Program 14

File Name: InterruptHandling.java

```
1. public class InterruptHandling {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Thread thread = new Thread(() -> {
3.
4.
           try {
5.
             System.out.println("Thread will sleep for 5 seconds.");
6.
             Thread.sleep(5000);
             System.out.println("Thread woke up after sleep.");
7.
8.
           } catch (InterruptedException e) {
             System.out.println("Thread was interrupted during sleep.");
9.
10.
11.
        });
12.
        thread.start();
13.
        try {
14.
           Thread.sleep(2000); // Main thread sleeps for 2 seconds
           thread.interrupt(); // Interrupt the sleeping thread
15.
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
16.
17.
           e.printStackTrace();
18.
        }
19.
     }
```

Program 15

Example of join() Method in Java

The following program shows the usage of the join() method.

FileName: ThreadJoinExample.java

```
    // A Java program for understanding
    // the joining of threads
    // import statement
    import java.io.*;
    // The ThreadJoin class is the child class of the class Thread
    class ThreadJoin extends Thread
    {
    // overriding the run method
    public void run()
    {
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)</li>
```

```
14.{
15. try
16.{
17.// sleeping the thread for 300 milli seconds
18. Thread.sleep(300);
19.
   System.out.println("The current thread name is: " + Thread.currentThread().getName
20.}
21.// catch block for catching the raised exception
22. catch(Exception e)
23.{
24. System.out.println("The exception has been caught: " + e);
25.}
26. System.out.println( j );
27.}
28.}
29.}
30.
31. public class ThreadJoinExample
32.{
33.// main method
34. public static void main (String argvs[])
35.{
36.
37.// creating 3 threads
38. ThreadJoin th1 = new ThreadJoin();
39. ThreadJoin th2 = new ThreadJoin();
40. ThreadJoin th3 = new ThreadJoin();
41
42.// thread th1 starts
43.th1.start();
45. // starting the second thread after when
46. // the first thread th1 has ended or died.
47. try
48.{
49.
   System.out.println("The current thread name is: "+ Thread.currentThread().getName(
   ));
50.
51.// invoking the join() method
52.th1.join();
53.}
55.// catch block for catching the raised exception
56. catch(Exception e)
57.{
```

```
58. System.out.println("The exception has been caught " + e);
59.}
60.
61. // thread th2 starts
62.th2.start();
63.
64. // starting the th3 thread after when the thread th2 has ended or died.
65. try
66.{
67.
   System.out.println("The current thread name is: " + Thread.currentThread().getName
   ());
68.th2.join();
69.}
70.
71.// catch block for catching the raised exception
72. catch(Exception e)
73.{
74. System.out.println("The exception has been caught " + e);
75.}
76.
77.// thread th3 starts
78.th3.start();
79.}
80.}
```

Output:

```
The current thread name is: main
The current thread name is: Thread - 0
0
The current thread name is: Thread - 0
1
The current thread name is: main
The current thread name is: Thread - 1
0
The current thread name is: Thread - 1
1
The current thread name is: Thread - 2
0
The current thread name is: Thread - 2
```