Department of Computer Science and Engineering

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UCS1712 - Graphics and Multimedia Lab

Exercise 5: 2D Transformations in C++ using OpenGL

Aim:

To apply the 2D transformations on objects and to render the final output along with the original object.

Code:

```
1 #ifndef LOPENGL_H
2 #define LOPENGL_H
3
4 #include <GL/freeglut.h>
5 #include <GL/gl.h>
6 #include <GL/glu.h>
7 #include <math.h>
8 #include <stdio.h>
9 #include<iostream>
10 #include <vector>
11 #include <ctime>
12 using namespace std;
13
14 #endif
```

```
1 #ifndef LUTIL_H
2 #define LUTIL_H
4 #include "Headers.h"
6 //Screen Constants
7 const int SCREEN_WIDTH = 640;
8 const int SCREEN_HEIGHT = 480;
9 const int SCREEN_FPS = 60;
10 const int POINT_SIZE=3;
vector < int > X_points;
12 vector < int > Y_points;
13
14 vector < pair < double , double >> transforms;
15
16 int edge_count;
17 int transformation;
18 double factor_x, factor_y;
19 double angle_radians;
20
21 bool initGL();
22
23 void update();
24
25 void render();
27 void y_axis();
28
29 void x_axis();
30
31 void setEdgeCount(int option);
33 vector<vector<double>> matrix_multiplication(double points[][3],
      double matrix[][3], int r1, int c1, int r2, int c2);
34
35 void drawPolygon();
36
void drawTranslatedPolygon(double x, double y);
38
39 void drawRotatedPolygon(double angle_radians, double x, double y);
41 void drawScaledPolygon(double x, double y, double xf, double yf);
43 void drawReflectedPolygon(double angle_radians, double intercept);
45 void drawShearedPolygon(double shx, double shy);
47 #endif
1 #include "Signatures.h"
3 bool initGL(){
      //Initialize Projection Matrix
      glMatrixMode( GL_PROJECTION );
6
      glLoadIdentity();
      gluOrtho2D(-640.0,640.0,-480.0,480.0);
8
```

```
//Initialize clear color
10
       glClearColor( 0.f, 0.f, 0.f, 1.f );
11
       glColor3f(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
12
13
       glPointSize(POINT_SIZE);
14
       glEnable(GL_POINT_SMOOTH);
15
16
       //Check for error
17
       GLenum error = glGetError();
18
       if( error != GL_NO_ERROR )
19
20
            printf( "Error initializing OpenGL! %s\n", gluErrorString(
21
       error ) );
22
           return false;
23
24
25
       return true;
26 }
27
28 void update(){
29
30 }
31
32 void render(){
       glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
33
34
       glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
       drawPolygon();
35
       glFlush();
36
37
       while(true){
38
39
            glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
            glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
40
41
            cout << "Choose transformation: " << endl;</pre>
42
            cout<<"1 for Translation"<<endl<<"2 for Rotation"<<endl;</pre>
43
44
            cout << "3 for Scaling" << endl << "4 for Reflection" << endl;</pre>
            cout << "5 for shearing " << endl << "0 to Exit " << endl;</pre>
45
            cout << "Enter your choice: "; cin>> transformation;
47
48
            cout << "transformation: "<<transformation << endl;</pre>
            if(!transformation){
49
                return;
50
           }
51
52
            if(transformation == 1){
53
                cout << "Enter the translation factor for X and Y: ";</pre>
54
                cin>>factor_x >> factor_y;
55
56
                drawPolygon();
                drawTranslatedPolygon(factor_x,factor_y);
57
            else if(transformation == 2){
59
                double angle;
60
61
                cout << "Enter the rotation angle: ";</pre>
                cin>>angle;
62
63
                double x,y;
                cout << "Enter point about which to be rotated: ";</pre>
64
                cin>>x>>y;
```

```
angle_radians = angle * 3.1416 / 180;
66
67
                 drawPolygon();
                 drawRotatedPolygon(angle_radians, x, y);
68
            }
69
            else if(transformation == 3){
70
                cout << "Enter the scaling factor for X and Y: ";</pre>
71
                 cin>>factor_x >> factor_y;
72
                double x,y;
73
74
                 cout << "Enter point about which to be scaled: ";</pre>
                 cin>>x>>y;
75
76
                 drawPolygon();
                 drawScaledPolygon(factor_x,factor_y, x, y);
77
78
79
            else if(transformation == 4){
                double angle;
80
                 cout << "Enter the angle with X-axis and Y-intercept of</pre>
81
        the mirror: ";
                cin>>angle >> factor_y;
82
83
                 angle_radians = angle * 3.1416/180;
                 drawPolygon();
84
                 drawReflectedPolygon(angle_radians,factor_y);
85
            }
86
            else if(transformation == 5){
87
                 \mathtt{cout} \mathbin{<<} \mathtt{"Enter} the shearing factor for X and Y: ";
88
                 cin>>factor_x >> factor_y;
89
90
                 drawPolygon();
                 drawShearedPolygon(factor_x, factor_y);
91
            }
92
            else if(transformation){
93
                cout << "Invalid option" << endl;</pre>
94
95
            }
96
            else;
       }
97
98
       glFlush();
99
100 }
101
102 void y_axis(){
        glColor3f(1.0,1.0,1.0);
103
104
        glBegin(GL_LINES);
            glVertex2d(0, -480.0);
106
            glVertex2d(0, 480.0);
107
        glEnd();
        // glFlush();
108
109 }
111 void x_axis(){
        glColor3f(1.0,1.0,1.0);
112
        glBegin(GL_LINES);
113
114
            glVertex2d(-640.0, 0);
            glVertex2d(640.0, 0);
        glEnd();
116
        // glFlush();
117
118 }
119
120 void setEdgeCount(int option){
       if(option == 0){
```

```
cout << "Invalid" << endl;</pre>
122
123
        }
        else if(option == 1 || option == 2){
124
             edge_count = 2;
125
        }
126
        else{
127
128
             edge_count = option;
129
130 }
132 vector < vector < double >> matrix_multiplication(double points[][3],
        double matrix[][3], int r1, int c1, int r2, int c2){
133
134
        vector < vector < double >> ans (3);
135
        for(int i=0;i<r1;i++){</pre>
136
            for(int j=0;j<c2;j++){</pre>
137
                 ans[i].push_back(0);
138
139
        }
140
141
        for(int i=0;i<r1;i++){</pre>
            for(int j=0;j<c2;j++){</pre>
142
                 for (int k=0; k<r2; k++) {</pre>
143
                      ans[i][j] += (points[i][k] * matrix[k][j]);
144
145
146
            }
        }
147
148
        return ans;
149 }
151 double round(double d){
        return floor(d + 0.5);
152
153 }
154
155 void drawPolygon(){
156
        y_axis();
        x_axis();
157
158
        glColor3f(1.0,1.0,1.0);
        if (edge_count == 2)
159
160
            glBegin(GL_LINES);
161
        else
             glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
162
163
        for (int i = 0; i < edge_count; i++){</pre>
164
             glVertex2d(X_points[i], Y_points[i]);
165
166
        glEnd();
167
        glFlush();
168
169 }
170
171 void drawTranslatedPolygon(double x, double y){
        double translate_matrix[2][1] = {{x}, {y}};
172
        for(int i=0;i<edge_count;i++){</pre>
173
             double new_x = X_points[i] + translate_matrix[0][0];
174
             double new_y = Y_points[i] + translate_matrix[1][0];
175
             transforms.push_back(pair < double , double > (new_x , new_y));
176
177
```

```
glFlush();
178
        glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
179
        if (edge_count == 2)
180
            glBegin(GL_LINES);
181
        else
182
            glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
183
184
       for(pair < double, double > p: transforms){
185
            glVertex2d(p.first, p.second);
186
187
       }
188
       glEnd();
        glFlush();
189
       transforms.clear();
190
191 }
192
   void drawRotatedPolygon(double angle_radians, double x, double y){
193
       double rotate_matrix[2][3] = {{cos(angle_radians), sin(
194
       angle_radians)}, {-sin(angle_radians), cos(angle_radians)}};
195
       double adjust_matrix[1][2] = {-x, -y};
       double reset_matrix[1][2] = {x, y};
196
       for(int i=0;i<edge_count;i++){</pre>
            double points[1][3] = {{X_points[i]+adjust_matrix[0][0],
198
       Y_points[i]+adjust_matrix[0][1]}};
            vector < vector < double >> ans = matrix_multiplication(points,
199
       rotate_matrix, 1, 2, 2, 2);
            transforms.push_back(pair<double, double>(ans[0][0]+
       reset_matrix[0][0], ans[0][1]+reset_matrix[0][1]));
201
202
        glFlush();
203
        glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
204
        if (edge_count == 2)
205
            glBegin(GL_LINES);
206
        else
207
            glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
208
209
       for(pair < double, double > p: transforms){
210
211
            glVertex2d(round(p.first), round(p.second));
212
213
       glEnd();
        glFlush();
214
       transforms.clear();
215
216 }
217
   void drawScaledPolygon(double x, double y, double xf, double yf){
218
       double scale_matrix[2][3] = \{\{x, 0\}, \{0, y\}\};
219
       for(int i=0;i<edge_count;i++){</pre>
220
221
            double points[1][3] = {{X_points[i], Y_points[i]}};
            vector < vector < double >> ans = matrix_multiplication(points,
222
       scale_matrix, 1, 2, 2, 2);
            double x_impact = xf*(1-x);
223
            double y_impact = yf*(1-y);
224
            transforms.push_back(pair<double, double>(ans[0][0]+
225
       x_impact, ans[0][1]+y_impact));
226
228
       glFlush();
```

```
glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
229
        if (edge_count == 2)
            glBegin(GL_LINES);
231
232
            glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
234
235
        for(pair < double , double > p: transforms){
            glVertex2d(round(p.first), round(p.second));
236
237
238
        glEnd();
239
        glFlush();
240
        transforms.clear();
241 }
242
   void drawReflectedPolygon(double angle_radians, double intercept){
    double reflect_matrix[3][3] = {{cos(2*angle_radians), sin(2*
243
244
        angle_radians), intercept*sin(2*angle_radians)},
                                              {sin(2*angle_radians), -cos(2*
245
        angle_radians), -intercept*cos(2*angle_radians)+1},
                                              {0, 0, 1}};
246
        for(int i=0;i<edge_count;i++){</pre>
247
            double points[1][3] = {{X_points[i], Y_points[i], 0}};
248
            vector < vector < double >> ans = matrix_multiplication(points,
249
        reflect_matrix, 1, 3, 3, 3);
            transforms.push_back(pair < double, double > (ans[0][0], ans
250
        [0][1]));
        }
251
252
        glFlush();
253
        glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
254
255
        if (edge_count == 2)
            glBegin(GL_LINES);
256
257
            glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
258
259
260
        for(pair < double , double > p: transforms){
            glVertex2d(round(p.first), round(p.second));
261
262
        glEnd();
263
        glFlush();
264
265
        transforms.clear();
266 }
267
   void drawShearedPolygon(double shx, double shy){
268
        double reflect_matrix[3][3] = {{1, shy, 0},
269
270
                                            {shx, 1, 0},
                                              {0, 0, 1}};
271
272
        for(int i=0;i<edge_count;i++){</pre>
            double points[1][3] = {{X_points[i], Y_points[i], 0}};
273
            vector < vector < double >> ans = matrix_multiplication(points,
        reflect_matrix, 1, 3, 3, 3);
            transforms.push_back(pair < double, double > (ans[0][0], ans
275
        [0][1]));
        }
276
277
        glFlush();
278
        glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
279
```

```
if (edge_count == 2)
280
281
            glBegin(GL_LINES);
282
            glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
283
284
       for(pair < double, double > p: transforms){
285
286
            glVertex2d(round(p.first), round(p.second));
287
        glEnd();
288
        glFlush();
289
        transforms.clear();
290
291 }
 #include "Helpers.h"
 3 void runMainLoop(int val);
 5 int main( int argc, char* args[] ){
        glutInit( &argc, args );
        glutInitContextVersion( 2, 1 );
10
        glutInitDisplayMode( GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB );
11
        glutInitWindowSize( SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT );
12
        glutCreateWindow( "OpenGL" );
13
14
       int option=0;
15
        cout << "Choose number of edges: (1 for line, 3 and upwards for</pre>
16
       polygon): ";
       cin>>option;
17
       setEdgeCount(option);
19
20
        cout << "Enter vertices: " << endl;</pre>
        for(int i=0;i<edge_count;i++){</pre>
21
            cout << "Vertex " << i+1 << " (x,y): ";
22
23
            int x,y;
            cin>>x>>y;
24
25
            X_points.push_back(x);
            Y_points.push_back(y);
26
27
       }
28
29
30
        drawPolygon();
       cout << "Number of edges: "<<edge_count <<endl;</pre>
31
32
       if( !initGL() )
33
34
        {
            printf( "Unable to initialize graphics library!\n" );
35
            return 1;
36
37
       }
38
39
40
        glutDisplayFunc( render );
41
42
        glutTimerFunc( 1000 / SCREEN_FPS, runMainLoop, 0 );
43
        glutMainLoop();
```

```
45
46    return 0;
47 }
48
49 void runMainLoop( int val ){
50     update();
51     render();
52
53     glutTimerFunc( 1000 / SCREEN_FPS, runMainLoop, val );
54 }
```

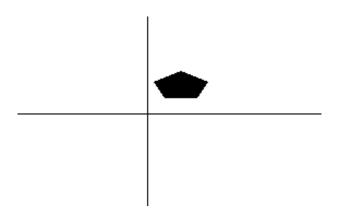
Output:

Original Image:

Choose number of edges: (1 for line, 3 and upwards for polygon): 5

Enter vertices:

Vertex 1 (x,y): 30 30 Vertex 2 (x,y): 10 60 Vertex 3 (x,y): 60 80 Vertex 4 (x,y): 110 60 Vertex 5 (x,y): 90 30 Number of edges: 5



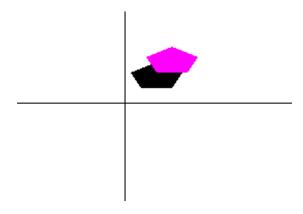
Translation:

Choose transformation:

- 1 for Translation
- 2 for Rotation
- 3 for Scaling
- 4 for Reflection
- 5 for shearing
- 0 to Exit

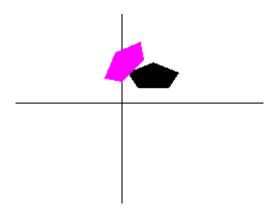
Enter your choice: 1

Enter the translation factor for X and Y: 30 30



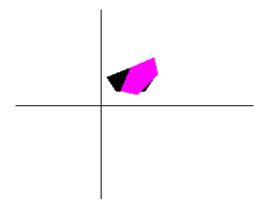
Rotation: About origin:

Enter the rotation angle: 45 Enter point about which to be rotated: $0\ 0$



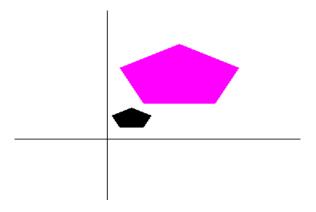
About fixed point:

Enter the rotation angle: 45 Enter point about which to be rotated: 60 80



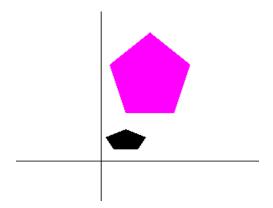
Scaling: About origin - Uniform:

Enter the scaling factor for X and Y: 3 3 Enter point about which to be scaled: 0 0 $\,$

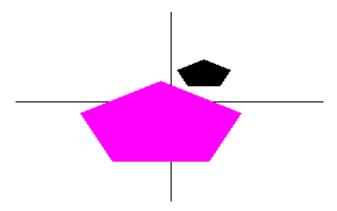


About origin - Differential:

Enter the scaling factor for X and Y: 2 4 Enter point about which to be scaled: $0\ 0$



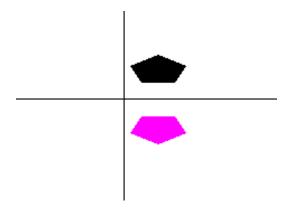
About fixed point:
Enter the scaling factor for X and Y: 3 3
Enter point about which to be scaled: 100 100



Reflection:

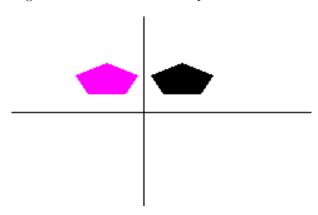
With respect to X-axis:

Enter the angle with X-axis and Y-intercept of the mirror: 0 0



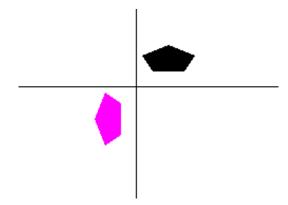
With respect to Y-axis:

Enter the angle with X-axis and Y-intercept of the mirror: 90 0

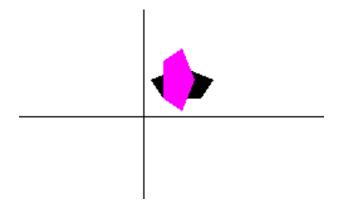


With respect to origin:

Enter the angle with X-axis and Y-intercept of the mirror: 135 0

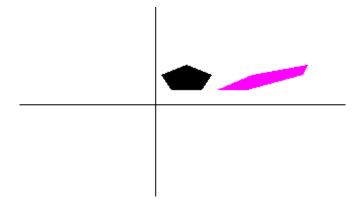


With respect to line x=y: Enter the angle with X-axis and Y-intercept of the mirror: 45 0



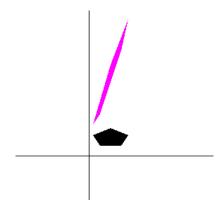
Shearing: X-direction:

Enter the shearing factor for X and Y: 3 0



Y-direction:

Enter the shearing factor for X and Y: 0 3



Both X and Y directions:

Enter the shearing factor for X and Y: 3 3 $\,$

