

PROGRAM- 1

Write a program in C to implement Lamports logical clock

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
struct process
{
int e;
int ts[10];
}
p[10];
void main()
{
int i,j,n,m,t,e1,e2;
char ch;
clrscr();
printf("enter the no. of process ");
scanf("%d",&n); for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
printf("enter the no. of events in process %d",i+1);
scanf("%d",&p[i].e); for(j=0;j<p[i].e;j++) { p[i].ts[j]=j+1;
}
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
for(j=0;j<p[i].e;j++)
printf("%d ",p[i].ts[j]); printf("\n");
}
do
{
printf("enter the process no & event no. from which message is passing (less than %d)",n);
scanf("%d %d",&m,&e1);
printf("enter the process no & event no. on which msg is passing (less than %d)",n);
scanf("%d %d",&t,&e2);
if((p[m].ts[e1]+1)>p[t].ts[e2])
{
p[t].ts[e2]=p[m].ts[e1]+1;
for(i=e2;i<p[t].e;i++)
{
p[t].ts[i+1]=p[t].ts[i]+1;
}
}
printf("is there more message(y/n)");
fflush(0);
scanf("%c",&ch);
}
while(ch=='y' && ch=='Y');
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
for(j=0;j<p[i].e;j++)
```

```
printf("%d ",p[i].ts[j]);  
printf("\n");  
}  
getch();  
}
```

OUTPUT

```
enter the no. of process 4  
enter the no. of events in process 1 6  
enter the no. of events in process 1 7  
enter the no. of events in process 1 8  
enter the no. of events in process 1 9  
1 2 3 4 5 6  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
enter the process no & event no. On which msg is passing(less than 4) 3  
is there more message(y/n) n
```

EXPERIMENT 2

Write a program for Program for implementing Vector Clock.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
long *p1(int i,long *comp);
long *p2(int i,long *comp);
long *p3(int i,long *comp);
void main() {
long start[]={0,0,0},*vector;
while(!kbhit()) {
p1(1,&start[0]);
}
printf("\n Process Vector\n");
vector=p1(0,&start[0]);
printf("p1[%ld%ld%ld]\n",*vector,*vector+1,*vector+2); vector=p2(0,&start[0]);
printf("p2[%ld%ld%ld]\n",*vector,*vector+1,*vector+2); vector=p3(0,&start[0]);
printf("p3[%ld%ld%ld]\n",*vector,*vector+1,*vector+2);
}
long *p1(int i,long *comp) {
static long a[]={0,0,0};
int next;
if(i==1) {
a[0]++;
if(*(comp+1)>a[1])
a[1]=*(comp+1);
if(*(comp+2)>a[2])
a[2]=*(comp+2);
next=random(2);
if(next==0)
p2(1,&a[0]);
else if(next==1)
p3(1,&a[0]);
return(&a[0]);
}
else
return(&a[0]);
}
long *p2(int i,long *comp)
{
static long b[]={0,0,0};
int next;
if(i==1)
{
b[i]++;
if(*comp>b[0])
b[0]=*comp;
if(*(comp+2)>b[2])
b[2]=*(comp+2);
}
```

```
next=random(2);
if(next==0)
p1(1,&b[0]);
else if(next==1)
p3(1,&b[0]);
return &b[0];
}
else
return &b[0];
}
long *p3(int i,long *comp) {
static long c[]={0,0,0}; int next;
if(i==1)
{
c[2]++;
if(*comp>c[0])
c[0]=*(comp);
if(*(comp+1)>c[1])
c[1]=*(comp+1);
next=random(2);
if(next==0)
p1(1,&c[0]);
return &c[0];
}
else
return &c[0];
}
```

OUTPUT

Process Vector
p1[1037269518484778307]
p2[1037269518484778306]
p3[1037269518484778300]

PROGRAM- 3

Write a program to implement edge chasing distributed deadlock detection algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int temp,process[10][15],
    site_count=0,
    process_count=0,i,j,k,waiting[15];
    int p1,p2,p3;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter the no. of sites (max 3) \n");
    scanf("%d",&site_count);
    for(i=1;i<=site_count;i++)
    {
        printf("\n Enter the no. of processes in %d site ( max 4)\n",i);
        scanf("%d",&process_count);
        for(j=0;j<process_count;j++)
        {
            process[i][j]=i+(i*j);
        }
    }
    printf("\n Enter the blocked process \n");
    scanf("%d",&k); for(i=1;i<=3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<=3;j++)
        {
            if(k==process[i][j])
            {
                printf("Process %d is at site %d ",k,i);
                temp=i;
            }
            if(k==process[i][j])
                printf("It is a deadlock \n");
            if(k==(process[temp][j])&&((process[temp][j])==waiting[process[i][j]]))&&(temp!=i))
            {
                //probe(temp,j,process[i][j]);
                if(process[i][j]==waiting[process[temp][j]]);
                printf("It is a deadlock\n");
            }
        }
    }
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT

Enter the no. of sites (max 3)

3

Enter the no. of processes in 1 site (max 4)

2

Enter the no. of processes in 2 site (max 4)

3

Enter the no. of processes in 3 site (max 4)

1

Enter the blocked process

2

Process 2 is at site 1 it is a deadlock

Process 2 is at site 2 it is a deadlock

PROGRAM- 4

Write a program in C to implement locking algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a=0;
    char b,c;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        printf("if transaction T1 want to lock data object ");
        fflush(0);
        scanf("%c",&b);
        if(a==0 && b=='y')
        {a=1; b='n';}
        else
        if(a==1)
        printf("data object is locked");
        printf("if transaction T2 want to lock data object ");
        fflush(0);
        scanf("%c",&b);
        if(a==0 && b=='y')
        {
            a=1; b='n';
        }
        else
        printf("data object is locked");
        printf("\nif transaction want to release data object ");
        fflush(0);
        scanf("%c",&b);
        if(a==1 && b=='y') a=0;
        printf("do you want to continue ");
        fflush(0);
        scanf("%c",&c);
    }
    while(c=='y');
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT

if transaction T1 want to lock data object x

if transaction T2 want to lock data object y

if transaction want to release data object x

do you want to continue y

if transaction t1 want to lock data object x

data object is locked if transaction t2 want to lock data object y

data object is locked

if transaction want to release data object x

do you want to continue n

PROGRAM- 5

Write a program in C to implement non token based algorithm for Distributed mutual exclusion

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int i,d,p,a,c=0,aa[10],j,n;
    char ch='y';
    clrscr();
    printf("enter no of processes ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    i=0;
    do
    {
        printf("enter the process no which want to execute critical section "); scanf("%d",&a);
        aa[i]=a;
        i++;
        c=c+1;
        d=i;
        printf("some other process want to execute cs? then press (y) "); fflush(0);
        scanf("%c",&ch);
    }
    while(ch=='y');
    for(j=1;j<=c;j++)
    {
        printf("\ncritical section is executing for process %d in queue.....",j);
        printf("\ncritical section is finished for process %d",j); printf("\nrelease msg has sent by process%d",j);
    }
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT

```
enter no of processes 3
enter the process no which you want to execute critical section 2
some other process want to execute cs? then press (y) y
enter the process no which you want to execute critical section 1
some other process want to execute cs? then press (y) y
enter the process no which you want to execute critical section 3
some other process want to execute cs? then press (y) y
```

```
critical section is executing for process 1 in queue.....
critical section is finished for process 1
critical section is executing for process 2 in queue.....
critical section is finished for process 2
critical section is executing for process 3 in queue.....
critical section is finished for process 3
```

PROGRAM- 6

Write a program in C to implement termination detection

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <dos.h>
void main()
{
    int i, j, k = 0, n, tw, total = 0, we, ca, w[20];
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("\nAssign a controlling agent: ");
    scanf("%d", &ca);

    printf("\nEnter the total weight: ");
    scanf("%d", &tw);

    while (k < n)
    {
        w[k] = rand() % tw;
        tw = tw - w[k];
        k++;
    }
    for (k = 0; k < n; k++)
    {
        total = total + w[k];
    }
    printf("%d\n", total);
    w[n - 1] = abs(tw - total);

    printf("%d\n", w[n - 1]);
    printf("\nControlling agent %d %d\n\n", ca, w[ca]);

    printf("\nSending computational message to...\n\n");
    for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
    {
        {
            if (j != (ca - 1))
            {
                sound(700);
                delay(2000);
                printf("\tProcess %d %d\n", j + 1, w[j]);
            }
        }
    }
    nosound();
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT

Enter the number of processes: 3

Assign a controlling agent: P

Enter the total weight: 11458
10113

Controlling agent 5268 0

Sending computational message to...

Process 1 346

Process 2 130

Process 3 10113

PROGRAM- 7
Write a c program on Nested Transaction

```
#include <stdio.h>
// Structure to represent a bank account
typedef struct {
    int account_number;
    float balance;
} Account;
// Function to simulate a simple transaction - Withdraw
void withdraw(Account *account, float amount) {
    // Simulating Consistency - Ensure sufficient balance before withdrawal
    if (account->balance >= amount) {
        // Simulating Atomicity - All or nothing
        account->balance -= amount;
        printf("Withdrawal successful. New balance: %.2f\n", account->balance);
    } else {
        printf("Insufficient funds for withdrawal.\n");
    }
}
// Function to simulate a simple transaction - Deposit
void deposit(Account *account, float amount) {
    // Simulating Atomicity - All or nothing
    account->balance += amount;
    printf("Deposit successful. New balance: %.2f\n", account->balance);
}

// Function to simulate a nested transaction
void nestedTransaction(Account *account) {
    // Transaction 1: Withdraw
    withdraw(account, 200.00);

    // Transaction 2: Nested transaction - Deposit within the withdrawal transaction
    #pragma omp atomic
    deposit(account, 100.00);
}

int main() {
    // Creating a sample bank account
    Account myAccount = {1234, 1000.00};
    // Performing a nested transaction
    nestedTransaction(&myAccount);

    // Simulating Durability - Changes are persistent after the transactions
    printf("Final balance after nested transaction: %.2f\n", myAccount.balance);

    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

Withdrawal successful. New balance: 800.00
Deposit successful. New balance: 900.00
Final balance after nested transaction: 900.00