



30% Individual Coursework

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I confirm that I understand my coursework needs to be submitted online via MySecondTeacher under the relevant module page before the deadline in order for my assignment to be accepted and marked. I am fully aware that late submissions will be treated as non-submission and a marks of zero will be awarded.

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Introduction

Java

Java is a class-based, object-oriented programming language that is designed to have as few implementation dependencies as possible. It is intended to let application developers write once, and run anywhere (WORA), meaning that compiled Java code can run on all platforms that support Java without the need for recompilation. Java was first released in 1995 and is widely used for developing applications for desktop, web, and mobile devices. Java is known for its simplicity, robustness, and security features, making it a popular choice for enterprise-level applications. (GeeksforGeeks, 2022)

JAVA was developed by James Gosling at Sun Microsystems_Inc in the year 1995 and later acquired by Oracle Corporation. It is a simple programming language. Java makes writing, compiling, and debugging programming easy. It helps to create reusable code and modular programs. (GeeksforGeeks, 2022)

About This Project :

The main aim of this project was to get us familiar with Object Oriented Programming System (OOPs) and apply object-oriented principles of java to design and implement a realistic problem scenario of an educational institution to manage the record of teachers, lecturers and tutor in a college system. We are required to create three classes Teacher, Lecturer and Tutor and each with their own attributes, constructors, and method that reflects their roles and function. With the Java Concept that we learned till now in college and the instructions given in the coursework We are to enhance our java program and make it more flexible and reusable.

Tools used for the project:

BLUE J

BlueJ is a windows based platform for Java Development Kit (JDK). It is a free Java environment started in 1999 by Michael Kolling and John Rosenberg at Monash University, Australia, as a successor to Blue. It requires to install JDK version 1.3 or more before installing BlueJ. It can be freely downloaded from its official website of BlueJ. It was developed to support learning and teaching of OOPs(object-oriented programming). The objects can be interactively created and tested. It is a simple user interface, BlueJ has a simpler interface than most professional IDEs. It offers many tools that are specific to its educational goals. There are also standard development tools available, such as an editor, compiler and runtime environment. (GeeksforGeeks, 2023)

Draw.io

Draw.io is a free, web-based diagramming tool that supports various diagram types, including UML. It integrates with various cloud storage services and can be used offline. (GeeksforGeeks, n.d.)draw.io is proprietary software for making diagrams and charts. The software lets you choose from an automatic layout function, or create a custom layout. They have a large selection of shapes and hundreds of visual elements to make your diagram or chart one-of-a-kind. (Computer Hope, 2020)

Microsoft Word

Microsoft word is a word processor software developed by Microsoft in 1983. It is the most commonly used word processor software. It is used to create professional quality documents, letters, reports, resumes, etc and also allows you to edit or modify your new or existing document. The file saved in Ms Word has .docx extension. (GeeksforGeeks, 2021)

Class Diagram

Class diagrams are a type of UML (Unified Modeling Language) diagram used in software engineering to visually represent the structure and relationships of classes in a system. UML is a standardized modeling language that helps in designing and documenting software systems. They are an integral part of the software development process, helping in both the design and documentation phases (GeeksforGeeks, 2024)

Teacher Class:

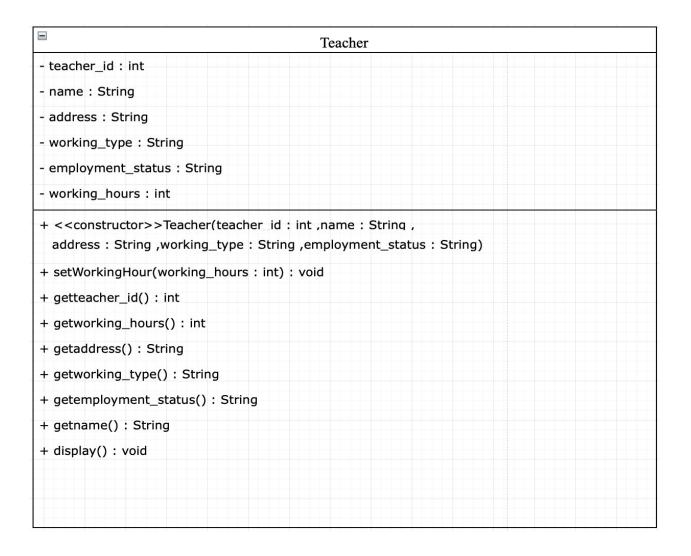


Figure 1:Class Diagram :Teacher Class

Lecturer Class:

```
-
                                           Lecturer
- department : String
- yearOfExperience : int
- gradedScore : int
- hasGraded : boolean
+ <<constructor>>Lecturer(int teacher_id,String name,
  address: String, working_type: String, employment_status: String,
  working_hours : int ,department : String ,yearOfExperience :int )
+ getdepartment(): String
+ getyearOfExperience(): int
+ getgradedScore(): int
+ gethasGraded(): boolean
+ setgradedScore(int gradedScore) : void
+ gradeAssignment(gradedScore : int ,department : String ,yearOfExperience : int) : String
+ display(): void
```

Figure 2:Class Diagram :Lecturer Class

Tutor Class:

```
Tutor
- salary : double
- specialization : String
- academic_qualifications : String
- performance_index : int
- isCertified : boolean
+ <<constructor>>Tutor(teacher_id: int ,name: String,address: String,
 working_type: String,employment_status: String,working_hours: int,
 salary: double, specialization: String, academic_qualifications: String, performance_index: int)
+ getsalary(): double
+ getspecialization() : String
+ getacademic_qualifications(): String
+ getperformance_index(): int
+ getisCertified(): boolean
+ setsalary(salary : int ,performance_index : int) : void
+ removetutor(): void
+ display(): void
```

Figure 3: Class Diagram: Tutor Class

Combined Relationship Diagram:

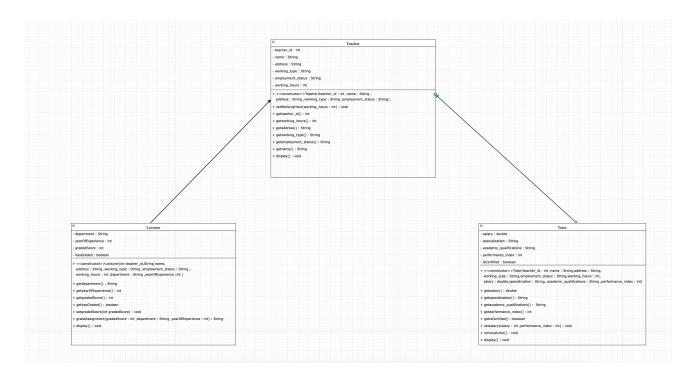


Figure 4: Class Diagram : Combined Relationship Diagram (draw.io)

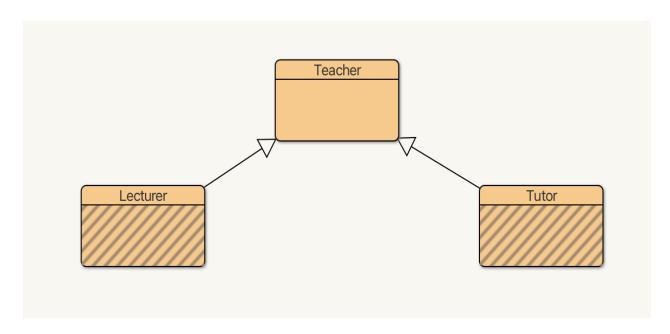


Figure 5:Class Diagram :Combined Class Diagram(BlueJ)

Pseuducode

Pseudocode is a detailed yet readable description of what computer program or algorithm should do. It is written in a formal yet readable style that uses a natural syntax and formatting so it can be easily understood by programmers and others involved in the development process. (Technopedia, 2023)

Pseudocode for Teacher

CREATE Parent Class Teacher

DO

DECLARE instance variable teacher id

DECLARE instance variable name

DECLARE instance variable address

DECLARE instance variable working type

DECLARE instance variable employment status

DECLARE instance variable working hours

END DO

CREATE Constructor Teacher(int teacher_id, String name, String address, String working_type, String employment_status)

DO

ASSIGN this.teacher_id = teacher_id

ASSIGN this.name = name

ASSIGN this.address = address

ASSIGN this.working type = working type

ASSIGN this.employment_status = employment_status

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getteacher_id()

DO

RETURN this.teacher_id

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getworking_hours()

DO

RETURN this.working_hours

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getaddress()

DO

RETURN this.address

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getworking_type()

DO

RETURN this.working_type

END DO

```
CREATE Getter Method getemployment status()
DO
  RETURN this.employment_status
END DO
CREATE Getter Method getname()
DO
  RETURN this.name
END DO
CREATE Setter Method setWorkingHour(int working hours)
DO
 ASSIGN this.working hours = working hours
END DO
CREATE Display Method display()
DO
 PRINT("Teacher_ID = " + this.getteacher_id())
 PRINT("Teacher_Name = " + this.getname())
 PRINT("Teacher Address = " + this.getaddress())
 PRINT("Working Type = " + this.getworking_type())
 PRINT("Employee_Status = " + this.getemployment_status())
 IF (this.getworking hours() == 0)
DO
    PRINT("Working Hour Has Not Been Set Yet")
```

END DO

ELSE

PRINT("Working_Hour = " + this.getworking_hours())

END IF

END DO

Pseudocode for Lecturer

CREATE Child Class Lecturer

DO

DECLARE instance variable department

DECLARE instance variable yearOfExperience

INITIALISE instance variable gradedScore = 0

INITIALISE instance variable hasGraded = false

END DO

CREATE Constructor Lecturer(int teacher_id, String name, String address, String working_type, String employment_status, int working_hours, String department, int yearOfExperience)

DO

ASSIGN super(teacher id, name, address, working type, employment status)

ASSIGN super.setWorkingHour(working hours)

ASSIGN this.department = department

ASSIGN this.yearOfExperience = yearOfExperience

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getDepartment()

DO

RETURN this.department

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getYearOfExperience()

```
DO
     RETURN this.yearOfExperience
 END DO
   CREATE Getter Method getGradedScore()
 DO
     RETURN this.gradedScore
 END DO
   CREATE Getter Method getHasGraded()
 DO
     RETURN this.hasGraded
 END DO
   CREATE Getter Method setGradedScore(int gradedScore)
 DO
     this.gradedScore = gradedScore
 END DO
CREATE Setter Method For gradedScore setgradedScore(int gradedScore)
DO
      RETURN this.gradedScore
END DO
   CREATE Grade Assignment Method gradeAssignment(int gradedScore, String department,
 int yearOfExperience)
 DO
     IF yearOfExperience >= 5 AND this.department.equals(department)
 THEN
       IF gradedScore > 70
       ASSIGN this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
```

ASSIGN this.hasGraded=true

RETURN "Grade A"

ELSE IF gradedScore > 60

ASSIGN this.gradedScore=gradedScore;

ASSIGN this.hasGraded=true

RETURN "Grade B"

ELSE IF gradedScore > 50

ASSIGN this.gradedScore=gradedScore;

ASSIGN this.hasGraded=true

RETURN "Grade C"

ELSE IF gradedScore > 40

ASSIGN this.gradedScore=gradedScore;

ASSIGN this.hasGraded=true

RETURN "Grade D"

ELSE IF gradedScore < 40

ASSIGN this.gradedScore=gradedScore;

ASSIGN this.hasGraded=true

RETURN "Grade E"

END IF

ELSE

PRINT ("Teacher Not Eligible For Grade Assignment")

END DO

END DO

```
CREATE Display Method display()

CALL super.display()

PRINT ("Department = " + getdepartment())

PRINT ("Year Of Experience = " + getyearOfExperience())

IF this.gradedScore==0

DO

PRINT ("Grade Score Not Assigned")

END DO

END IF

ELSE

DO

PRINT ("Grade Score = "+getgradedScore()")
```

Pseudocode for Tutor

CREATE Child Class Tutor

DECLARE instance variable salary

DECLARE instance variable specialization

DECLARE instance variable academic_qualifications

DECLARE instance variable performance index

INITIALISE instance variable isCertified = false

CREATE CONSTRUCTOR Tutor(int teacher_id, String name, String address, String working_type, String employment_status, int working_hours, double salary, String specialization, String academic qualifications, int performance index)

CALL super(teacher id, name, address, working type, employment status)

CALL super.setWorkingHour(working hours)

ASSIGN this.salary = salary

ASSIGN this.specialization = specialization

ASSIGN this.academic_qualifications = academic_qualifications

ASSIGN this.performance index = performance index

CREATE Getter Method getSalary()

DO

RETURN this.salary

END DO

CREATE Getter Method getSpecialization()

```
DO
    RETURN this.specialization
END DO
  CREATE Getter Method getAcademicQualifications()
DO
    RETURN this.academic_qualifications
END DO
CREATE Getter Method getPerformanceIndex()
DO
    RETURN this.performance index
END DO
  CREATE Getter Method getIsCertified()
DO
    RETURN this.isCertified
END DO
  CREATE Setter Method setSalary(int salary, int performance index)
DO
    IF (this.performance index > 5 AND this.getWorkingHours() > 20)
THEN
      IF (performance index >= 5 AND performance index <= 7)
        this.salary = salary + (0.05 * salary)
      ELSE IF (performance index >= 8 AND performance index <= 9)
        this.salary = salary + (0.10 * salary)
      ELSE IF (performance index == 10)
        this.salary = salary + (0.20 * salary)
      ASSIGN this.isCertified = true
```

```
END IF
```

ELSE

PRINT("Salary Has Not Been Approved")

END IF

END DO

CREATE A Method removeTutor() to remove teacher who are not certified

DO

```
IF (this.isCertified==false)
```

THEN

ASSIGN this.salary = 0

ASSIGN this.specialization = ""

ASSIGN this.academic qualifications = ""

ASSIGN this.performance_index = 0

ASSIGN this.isCertified = false

END IF

CREATE Display Method display() to display variable with suitable annotation

DO

```
IF (this.isCertified==true)
    CALL super.display()
    PRINT("Salary = " + this.getSalary())
    PRINT("Specialization = " + this.getSpecialization())
    PRINT("Academic Qualification = " + this.getAcademicQualifications())
    PRINT("Performance Index = " + this.getPerformanceIndex())
```

ELSE

CALL super.display()

END IF

END DO

Method Description

Method Description is in brief explanation of what all the function present in the class does and what parameter it takes and how it is related to another method and variables. It is great for understanding the function and use of function present in the class with a quick glance at it.

Teacher Class

Method	Description
setWorkingHour(int working_hours)	This method is a setter method and it takes a
	parameter(working_hours) of type int and assigns it
	to instance variable working_hours.
getteacher_id()	This is an accessor method which returns the value
	of instance variable teacher_id. The return type of
	this method is int.
getworking_hours()	This is an accessor method which returns the value
	of instance variable working_hours. The return type
	of this method is int.
getaddress()	This is an accessor method which returns
	the value of instance variable address. The return
	type of this method is String.
getworking_type()	This is an accessor method which returns the value
	of instance variable working_type. The return type of
	this method is String.
L	ı

getemployment_status()	This is an accessor method which returns the value
	of instance variable employment_status. The return
	type of this method is String.
getname()	This is an accessor method which returns the value
	of instance variable name. The return type of this
	method is String.
display()	This method displays all the value of instance
	variables with suitable annotations and it accepts
	zero parameter with return type void.

Table 1:Method Descriptions: Teacher Class

Lecturer Class

Method	Description
getdepartment()	This is an accessor method which returns
	the value of instance variable department. The
	return type of this method is String.
getyearOfExperience()	This is an accessor method which returns
	the value of instance variable yearOfExperience.
	The return type of this method is int.
getgradedScore()	This is an accessor method which returns
	the value of instance variable gradedScore. The
	return type of this method is int.
gethasGraded()	This method is designed to return a boolean value
	that indicates whether the instance variable
	hasGraded is true or false.
setgradedScore(int gradedScore)	This method is a mutar method and it takes a
	parameter(gradedScore) of type int and assigns it
	to instance variable gradedScore.
gradeAssignment(int	This method grades the assignments of students by
gradedScore,String department,int	experienced teacher of same field and its
yearOfExperience)	return type is String.
display()	This method displays all the value of instance
	variables of its own class along with Teacher class
	with suitable annotations and it accepts zero
	parameter with return type void.

Tutor Class

Method	Description
double getsalary()	This is an accessor method which returns the value of
	instance variable yearOfExperience. The return type of this
	method is double.
getspecialization()	This is an accessor method which returns the value of
	instance variable specialization. The return type of this
	method is String.
getacademic_qualifications()	This is an accessor method which returns the value of
	instance variable academic_qualifications. The return type of
	this method is String.
getperformance_index()	This is an accessor method which returns the value of
	instance variable performance_index. The return type of this
	method is int.
getisCertified()	This method is designed to return a boolean value that
	indicates whether the instance variable isCertified is true or
	false.
setsalary(int salary,int	This method sets salary to each tutors and if their
performance_index)	performance_index is greater than 5 and working hour is
	greater than 20 then their appraisal is done and salary is
	given along with their appraisal amount.
removetutor()	This Methods removes the tutor and sets all of theirattributes
	to zero and isCertified to false
display()	This will display all the details of teacher along with the
	details of teacher from Teacher Class if isCertified is true but
	if its false it will only display details of parent class

Table 3:Method Descriptions::Tutor Class

Testing

Test 1:
Inspect the Lecturer class, grade the Assignment and re-inspect the Lecturer
Class

Test Number	1
Objective For Testing	To Inspect The Lecturer Class First Then Grading
	Assignment and Reinspecting Lecturer Class.
Actions Taken	Calling Constructor Assigning Following Values
	as Arguments :
	teacher_id=1;
	name="Saroj Kumar Yadav";
	address="Kathmandu";
	working_type="Logical";
	employement_status="Active";
	working_hours=23;
	department="Programming";
	yearOfExperience=8;
	Inspecting The Lecturer Class
	Assigning Grade Through gradeAssignment
	Method With
	• gradedScore = 78;
	department="Programming";
	yearOfExperience=8;
	4) Re-Inspecting Lecturer Class

Anticipated Results	Assignment Should Be Graded and hasGraded should be
	true.
Actual Result	Assignment was Graded and hasGraded Was Set To true.
Result Conclusion	The Test Was Passed Successfully.

Table 4:Testing :Test1

Output Results

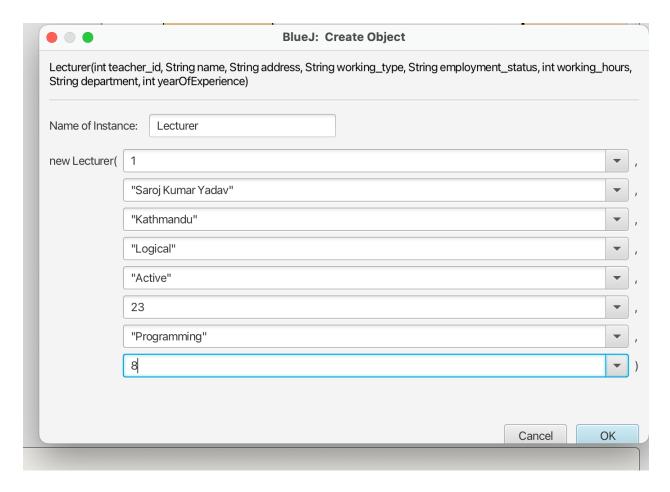


Figure 6:Test1:Calling Constructor And Assigning Values

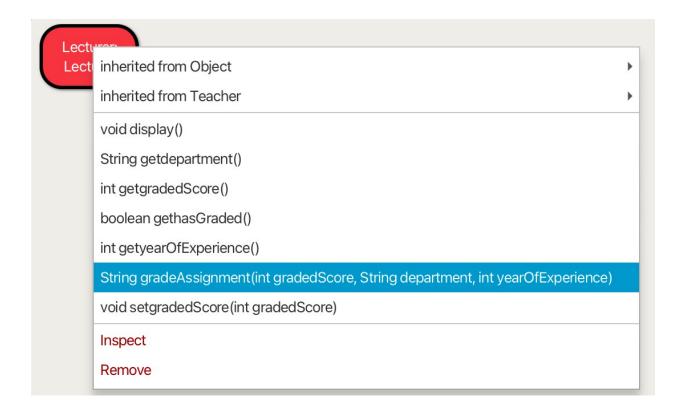


Figure 7:Test1:Showing All Methods Of Lecturer Class

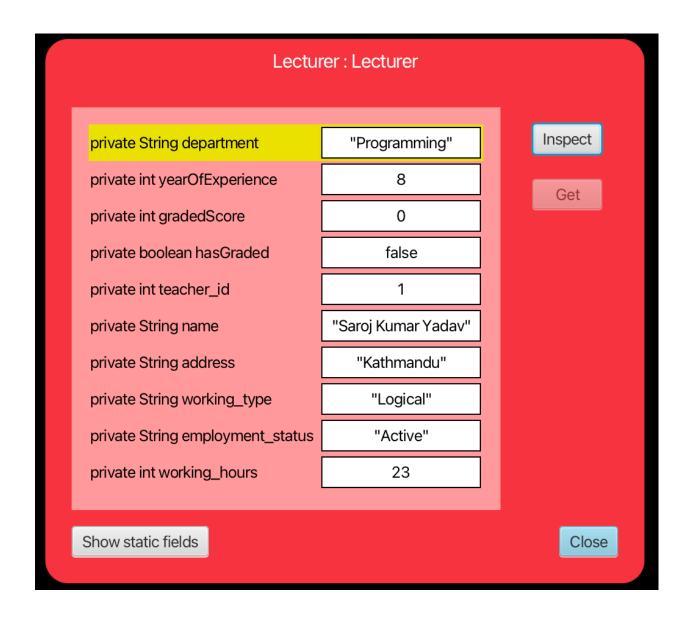


Figure 8:Inspection Before Grade Assignment

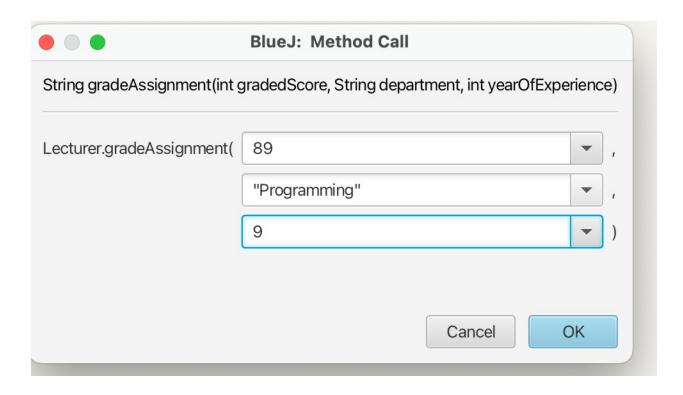


Figure 9:Test1:Calling GradeAssignment Method And Assigning Values

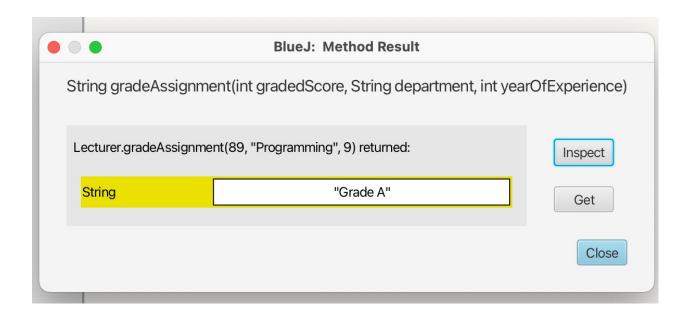


Figure 10:Test1:Output Result Of Grade Assignment

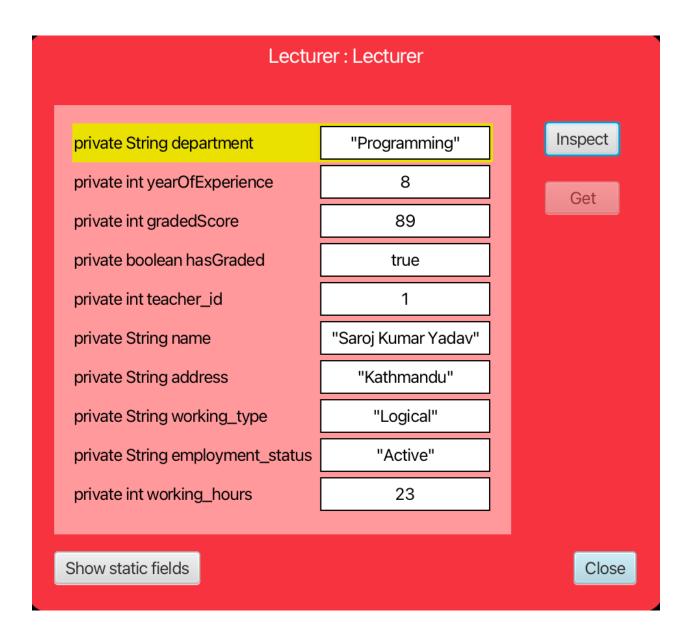


Figure 11:Test1:Inspection After Grade Assignment

Test 2:Inspect Tutor class, set salary and reinspect the Tutor class

Test Number	2
Objective For Testing	Inspect Tutor Class, Set Salary and Re-Inspect The Tutor
	Class
Actions Taken	Calling Constructor Assigning Following Values
	as Arguments :
	• teacher_id=1;
	name="Anish Raut";
	address="Kathmandu";
	working_type="Logical";
	employement_status="Active";
	working_hours=23;
	• salary=18000;
	specialization="Hardware And Software
	Architecture";
	 academic_qualifications="BSc Networking";
	performance_index=10;
	Inspecting Tutor Class
	Calling setsalary Method Assigning Following
	Values as Arguments :
	• salary=18000;
	performance_index=10;
	4) Re-Inspecting The Tutor Class

Anticipated Results	Salary Should be Increased as Per Their Performance
	Index And Working Hour.
Actual Result	Salary Which Was Previously Set to 18000 was
	Changed And Set To 19800 .
Result Conclusion	The Test Passed Successfully.

Table 5:Testing :Test2

Output Results:

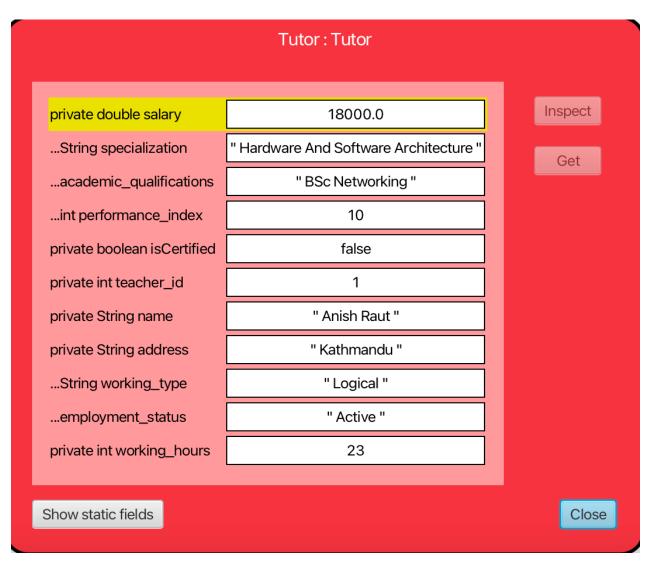


Figure 12:Test2:Inspecting Tutor Class

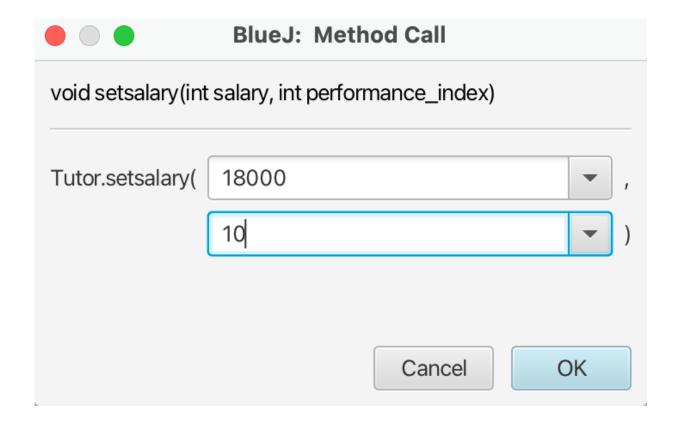


Figure 13:Test2:Setting Salary

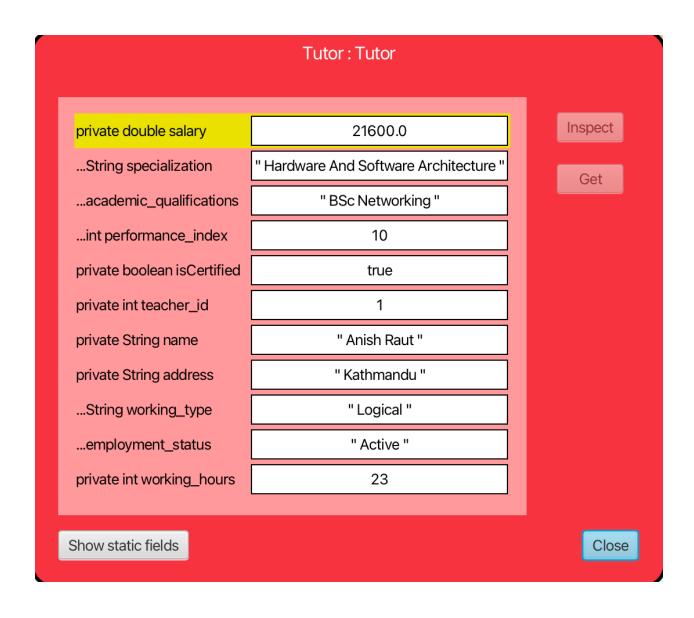


Figure 14:Inspecting After Setting Salary

Test 3: Inspect Tutor class again after removing the tutor.

Test Number	3
Objective For Testing	Inspect Tutor Class Again After Removing Tutor
Actions Taken	Calling Constructor Assigning Following Values
	as Arguments :
	teacher_id=1;
	name="Aarya Acharya";
	address="Anamnagar";
	working_type="Logical";
	employement_status="Active";
	working_hours=34;
	• salary=18000;
	specialization="Java";
	academic_qualifications="Bsc Computing";
	performance_index=7;
	2) Inspecting Tutor Class
	3) Calling removetutor Function to Remove The
	Tutor .
	4) Re-Inspecting The Tutor Class
Anticipated Results	Tutor Should Be Removed From The Inspect Field If
	He/She Is Not Certifed .
Actual Result	Tutor Was Successfully Removed Because Specific
	Tutor was Not Certified.
Result Conclusion	The Test Passed Successfully.

Output Results:

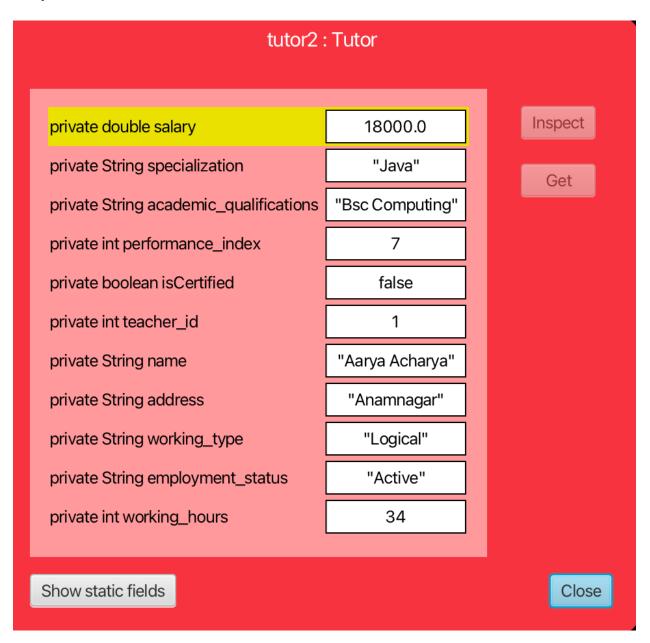


Figure 15:Test3:Inspecting Before Removing Tutor

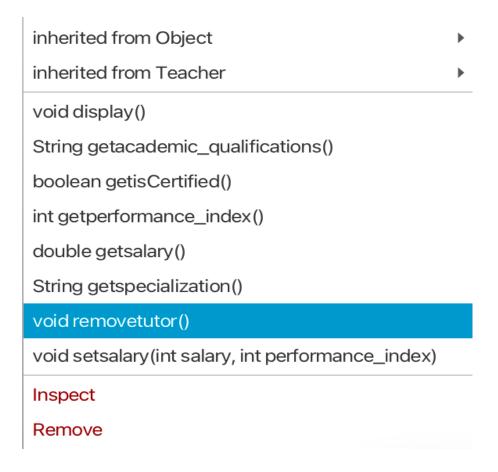


Figure 16:Test4:Showing All Methods Of Tutor Class

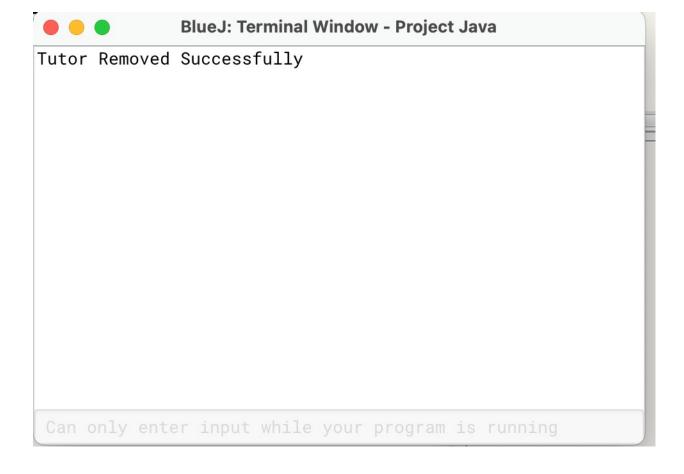


Figure 17:Test3:Output OF removetutor Method

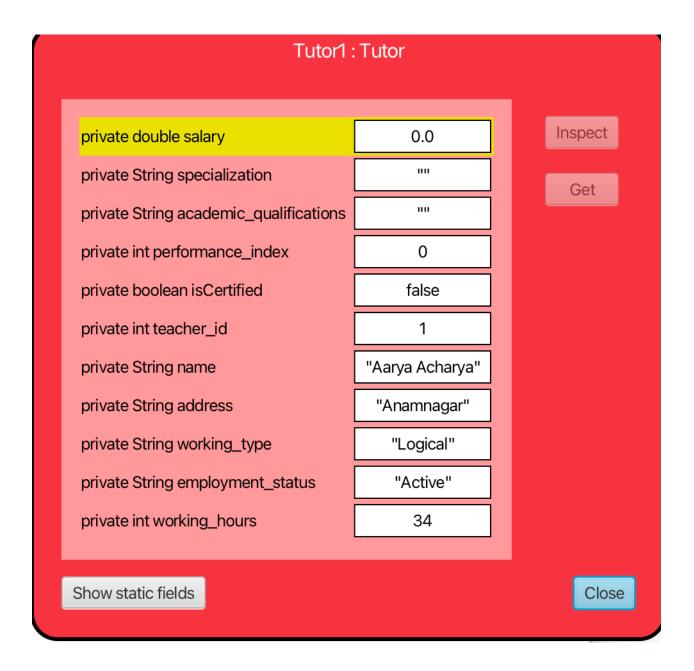


Figure 18:Test3:Inspecting After Removing Tutor

Test 4Display the details of Lecturer and Tutor classes.

Test Number	3
Objective For Testing	Displaying The Details Of The Lecturer And Teacher Class
Actions Taken	Made Objects of Both Lecturer and Tutor classes
	Call The Display Function In Both Teacher And
	Lecturer Class.
Anticipated Results	The Display Method in Both The Method Should Print
	Detail Information Of Teacher And Lecturer Class
Actual Result	Both The Display Function Worked and Displayed All
	The Information Of Both The Classes.
Result Conclusion	The Test Passed Successfully.

Table 7:Testing :Test4

Output Results

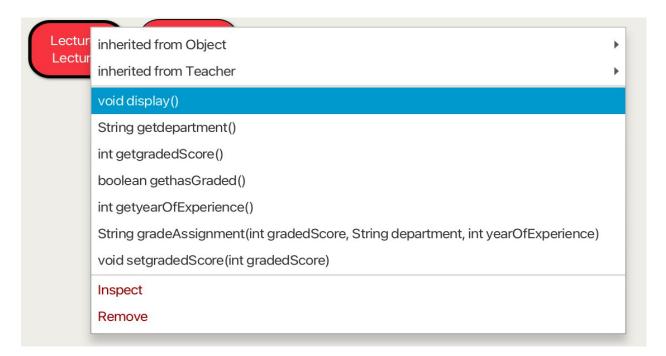


Figure 19:Test4:Showing All Methods Of Lecturer Class

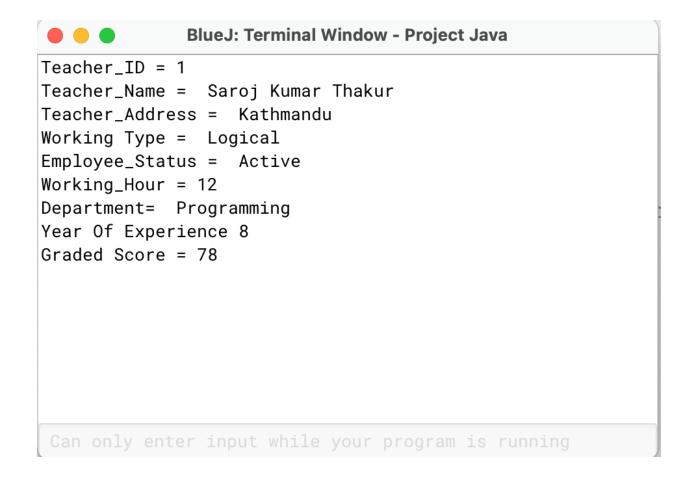


Figure 20:Test4:Output Of Display Method Of Lecturer Class

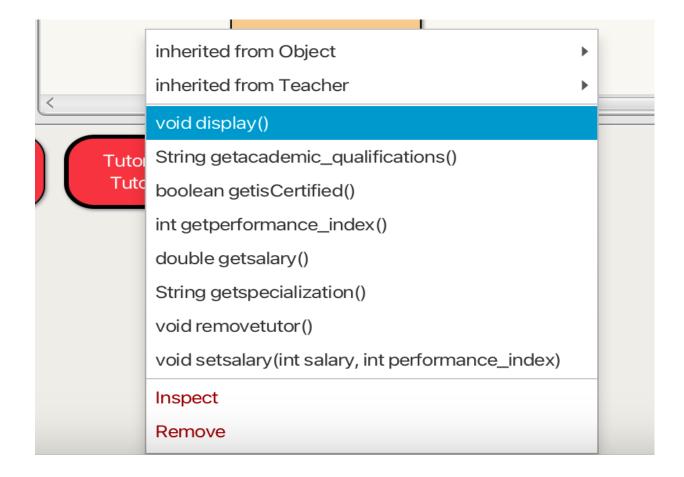


Figure 21:Showing All Method Of Tutor Class

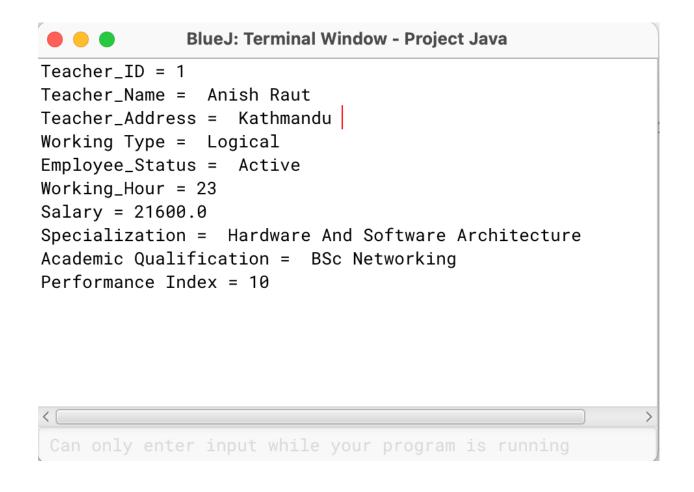


Figure 22:Test4:Output Of Display Method Of Tutor Class

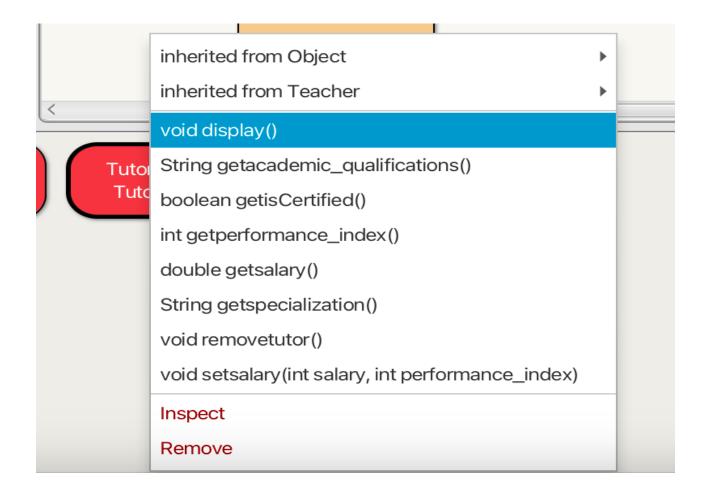


Figure 23:Test4:Showing All Methods Of Tutor Class

Error Detection and Error Removal

Syntax Error:

A syntax error in computer science is an error in the syntax of a coding or programming language, entered by a programmer. Syntax errors are caught by a software program called a compiler, and the programmer must fix them before the program is compiled and then run. (Technopedia, 2023)

Error Detection:

The syntax error which i encountered in Teacher Class while doing the project was because i didnt put an open paranthesis ({)in getyearofExperience() method.

```
public int getyearOfExperience()
    return this.yearOfExperience;
}

public int getgradedScore(){
    return this.gradedScore;
}
```

Figure 24:Error Detection and Error Removal:Error1

Error Removal:

The error was then solved after adding the closing parenthesis as shown in the screenshot below:

```
public String getdepartment;

return this.department;
}

public int getyearOfExperience(){
    return this.yearOfExperience;
}

public int getgradedScore(){
    return this.gradedScore;
}
```

Figure 25:Error Detection and Error Removal:Solution1

Sementic Error:

A semantic error is a problem in our code that prevents the interpreter from understanding it. There may be nothing wrong the logic of our code, but it will cause the program to crash the way we have written.

Error Detection:

The second error that I encountered was sementic error in the Lecturer Class inside gethasGraded() method .Instead of "this.hasGraded" I wrote "this.gradedScore" as shown in the picture :

```
public int getgradedScore(){
    return this.gradedScore;
}

public boolean gethasGraded(){
    return this.gradedScore;
}
```

Figure 26:Error Detection and Error Removal:Error2

Error Removal:

The error was then solved after writing "this.hasGraded" which was previously written as "this.gradedScore".

```
public int getgradedScore(){
    return this.gradedScore;
}

public boolean gethasGraded(){
    return this.hasGraded;
}
```

Figure 27:Error Detection and Error Removal:Solution2

Logical Error

A **logic error** is a condition encountered by a computer program where a result is not logically correct, but is not reported as an error. A program experiencing a logic error is especially dangerous, because it may report erroneous results as true. A **logic error** will not cause the program to crash, so the error is difficult for its developers to identify and resolve. (Computer Hope, 2018)

Error Detection:

The logical error that I encountered was in the gradeAssignment method. Instead of increasing writing greater than or equal to (>) I had written less than or equal to (<) which was creating an issue in the output.

```
//Method For Assigning The Grade Of Student
public String gradeAssignment(int gradedScore,String department,int yearOfExperience){

//Check If The YOE Is Greater Than Or Equal to 5 & Teacher's Department Is Also The
if((yearOfExperience<=5)&&(this.department.equals(department))){ // If It Satisfies

//Check The Value Of GradeScore And Then Assign Grade According To The Marks</pre>
```

Figure 28:Error Detection and Error Removal:Error3

Error Removal:

The error then was fixed when I Replaced (<) with (>) as shown in the screenshot :

```
//Method For Assigning The Grade Of Student
public String gradeAssignment(int gradedScore,String department,int yearOfExperience){

//Check If The YOE Is Greater Than Or Equal to 5 & Teacher's Department Is Also The S
if((yearOfExperience>=5)&&(this.department.equals(department))){ // If It Satisfies C

//Check The Value Of GradeScore And Then Assign Grade According To The Marks
```

Figure 29:Error Detection and Error Removal:Solution3

Conclusion

In this coursework, We were centred with creating different classes and assigning suitable following the OOPs concept. We explored the OOPs concept of hierarchy which was a quite new and interesting experience .We had to build three classes i.e. Teacher ,Lecturer and Tutor which followed the hierarchy concept of OOPs in which the teacher was the parent class while rest of the classes were of child class.

We applied the OOPs concept to create a sound system that can manage the records of the teacher, lecturer and tutor records in a college system. We defined the attribute and methods for each classes which really helped a lot to get familiar with different thing like creating a constructor, getter method and setter method ,different datatypes and variables and many more.

I encountered various difficulties while creating object as the result didn't came out as I expected it be but however after hours of understanding the logic behind all the methods I have created in my project, I figured out the solution and was able to solve it.

This Coursework helped me to think in a more rigorous manner which really helped me to develop problem solving attitude that was new to me. This will really benefit me in my future programming journey. It also introduced me to the OOPs concept for the first time in my life. The best thing however I learned was to plan before starting coding. This helped me to make few errors and enjoy coding more as I faced fewer errors and frustrations as coding is one of the very first thing to get demotivated after making errors.

I really appreciate our teacher Mr. Saroj Kumar Yadav and Mr Pramodh Tuladhar for helping me and guiding me in this course work and also helping me debug some of my problem in my coding section which I would be thankful for my entire life.

Completing the project boosted my confidence in myself. It was not really a complete real life project but was a pretty huge step to some small real life implementation of what we have learned , but it was a valuable learning experience that demonstrated me the potential of this understanding in future .

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Appendix:

Source Code For Teacher

```
public class Teacher
  //Decleration Of Instance Variables
  private int teacher_id;
  private String name;
  private String address;
  private String working_type;
  private String employment_status;
  private int working hours;
  //Constructor Creation For Assigning The Values Of Instance Variable
  public Teacher(int teacher id, String name, String address, String working type, String
employment_status)
  {
     this.teacher id=teacher id;
     this.name=name;
     this.address=address;
```

```
this.working_type=working_type;
  this.employment_status=employment_status;
}
//Getter Method to Access All The Instance Variable in Child Classes
public int getteacher id()
{
  return this.teacher id;
}
public int getworking hours()
{
  return this.working_hours;
}
public String getaddress()
{
  return this.address;
}
public String getworking_type()
```

```
{
    return this.working_type;
  }
  public String getemployment status()
  {
    return this.employment_status;
  }
  public String getname()
  {
     return this.name;
  }
  //Setter Method For Setting The Value Of Instance Variable i.e. (working_hours)
  public void setWorkingHour(int working_hours)
  {
    this.working_hours=working_hours;
  }
  //Display Method To Display All The Values Of Instance Variables With Suitable
Annotation
  public void display()
```

```
{
    System.out.println("Teacher_ID = "+this.getteacher_id());
    System.out.println("Teacher Name = "+this.getname());
    System.out.println("Teacher Address = "+this.getaddress());
    System.out.println("Working Type = "+this.getworking type());
    System.out.println("Employee_Status = "+this.getemployment_status());
  //Conditions For Cheaking If Working Hours Has Been Set Or Not
  if(working hours==0) //If Working Hour Has Been Set Then Print Out The Set
Working Hour With Suitable Annotation
  {
    System.out.println("Working Hour Has Not Been Set Yet");
  }
  else
  { //If Working Hour Has Been Set Then Print Out The Set Working Hour With
Suitable Annotation
    System.out.println("Working Hour = " +this.getworking hours());
  }
 }
}
```

Source code for Lecturer Class:

```
public class Lecturer extends Teacher
{
  //Declaring Instance Variables
  private String department;
  private int yearOfExperience;
  private int gradedScore=0;
  private boolean hasGraded=false;
  // Constructor Creation For Assigning The Values Of Instance Variable
  public Lecturer(int teacher id, String name, String address, String working type, String
employment_status,int working_hours,String department, int yearOfExperience)
{
     super(teacher id,name,address,working_type,employment_status);
     super.setWorkingHour(working hours);
     this.department=department;
     this.yearOfExperience=yearOfExperience;
}
```

```
//Getter Method to Access All The Instance Variable
public String getdepartment()
{
  return this.department;
}
public int getyearOfExperience()
{
  return this.yearOfExperience;
}
public int getgradedScore()
{
  return this.gradedScore;
}
public boolean gethasGraded()
{
  return this.hasGraded;
}
```

//Setter Method For Setting The Value Of Instance Variable i.e. (gradedScore)

```
public void setgradedScore(int gradedScore)
  {
    this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
  }
  //Method For Assigning The Grade Of Student
  public String gradeAssignment(int gradedScore,String department,int
yearOfExperience)
  {
    //Check If The YOE Is Greater Than Or Equal to 5 & Teacher's Department Is Also
The Same
    if((yearOfExperience>=5)&&(this.department.equals(department))) // If It Satisfies
Condition Then Do
    {
       //Check The Value Of GradeScore And Then Assign Grade According To The
Marks
       if(gradedScore>70)
       {
          this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
          this.hasGraded=true;//Assign true To hasGraded After Grade Assignment
          return "Grade A";
```

```
}
else if(gradedScore >60)
{
   this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
   this.hasGraded=true;//Assign true To hasGraded After Grade Assignment
   return "Grade B";
}
else if(gradedScore >50)
{
   this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
   this.hasGraded=true;//Assign true To hasGraded After Grade Assignment
   return "Grade C";
}
else if(gradedScore >40)
{
   this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
   this.hasGraded=true;//Assign true To hasGraded After Grade Assignment
   return "Grade D";
}
else if(gradedScore<40)
{
   this.gradedScore=gradedScore;
   this.hasGraded=true;//Assign true To hasGraded After Grade Assignment
```

```
return "Grade E";
       }
     }
     //If YOE And Teacher's Assignment Doesn't Match
     return "Teacher Not Eligible For Grade Assignment";
}
     //Display Method To Display The Details Of The Lecturer
     public void display()
     {
     super.display();//Calling Method from Parent to Child
     System.out.println("Department = "+getdepartment());
     System.out.println("Year Of Experience = "+getyearOfExperience());
     //Checking If Grading Score Has Been Set Or Not
     if(this.gradedScore==0) //If Its Not Set Display A Suitable Message
```

```
{
    System.out.println("Graded Score Not Assigned ");
}
else//If Its Set Already Just Print The Output With Suitable Notation
{
    System.out.println("Graded Score = "+getgradedScore());
}
```

Source code for Tutor Class:

```
public class Tutor extends Teacher
{
  //Declaring Instance Variables
  private double salary;
  private String specialization;
  private String academic qualifications;
  private int performance index;
  private boolean isCertified=false;
  // Constructor Creation For Assigning The Values Of Instance Variable
  public Tutor(int teacher id, String name, String address, String working type, String
employment status, int working hours, double salary, String specialization, String
academic qualifications, int performance index)
  {
    super(teacher id, name, address, working type, employment status);
    super.setWorkingHour(working hours);
    this.salary = salary;
    this.specialization = specialization;
    this.academic qualifications = academic qualifications;
    this.performance index = performance index;
  }
  //Getter Method to Access All The Instance Variable
   public double getsalary()
```

```
{
     return this.salary;
  }
  public String getspecialization()
  {
     return this.specialization;
  }
  public String getacademic qualifications()
  {
     return this.academic_qualifications;
  }
  public int getperformance_index()
     return this.performance index;
  }
  public boolean getisCertified()
  {
     return this.isCertified;
  }
  //Setter Method For Setting The Value Of Instance Variable i.e. (salary) After Giving
Appraisal As Per Their Work
  public void setsalary(int salary,int performance index)
  {
     if((this.performance index>5)&&(this.getworking hours()>20))
     {
       if((performance index>=5)&&(performance index<=7))
```

```
{
         this.salary=salary+((double)5/100)*salary;
       }
       else if((performance_index>=8)&&(performance_index<=9))
       {
         this.salary=salary+((double)10/100)*salary;
       }
       else if (performance index==10)
       {
         this.salary=salary+((double)20/100)*salary;
       this.isCertified=true;
    }
    else
    {
       System.out.println("Salary Has Not Been Approved");
    }
  }
  //Method For RemovingTutor If Tutor Has Not Been Certified Yet
  public void removetutor()
  {
  if(isCertified==false) //Check The Value Of (isCertified) If Its False Then Assign
Values To The Tutor
  {
```

```
//Assigning the Values Of The Instance Variable To None And Zero
   this.salary=0d;
   this.specialization="";
   this.academic_qualifications="";
   this.performance index=0;
   this.isCertified=false; //Assigning The Value Of isCertified To False
     System.out.println("Tutor Removed Successfully"); // Displaying A Suitable
Message If Tutor Is Removed
  }
  else
  {
     System.out.println("Tutor Was Not Removed");//Displaying A Suitable Message To
Convey That Tutor Was Not Removed
  }
}
  //Method Overwriting To Display With Suitable Annotation
  public void display()
  {
     if(isCertified)
     {
       //Calling Display Method Of Teacher To Display The Information Of Teacher
       super.display();
       //Display Additional Information
       System.out.println("Salary = "+this.getsalary());
       System.out.println("Specialization = "+this.getspecialization());
```

```
System.out.println("Academic Qualification =
"+this.getacademic_qualifications());

System.out.println("Performance Index = "+this.getperformance_index());

}
else
{
super.display(); //Display Information Of Teacher
}
}
```