

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

### REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_COD\_Question 4

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

You are a software developer tasked with building a module for a scientific calculator application. The primary function of this module is to convert infix mathematical expressions, which are easier for users to read and write, into postfix notation (also known as Reverse Polish Notation). Postfix notation is more straightforward for the application to evaluate because it removes the need for parentheses and operator precedence rules.

The scientific calculator needs to handle various mathematical expressions with different operators and ensure the conversion is correct. Your task is to implement this infix-to-postfix conversion algorithm using a stack-based approach.

Example

Input:

a+b

Output:

ab+

Explanation:

The postfix representation of (a+b) is ab+.

### ***Input Format***

The input is a string, representing the infix expression.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays the postfix representation of the given infix expression.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: a+(b\*e)

Output: abe\*+

### ***Answer***

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
struct Stack {
    int top;
    unsigned capacity;
    char* array;
};
```

```
struct Stack* createStack(unsigned capacity) {
    struct Stack* stack = (struct Stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct Stack));
    if (!stack)
```

```

        return NULL;

    stack->top = -1;
    stack->capacity = capacity;
    stack->array = (char*)malloc(stack->capacity * sizeof(char));

    return stack;
}

int isEmpty(struct Stack* stack) {
    return stack->top == -1;
}

char peek(struct Stack* stack) {
    return stack->array[stack->top];
}

char pop(struct Stack* stack) {
    if (!isEmpty(stack))
        return stack->array[stack->top--];
    return '$';
}

void push(struct Stack* stack, char op) {
    stack->array[++stack->top] = op;
}

// You are using GCC
// int isOperand(char ch) {
//     //type your code here
// }

// int Prec(char ch) {
//     //type your code here
// }

// void infixToPostfix(char* exp) {

//     //type your code here
// }
int isOperand(char ch) {
    return (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') || (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z');
}

```

```

int Prec(char ch) {
    switch (ch) {
        case '+':
        case '-': return 1;
        case '*':
        case '/': return 2;
        case '^': return 3;
        default: return -1;
    }
}

```

```

void infixToPostfix(char* exp) {
    struct Stack* stack = createStack(strlen(exp));
    if (!stack) return;

    int i, k;
    for (i = 0, k = -1; exp[i]; ++i) {
        if (isOperand(exp[i]))
            exp[++k] = exp[i];
        else if (exp[i] == '(')
            push(stack, exp[i]);
        else if (exp[i] == ')') {
            while (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(')
                exp[++k] = pop(stack);
            if (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(')
                return; // invalid expression
            else
                pop(stack);
        } else {
            while (!isEmpty(stack) && Prec(exp[i]) <= Prec(peek(stack)))
                exp[++k] = pop(stack);
            push(stack, exp[i]);
        }
    }

    while (!isEmpty(stack))
        exp[++k] = pop(stack);

    exp[++k] = '\0';
    printf("%s", exp);
}

```

```
int main() {  
    char exp[100];  
    scanf("%s", exp);  
  
    infixToPostfix(exp);  
    return 0;  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10