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|  Marwadi University Marwadi Chandarana Group | Marwadi University Faculty of Engineering and Technology Department of Information and Communication Technology | |
| Subject: Design and Analysis of Algorithm | Aim: Implementing the Exponential (Power) function to calculate x^n using Divide and Conquer Approach | |
| Experiment No: 03 | Date: 12/08/2025 | Enrollment No: 92301733049 |

LAB EXPERIMENT - 3
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DATE: 12/08/25

AIM: To implement the power function (x^n) using different approaches

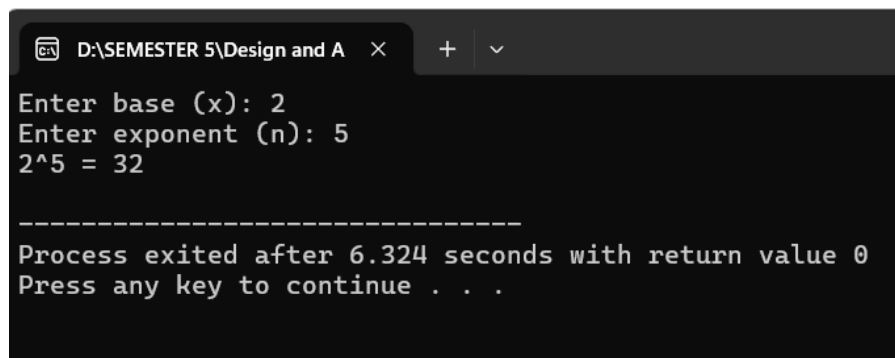
METHODS:

1. Simple loop method (iterative)
2. Recursive method (divide and conquer but $O(N)$)
3. Optimized recursive method (divide and conquer $O(\log N)$)


```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

Method 1: Simple iterative approach - $O(N)$

```
// Just multiply x n times
double power_iterative(double x, int n) {
    double ans = 1.0;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        ans = ans * x; // keep multiplying
    }
    return ans;
}
```

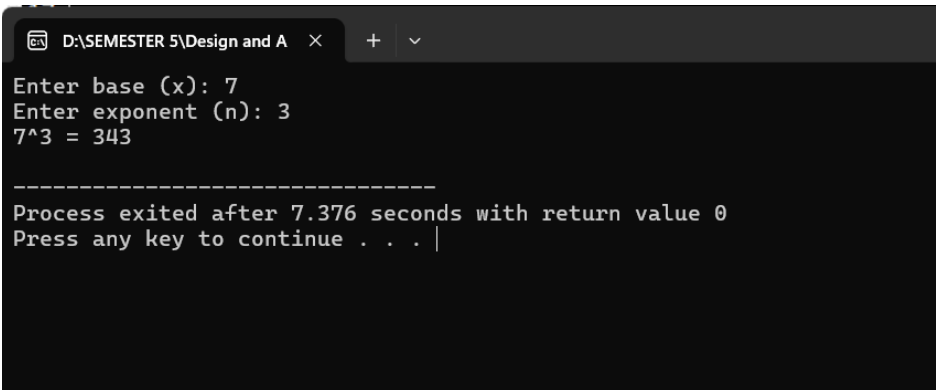


The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window with the title "D:\SEMESTER 5\Design and A". The program prompts the user to "Enter base (x):" and "Enter exponent (n):". The user enters "2" for the base and "5" for the exponent. The program outputs "2^5 = 32". Below this, it shows "Process exited after 6.324 seconds with return value 0" and "Press any key to continue . . .".

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Method 2: Recursive approach - $O(N)$

```
// Breaking problem into smaller subproblems
double power_recursive(double x, int n) {
    // base case
    if(n == 0) {
        return 1;
    }
    // recursive case
    return x * power_recursive(x, n-1);
}
```




```
D:\SEMESTER 5\Design and A >
Enter base (x): 7
Enter exponent (n): 3
7^3 = 343

-----
Process exited after 7.376 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Method 3: Optimized recursive approach - $O(\log N)$

```
// Using exponentiation by squaring
double power_optimized(double x, int n) {
    if(n == 0) {
        return 1;
    }
    // if n is even
    if(n % 2 == 0) {
        double temp = power_optimized(x, n/2);
        return temp * temp;
    }
    // if n is odd
    else {
        return x * power_optimized(x, n-1);
    }
}
```

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```

D:\SEMESTER 5\Design and A  x + v
Enter base (x): 2
Enter exponent (n): 7
2^7 = 128

-----
Process exited after 3.137 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |

```

```

int main() {
    double x;
    int n;

    cout << "This program calculates x^n using different methods\n";
    cout << "-----\n";

    // Taking input from user
    cout << "Enter the base (x): ";
    cin >> x;
    cout << "Enter the exponent (n): ";
    cin >> n;

    cout << "\nRESULTS:\n";
    cout << "1. Using simple iterative method: " << power_iterative(x, n) << endl;
    cout << "2. Using recursive method: " << power_recursive(x, n) << endl;
    cout << "3. Using optimized recursive method: " << power_optimized(x, n) << endl;

    cout << "\nAll methods give same result when correct!\n";
    return 0;
}

```