loop

- The break statement ends the current loop and jumps to the statement immediately following the loop
- It is like a loop test that can happen anywhere in the body of the loop

```
while True:
    line = input('> ')
    if line == 'done':
        break
    print(line)
print('Done!')
```

```
hello therehello therefinishedfinisheddoneDone!
```



### Breaking Out of a Loop

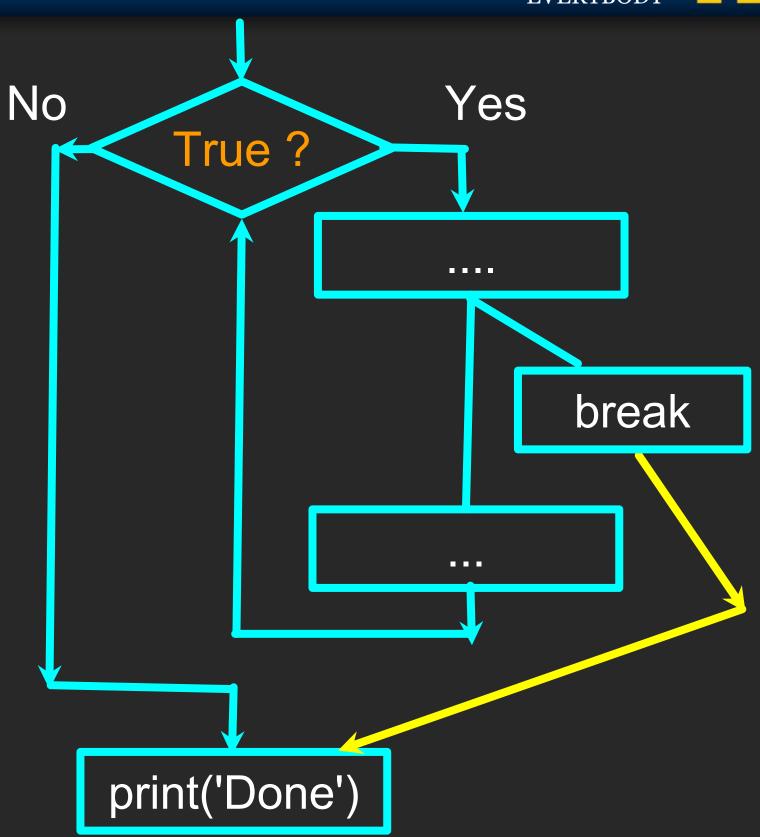
- The break statement ends the current loop and jumps to the statement immediately following the loop
- It is like a loop test that can happen anywhere in the body of the loop



```
while True:
    line = input('> ')
    if line == 'done':
        break
    print(line)
print('Done!')
```



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transporter (Star Trek)





#### Finishing an Iteration with Continue

The continue statement ends the current iteration and jumps to the top of the loop and starts the next iteration

```
while True:
    line = input('> ')
    if line[0] == '#':
        continue
    if line == 'done':
        break
    print(line)
print('Done!')
```

```
> hello there
hello there
> # don't print this
> print this!
print this!
> done
Done!
```



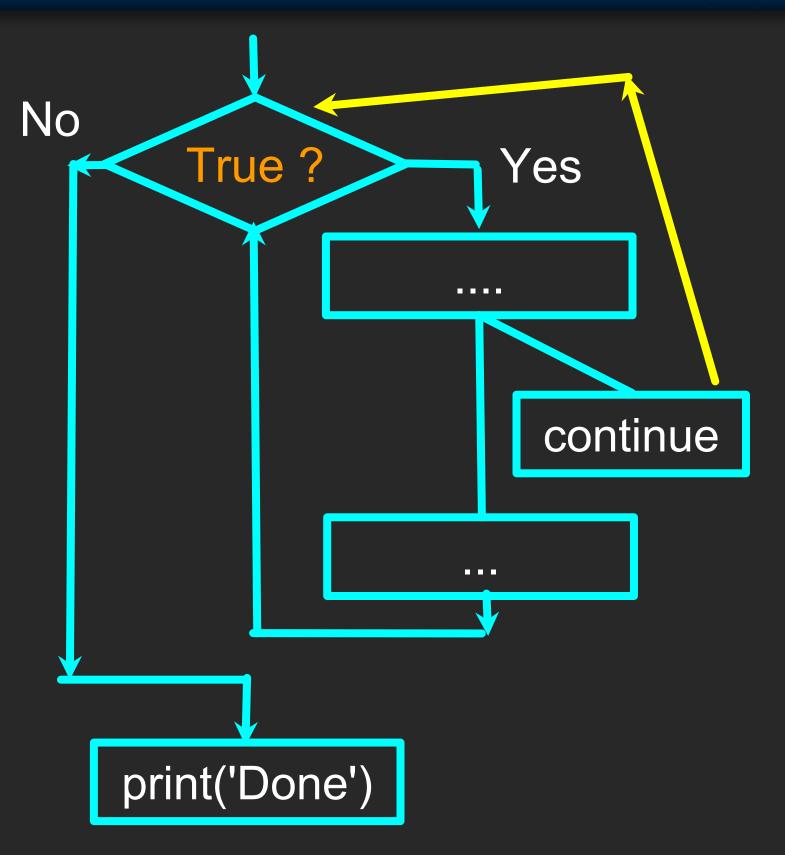
#### Finishing an Iteration with Continue

The continue statement ends the current iteration and jumps to the top of the loop and starts the next iteration

```
while True:
    line = input('> ')
    if line[0] == '#' :
        continue
    if line == 'done' :
        break
    print(line)
    print('Done!')
```

```
> hello there
hello there
> # don't print this
> print this!
print this!
> done
Done!
```

```
while True:
    line = raw_input('> ')
    if line[0] == '#' :
        continue
    if line == 'done' :
        break
    print(line)
print('Done!')
```





### Indefinite Loops

- While loops are called "indefinite loops" because they keep going until a logical condition becomes False
- The loops we have seen so far are pretty easy to examine to see if they will terminate or if they will be "infinite loops"
- Sometimes it is a little harder to be sure if a loop will terminate

## Definite Loops





#### **Acknowledgements / Contributions**



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