Practical – 16

AIM: Binary Tree Inorder Traversal Given the root of a binary tree, return the inorder traversal of its nodes' values.

* Program

class Solution {

public:

vector<int> inorderTraversal(TreeNode\* root) {

if(root){

inorderTraversal(root->left);

a.push\_back(root->val);

inorderTraversal(root->right);

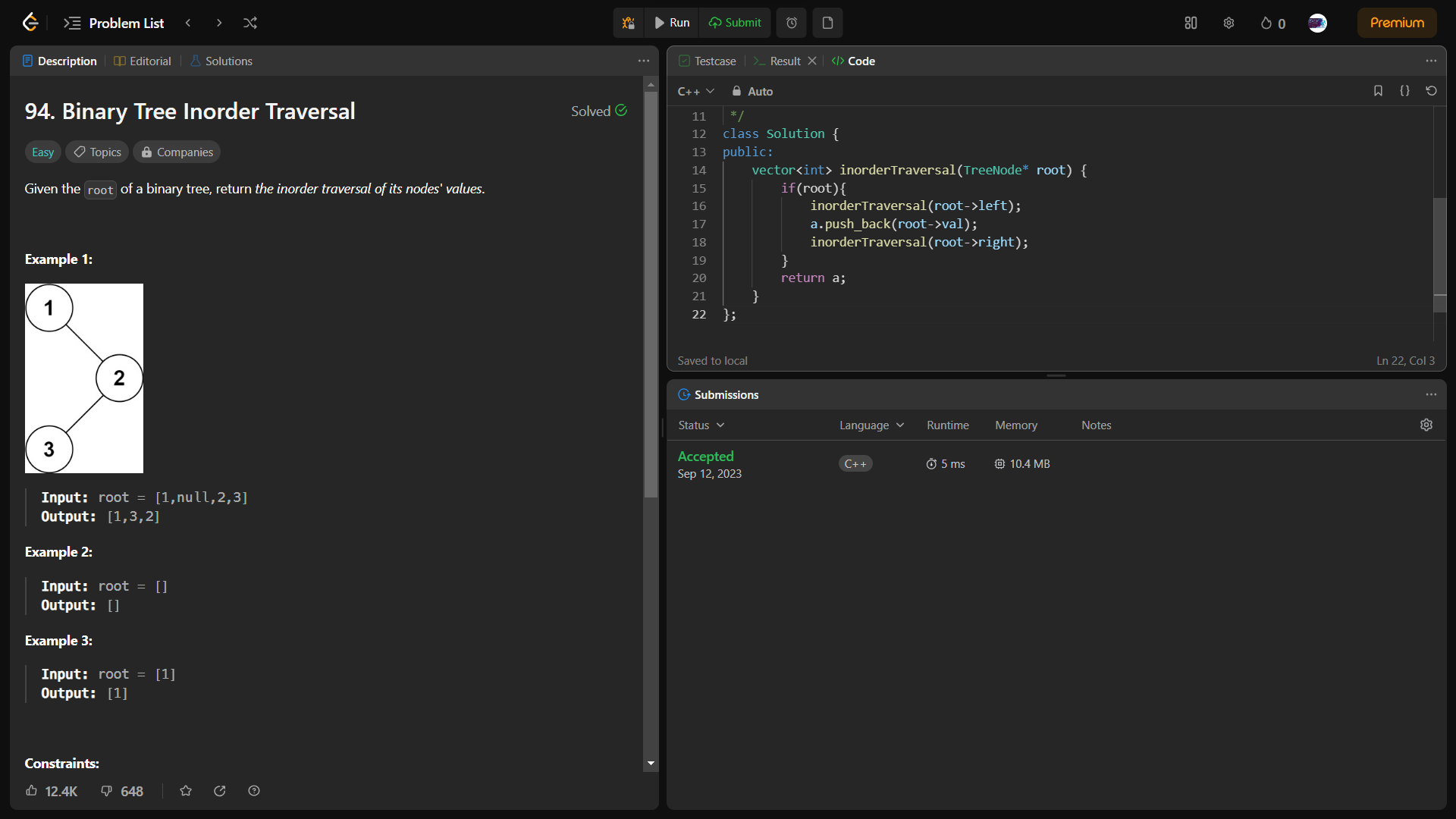
}

return a;

}

};

* Output



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Student Signature Faculty Signature Marks