

Section A

Q1. Multiple Choice Questions (5 marks)

1. The force of attraction between any two objects is called:
a) Gravitational force b) Electrostatic force c) Magnetic force d) Nuclear force
2. The value of universal gravitational constant (G) is:
a) $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2/\text{kg}^2$ b) 9.8 m/s^2 c) $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ d) $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
3. The modern periodic law is based on:
a) Atomic mass b) Atomic number c) Number of isotopes d) Number of neutrons
4. Elements in a group of the periodic table have:
a) Same number of electrons b) Same number of protons
c) Same number of neutrons d) Same number of valence electrons
5. The most reactive metal is:
a) Iron b) Copper c) Sodium d) Gold

Section B

Q2. Short Answer Questions (10 marks)

1. State the universal law of gravitation. (2 marks)
2. Explain the concept of acceleration due to gravity. (2 marks)
3. What is the significance of the periodic table? (2 marks)
4. Describe the trends in atomic size and metallic character across a period. (2 marks)
5. What are the properties of alkali metals? (2 marks)

Section C

Q3. Long Answer Questions (10 marks)

1. (5 marks) Derive an expression for the acceleration due to gravity (g).
2. (5 marks) Explain the periodic trends in valency, ionization energy, and electron affinity.