

## AI- Ass-9.3

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**Batch:05**

**Prompt:** #You are developing a utility function that processes numerical lists and must be properly

#documented for future maintenance.

#Write a Python function to return the sum of even numbers and sum of odd numbers in a  
#given list

#• Manually add a Google Style docstring to the function

#• Use an AI-assisted tool (Copilot / Cursor AI) to generate a function-level docstring

#• Compare the AI-generated docstring with the manually written docstring

#• Analyze clarity, correctness, and completeness

**Code:** def sum\_even\_odd(numbers):

"""Calculate the sum of even and odd numbers in a list.

This function takes a list of integers and returns a tuple containing  
the sum of even numbers and the sum of odd numbers.

Args:

numbers (list of int): A list of integers to be processed.

Returns:

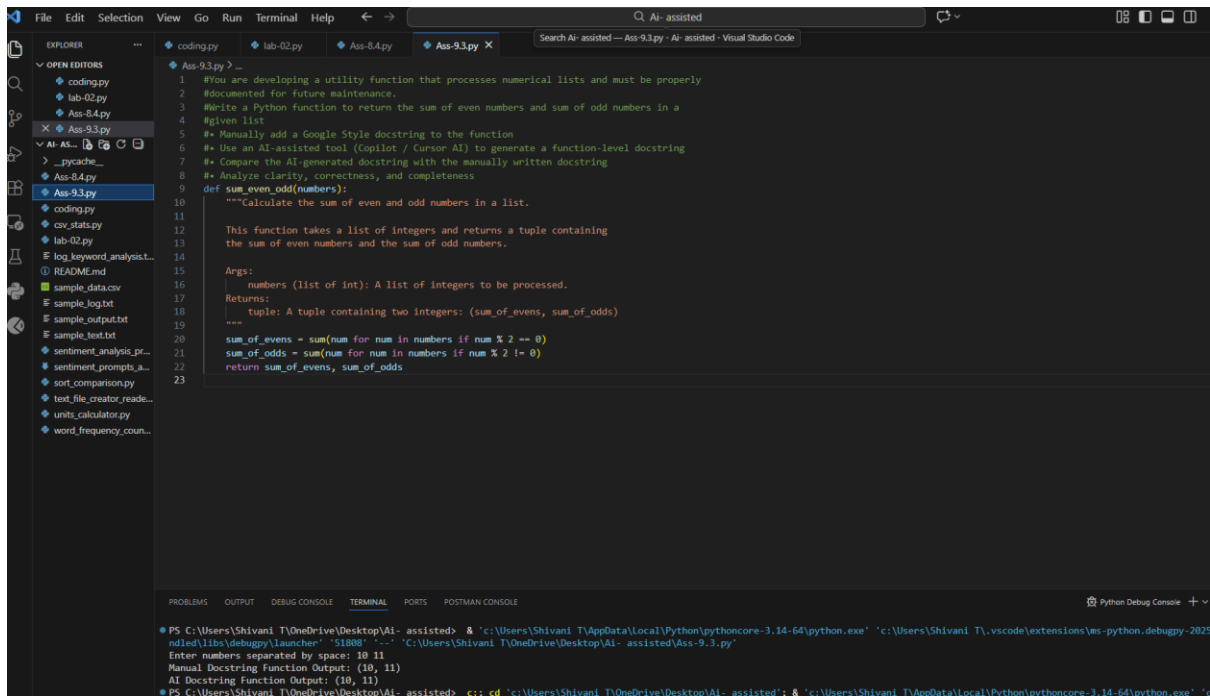
tuple: A tuple containing two integers: (sum\_of\_evens, sum\_of\_odds)

"""

sum\_of\_evens = sum(num for num in numbers if num % 2 == 0)

sum\_of\_odds = sum(num for num in numbers if num % 2 != 0)

return sum\_of\_evens, sum\_of\_odds



## Prompt: Task 2: Automatic Inline Comments

#You are developing a student management module that must be easy to understand for new

developers.

#Write a Python program for an `sru_student` class with the following:

#Attributes: `name`, `roll_no`, `hostel_status`

# Methods: `fee_update()` and `display_details()`

# Manually write inline comments for each line or logical block

# Use an AI-assisted tool to automatically add inline comments

#Compare manual comments with AI-generated comments

# Identify missing, redundant, or incorrect AI comments

Expected Output

- Python class with manually written inline comments
- AI-generated inline comments added to the same code
- Comparative analysis of manual vs AI comments
- Critical discussion on strengths and limitations of AI-generated comments

**Code:** class `sru_student`:

```
# Constructor to initialize student attributes
```

```
def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
```

```
    self.name = name          # Store student name
```

```
    self.roll_no = roll_no    # Store student roll number
```

```
    self.hostel_status = hostel_status # Store hostel status (True/False)
```

```
# Method to update fee based on hostel status
```

```
def fee_update(self):
```

```
    if self.hostel_status:    # If student stays in hostel
```

```
        fee = 50000          # Hostel students pay higher fee
```

```
    else:
```

```
        fee = 30000          # Non-hostel students pay lower fee
```

```
    return fee                # Return calculated fee
```

```
# Method to display student details
```

```
def display_details(self):
```

```
    print("Name:", self.name) # Print student name
```

```
    print("Roll No:", self.roll_no) # Print student roll number
```

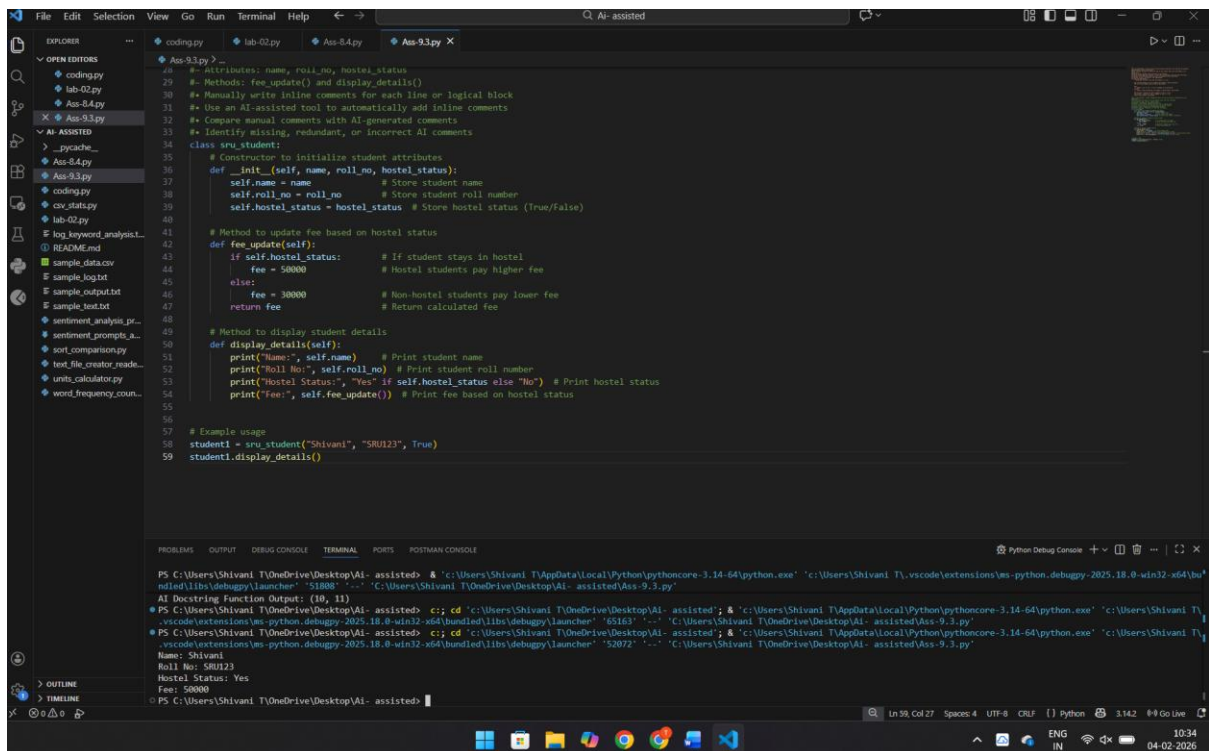
```
    print("Hostel Status:", "Yes" if self.hostel_status else "No") # Print hostel status
```

```
    print("Fee:", self.fee_update()) # Print fee based on hostel status
```

```
# Example usage
```

```
student1 = sru_student("Shivani", "SRU123", True)
```

```
student1.display_details()
```



```
28 # Attributes: name, roll_no, hostel_status
29 # Methods: fee_update() and display_details()
30 #* Manually write inline comments for each line or logical block
31 #* Use an AI-assisted tool to automatically add inline comments
32 #* Compare manual comments with AI-generated comments
33 #* Identify missing, redundant, or incorrect AI comments
34 class srus_student:
35     # Constructor to initialize student attributes
36     def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
37         self.name = name # Store student name
38         self.roll_no = roll_no # Store student roll number
39         self.hostel_status = hostel_status # Store hostel status (True/False)
40
41     # Method to update fee based on hostel status
42     def fee_update(self):
43         if self.hostel_status: # If student stays in hostel
44             fee = 50000 # Hostel students pay higher fee
45         else: # Non-hostel students pay lower fee
46             fee = 30000 # Return calculated fee
47         return fee
48
49     # Method to display student details
50     def display_details(self):
51         print("Name:", self.name) # Print student name
52         print("Roll No:", self.roll_no) # Print student roll number
53         print("Hostel Status:", "Yes" if self.hostel_status else "No") # Print hostel status
54         print("Fee:", self.fee_update()) # Print fee based on hostel status
55
56
57 # Example usage
58 student1 = srus_student("Shivani", "SRU123", True)
59 student1.display_details()
```

```
PS C:\Users\Shivani T\OneDrive\Desktop\AI- assisted> & 'c:\Users\Shivani T\AppData\Local\Python\pythoncore-3.14-64\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Shivani T\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.18.0-win32-x64\bu
n
n
AI Docstring Function Output: (10, 11)
PS C:\Users\Shivani T\OneDrive\Desktop\AI- assisted> cd 'c:\Users\Shivani T\OneDrive\Desktop\AI- assisted'; & 'c:\Users\Shivani T\AppData\Local\Python\pythoncore-3.14-64\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Shivani T
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PS C:\Users\Shivani T\OneDrive\Desktop\AI- assisted> cd 'c:\Users\Shivani T\OneDrive\Desktop\AI- assisted'; & 'c:\Users\Shivani T\AppData\Local\Python\pythoncore-3.14-64\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Shivani T
n
n
Name: Shivani
Roll No: SRU123
Hostel Status: Yes
Fee: 50000
PS C:\Users\Shivani T\OneDrive\Desktop\AI- assisted>
```

### Prompt: Task 3: Module-Level and Function-Level Documentation

#You are building a small calculator module that will be shared across multiple projects and requires structured documentation.

# Write a Python script containing 3–4 functions (e.g., add, subtract, multiply, divide)

#Manually write NumPy Style docstrings for each function

#Use AI assistance to generate:

#A module-level docstring

#Individual function-level docstrings

# Compare AI-generated docstrings with manually written ones

# Evaluate documentation structure, accuracy, and readability

**Code:** """

calculator.py

=====

A simple calculator module providing basic arithmetic operations.

This module can be reused across multiple projects where basic mathematical functions are required.

```
"""
```

```
def add(a, b):
```

```
    """
```

Add two numbers.

Parameters

-----

a : float or int

First number.

b : float or int

Second number.

Returns

-----

float or int

The sum of `a` and `b`.

Examples

-----

```
>>> add(2, 3)
```

```
5
```

```
"""
```

```
return a + b
```

```
def subtract(a, b):
```

```
    """
```

```
    Subtract one number from another.
```

```
    Parameters
```

```
    -----
```

```
    a : float or int
```

```
        First number.
```

```
    b : float or int
```

```
        Second number to subtract from `a`.
```

```
    Returns
```

```
    -----
```

```
    float or int
```

```
        The result of `a - b`.
```

```
    Examples
```

```
    -----
```

```
>>> subtract(5, 2)
```

```
3
```

```
    """
```

```
    return a - b
```

```
def multiply(a, b):
```

```
    """
```

```
    Multiply two numbers.
```

## Parameters

-----

a : float or int

First number.

b : float or int

Second number.

## Returns

-----

float or int

The product of `a` and `b`.

## Examples

-----

```
>>> multiply(4, 3)
```

```
12
```

```
"""
```

```
return a * b
```

```
def divide(a, b):
```

```
    """
```

```
    Divide one number by another.
```

## Parameters

-----

a : float or int

Numerator.

`b` : float or int

Denominator.

Returns

-----

float

The result of ``a` / `b``.

Raises

-----

`ZeroDivisionError`

If ``b`` is zero.

Examples

-----

```
>>> divide(10, 2)
```

```
5.0
```

```
"""
```

```
if b == 0:
```

```
    raise ZeroDivisionError("Division by zero is not allowed.")
```

```
return a / b
```



