

prashantsh_mech@sirmvit.edu ~

NPTEL (https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » Software Testing (course)



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- Week 6 Assignment Solving (unit? unit=59&lesson=60)
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Week 7: Assignment 7

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2024-09-11, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2024-09-11, 17:00 IST

- 1) Which of the following statements are true regarding input space partitioning applied to the inputs of a 1 point particular software? Input space partitioning is a white-box testing technique that explores giving all possible inputs to the software for
 - testing.
 - Input space partitioning is a white-box testing technique that partitions the inputs according to the underlying code and passes inputs per partition for testing.
 - Input space partitioning is a black-box testing technique that explores giving all possible inputs to the software for testina.
 - Input space partitioning is a black-box testing technique that partitions the inputs according to the underlying requirements and passes inputs per partition for testing.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Accepted Answers:

Input space partitioning is a black-box testing technique that partitions the inputs according to the underlying requirements and passes inputs per partition for testing.

- 2) If a particular partitioning of an input space does not meet the 'complete'ness criterion, what could go wrong in 1 point the test cases? Identify the most accurate answer option.
 - A partition that does not satisfy the completeness criterion is not well-defined and hence the test cases can be
 - A partition that does not satisfy the completeness criterion might leave out certain kinds of inputs for testing, possibly resulting in missing some errors.
 - A partition that does not satisfy the completeness criterion cannot be used for testing as it means that a tester does not know all the inputs.
 - A partition that does not satisfy the completeness criterion ceases to be a partition and hence cannot give good test cases

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

A partition that does not satisfy the completeness criterion might leave out certain kinds of inputs for testing, possibly resulting in missing some errors.

- 3) Which of the following is a list of functional testing techniques that work with inputs and requirements for 1 point defining test cases?
 - Decision tables, equivalence class partitioning, data flow testing.

graded) (assessment? name=206)
Quiz: Week 7: Assignment 7 (assessment? name=219)
 Week 7 Feedback Form: Software Testing (IIITB) (unit? unit=59&lesson=171)
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Equivalence class partitioning, data flow testing, boundary value analysis.
Equivalence class partitioning, boundary value analysis, decision tables.
Random testing, decision tables, input sets.
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
Equivalence class partitioning, boundary value analysis, decision tables.
4) Which of the following gives the most expressive and the least expressive coverage criterion for input space 1 point partitioning?
All combinations coverage is the most expressive and base choice coverage is the least expressive criterion.
All combinations coverage is the most expressive and each choice coverage is the least expressive criterion.
T-wise coverage (for large T) is the most expressive and pair-wise coverage is the least expressive criterion.
Multiple base choice coverage is the most expressive and base choice coverage is the least expressive criterion.
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
All combinations coverage is the most expressive and each choice coverage is the least expressive criterion.
5) State true or false: Equivalence class partitioning is the same as input space partitioning, with pair-wise 1 point coverage.
○ True.
■ False.
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Accepted Answers:
False.
For the next five questions, consider the input space as given below and answer the following questions.

Characteristic	Block-1	Block-2	Block-3	Block-4
Annual-Income (in lakhs)	< 1.5	≥ 1.5 and < 3	≥ 3 and < 10	≥ 10
Age	< 18	$\geq 18 \text{ and } < 60$	≥ 60	
Gender	Male	Female	Other	

,	How many input characteristics are there in the above table and how many blocks or partitions are there per t characteristic?	1 point
	There are four input characteristics for the first input, three each for the second and the third inputs.	
	There are three inputs and four blocks per input.	

There are three input characteristics and for the first input, there are four blocks, and three each for the second and

There are three input characteristics and totally four blocks per input.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

third inputs.

There are three input characteristics and for the first input, there are four blocks, and three each for the second and third inputs.

7)	What is the minimum number of tests required to satisfy each choice coverage on the above table?	1 point

O Three.

Four.

O Nine.

Thirty six.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Four.

8) What is the minimum number of tests required (considering same test case to cover more than one unique 0 points pair of values) to satisfy each pairwise coverage (PWC) criterion?
Four. Eight. Fifteen. Thirty six.
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Fifteen.
9) Suppose the base choice test is (annualIncome = 2 lakhs, age = 20, gender = 'MALE'). What is the minimum <i>1 point</i> number of tests required (including the base choice test case) to satisfy each base choice coverage (BCC) criterion?
Four. Eight. Fifteen. Thirty six.
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Eight.
10) State yes or no: Will the number of tests for all combinations coverage for this table be more than the number <i>1 point</i> of tests for base choice coverage, as above?
♥ Yes.No.
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Accepted Answers: Yes.



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Week 8 ()

- Syntax-Based Testing (unit? unit=66&lesson=67)
- Mutatioon Testing (unit? unit=66&lesson=68)
- Mutation Testing for Programs (unit? unit=66&lesson=69)
- Mutation Testing: **Mutation Operators** for Source Code (unit? unit=66&lesson=70)
- Mutation Testing Vs. Graphs and Logic Based Testing (unit? unit=66&lesson=71)

Week 8: Assignment 8

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2024-09-18, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2024-09-18, 15:41 IST

1) Which of the following is a correct regular expression for the language of all binary words (over the alphabet 1 point {0, 1}) that begin with a 0 and end with a 1?

$$0+(0+1)^*+1$$

$$0 \cdot (0 \cdot 1)^* \cdot 1$$

$$0 \cdot (0+1)^* \cdot 1$$

$$(0 \cdot (0+1)^* \cdot 1)^*$$

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

$$0 \cdot (0+1)^* \cdot 1$$

2) Suppose a programming language has identifier names from the lower case English alphabet that can be 1 point exactly of length three. Which of the following is a regular expression that corresponds to these identifier names?

$$(a+b+c+\ldots+z)\cdot(a+b+c+\ldots+z)\cdot(a+b+c+\ldots+z)$$

$$(a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot \ldots \cdot z) + (a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot \ldots \cdot z) + (a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot \ldots \cdot z)$$

$$(a+b+c+\ldots+z)^*$$

$$(a+b+c+\ldots+z)\cdot(a+b+c+\ldots+z)\cdot(a+b+c+\ldots+z)^*$$

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

$$(a+b+c+\ldots+z)\cdot(a+b+c+\ldots+z)\cdot(a+b+c+\ldots+z)$$

3) Which are the three levels in which the syntax of a programming language is typically given?

1 point

- Characters, tokens, words and phrases.
- Words, phrases and context that specifies types, variable references etc.
- Regular expressions and context-free languages.
- Regular expressions and context-free grammars.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Practice: Week 8: Assignment 8 (Non Graded) (assessment? name=212) Week 8 Feedback Form: Software Testing (IIITB) (unit? unit=66&lesson=170) Quiz: Week 8 : **Assignment 8** (assessment? name=220) Week 9 () Week 10 () Week 11 () Week 12 () **DOWNLOAD** VIDEOS () Text Transcripts () Live sessions () Books ()

```
Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  Words, phrases and context that specifies types, variable references etc.
 4) State true or false: If a mutant is strongly killed, it is also weakly killed.
                                                                                                              1 point
    True.
    False.
  Yes, the answer is correct.
  Score: 1
  Accepted Answers:
  True.
 5) If an expression of the form if (a <= b) is replaced with if (true), then it is an application of which of the 1 point
mutation operators below?
    Boolean constant replacement.

    Logical operator replacement.

    Relational operator replacement.
    True operator replacement.
  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  Relational operator replacement.
For the next five questions, consider the code snippet below and the mutation given in line 4. Answer the following with
reference to mutation testing of the code snippet below.
1 public static int findVal(int array_num[], int Val)
2 {
3 int findVal = -1;
4 for (i=0; i < array num.length; i++)
4 for (i=1; i < array num.length; i++)
      if (array_num[i] == Val)
          findVal = i;
return (findVal);
8. }
 6) Identify the mutation operator that is applied at statement 4 in the above code snippet.
                                                                                                              1 point
    Arithmetic operator replacement.
    Loop initialization replacement.

    Scalar variable replacement.

    Constant value replacement.

  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Accepted Answers:
  Scalar variable replacement.
 7) Can the mutant be reached if the input array is empty?
                                                                                                              1 point
    Yes.
    No.
  No, the answer is incorrect.
  Score: 0
  Accepted Answers:
  Yes.
 8) State Yes or No: Is it possible that infection of the mutation occurs when the input array is the empty array?
                                                                                                              1 point
    Yes.
    No.
  Yes, the answer is correct.
```

Score: 1 Accepted Answers: No. 9) Which of the following test cases ensures that the mutated statement is infected but propagation does not 1 point
occur?
A test case with the value not in the array will ensure that infection occurs and propagation does not occur.
A test case in which the last occurrence of the value is not in array num[0] will ensure infection and not propagation.
A test case in which the element occurs exactly once in the array will ensure that infection occurs and propagation does not occur.
A test case in which the last occurrence of the value is anywhere except in the first position will ensure that infection occurs and propagation does not occur.
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0
Accepted Answers: A test case in which the last occurrence of the value is not in array num[0] will ensure infection and not propagation.
10) Which of the following test cases will strongly kill the mutant? 1 point
A test case in which the value is not in the array will strongly kill the mutant.
A test case in which the value occurs exactly once at any position in the array will strongly kill the mutant.
A test case in which the value is in the first position of the array will strongly kill the mutant.
A test case in which the value is not in the first position of the array will strongly kill the mutant.
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Accepted Answers: A test case in which the value is in the first position of the array will strongly kill the mutant.



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Course outline	Week 9 : Assignment 9
Course outline	G
About NPTEL ()	The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2024-09-25, 23:59 IST.
How does an NPTEL online	Assignment submitted on 2024-09-25, 14:02 IST
course work? ()	1) Which of the following statements are true about mutation testing applied at the various stages of the software <i>1 point</i> development life-cycle?
Week 0 ()	Mutation can be applied to programs, input strings and to design artifacts. In all the cases, test cases are written to kill the mutants.
Week 1 ()	Mutation can be only applied to programs and test cases can be written to kill the mutants.
Week 2 ()	Mutation can be applied to programs, inputs and to design artifacts. Test cases can be written to kill the mutants for
Week 3 ()	programs and design artifacts, not for input mutations. Mutation can be applied only to individual methods, not for inputs and design artifacts. Test cases can be written to
Week 4 ()	kill the mutants. Yes, the answer is correct.
Week 5 ()	Score: 1 Accepted Answers:
Week 6 ()	Mutation can be applied to programs, inputs and to design artifacts. Test cases can be written to kill the mutants for programs and design artifacts, not for input mutations.
Week 7 ()	2) State yes or no: Are there mutation operators available for inputs that are XML files that are used in web 1 point
Week 8 ()	applications?
Week 9 ()	♥ Yes.No.
Mutation testing (unit? unit=73&lesson=74)	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers:
,	Yes.
 Mutation Testing - Mutation for integration (unit? unit=73&lesson=75) 	3) Consider a method A calling another method B, with the callee method B returning an integer back to method 1 point A. In a particular mutation, the method call for B is deleted and instead of the return statement, an integer constant is added in the same statement in method A. Which type of mutation will this be?
Mutation testing : Grammars and	Integration method replacement.
inputs (unit?	Integration method call deletion.
unit=73&lesson=76)	Integration method return value change.
Software Testing Course: Summary	Integration callee method change.
after Week 9 (unit? unit=73&lesson=77)	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Practice: Week 9: Assignment 9 (Non	Accepted Answers: Integration method call deletion.

graded) (assessment? name=207) Week 9 Feedback Form: Software Testing (IIITB) (unit? unit=73&lesson=169) Quiz: Week 9: **Assignment 9** (assessment? name=221) Week 10 () Week 11 () Week 12 () **DOWNLOAD** VIDEOS () Text Transcripts () Live sessions ()

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- 4) Suppose the access level for a method M in a particular class C is changed and this change denies access to *1 point* the method M for one of the child classes of C. Which mutation operator has been applied here and has the resulting mutant been successfully killed?

 Overriding method change operator has been applied and the resulting mutant has been killed.
 - Overriding method deletion operator has been applied and the resulting mutant has been killed.
 - Method access has been changed and it need not mean that the resulting mutant has been successfully killed.
 - Access modifier change mutation operator has been applied and the resulting mutant has been successfully killed.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Access modifier change mutation operator has been applied and the resulting mutant has been successfully killed.

- 5) Is method overloading different from method overriding and if yes, what is the main difference?
- Method overloading and method overriding are the same.
- Method overloading is different from method overriding. In the former case, the two methods are in the same class and in the latter case, the method is present in a class and one of its descendants.
- Method overloading is different from method overriding. In the former case, the method is present in a class and one of its descendants, and in the latter case, the two methods are in the same class.
- Method overloading and method overriding are nearly the same where two different pieces of code are given to the same method.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

Method overloading is different from method overriding. In the former case, the two methods are in the same class and in the latter case, the method is present in a class and one of its descendants.

- 6) When a particular variable belonging to a class is such that there is only one copy of the variable for the entire *1 point* class, what is the associated declaration of the variable called?
 - Static.
 - Private.
 - Instance.
 - Protected.

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score:

Accepted Answers:

Static.

- 7) How we say that mutation testing subsumes node and edge graph coverage criteria despite the fact that these *1 point* are two different testing techniques?
 - Mutation testing does not subsume node and edge coverage criteria.
 - Mutation testing is a weaker testing technique than node and edge coverage criteria.
 - We consider weak mutation and specific mutation operators for the given subsumption.
 - We consider strong mutation and specific mutation operators for the given subsumption.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

We consider weak mutation and specific mutation operators for the given subsumption.

Consider the code snippet below and answer the following two questions below.

```
public class Main {
  int x;

// Constructor with a parameter
public Main(int x) {
   this.x = x;
}
```

<pre>// Call the constructor public static void main(String[] args) { Main myObj = new Main(5); System.out.println("Value of x = " + myObj.x); } </pre>	
8) What is the use of the this keyword above?	1 point
It refers to the current object in the constructor.It invokes the current class method.	
It is used to pass an argument whose value is not clear.	
○ It is a method parameter	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: It refers to the current object in the constructor.	
9) What will the output of the above code snippet be if the this keyword is omitted?	1 point
Output will be unknown.	
Output will be 0.	
Output will be 5.	
There will be no output.	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Output will be 0.	
10) Will the mutant that is created by a mutation that deletes the this keyword be killed by any test case? State yes or no.	1 point
© Yes.	
○ No.	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1 Accepted Answers: Yes.	



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	Week 10 : Assignment 10	
Course outline		
About NPTEL ()	The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2024-10-02, 23:59 IS	Т.
How does an NPTEL online	Assignment submitted on 2024-10-02, 19:26 IST	
course work? ()	1) As discussed in the videos, which are the major kinds of testing applicable to test the functionality of web applications?	nt
Week 0 ()	Testing of web services, static and dynamic web applications.	
Week 1 ()	Testing of static and dynamic web sites.	
Week 2 ()	Client-side testing and server-side testing. Black-box testing and white-box testing.	
Week 3 ()	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Week 4 ()	Accepted Answers: Client-side testing and server-side testing.	
Week 5 ()	2) What is the main idea in bypass testing of web applications? 1 poi	nt
Week 6 ()	Bypass testing deletes all the client-side validation checks and saves the data to send to the server.	
Week 7 ()	Bypass testing technique removes some of the client-side validation checks and sends modified data to the server to check for server responses.	
Week 8 ()	Bypass testing sends data to another server by modifying the destination details.	
	Bypass testing changes the HTML constraints of the data sent by the web client.	
Week 9 ()	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Week 10 ()	Accepted Answers: Bypass testing technique removes some of the client-side validation checks and sends modified data to the server to	
Testing of webApplications and	check for server responses.	
Web Services (unit? unit=79&lesson=80)	3) Which of the following is the main issue tested for in a static website?	nt
Testing of web	 Testing for non-functional properties. 	
Applications and	Checking if there is at least one HTML hyperlink.	
Web Services (unit? unit=79&lesson=81)	Testing for dead links.	
,	Testing using breadth first search.	
Testing of web Applications and	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Web Services (unit? unit=79&lesson=82)	Accepted Answers:	
Testing of Object-	Testing for dead links.	
Oriented Applications	4) If a web application contains a collection of web pages that are created based on the inputs given by a user or 1 poi a client, which is the kind of underlying web application?	nt

(unit? unit=79&lesson=83)

- Testing of Object-Oriented Applications (unit? unit=79&lesson=84)
- Practice: Week 10: Assignment 10 (Non graded) (assessment? name=208)
- Week 10 Feedback Form: Software Testing (IIITB) (unit? unit=79&lesson=168)
- Quiz: Week 10 : Assignment 10 (assessment? name=222)

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Static website.	
Dynamic website.	
○ Web service.	
Client-varying website.	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers: Dynamic website.	
5) Consider an Application Transition Graph (ATG), modeling a piece of some server code. A transicode's execution modeling the pressing of a back or a forward button is called by which term?	tion out of the 1 point
Simple link transition.	
Form link transition.	
Oprational transition.	
Redirect transition.	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Oprational transition.	
6) What are the different data layers present in the architecture of a web application?	1 point
O Data at the client-side and data at the server-side.	
Data content, data presentation and data storage layers.	
O Data input and data output layers.	
Opata at the unit level and integration level.	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers:	

Consider the Java Servlet code given in the image below. It is a simple code that takes as input, a student's roll number and after running a query, outputs the scores of the assignments. The atomic sections are marked in the code as P_i , for $1 \le i \le 7$. Answer the following questions with respect to testing of this server-side code.

```
//asg_scores stores scores for all assignments
     ArrayList<Double> asg_scores = null;
response.setContentType("text/html");
     PrintWriter out-response.getWriter();
out.println ("<HTML><HEAD><TITLE>Eligibility</TITLE></HEAD><BODY>)");
     String roll_no = request.getParameter("roll");
     getScores() take roll number of a student as input,
    runs a query in the database, and returns a ArrayList
object containing the scores for all the assignments.
     asg_scores = getScores(val);
     double total_score = 0.0;
if(asg_scores != null){
          for (Double val : asg_scores) {
  total_score += val;
P_3
          avg_score = total_score / 10;
          if(perMark >= 50.0)
P_4
                out.println("Status : Eligible</BR>");
P_5
               out.println("Status : Not eligible</BR>");
    else{
  out.println("Invalid roll number</BR>");
     out.println ("</BODY></HTML>");
P7 | out.close();
```

Data content, data presentation and data storage layers.

7) State yes or no: Is there an empty atomic section in the given code?

1 point

Yes.

O No.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0 Accepted Answers: No. 8) Identify the atomic sections that occur as choices in the sense that only one of them will be selected for 1 point generating the website. There are no atomic sections with choice in the given code. The atomic sections with choice are P_4 and P_5 . The atomic sections with choice are (1) P_4 and P_5 , and (2) P_3 and P_6 . The atomic sections with choice are (1) P_4 and P_5 , and (2) P_1 and P_6 . No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: The atomic sections with choice are (1) P_4 and P_5 , and (2) P_3 and P_6 . 9) What do the atomic sections P_1 and P_7 take care of in the given code? 1 point These atomic sections take care of generating the header and body tags of the HTML file that will be sent to the client browser. These atomic sections ensure that correct data is sent to the server by the client. No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: These atomic sections take care of generating the header and body tags of the HTML file that will be sent to the client browser. 10) Identify the component expression corresponding to the given code. 1 point $P_1 \cdot ((P_2^* \cdot P_3 \cdot (P_4|P_5))|P_6) \cdot P_7$ $P_1 \cdot ((P_2|P_3) \cdot (P_4|P_5)|P_6) \cdot P_7$. $P_1 \cdot (P_2 \cdot P_3 \cdot (P_4|P_5)|P_6) \cdot P_7$ $P_1 \cdot (((P_2|P_3) \cdot (P_4|P_5))|P_6) \cdot P_7.$ No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: $P_1 \cdot ((P_2^* \cdot P_3 \cdot (P_4|P_5))|P_6) \cdot P_7$



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How does an NPTEL online	Assignment submitted on 2024-10-02, 19:33 IST	
course work? ()	1) Which of the following lists use(s) of symbolic execution in logic-based testing?	nt
Week 0 ()	 Symbolic execution is used to generate the predicates for logic-based testing. Symbolic execution is used to reach the predicates for applying logicbased testing. 	
Week 1 ()	Symbolic execution is used to reach the predicates for applying logic-based testing. Symbolic execution is used to solve the reachability and infection problems for logic-based testing.	
NA/ I- O ()	Symbolic execution is used to compute the predicates for logic-based testing	
Week 2 ()	No, the answer is incorrect.	
Week 3 ()	Score: 0	
Week 4 ()	Accepted Answers: Symbolic execution is used to solve the reachability and infection problems for logic-based testing.	
Week 5 ()	2) When symbolic execution of a piece of code reaches a decision statement (like if), what kind of path constraints are generated?	nt
Week 6 ()	One path constraint, True is always generated.	
W1-70	One path constraint containing the predicate of the decision statement is generated.	
Week 7 ()	Two path constraints are generated, one corresponding to the predicate with symbolic variables as it occurs in the	
Week 8 ()	decision statement and another corresponding to the negation of the same predicate with symbolic variables.	
	Two path constraints are generated, corresponding to the predicate and negation of the predicate, as it occurs in t	
Week 9 ()	decision statement, with symbolic variables, and these are combined with a logical AND to the existing path constrain	IL.
Week 10 ()	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Week 11 ()	Accepted Answers: Two path constraints are generated, corresponding to the predicate and negation of the predicate, as it occurs in the	
Symbolic Testing (unit? unit=86&lesson=87)	decision statement, with symbolic variables, and these are combined with a logical AND to the existing path constraint. 3) State yes or no: Can symbolic execution be used to detect the presence of non-terminating loops in a given 1 po. code?	
Symbolic Testing 2	Yes.	
(unit? unit=86&lesson=88)	No.	
DART: Directed Automated Random Testing (unit? unit=86&lesson=89)	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: No.	
DART: DirectedAutomated Random	4) Which of the following is a list of all known disadvantages of symbolic execution?	int
	Symbolic execution is not an expressive testing technique for exploring all execution naths	

Testing - 2 (unit? unit=86&lesson=90)

- DART: Directed Automated Random Testing 3 (unit? unit=86&lesson=91)
- Practice: Week 11: Assignment 11 (Non graded) (assessment? name=209)
- Week 11 Feedback Form: Software Testing (IIITB) (unit? unit=86&lesson=167)
- Quiz: Week 11 : Assignment 11 (assessment? name=223)

Week 12 ()

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 Symbolic execution will generate path constraints that are not solvable by known constraint solvers. 			
Symbolic execution will not work for code bases that use API calls and hence not useful.			
Symbolic execution can generate path constraints that are not solvable by known constraint solvers	, it will not work		
for code that contains functions whose source code is not available, and when there are many different	program paths,		
the path constraints might get large, making it infeasible.			
Yes, the answer is correct.			
Score: 1			
Accepted Answers: Symbolic execution can generate nath constraints that are not solvable by known constraint solvers, it was	ill not work for		
Symbolic execution can generate path constraints that are not solvable by known constraint solvers, it will to code that contains functions whose source code is not available, and when there are many different progra			
path constraints might get large, making it infeasible.	ram pamo, me		
	4		
5) State true or false: DART algorithm, when run on a program, always terminates.	1 point		
○ True.			
False.			
Yes, the answer is correct.			
Score: 1			
Accepted Answers:			
False.			
Consider the code fragment below. It is written in a generic programming language, and doesn't represent a piece of code. Answer the following questions related to the symbolic execution of the given code fragment.			
<pre>1 int x, y; 2 if (x > y) {</pre>			
$3 \qquad x = x + y;$			
4 y = x - y;			
5 x = x - y;			
6 if $(x - y > 0)$			
<pre>7 assert(false);</pre>			
8 }			
6) What does the code fragment do?	1 point		
Tries to check if x is greater than y.			
Tries to check if y is greater than x.			
Swaps the values x and y.			
Swaps the values of x and x - y.			
Yes, the answer is correct.			
Score: 1			
Accepted Answers:			
Swaps the values x and y.			
7) How many nodes will be there in the symbolic execution tree of this code fragment?	1 point		
3 nodes.			
4 nodes.			
7 nodes.			
0 8 nodes.			
No, the answer is incorrect.			
Score: 0			
Accepted Answers:			
8 nodes.			
8) What will be the path constraint at line 1 of the code fragment such that no further execution happens	? 1 point		
$\bigcirc x > y$.			
Yes, the answer is correct.			
rea, the answer is contect.			

Score: 1	
Accepted Answers:	
$x \leftarrow y$.	
9) What will be the path constraint to reach statement 6?	1 point
$\bigcirc x > y \& x - y \le 0$.	
○ x <= y .	
$\bigcirc x > y \& x - y \le 0$.	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers:	
x > y & x - y > 0.	
10) Is statement 6 reachable in the given program fragment?	1 point
Yes, it is reachable.	
No, it is not reachable.	
Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
Accepted Answers:	
No, it is not reachable.	



prashantsh_mech@sirmvit.edu ~



	Week 12 : Assignment 12
Course outline	
About NPTEL ()	The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2024-10-16, 23:59 IST.
How does an NPTEL online	Assignment submitted on 2024-10-08, 12:21 IST
course work? ()	1) Which of the following is a list of quality attributes that are tested using techniques for non-functional testing? 1 point
Week 0 ()	 Interoperability, functionality, security Security, performance, reliability
Week 1 ()	Functionality, usability, scalability
Wook 2 ()	Testability, performance, controllability
Week 2 ()	Yes, the answer is correct.
Week 3 ()	Score: 1 Accepted Answers:
Week 4 ()	Security, performance, reliability
Week 5 ()	2) State true or false: Security testing also involves testing for authorization and authentication policies that grant <i>1 point</i> access permissions to users for files.
Week 6 ()	True
Week 7 ()	○ False
	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
Week 8 ()	Accepted Answers:
Week 9 ()	True
Week 10 ()	3) Which of the following best defines regression testing? 1 point
Wook 11 ()	Testing done on the entire software each time a part of it is modified
Week 11 ()	Testing done with modified and other relevant parts of software, whenever modifications are done
Week 12 ()	Testing done for the functionality of the entire software when it is modified
Testing of Object- Oriented Applications	Re-executing all the test cases and some new test cases on software each time it is modified Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1
(unit? unit=93&lesson=94)	Accepted Answers:
,	Testing done with modified and other relevant parts of software, whenever modifications are done
Testing of Mobile Applications (unit? unit=93&lesson=95)	4) State true or false: Regression testing is a white-box testing technique. 1 point
Non-Functional	○ True
System Testing (unit?	False
unit=93&lesson=96)	Yes, the answer is correct.

	Score: 1	
Regression Testing	Accepted Answers:	
(unit? unit=93&lesson=97)	False	
Software Testing:	5) In regression testing, which of the following is done before test case selection?	1 poin
Summary at the End	Identifying coverage criteria	
of the Course (unit? unit=93&lesson=98)	Writing a new set of test cases for the modified program	
,	Identifying obsolete test cases that are invalid for the modified program	
Practice: Week 12:Assignment 12 (Non	Executing all the test cases for the original program again	
graded) (assessment?	No, the answer is incorrect.	
name=210)	Score: 0	
Week 12 Feedback	Accepted Answers: Identifying obsolete test cases that are invalid for the modified program	
Form: Software Testing (IIITB) (unit?	6) Which of the following is not a software quality metric?	1 poin
unit=93&lesson=166)	of which of the following is not a software quality metric:	i poini
Quiz: Week 12 :	O Product quality metrics	
Assignment 12	Functional quality metrics	
(assessment?	○ In-process quality metrics	
name=224)	Maintenance quality metrics	
DOWNLOAD	No, the answer is incorrect.	
VIDEOS ()	Score: 0	
	Accepted Answers:	
Text Transcripts ()	Functional quality metrics	
Live sessions ()	7) State true or false: Documentation testing involves verifying the troubleshooting guide with actual errors.	1 point
Books ()		
Dooks ()	○ False	
	Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1	
	Accepted Answers:	
	True	
	8) While testing mobile applications, which of the following testing techniques addresses device fragmentation issues?	1 point
	Functional testing	
	System testing	
	Usability testing	
	○ Security testing	
	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
	Accepted Answers:	
	Usability testing	
	9) Which of the following types of testing is performed to measure the ability of a system to keep operating over specified periods (typically several months or years) of time?	1 point
	Compatibility testing	
	Security testing	
	Reliability testing	
	Performance testing	
	o i chomance teating	

10) State yes or no: In a piece of Java code over a class inheritance hierarchy that uses methods that are

O Yes

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

overridden, can all the method calls be determined statically?

Accepted Answers: Reliability testing

1 point

No

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

No