```
Intro to 'Strings'
# Quiz
# print("Rahul has " + 10 + "rupees")
# We can't add string with an integer

# ord funtion
ord('a')
97
ord('z')
122
ord('y')
121
ord('A')
65
ord('Z')
90
```

Challenge 1:

- Take a string as input and print all the characters in a newline.
- Input: "India"
- Output:
- I
- n
- · d
- i
- a
- # Quizzes

```
country = input()
for i in country:
    print(i)

India
I
n
d
i
a
```

Challenge 2:

```
    Given a string as input, print the first and the last character of the string.
    Input: "India"
```

```
• Output:
```

```
• I
```

• a

```
# Indexing
```

```
rindexing
country = input()
  India
print(country[0])
print(country[-1])
I
a
print(country[0])
print(country[4])
```

```
I
a
len(country)
5
name = "Rahul"
name[::-1]
'luhaR'
name[::]
'Rahul'
```

Challenge 3:

• Take a string as input and print the ASCII value of the characters in it.

```
# ord
# chr
name = input()
Aditya
for i in name:
    print(i)
Α
d
i
t
У
for i in name:
    print(ord(i))
65
100
105
116
121
97
```

```
ord("A")
65
ord('d')
100
ord("i")
105

## Capital letters are smaller in ASCII values... hahaha irony
# HW: Get the sum of your name's ASCII value and post in the group along
# with the name
```

Challenge 4

- Given a string as input, print it 3 times without any space. (can't use a loop)
- Input: "India"
- Ouput: "IndiaIndiaIndia"

```
# Quiz
# + and *
name = "Rahul"
# Concatenation
name + name
'RahulRahul'
name + name + name
```

```
'RahulRahulRahul'
name*3
'RahulRahulRahul'
# Can't multiply string with a string
"Rahul" * "Rahul"
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent call
last)
/var/folders/zn/hkv6562d6 d30glfs8yc7690000gn/T/ipykernel 1074/388500
5004.py in <module>
----> 1 "Rahul" * "Rahul"
TypeError: can't multiply sequence by non-int of type 'str'
country = input()
India
print(country*3)
IndiaIndiaIndia
city = "Phoenix"
print(len(city*3))
21
city*3
'PhoenixPhoenixPhoenix'
len('PhoenixPhoenix')
21
len("Phoenix")
7
Challenge 5:
     Given a string as input, count the no of upper case characters
# isupper
name = "RaHUl"
```

```
for i in name:
    print(i)
R
а
Н
U
l
# ASCII range for upper case 65 - 90
count = 0
for i in name:
    if ord(i) >= 65 and ord(i) <= 90:
        count += 1
print(count)
3
ord("l")
108
# Find number of small and upper case letters in "RaHUl"
"i".isupper()
False
"A".isupper()
True
count = 0
for i in name:
    if i.isupper():
        count += 1
print(count)
3
```

Challenge 6:

- Convert the string to lower case.
- Input: "INdiA" Output: "india"

```
# Quiz
```

islower

```
# string concatenation
## Lists are mutable
l = [2, 4, 5]
l[0] = 6
ι
[6, 4, 5]
# Strings are immutable
name = "Rahul"
\# name[0] = "B"
s = ''
s += "R"
s += "a"
s += 'h'
s += 'u'
s+= 'l'
S
'Rahul'
country = "INdiA"
for i in country:
    if i.isupper():
        print(i)
        print(ord(i))
        print("----")
Ι
73
-----
N
78
-----
Α
65
for i in country:
    if i.isupper():
```

```
new = ord(i) + 32
        print(new)
105
110
97
chr(105)
'i'
for i in country:
    if i.isupper():
        new = ord(i) + 32
        print(chr(new))
i
n
а
country
'INdiA'
result = ''
for i in country:
    if i.isupper():
        new = ord(i) + 32
        result += chr(new)
    else:
        result += i
print(result)
india
"I".islower()
False
# lower will convert your string into lower case
"I".lower()
'i'
# # upper will convert your string into upper case
"i".upper()
Ί'
country
'INdiA'
```

```
res = ''
for i in country:
    if i.isupper():
        res += i.lower()
    else:
        res += i
print(res)
india
# islower and isupper will give you boolean value
# lower and upper will give you value by converting them
res = country.lower()
res
'india'
res.upper()
'INDIA'
In operator in Strings
# Quiz
ι
[2, 3, 4]
2 in l
True
name
'Rahul'
'r' in name
False
"R" in name
True
"Ra" in name
```

```
True
"Rh" in name
False
def unique(str):
    letters = []
    for char in str:
        if char not in letters:
          letters.append(char)
    return letters
unique("apple")
['a', 'p', 'l', 'e']
```

Enumerate function l = [2, 3, 4]for index, value in enumerate(l): print(index, value) 0 2 1 3 2 4 name = "Rahul" for index, value in enumerate(name): print(index, value) 0 R 1 a 2 h 3 u 4 l for index, value in enumerate(name): print(value, index) R 0 a 1 h 2

```
u 3
1 4
for index, value in enumerate(name):
    print(index, value * 2)
0 RR
1 aa
2 hh
3 uu
4 11
for uncle, aunty in enumerate(name):
    print(uncle, aunty)
0 R
1 a
2 h
3 u
4 l
## Doubts
a = 'a'
b = 97
int(a)
ValueError
                                           Traceback (most recent call
last)
/var/folders/zn/hkv6562d6_d30glfs8yc7690000gn/T/ipykernel_1074/766485
689.py in <module>
----> 1 int(a)
ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'a'
ord(a)
97
ord('a') == 97
```

True