

## Assignment 6

//Problem Statement::

/\*

Implement a program to handle Arithmetic exception, Array Index Out of Bounds.

The user enters two numbers Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed.

If Num1 and Num2 are not integers, the program would throw a Number Format Exception.

If Num2 were zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception.

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import java.util.\*;

class exception{

void arithmeticException( ) {

    //method to check arithmeticException

    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);//creating object of scanner class

    boolean valid;

    valid=false;// intializing temp variable declaration

    while(!valid) {

        try {

            //try block

            System.out.println("Enter Two Numbers ::");

            int num1=sc.nextInt();//taking first num as input from user

            int num2=sc.nextInt();//taking second num as input from user

            double c=num1/num2;//dividing num1 by num2

            System.out.println("Division is "+c);//printing result

            valid=true;//changing value of temp variable

        }

        catch (Exception e) {

            //catch block after exception occur

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        System.out.println("\t\tCannot Divide by Zero \n\t\tEnter Valid
Denominator....\n");

        //printing sentence when denominator is 0

    }

}

}

void ArrayOutOfBound(int [] arr) {

    //method to check ArrayOutOfBound

    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);//creating object of scanner class

    boolean valid;

    valid=false;// intializing temp variable declaration

    while(!valid) {

        try {

            //try block

            System.out.print("\nEnter the Index No. of Element which you want to print
::");

            int i=sc.nextInt();//taking array index from user

            System.out.println( arr[i]+" is present at given index");

            //if index is there in array printing value at that index

            valid =true;//changing value of temp variable

        }

        catch(Exception e) {

            //catch block after exception occur

            System.out.println(" \t\tInvalid Index try again...\n");

            //printing invalid index when index out of bound

        }

    }

}

}

}

void NumberFormat() {

```

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Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);//creating object of scanner class
boolean valid=false;// initializing temp variable declaration
while(!valid) {

    try {

        //try block
        System.out.print("Enter first number:: ");
        String num1=sc.next();//taking first string as input from user
        System.out.print("Enter Second number:: ");
        String num2=sc.next();//taking first string as input from user
        int a=Integer.parseInt(num1);//converting string to integer
        int b=Integer.parseInt(num2);//converting string to integer
        System.out.println("\nEntered Numbers are integers::"+a+" , "+b);//printing
both integer to console

        valid=true;//changing value of temp variable

    }

    catch(Exception e){

        //catch block after exception occur
        System.out.println("\t\tNumbers You have Enter are not Integers
\n\t\tPlease try again...\n");

        //printing when string is not converting to integer

    }

}

}

//===== CLASS Main =====//
public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

```

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//main method to start execution of program
exception e=new exception();//creating object of exception class
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);//creating object of scanner class
int n;

do {

    //menu driven
    System.out.println("\nEnter the Choice which you want to check type of
error "

                                +"\n\t\t1] ArithmeticException"
                                + "\t2] ArrayOutOfBoundsException"
                                + "\n\t\t3] NumberFormatException"
                                + "\t\t4] Exit");

    n=sc.nextInt();//taking input from user
    //switch case
    switch(n) {
    case 1:

        //when input is 1
        e.arithmeticException();//calling arithmeticException method

        System.out.println("=====");
    );

        break;
    case 2:

        //when input is 2
        int[] arr= {1,4,5,2,3,8};
        e.ArrayOutOfBoundsException();//calling ArrayOutOfBoundsException method

        System.out.println("=====");
    );

```

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        break;
    case 3:
        //when input is 3
        e.NumberFormat();//calling NumberFormat method

        System.out.println("=====");
    );

        break;
    case 4:
        //when input is 4
        n=0;//setting n->0

        System.out.println("=====");
    );

        break;
    default:
        //default when case is not found
        System.out.println("INVALID INPUT !!!");//printing when input is
invalid

        System.out.println("=====");
    );

    }

    }while(n!=0);

}

}

```

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##OUTPUT##

Enter the Choice which you want to check type of error

1] ArithmeticException 2] ArrayOutOfBoundsException

3] NumberFormatException 4] Exit

1

Enter Two Numbers ::

4

0

Cannot Divide by Zero

Enter Valid Denominator....

Enter Two Numbers ::

5

2

Division is 2.0

=====

Enter the Choice which you want to check type of error

1] ArithmeticException 2] ArrayOutOfBoundsException

3] NumberFormatException 4] Exit

2

Enter the Index No. of Element which you want to print ::56

Invalid Index try again...

Enter the Index No. of Element which you want to print ::2

5 is present at given index

=====

Enter the Choice which you want to check type of error

1] ArithmeticException 2] ArrayOutOfBoundsException

3] NumberFormatException 4] Exit

3

Enter first number:: 5

Enter Second number:: jk

Numbers You have Enter are not Integers

Please try again...

Enter first number:: 6

Enter Second number:: 2

Entered Numbers are integers::6 , 2

=====

Enter the Choice which you want to check type of error

1] ArithmeticException 2] ArrayOutOfBoundsException

3] NumberFormatException 4] Exit

4

=====

\*/