

### K. J. Somaiya College of Engineering, Mumbai-77

(A Constituent College of Somaiya Vidyavihar University)

### **Department of Sciences and Humanities**



Course Name:	Elements of Electrical and Electronics Engineering Laboratory	Semester:	1/11
Date of Performance:	/ /2024	Batch No:	C-5(3)
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Faculty Sign & Date:		Grade/Marks:	/ 20

## Experiment No: 6 Title: Zener diode voltage regulator

### Aim and Objective of the Experiment:

- To understand the working of Zener diode as voltage regulator
- To calculate line and load regulation of Zener diode based shunt regulator

### COs to be achieved:

CO4: Explain rectifier-filter circuits using PN junction diode and voltage regulator circuits using Zener diode

#### Requirements:

Zener diode, resistor, potentiometer, voltmeter, ammeter, DC source and bread board.

#### Theory:

The Zener diode is like a general-purpose signal diode. When biased in the forward direction it behaves just like a normal signal diode, but when a reverse voltage is applied to it, the voltage remains constant for a wide range of currents.

Avalanche Breakdown: There is a limit for the reverse voltage. Reverse voltage can increase until the diode breakdown voltage reaches. This point is called Avalanche Breakdown region. At this stage maximum current will flow through the Zener diode. This breakdown point is referred as "Zener voltage".



Fig 1: Zener Diode

The Zener Diode is used in its "reverse bias". From the I-V Characteristics curve we can study that



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### Stepwise-Procedure:

- 1. Design circuit and connect it as shown in the circuit diagram using Proteus simulator.
- 2. Keep  $V_{IN}$  around 4V and adjust Potentiometer  $R_L$  such that  $I_L$ = 5 mA. Vary  $V_{IN}$  and note V<sub>OUT</sub> for finding line regulation.
- 3. Keep  $V_{\text{IN}}$  = 10 V and vary Potentiometer  $R_L$  such that  $I_L$  changed from 3mA to 15 mA and note V<sub>OUT</sub> for finding load regulation.
- 4. Plot the graph  $V_{\text{OUT}}\,Vs\,\,V_{\text{IN}}$  for line regulation and  $V_{\text{OUT}}\,Vs\,\,I_{\text{L}}$  for load regulation.

### Observation Table:

### Line Regulation: (Keep IL = 5mA constant)

Unregulated	Regulated output
supply voltage	voltage (Vo)
(Vin)	
4V	3.37
5V	4.21
6V	5-08
7V	5.53
. 8V	5.58
10V	5.65
12V	5.70
14V	5.75
16V	5-80

## Load Regulation: (Keep Vin = 10V constant)

Lond Hegund		
Line current	Regulated output	
I <sub>L</sub> (mA)	voltage (Vout)	
3mA	5.88	
4mA	5.81	
5mA	5-8	
7mA	5.78	
9mA	5.77	
10mA	5.76	
12mA	5.95	
14mA	5.74	
No load value	5.82	
V <sub>NL</sub> (Remove R <sub>L</sub>		
& measure Vout)		



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### Post Lab Subjective:

1. What is difference between PN junction diode and Zener diode?

PN Junction diode allows whent to pass only soward whereof tener diode allows current to flow in both directions.

PN Junction diode is used as a full wove sectifies whereof tener diode if used as a voltage segulator.

### Conclusion:

in a circuit. We can conclude that when diode if in reverse breakdown region, voltage across Lener diode remains constant.

Signature of faculty in-charge with Date: