



Institute of Engineering & Technology

MINI PROJECT-II(2019-2020)
REPORT
On
E-COMMERCE WEBSITE



Institute of Engineering and Technology

TEAM MEMBERS

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Declaration

We hereby declare that the work which is being presented in the Mini project-II “E-commerce Website”, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for project viva voce, is an authentic record of my own work carried under the supervision of our mentor Mr. Amir Khan.

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B.tech(CSE)

III Year

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SYNOPSIS

About the Project:

This project is a web based E-commerce website. The project objective is to deliver the online facility application into our own platform. It is the process whereby users directly choose their own destination place for travel from the website, and provide all the information related to their trips and set the ideas that what to do before you arrive. It is a website which connects Travello. In this project there is a single user login. This system will provide all the information regarding place in which you want to travel and after watching all the places if user want to travel then he/she have to do registration in the website after registration he/she only can login in the website again or can able to see all the details about destination places, place booking prices, and view all places history. Without login, customer cannot be able to book their favourite place and make payment and user can only view all details related information like name, description, price or most important thing that users can get advantage of special offers in the website etc.

Motivation:

1. Travel can provide for self-exploration, excitement.
2. Travel can provide relief of tension and relaxation.
3. Travel can provide self discover.

Features:

The system will comprises of 4 modules as follows:

1. User module
2. Registration module
3. Login module
4. Logout module

Description:

1. User Module:

Django comes with a user authentication system. It handles user accounts.

The user module store the user information in the database.

Features:

1. User can see the list of places details.
2. All places forms are validated on client side using HTML,CSS, Javascript..

2. Registration Module:

Django registration is an extensible application providing user registration functionality for DjangoWebsites.

In this module user is able to do registration for seeing the places details.

Features:

1. User can see the details about his/her place.
2. Many number of users caster at a time

3. Login Module:

The user module allows users to register, login, and logout. Users benefits from being able to sign on because this associates content they create with their accounts and allows permission to be set for their roles.

Features:

1. User can add new login records as after registration in the website the user details will automatically save in the django database.
2. User can see the login details.
3. User can change or update the information.
4. User can change the password after registration.

4. Logout Module:

Logging out informs the website that the current user wishes to end the login session.

Features:

1. User can logout anytime after login.

Requirements and Specifications

1. Hardware Requirements:

1. Processor : Intel dual Core ,i5
2. RAM :8 GB
3. Hard disk : minimum 500 GB

2. Software Requirements:

Software Requirements deal with defining software resource requirements that need to be installed on a computer to provide optimal functioning of an application. These requirements or pre-requisites are generally not included in the software installation package and need to be installed separately before the software is installed.

In our E-commerce website we need to install two software:

1. Python- All the business logic has been implemented in python.
2. Django- Project has been developed over the django framework.

Benefits:

1. It supports the Stripe payment option, giving buyers the liberty to make transactions without paying any extra fees.
2. It offers more marketing tools such as custom gift cards, discount coupons, store statistics, targeted email marketing, and more.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We, Shivank Garg and Sakshi Sharma express our sincere thanks to my project mentor, **MR. AMIR KHAN**, Technical Trainer, GLA University, Mathura. We pay our deep gratitude towards Mr. Amir Khan sir, GLA University, Mathura who encouraged us to the highest peak and provided us the opportunity to prepare this project. I'm wholeheartedly thankful to them for giving us their valuable time and attention, and for providing a systematic way of completing my project in time.

We are immensely obliged to our friends who helped us for their cooperative inspiration and kind supervision in the completion of the project.

We feel highly acknowledged to all those who helped and encouraged us in completion of the given task. We take this opportunity to record our sincere thanks for our parents who unceasingly encouraged and supported us. At last we would like to thank God Almighty without whose blessing this project would have never been possible. We thank to all those who lent their helping hands either directly or indirectly in this venture.

ABSTRACT

Tourism E-commerce Website is a complete tourist fully integrated tourism web site. The website covers all the areas required for an including tourism, This project is developed to manage the tourist with their destination places. This system that gives you facility of booking any type of Tours and Travels at reasonable offer. This system is made so that User will not have to Come to us to Book his\her Tours. The project 'Tourism E-Commerce Website' is developed to replace the currently existing system, which helps in keeping records of the customer, details of destination as well as payment received. In the present era where "time" proves to be the most important asset for an individual by replacing the current register system to fully computerize, it not only saves the precious asset that is time, but also accuracy, reliability and uniformity can be maintained. This project is useful for the manager of the company as it helps them to search the data faster than existing system, to get customer record easily and report of the customer, payment, etc are generated as per requirement. The main module in this project are login, register, complaints and reports and about destination places.

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Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction:

This project is a web based E-commerce website. The project objective is to deliver the online facility application into our own platform. It is the process whereby users directly choose their own destination place for travel from the website, and provide all the information related to their trips and set the ideas that what to do before you arrive. It is a website which connects Travello. In this project there is a single user login. This system will provide all the information regarding place in which you want to travel and after watching all the places if user want to travel then he/she have to do registration in the website after registration he/she only can login in the website again or can able to see all the details about destination places, place booking prices, and view all places history. Without login, customer cannot be able to book their favourite place and make payment and user can only view all details related information like name, description, price or most important thing that users can get advantage of special offers in the website etc.

1.2 Problem Introduction:

E-commerce Website is a python based project. In this website there are four modules like User module, Registration module, Login module and Logout module. User Module handles user accounts. The user module store the user information in the database. Registration is an extensible application providing user functionality for django Website, in this module user is able to do registration for seeing the places details. Login and Logout module are used through which user can login in the website.

Objective:-

The main objective of the django project on Travelling website is to manage the details of Bookings, Customers, charges and special offers and store data in the django database like postgresSQL and use of data dynamically through the database. The project is totally build an administrative end and only administrative guaranteed the access. The purpose of this project is to build a platform which reduce the manual work for managing details, description, booking etc.

1.3 MODULES:

- **Admin**
 - Manage Admin User
 - Manage Users
 - Manage Users Payroll
 - Update details

- **User**
 - Request for Registration
 - Login to Portal
 - Manage Profile
 - View the different destination sites.

Chapter 2

REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

To be used efficiently, all computer software needs certain hardware components or the other software resources to be present on a computer. These are known as (computer) system requirements and are often used as a guideline as opposed to an absolute rule. Most software defines two sets of system requirements: minimum and recommended. With increasing demand for higher processing power and resources in newer versions of software, system requirements tend to increase over time. Industry analysts suggest that this trend plays a big part in driving upgrades to existing computer systems than technological advancements.

2.2 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

The most common set of requirements defined by any operating system or software application is the physical computer resources, also known as hardware. A hardware requirements list is often accompanied by a hardware compatibility list (HCL), especially in case of operating systems. An HCL lists tested, compatibility and sometimes incompatible hardware devices for a particular operating system or application. The following sub-sections discuss the various aspects of hardware requirements.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESENT PROJECT:

PROCESSOR	:	Intel dual Core ,i5
RAM	:	8 GB
HARD DISK	:	500 GB

2.3. SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Software Requirements deal with defining software resource requirements that need to be installed on a computer to provide optimal functioning of an application. These requirements or pre-requisites are generally not included in the software installation package and need to be installed separately before the software is installed.

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESENT PROJECT

1. Python
2. Django
3. postgresSQL
4. pgAdmin
5. Pycharm

SYSTEM SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS

HTML: HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages.

- HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
- HTML describes the structure of a Web page
- HTML consists of a series of elements
- HTML elements tell the browser how to display the content
- HTML elements are represented by tags
- HTML tags label pieces of content such as "heading", "paragraph", "table", and so on
- Browsers do not display the HTML tags, but use them to render the content of the page

HTML defines the structure and layout of a Web document by using a variety of tags and attributes. The correct structure for an HTML document starts with <HTML><HEAD>(enter here what document is about)<BODY> and ends with </BODY></HTML>. All the information you'd like to include in your Web page fits in between the <BODY> and </BODY> tags. An HTML table is defined with the <table> tag. Each table row is defined with the <tr> tag. A table header is defined with the <th> tag. By default, table headings are bold and centered. A table data/cell is defined with the <td> tag. HTML Forms are required, when you want to collect some data from the site visitor. For example, during user registration you would like to collect information such as name, email address, credit card, etc. A form will take input from the site visitor and then will post it to a back-end application such as CGI, ASP Script or PHP script etc. The back-end application will perform required processing on the passed data based on defined business logic inside the application.

CSS: Cascading style sheets are used to format the layout of Web pages. They can be used to define text styles, table sizes, and other aspects of Web pages that previously could only be defined in a page's HTML. CSS helps Web developers create a uniform look across several pages of a Web site. Instead of defining the style of each table and each block of text within a page's HTML, commonly used styles need to be defined only once in a CSS document. Once the style is defined in cascading style sheet, it can be used by any page that references the CSS file. Plus, CSS makes it easy to change styles across several pages at once. For example, a Web developer may want to increase the default text size from 10pt to 12pt for fifty pages of a Web site. If the pages all reference the same style sheet, the text size only needs to be changed on the style sheet and all the pages will show the larger text.

Javascript: Alongside HTML and CSS, JavaScript is one of the core technologies of the World Wide Web. JavaScript enables interactive web pages and is an essential part of web applications. The vast majority of websites use it for client-side page behavior, and all major web browsers have a dedicated JavaScript engine to execute it. As a multi-paradigm language, JavaScript supports event-driven, functional, and imperative programming styles. It has application programming interfaces (APIs) for working with text, dates, regular expressions, standard data structures, and the Document Object Model (DOM). However, the language itself does not include any input/output (I/O), such as networking, storage, or graphics facilities, as the host environment (usually a web browser) provides those APIs. JavaScript engines were originally used only in web browsers, but they are now embedded in server-side website deployments, usually via Node.js. They are also embedded in a variety of applications created with frameworks such as Electron and Cordova.

Python: Python is an interpreted, object-oriented programming language similar to PERL, that has gained popularity because of its clear syntax and readability. Python is said to be relatively easy to learn and portable, meaning its statements can be interpreted in a number of operating systems, including UNIX-based systems, Mac OS, MS-DOS, OS/2, and various versions of Microsoft Windows 98. Python was created by Guido van Rossum, a former resident of the Netherlands, whose favorite comedy group at the time was Monty Python's Flying Circus. The source code is freely available and open for modification and reuse. Python has a significant number of users.

Django: Django is a high-level Python Web framework that encourages rapid development and clean pragmatic design. A Web framework is a set of components that provide a standard way to develop websites fast and easily. Django's primary goal is to ease the creation of complex database-driven websites. Some well known sites that use Django include PBS, Instagram, Disqus, Washington Times, Bitbucket and Mozilla.

It's very easy to switch database in Django framework. It has built-in admin interface which makes easy to work with it. Django is fully functional framework that requires nothing else. It has thousands of additional packages available. It is very scalable.

PostgreSQL : PostgreSQL is a powerful, open source, object-relational database management system (ORDBMS). It is used to store data securely; supporting best practices and allow retrieving them when request is processed. PostgreSQL (also pronounced as Post-gress-Q-L) is developed by the PostgreSQL Global Development Group (a worldwide team of volunteers). It is not controlled by any corporation or other private entity. It is open source and its source code is available free of charge. PostgreSQL is cross platform and runs on many operating systems such as Linux, FreeBSD, OS X, Solaris, and Microsoft Windows etc.

Postgres uses an authentication scheme called "peer authentication" for local connections. Basically, this means that if the user's operating system username matches a valid Postgres username, that user can login with no further authentication.

PgAdmin : pgAdmin is the leading Open Source management tool for Postgres, the world's most advanced Open Source database. pgAdmin 4 is designed to meet the needs of both novice and experienced Postgres users alike, providing a powerful graphical interface that simplifies the creation, maintenance and use of database objects. PgAdmin is graphical user interface administration tool for PostgreSQL. It is a client tool for working with existing local or remote PostgreSQL servers. It does not include a PostgreSQL database server.

CHAPTER 3

SOFTWARE DESIGN

3.1. INTRODUCTION

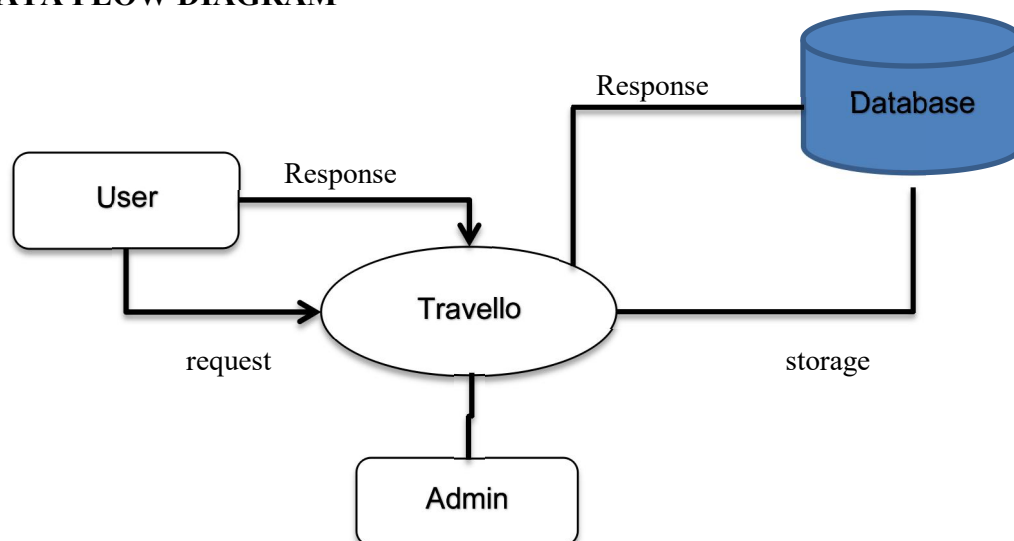
Software design is a process to transform user requirements into some suitable form, which helps the programmer in software coding and implementation. Software design is the first step in SDLC (Software Design Life Cycle), which moves the concentration from problem domain to solution domain. It tries to specify how to fulfill the requirements mentioned in SRS.

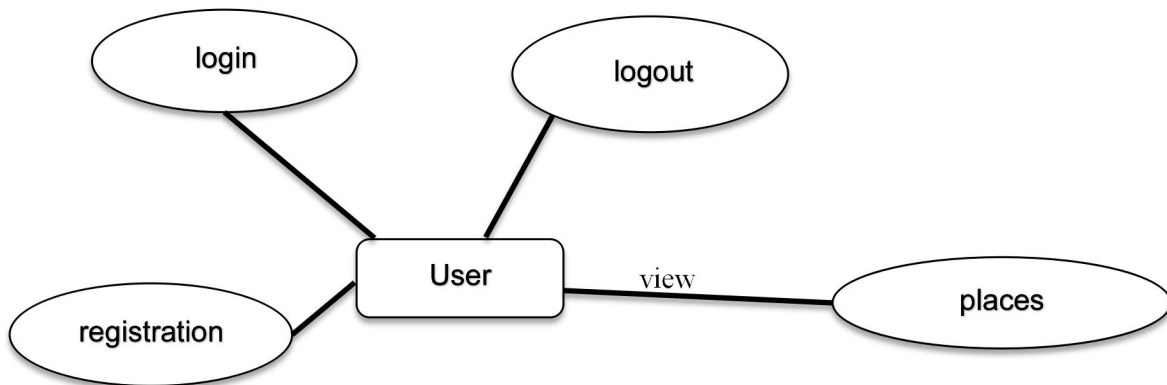
3.2. UML Diagram

A diagram is the graphical presentation of a set of elements, most often rendered as a connect graph of vertices and arcs. You draw to visualize a system from different perspective, so a diagram is a projection into a system. For all but most trivial systems, a diagram represents an elided view of the element that make up a system. The same element may appear in all diagrams, only a few diagrams or in no diagrams at all. In theory, a diagram may contain any combination of things and relationships. In practice, however, a small number of common combinations arise, which are consistent with the five most useful views that comprise the architecture of a software-intensive system.

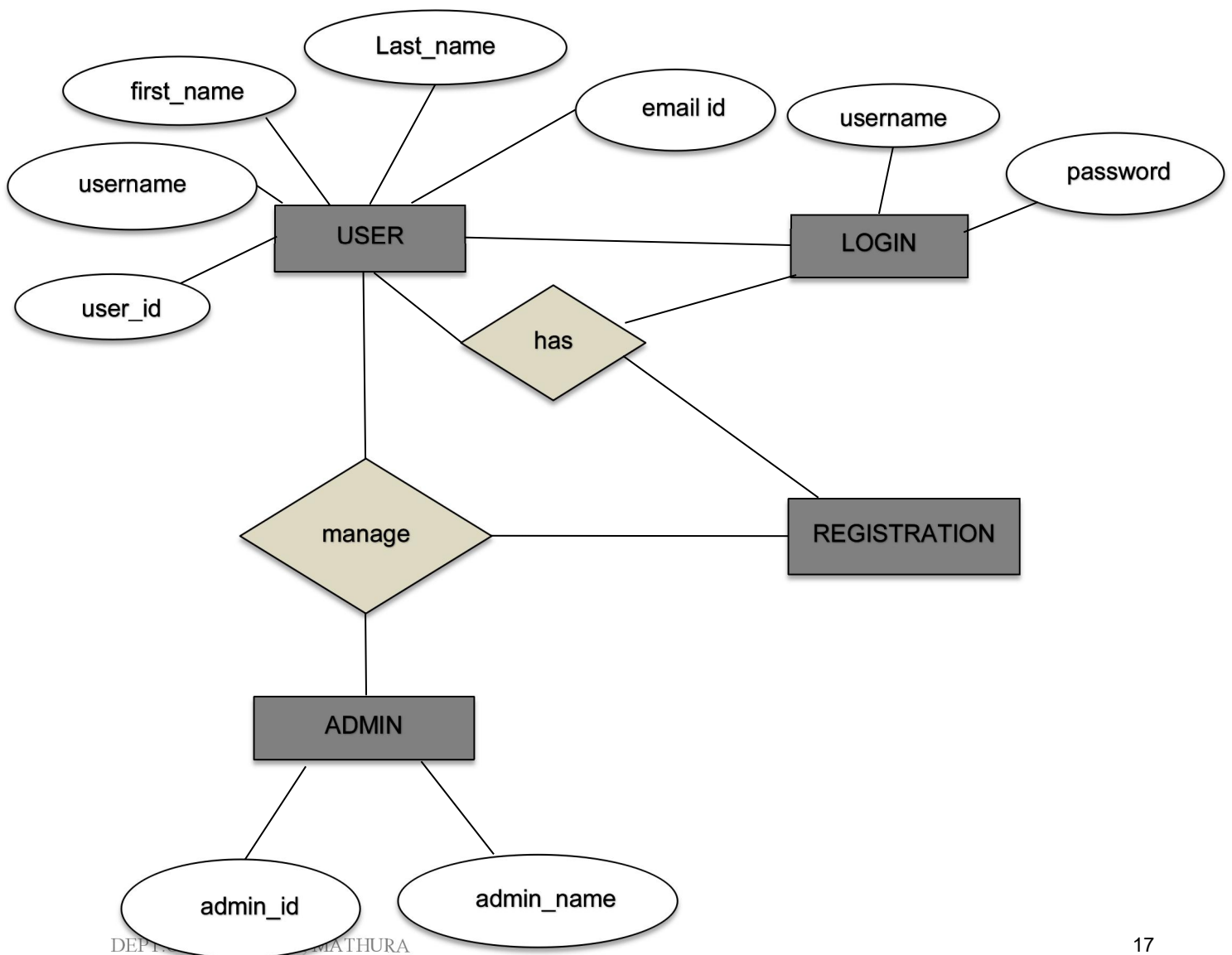
1. Data Flow Diagram
2. Use case Diagram

1. DATA FLOW DIAGRAM





ER DIAGRAM



Chapter 4

SOFTWARE TESTING

Software testing is defined as an activity to check whether the actual results match the expected results and to ensure that the software system is Defect free. It involves execution of a software component or system component to evaluate one or more properties of interest. Software testing also helps to identify errors, gaps or missing requirements in contrary to the actual requirements. It can be either done manually or using automated tools. Some prefer saying Software testing as a White Box and Black Box Testing. In simple terms, Software Testing means Verification of Application Under Test (AUT).

4.2 FEASIBILITY STUDY

The feasibility of the project is analysed in this phase and business proposal is put forth with a very general plan for the project and some cost estimates. During system analysis the feasibility study of the proposed system is to be carried out. This is to ensure that the proposed system is not a burden to the company. For feasibility analysis, some understanding of the major requirements for the system is essential.

Three key considerations involved in the feasibility analysis are:

4.3.1 Economic Feasibility

This study is carried out to check the economic impact will have on the system will have on the organization. The amount of fund that the company can pour into the research and development of the system is limited. The expenditures must be justified.

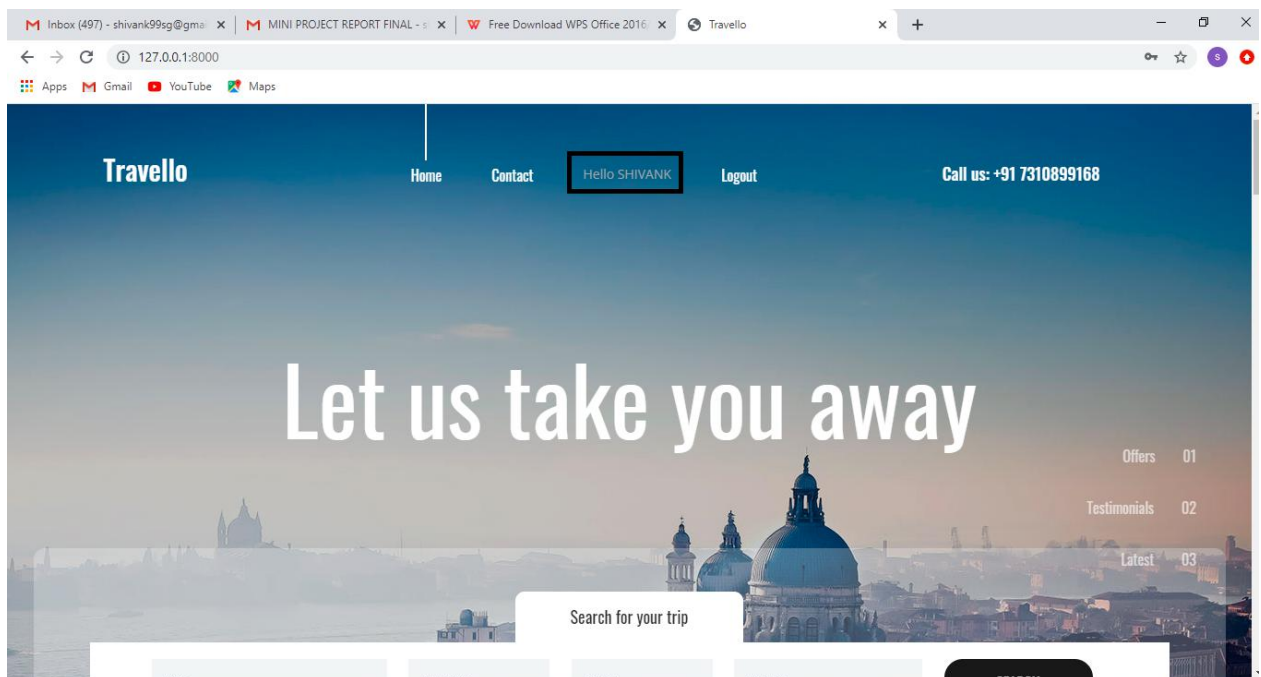
4.3.2 Technical Feasibility

This study is carried out to check the technical feasibility, that is, the technical requirements of the system. Any system developed must not have a high demand on the available available technical resources.

4.3.3 Operational Feasibility

The aspect of study is to check the level of acceptance of the system by the user. This includes the process of training the user to use the system efficiently. The user must not feel threatened by the system, instead must accept it as a necessity.

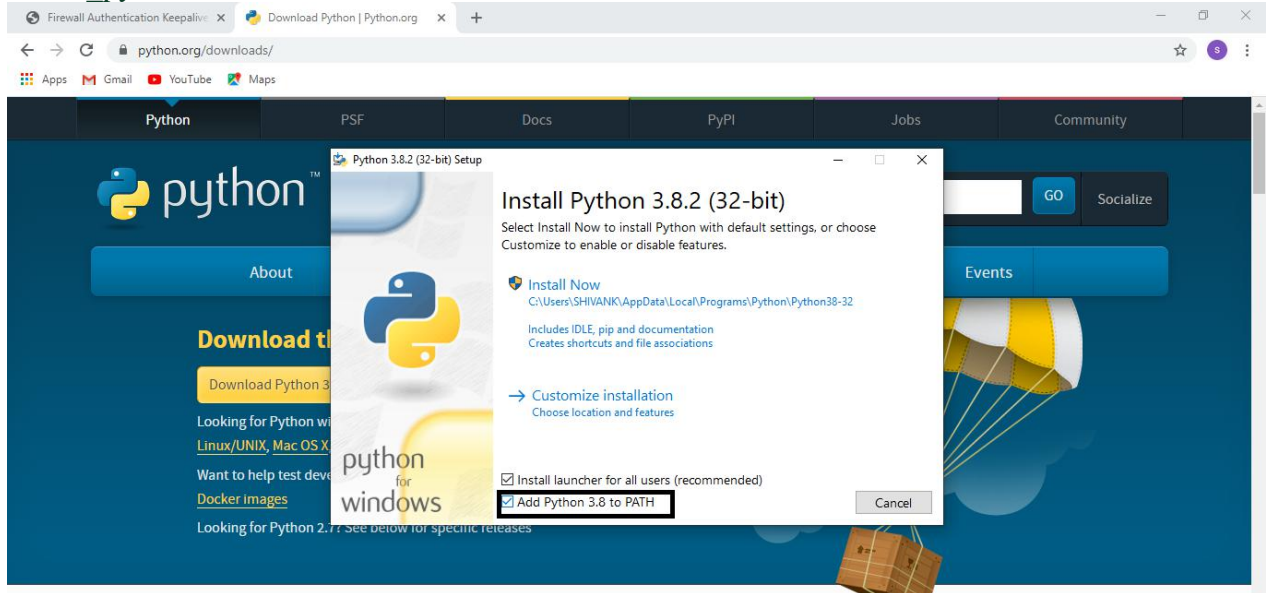
After login user can get the following pages:



Chapter 5

5. IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS:

Install_python



Install Django

You've got three easy options to install Django:

- Install an official release. This is the best approach for most users.
- Install a version of Django provided by your operating system distribution.
- Install the latest development version. This option is for enthusiasts who want the latest-and-greatest features and aren't afraid of running brand new code. You might encounter new bugs in the development version, but reporting them helps the development of Django. Also, releases of third-party packages are less likely to be compatible with the development version than with the latest stable release.

COMMAND TO INSTALL DJANGO AFTER PYTHON:

```
pip install django
```

Now the django framework is ready to use

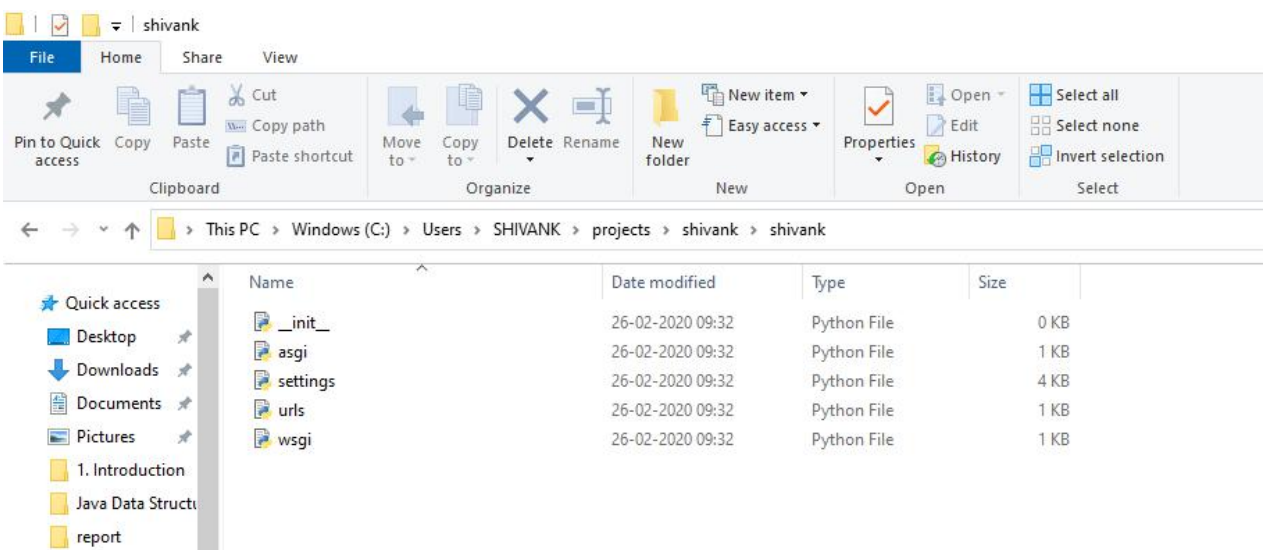
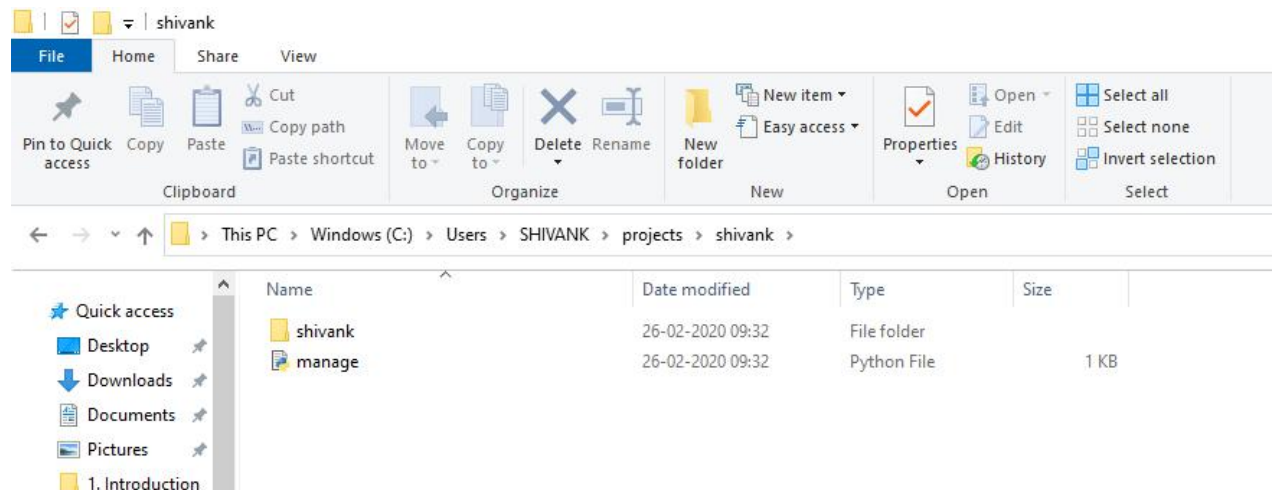
If Django is installed, you should see the version of your installation. If it isn't, you'll get an error telling "No module named django".

CREATING A PROJECT

From the command line, **cd** into a directory where you'd like to store your code, then run the following command:

```
$ django-admin startproject shivank
```

Let's look at what **startproject** created:



These files are:

- The outer **mysite/** root directory is just a container for your project. Its name doesn't matter to Django; you can rename it to anything you like.
- **manage.py**: A command-line utility that lets you interact with this Django project in various ways. You can read all the details about **manage.py** in `django-admin` and `manage.py`.
- The inner **mysite/** directory is the actual Python package for your project. Its name is the Python package name you'll need to use to import anything inside it (e.g. **mysite.urls**).
- **mysite/__init__.py**: An empty file that tells Python that this directory should be considered a Python package. If you're a Python beginner, read more about packages in the official Python docs.
- **mysite/settings.py**: Settings/configuration for this Django project. Django settings will tell you all about how settings work.
- **mysite/urls.py**: The URL declarations for this Django project; a “table of contents” of your Django-powered site. You can read more about URLs in `URL dispatcher`.
- **mysite/wsgi.py**: An entry-point for WSGI-compatible web servers to serve your project. See `How to deploy with WSGI` for more details.

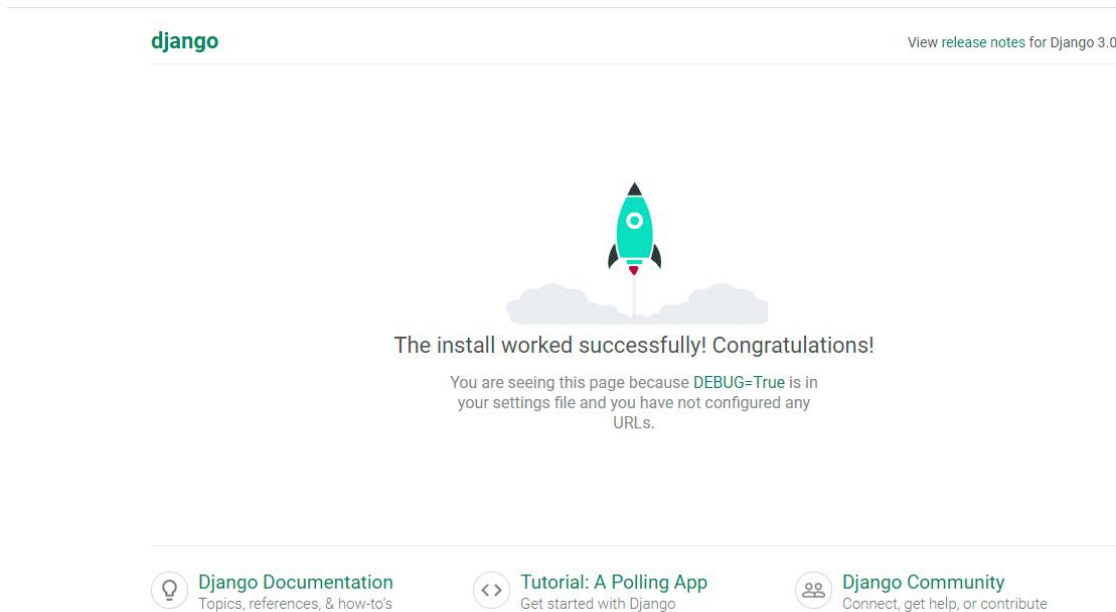
The development server

Move to the 'a' directory by using `cd` command

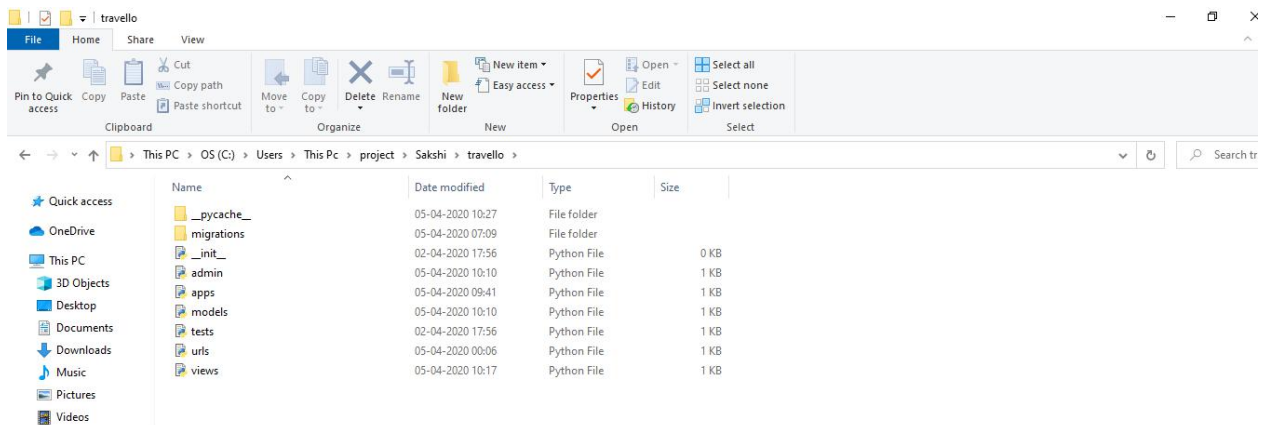
You've started the Django development server, a lightweight Web server written purely in Python. We've included this with Django so you can develop things rapidly, without having to deal with configuring a production server – such as Apache – until you're ready for production.

Now's a good time to note: **don't** use this server in anything resembling a production environment. It's intended only for use while developing. (We're in the business of making Web frameworks, not Web servers.)

Now that the server's running, visit <http://127.0.0.1:8000/> with your Web browser. You'll see a "Congratulations!" page, with a rocket taking off. It worked!



To get started with creating the first Django website project, we need to create a new folder. Here, these are the files which are present in our website inside the folder Sakshi:



After that open that views.py file with editor and make the view

To call the view, we need to map it to a URL - and for this we need a URLconf.

To create a URLconf in the polls directory, create a file called **urls.py**.

Open urls.py and give the path of the function which is created in views.py

Database setup

Now, open up **mysite/settings.py**. It's a normal Python module with module-level variables representing Django settings.

By default, the configuration uses SQLite. If you're new to databases, or you're just interested in trying Django, this is the easiest choice. SQLite is included in Python, so you won't need to install anything else to support your database. When starting your first real project, however, you may want to use a more scalable database like PostgreSQL, to avoid database-switching headaches down the road.

If you wish to use another database, install the appropriate database bindings and change the following keys in the **DATABASES 'default'** item to match your database connection settings:

By default, **INSTALLED_APPS** contains the following apps, all of which come with Django:

- **django.contrib.admin** – The admin site. You'll use it shortly.
- **django.contrib.auth** – An authentication system.
- **django.contrib.contenttypes** – A framework for content types.
- **django.contrib.sessions** – A session framework.
- **django.contrib.messages** – A messaging framework.
- **django.contrib.staticfiles** – A framework for managing static files.

These applications are included by default as a convenience for the common case.

Some of these applications make use of at least one database table, though, so we need to create the tables in the database before we can use them.

```
$ python manage.py migrate
```

The **migrate** command looks at the **INSTALLED_APPS** setting and creates any necessary database tables according to the database settings in your **mysite/settings.py** file and the database migrations shipped with the app (we'll cover those later). You'll see a message for each migration

it applies. If you're interested, run the command-line client for your database and type `\dt(PostgreSQL)`, `SHOW TABLES;` (MySQL), `.schema` (SQLite), or `SELECT TABLE_NAME FROM USER_TABLES;` (Oracle) to display the tables Django created.

Creating models

Now we'll define your models – essentially, your database layout, with additional metadata

The code is straightforward. Each model is represented by a class that subclasses **`django.db.models.Model`**. Each model has a number of class variables, each of which represents a database field in the model.

Each field is represented by an instance of a **`Field`** class – e.g., **`CharField`** for character fields and **`DateTimeField`** for datetimes. This tells Django what type of data each field holds.

The name of each **`Field`** instance (e.g. **`question_text`** or **`pub_date`**) is the field's name, in machine-friendly format. You'll use this value in your Python code, and your database will use it as the column name.

You can use an optional first positional argument to a **`Field`** to designate a human-readable name. That's used in a couple of introspective parts of Django, and it doubles as documentation. If this field isn't provided, Django will use the machine-readable name. In this example, we've only defined a human-readable name for **`Question.pub_date`**. For all other fields in this model, the field's machine-readable name will suffice as its human-readable name.

Some **`Field`** classes have required arguments. **`CharField`**, for example, requires that you give it a **`max_length`**. That's used not only in the database schema, but in validation, as we'll soon see.

A **`Field`** can also have various optional arguments; in this case, we've set the **`default`** value of **`votes`** to 0.

Finally, note a relationship is defined, using **`ForeignKey`**. That tells Django each **`Choice`** is related to a single **`Question`**. Django supports all the common database relationships: many-to-one, many-to-many, and one-to-one.

Now Django knows to include the `travello` app. Let's run another command:

```
$ python manage.py makemigrations
```

By running **makemigrations**, you're telling Django that you've made some changes to your models (in this case, you've made new ones) and that you'd like the changes to be stored as a *migration*.

Migrations are how Django stores changes to your models (and thus your database schema) - they're just files on disk. You can read the migration for your new model if you like; it's the file `/migrations/0001_initial.py`. Don't worry, you're not expected to read them every time Django makes one, but they're designed to be human-editable in case you want to manually tweak how Django changes things.

There's a command that will run the migrations for you and manage your database schema automatically - that's called **migrate**, and we'll come to it in a moment - but first, let's see what SQL that migration would run. The **sqlmigrate** command takes migration names and returns their SQL:

Introducing the Django Admin

Creating an admin user¶

First we'll need to create a user who can login to the admin site. Run the following command:

```
$ python manage.py createsuperuser
```

Enter your desired username and press enter.

```
Username: shivank
```

You will then be prompted for your desired email address:

```
Email address: shivank99sg@gmail.com
```

The final step is to enter your password. You will be asked to enter your password twice, the second time as a confirmation of the first.

```
Password: *****
```

Password (again): *****

Superuser created successfully.

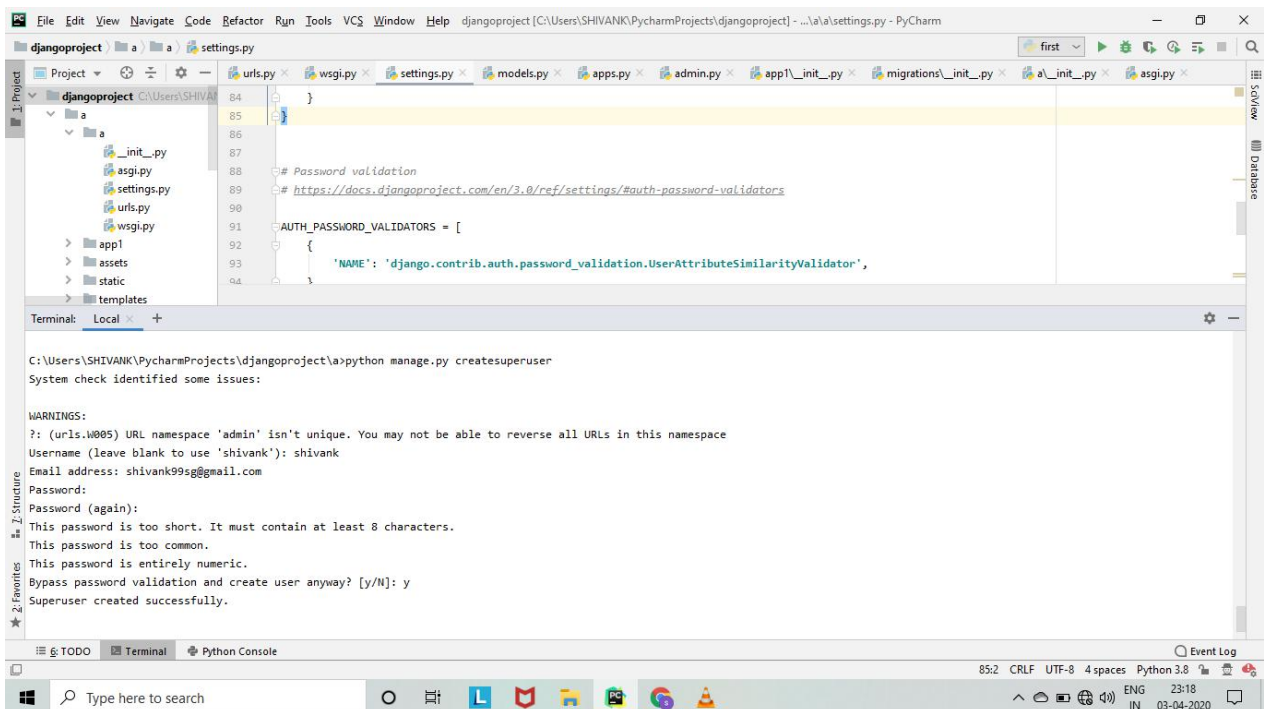
Start the development server

The Django admin site is activated by default. Let's start the development server and explore it.

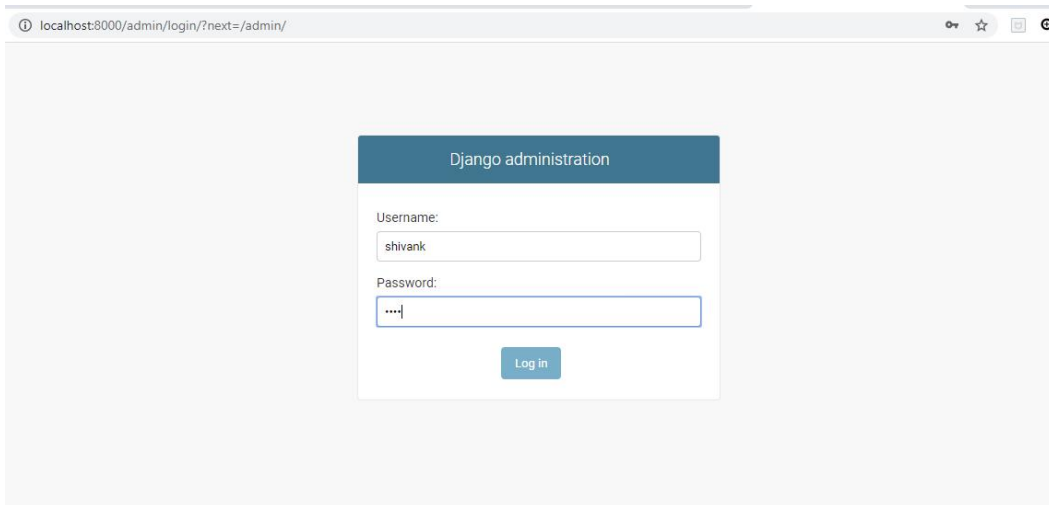
If the server is not running start it like so:

```
$ python manage.py runserver
```

Now, open a Web browser and go to “/admin/” on your local domain – e.g., <http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/>. You should see the admin’s login screen:

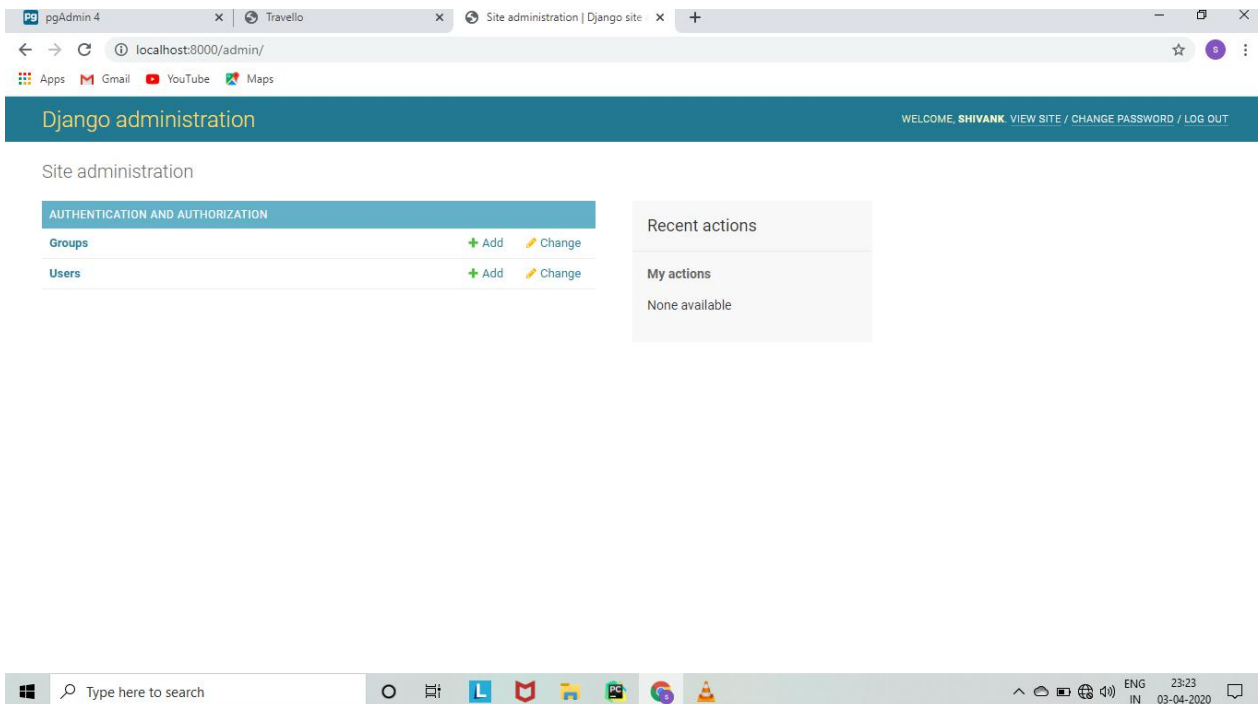


Enter the admin site Now, try logging in with the superuser account you created in the previous step. You should see the Django admin index page:



You should see a few types of editable content: groups and users. They are provided by **django.contrib.auth**, the authentication framework shipped by Django.

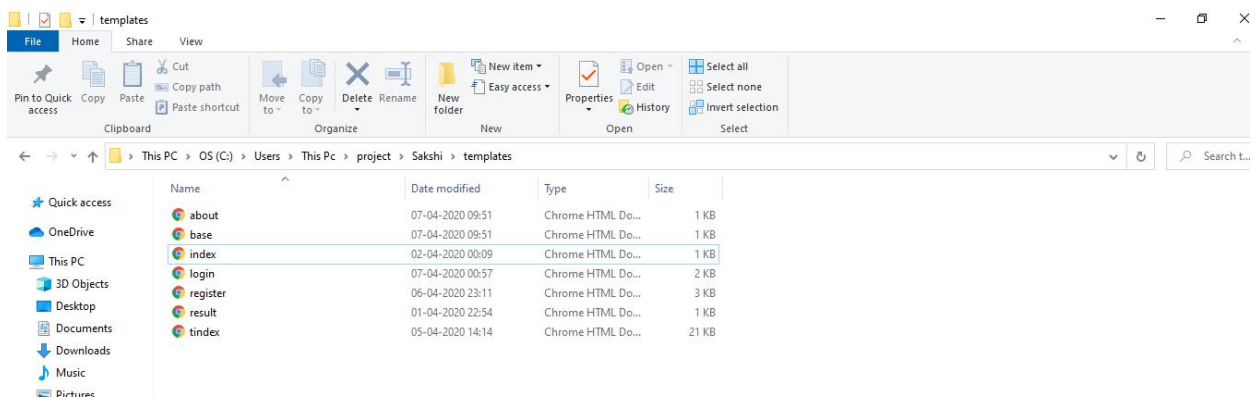
Explore the free admin functionality



Your project's **TEMPLATES** setting describes how Django will load and render templates. The default settings file configures a **Django Templates** backend whose **APP_DIRS** option is set to **True**. By convention **Django Templates** looks for a “templates” subdirectory in each of the **INSTALLED_APPS**.

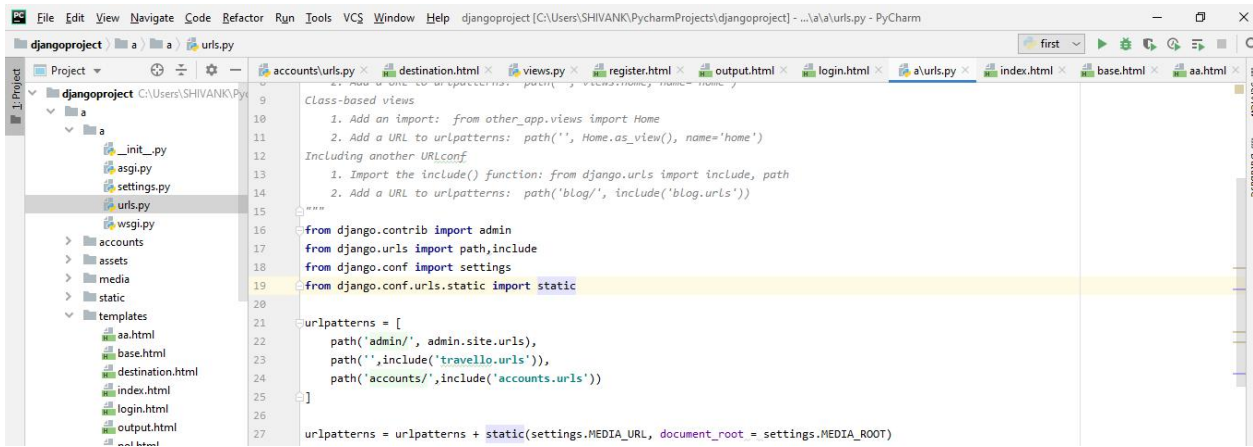
Within the **templates** directory you have just created, within that create a file called **index.html**. In other words, your template should be at **Shivank/templates/index.html**. Because of how the **app_directories** template loader works as described above, you can refer to this template within Django simply as **Shivank/index.html**.

Now open the templates folder



Configuring the URL:

We need to configure the URL of the project and the application. First, open the **Web_Site/urls.py** file and change this:



Then we change the models names, templates and set the path in views.py of our website.

Now, we will connect our website to the database, here we used PostgreSQL to manage the data dynamically so that in future the admin don't need to view the whole code for changing the details of our apps. Instead of that, django gives that permission to change the details from the database through pgAdmin.

\$ python manage.py makemigrations

makemigrations, which is responsible for creating new migrations based on the changes you have made to your models.

After that we write command:

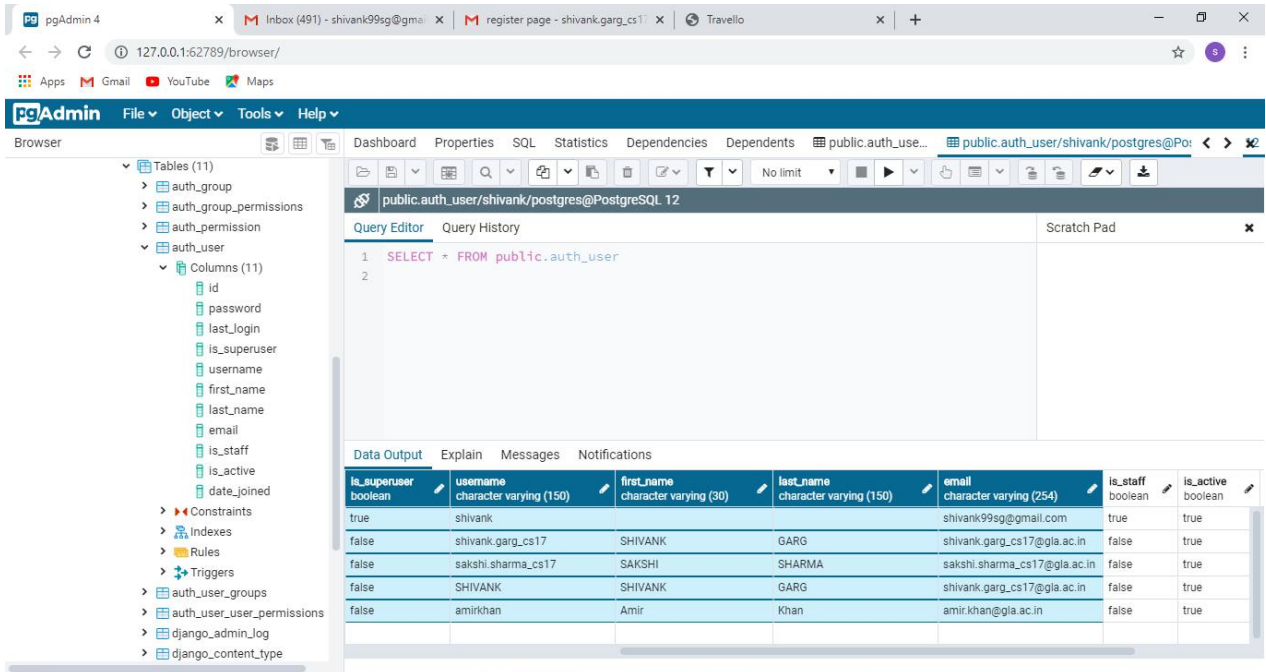
\$ python manage.py sqlmigrate travello 0001

To create model Destination

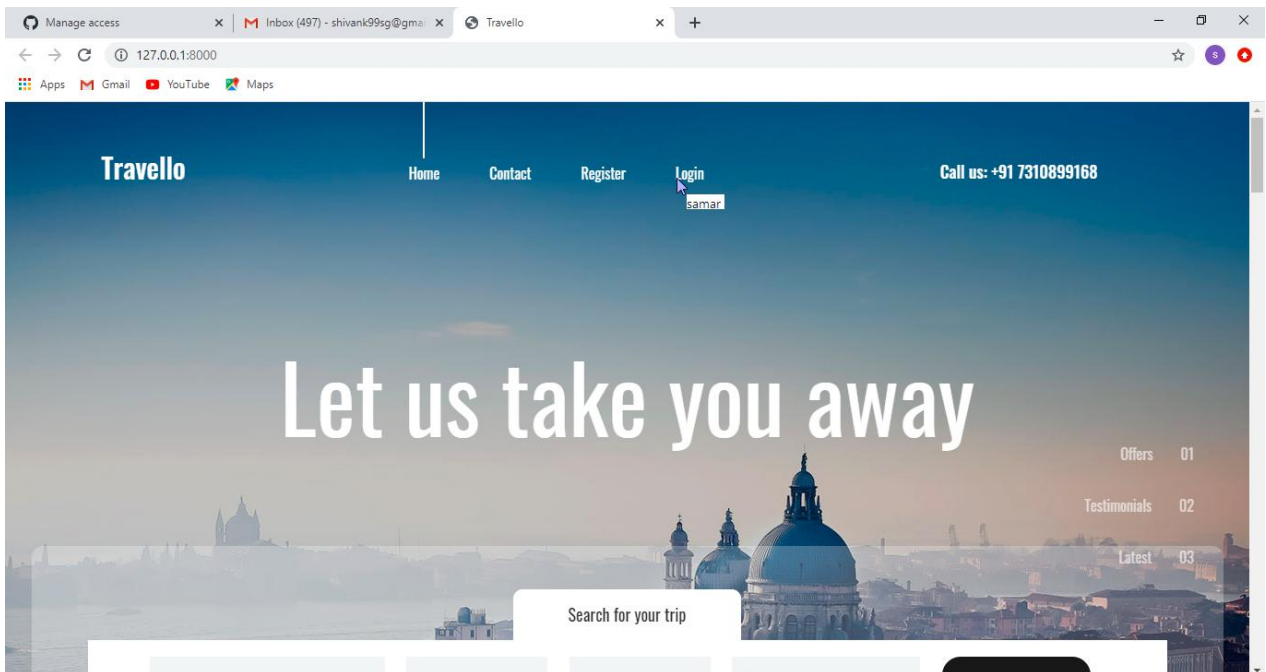
PostgreSQL is a powerful, open source object-relational database system.

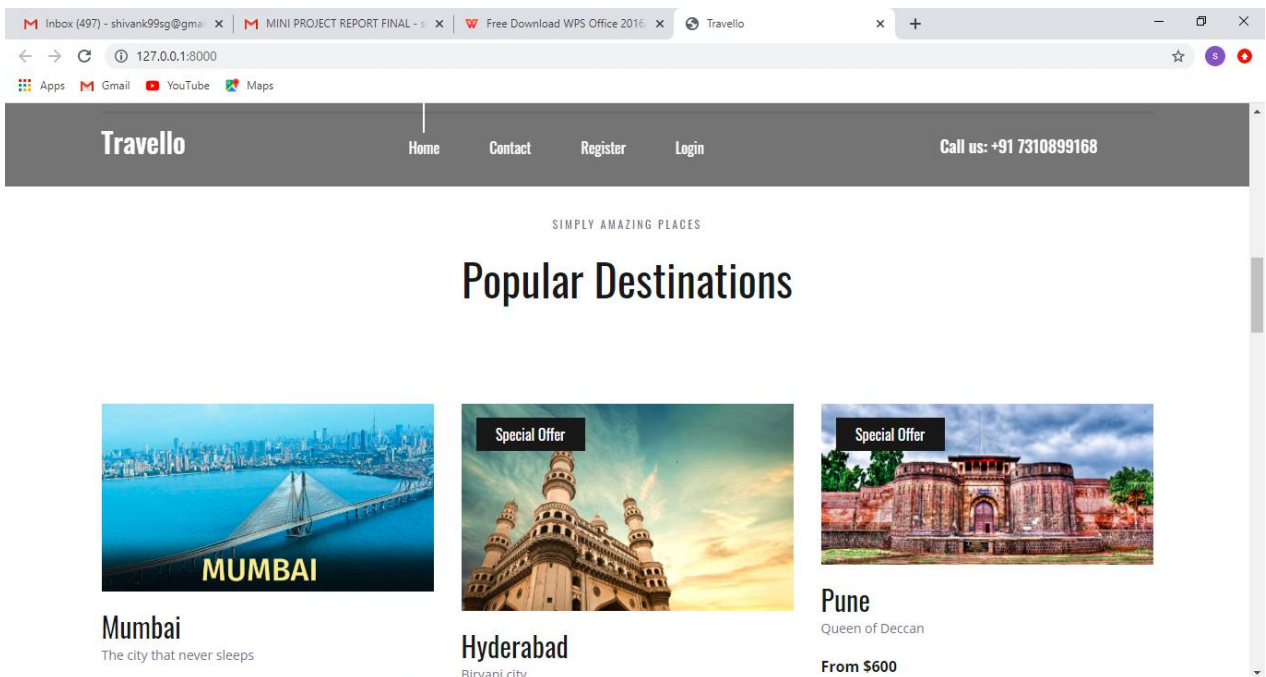
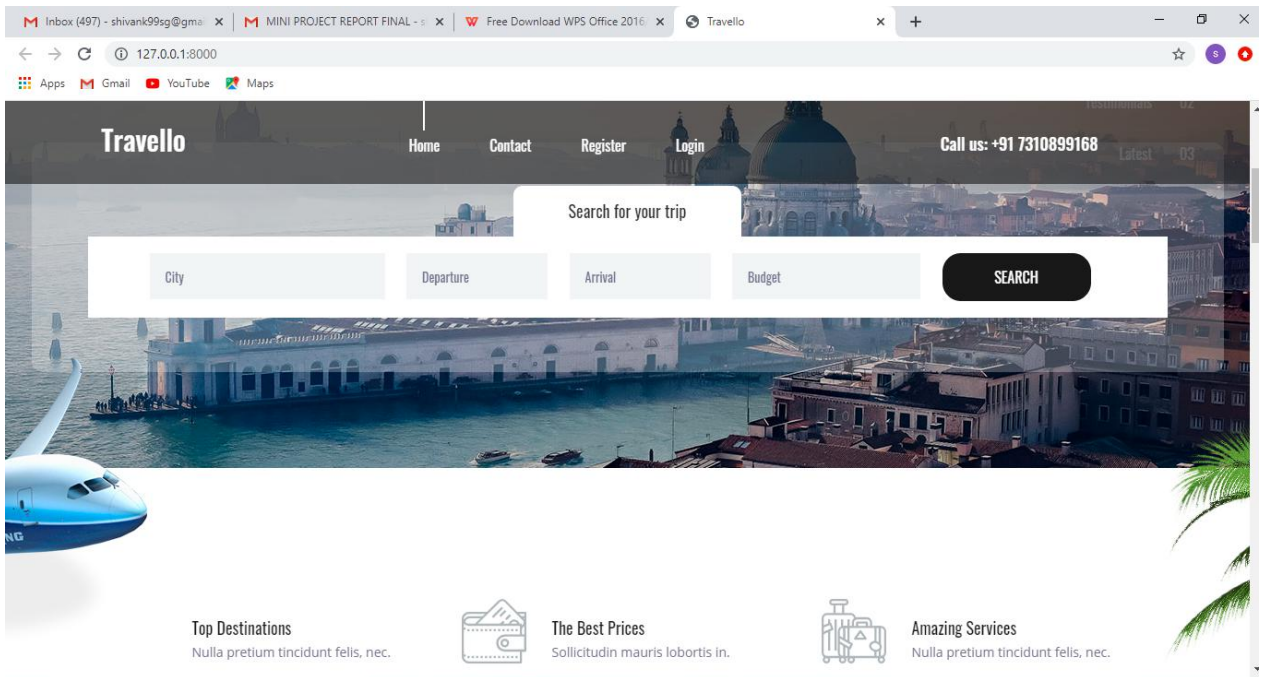
The only caveat is that prior to PostgreSQL 11, adding columns with default values causes a full rewrite of the table, for a time proportional to its size. For this reason, it's recommended you always create new columns with **null=True**, as this way they will be added immediately.

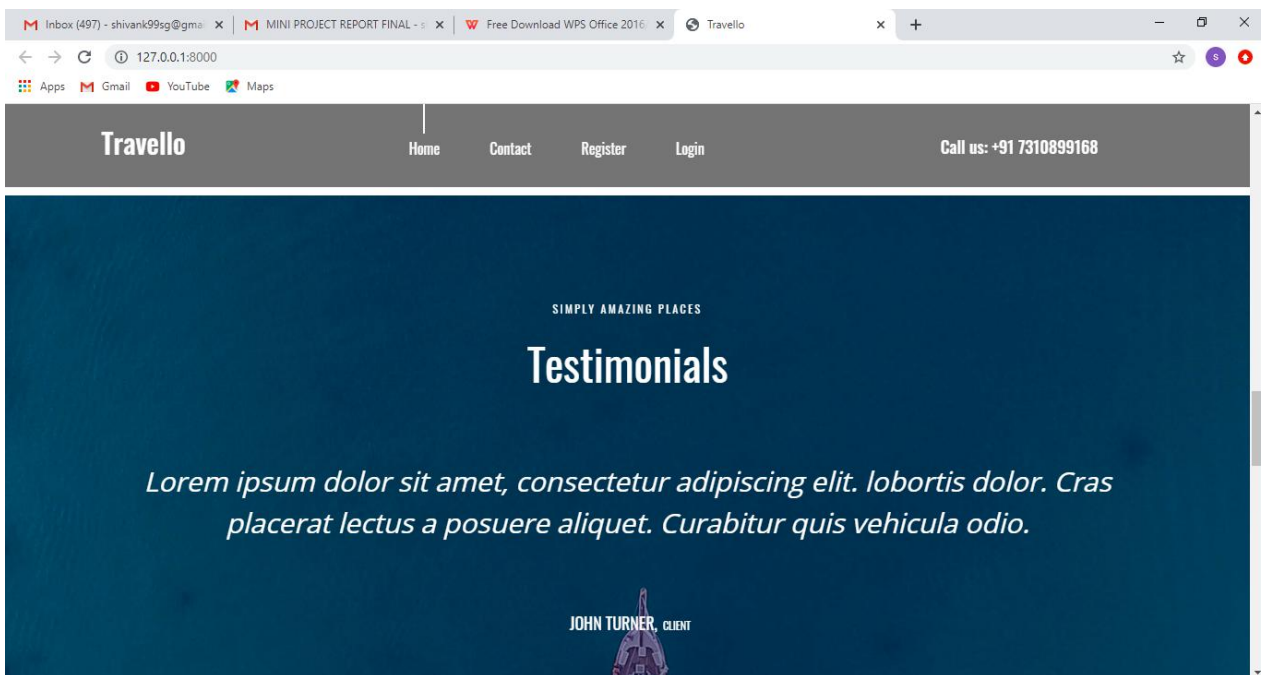
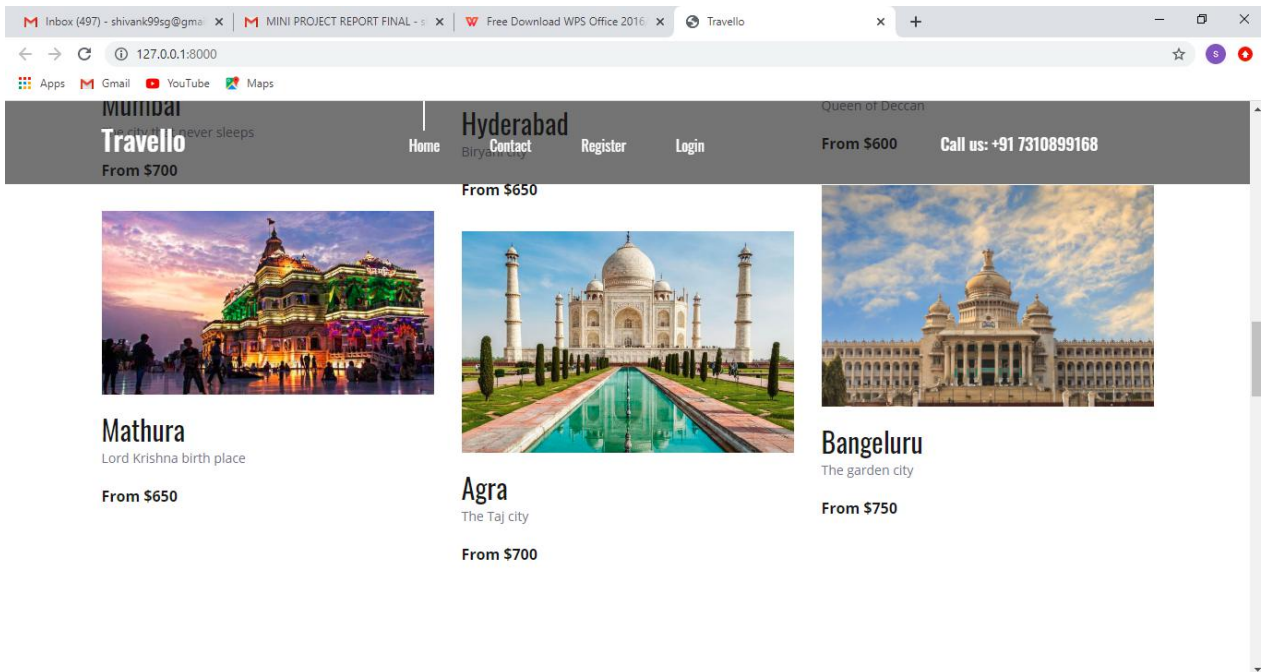
Now the data of users will store in the database who registered in the website as

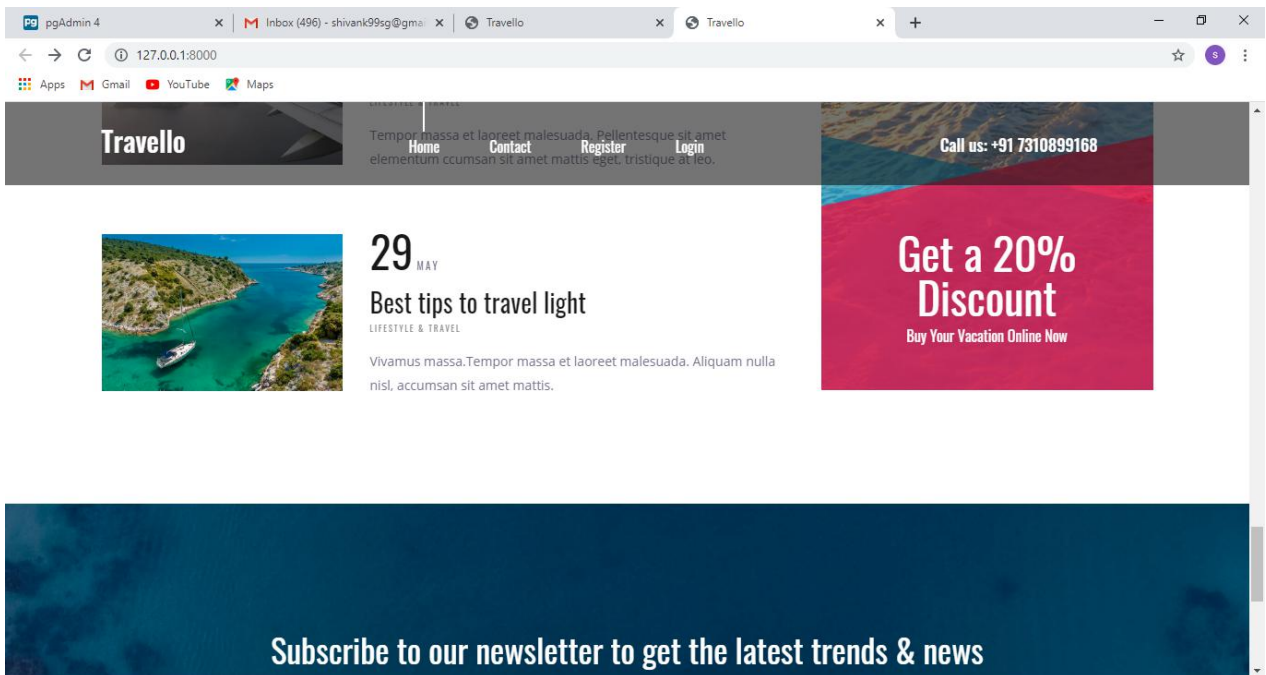
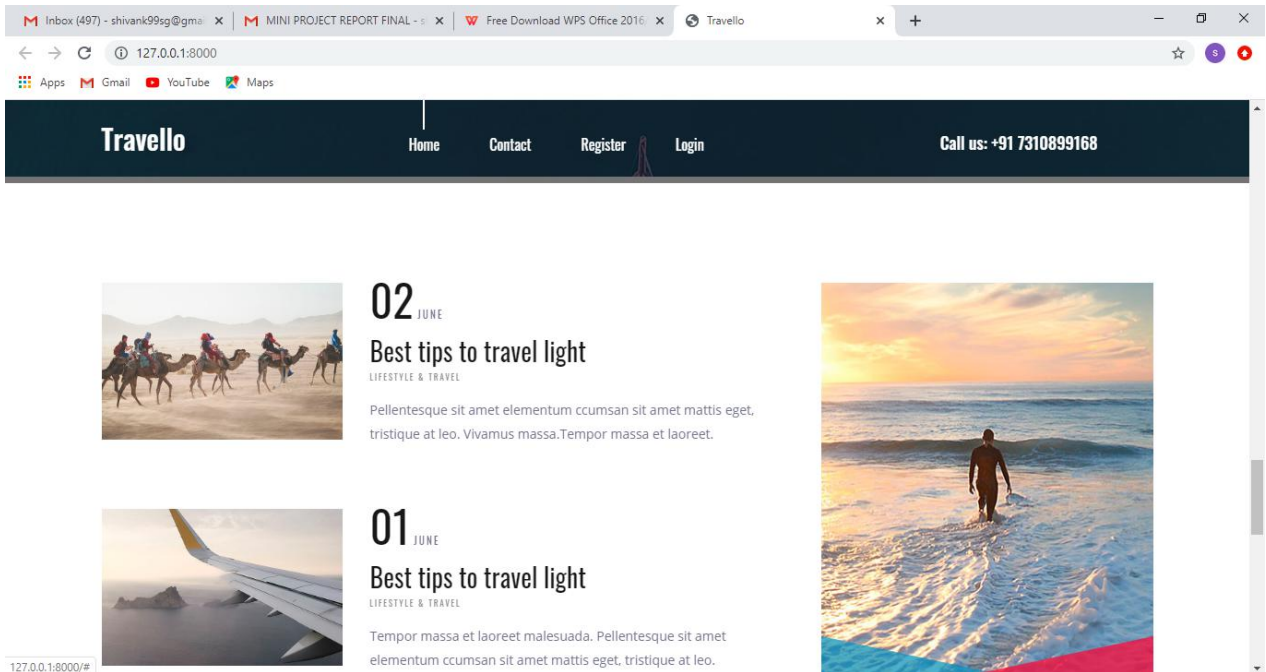


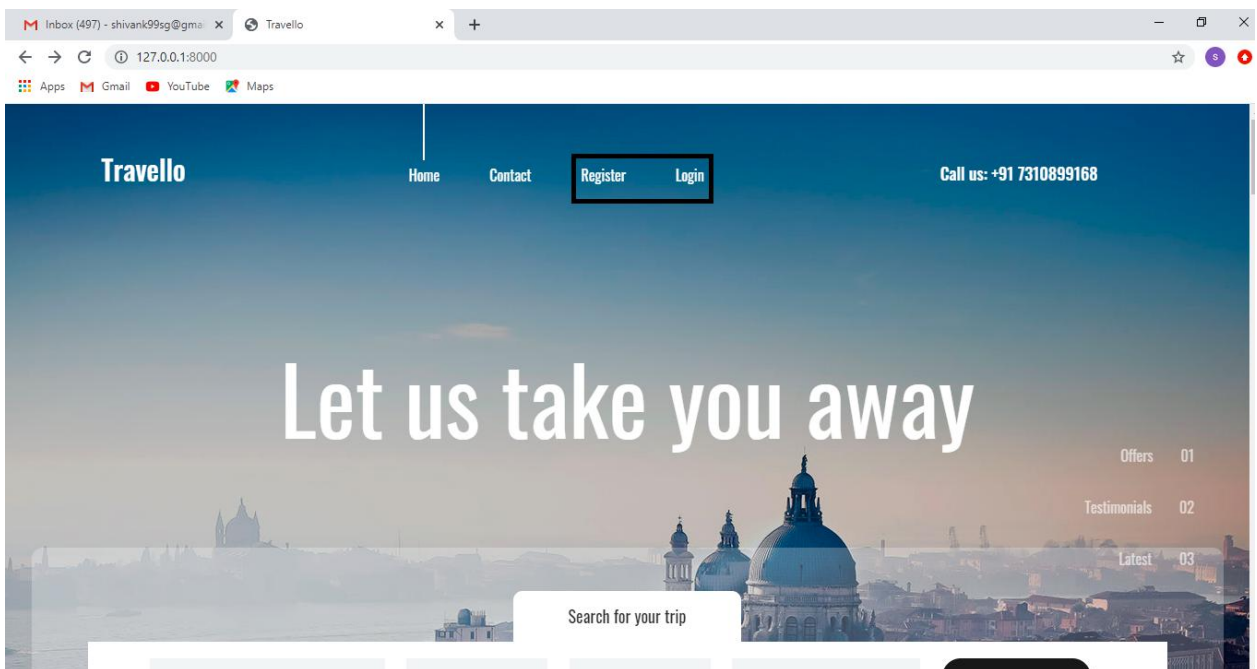
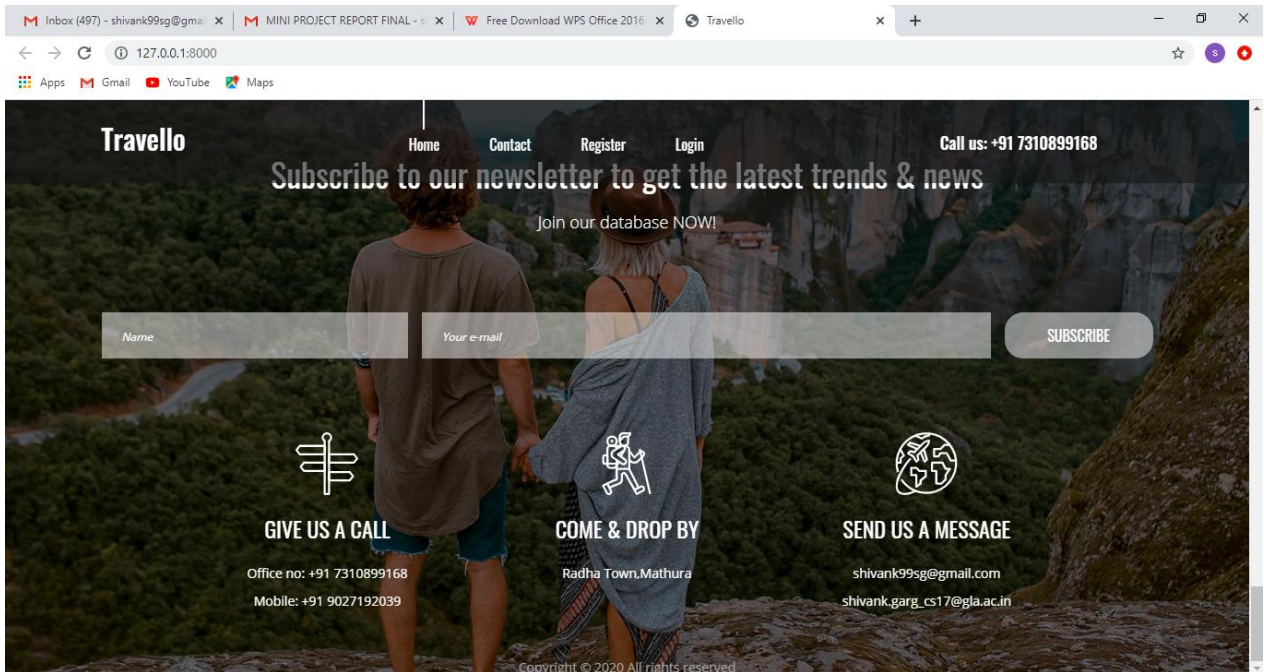
USER INTERFACE











← → ↻ 127.0.0.1:8000/accounts/register

Apps Gmail YouTube Maps

Sign Up

SHIVANK

GARG

SHIVANK

shivank.garg_cs17@gla.ac.in

SignUp

Type here to search

ENG IN 01:19 09-04-2020

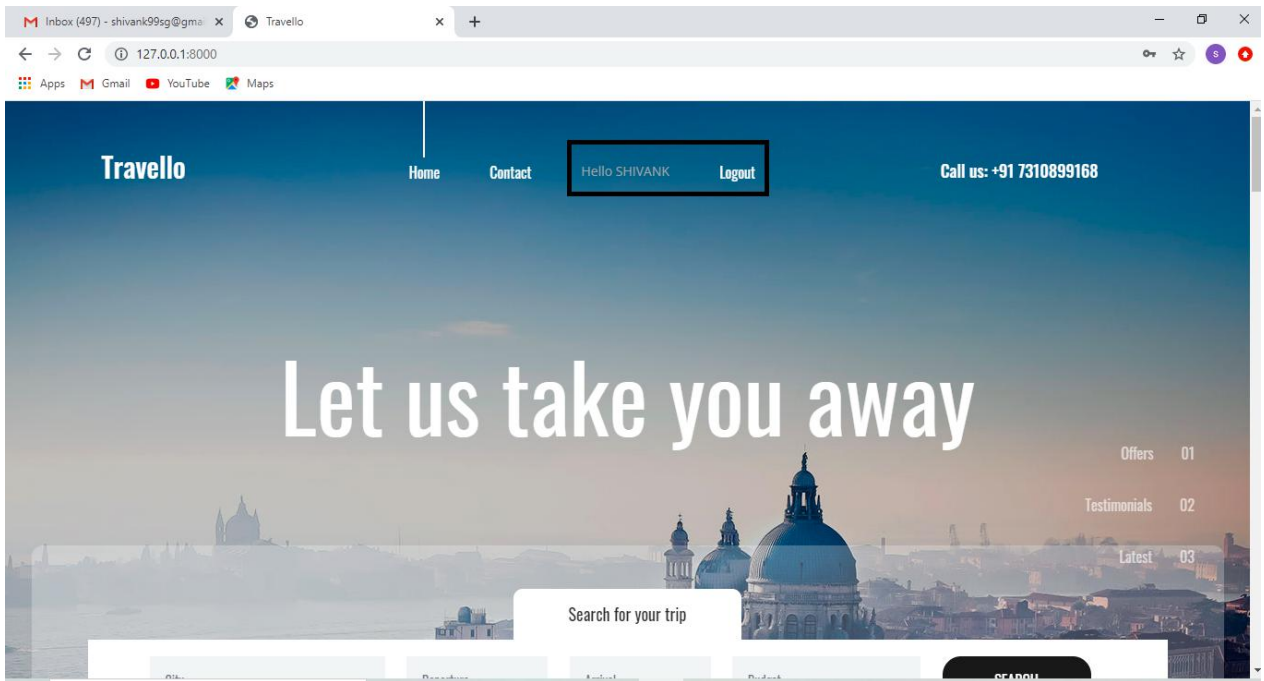
← → ↻ 127.0.0.1:8000/accounts/login

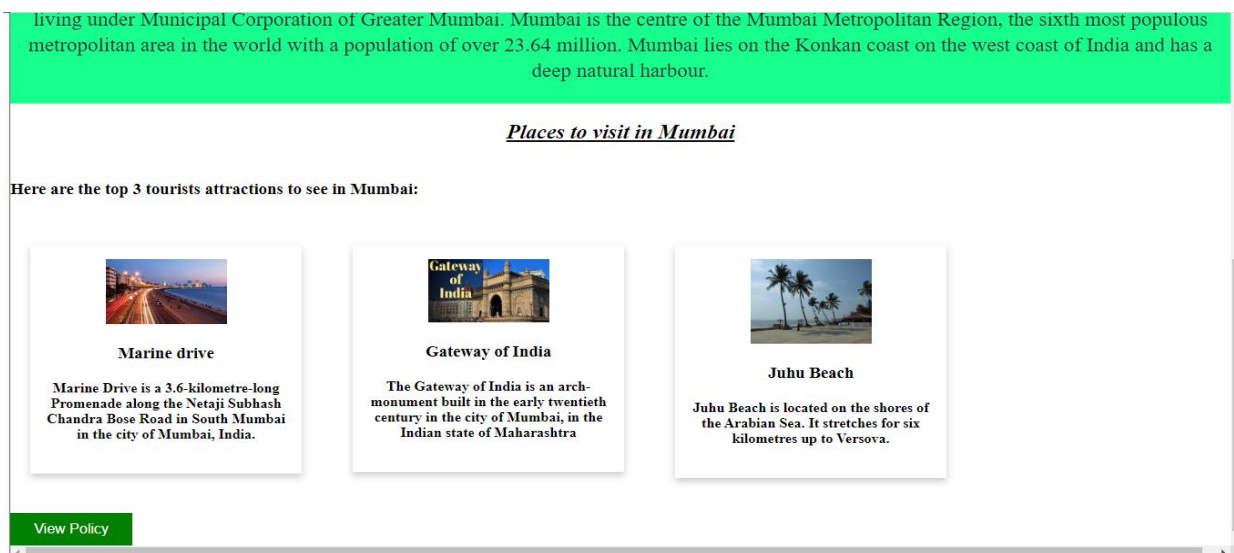
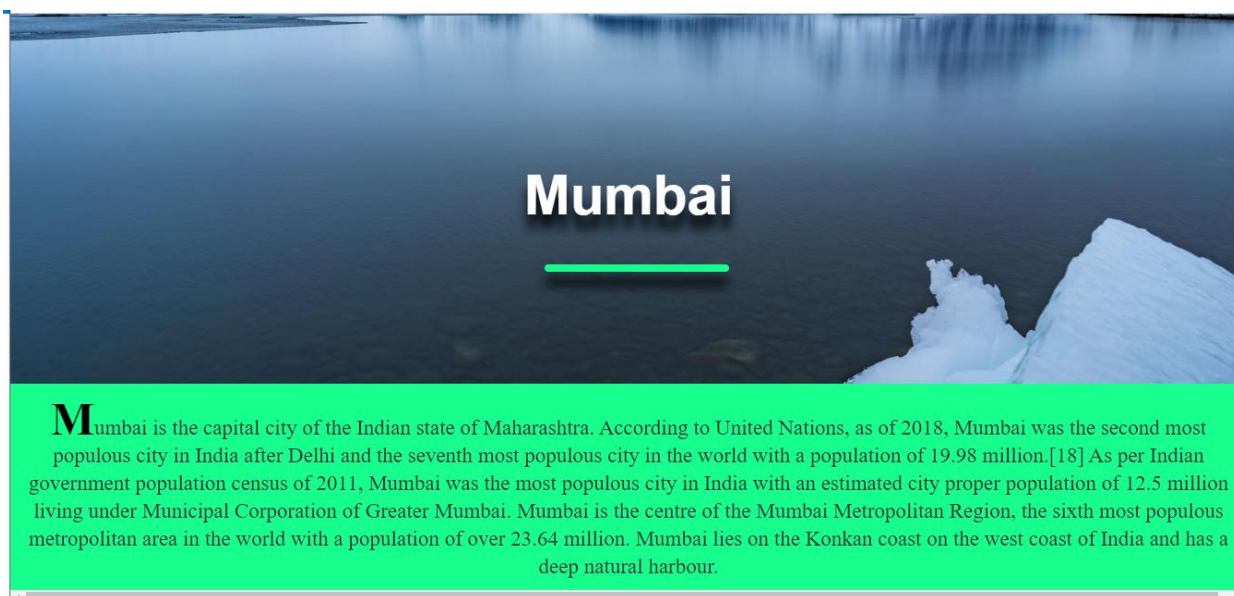
Apps Gmail YouTube Maps

Login

SHIVANK

Login





Inclusions

- ✓ Welcome drink on arrival
- ✓ Wi-Fi
- ✓ Parking and Toll tax
- ✓ Pick and Drop at time of arrival/departure
- ✓ Driver's allowance, Road tax and Fuel charges
- ✓ Breakfast

More +

Exclusions

- ✓ Camera fee
- ✓ Alcoholic / Non- Alcoholic beverages
- ✓ Travel insurance
- ✓ 5% GST
- ✓ Any Airfare / Train fare
- ✓ Expenses caused by factors beyond our control like rail and flight delays,

More +

Payment Policy

Booking Fee

From 21 Aug 2018 to 31 Dec 2020

- ✓ 30 or more days before departure: 25%
- ✓ Between 29 to 15 days before departure: 60%
- ✓ Between 14 to 1 days before departure: 100%

Cancellation Policy

Cancellation charges per person

From 21 Aug 2018 to 31 Dec 2020

- ✓ 30 or more days before departure: 30%
- ✓ Between 29 to 20 days before departure: 50%
- ✓ Between 19 to 1 days before departure: 100%

Terms & Conditions

- Please deposit 60 percent of the booking amount in advance to confirm the booking.
- The above rates are excluding GST.
- Check-in time in the hotels is 12 PM and check-out time is 11 AM. All the aforementioned itineraries are a sample in order to give you a basic idea of what the trip schedule would look like. number of factors such as road conditions, physical ability of travellers, weather etc. could cause changes in the itinerary either before or during the tour. We hold the right to make changes the schedule keeping in mind the safety, comfort & general well being of travellers.
- Please note that we will not be responsible for any delays & alterations in the programme as well as any expenses that arise directly or indirectly from natural hazards, accident, machinery equipments breakdown, flight cancellations, breakdown of transport, sickness, landslides, weather, political closures or any untoward incidents.
- Please note that we do not provide any insurance policy to cover the expenses for sickness, loss due to theft, accident or any other reasons. We advise visitors to make insurance arrangements in their home country. Also, all personal properties and baggage are at the client's risk at all times.
- We will not be liable for any costs arising from unforeseen situations like bad weather, landslides, road blocks etc.
- In the event of cancellation of tour / travel services due to any avoidable / unavoidable reason/s, we must be notified of the same in writing. Note that cancellation charges will be effective from the date of receipt of the advice in writing and all the respective cancellation charges will apply.
- Booking made for visits to all wildlife safaris such as the Indian wildlife national parks/sanctuaries are non-refundable. Even date change requests will be considered as cancellation and no payment will be refunded. The primary guest must be at least 18 years of age to be able to check in at the hotel.
- All guests are required to present a valid photo id during check-in. Also, as per government regulations, every person over 18 years of age staying at the hotel must provide a valid photo id. proofs that are accepted include the aadhar card, voter id card, driving license and passport. Guests will not be allowed to check in without the original copy of a valid id. Pan Card is not accepted as a valid id card. Pets are not allowed in the hotel premises and in the vehicle.

Bibliography:

- Wikipedia.org. (2019). *Wikipedia*. [online] Available at: <https://www.wikipedia.org/>
- Docs.djangoproject.com
- W3schools.com. (2019). *W3Schools Online Web Tutorials*. [online] Available at: <https://www.w3schools.com/>

Appendices

```

<!--register.html-->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset='utf-8'>
    <meta http-equiv='X-UA-Compatible' content='IE=edge'>
    <title>Registration</title>
    <meta name='viewport' content='width=device-width, initial-scale=1'>
    <link rel='stylesheet' type='text/css' media='screen'>

    <style>

      .wrap{
        max-width:400px;
        border-radius:20px;
        margin:auto;
        background: rgba(0,0,0,0.8);
        box-sizing:border-box;
        padding:40px;
        color:#fff;
        margin-top:100px;
      }
      .h2{
        text-align:center;
      }
      body{
        background-color: #940fe2;
      }
      input[type=text],input[type=password],input[type=email]
      {
        width:300px;
        box-sizing:border-box;
        padding:12px 5px;
        background:rgba(0,0,0,0.10);
        outline:none;
        border:none;
        border-bottom:1px dotted #fff;
        color:#fff;
        border-radius:5px;
        margin:5px;
        font-weight:bold;
      }

    </style>
  </head>
  <body>

```



```

<div class='wrap'>
<h2 class='h2'>Sign Up</h2>
  <form action="register" method="post">
    {% csrf_token %}
    <input type="text" name="first_name" placeholder="First Name" required><br>
    <input type="text" name="last_name" placeholder="Last Name" required><br>
    <input type="text" name="username" placeholder="Username" required><br>
    <input type="email" name="email" placeholder="email" required><br>
    <input type="password" name="password1" placeholder="Password" required><br>
    <input type="password" name="password2" placeholder="Confirm Password"><br>
    <input type="submit" value = SignUp>
  </form>
</div>
<div>
  {% for i in messages %}
    <h3 align = center>{{i}}</h3>
  {% endfor %}
</div>
</body>
</html>

```

<!--login.html-->

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset='utf-8'>
    <meta http-equiv='X-UA-Compatible' content='IE=edge'>
    <title>Registration</title>
    <meta name='viewport' content='width=device-width, initial-scale=1'>
    <link rel='stylesheet' type='text/css' media='screen'>

    <style>
      .wrap{
        max-width:400px;
        border-radius:20px;
        margin:auto;
        background: rgba(0,0,0,0.8);
        box-sizing:border-box;
        padding:40px;
        color:#fff;
        margin-top:100px;
      }
      .h2{
        text-align:center;
      }
      body{
        background-color: #940fe2;
      }
      input[type=text],input[type=password]
    {

```

```

width:300px;
box-sizing:border-box;
padding:12px 5px;
background:rgba(0,0,0,0.10);
outline:none;
border:none;
border-bottom:1px dotted #fff;
color:#fff;
border-radius:5px;
margin:5px;
font-weight:bold;
}
</style>
</head>

<body>
<div class='wrap'>
<h2 class='h2'>Login</h2>
<form action="login" method = "post" class="container" >
  {% csrf_token %}
  <input type="text" name="username" placeholder="Username" required><br>
  <input type="password" name = password placeholder="Password" required><br>
  <input type="submit" value = Login>
</form>
</div>

<div>
  {% for i in messages %}
    <h3 align = center>{{i}}</h3>
  {% endfor %}
</div>
</body>
</html>

```

```

<!--index.html-->
{% load static %}
{% static "images" as baseUrl %}
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
<title>Travello</title>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="description" content="Travello template project">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{% static 'styles/bootstrap4/bootstrap.min.css' %}">
<link href="{%static 'plugins/font-awesome-4.7.0/css/font-awesome.min.css' %}" rel="stylesheet"
type="text/css">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{%static 'plugins/OwlCarousel2-

```

```

2.2.1/owl.carousel.css' %}">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{%static 'plugins/OwlCarousel2-
2.2.1/owl.theme.default.css' %}">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{%static 'plugins/OwlCarousel2-2.2.1/animate.css'
%}">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{%static 'styles/main_styles.css' %}">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{%static 'styles/responsive.css' %}">
</head>
<body>

<div class="super_container">

<header class="header">
<div class="container">
<div class="row">
<div class="col">
<div class="header_content d-flex flex-row align-items-center justify-content-start">
<div class="header_content_inner d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-
start">

<div class="logo"><a href="index.html">Travello</a></div>
<nav class="main_nav">
<ul class="d-flex flex-row align-items-start justify-content-start">

<li class="active"><a href="index.html">Home</a></li>
<li><a href="contact.html">Contact</a></li>

{% if user.is_authenticated %}
<li>Hello {{ user.first_name }}</li>
<li><a href="accounts/logout">Logout</a></li>
{% else %}
<li><a href="accounts/register">Register</a></li>
<li><a href="accounts/login">Login</a></li>
{% endif %}

</ul>
</nav>
<div class="header_phone ml-auto">Call us: +91 7310899168</div>

<div class="hamburger ml-auto">
<i class="fa fa-bars" aria-hidden="true"></i>
</div>

</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
<div class="header_social d-flex flex-row align-items-center justify-content-start">
<ul class="d-flex flex-row align-items-start justify-content-start">
<li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-pinterest" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
<li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-facebook" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>

```

```

        <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-twitter" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
        <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-dribbble" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
        <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-behance" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
        <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-linkedin" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
    </ul>
</div>
</header>

<div class="menu">
    <div class="menu_header d-flex flex-row align-items-center justify-content-start">
        <div class="menu_logo"><a href="index.html">Travello</a></div>
        <div class="menu_close_container ml-auto">
            <div class="menu_close">
                <div></div>
                <div></div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="menu_content">
        <ul>
            <li><a href="about.html">About us</a></li>
            <li><a href="#">Services</a></li>
            <li><a href="news.html">News</a></li>
            <li><a href="contact.html">Contact</a></li>
        </ul>
    </div>
    <div class="menu_social">
        <div class="menu_phone ml-auto">Call us: +91 7310899168</div>
        <ul class="d-flex flex-row align-items-start justify-content-start">
            <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-pinterest" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
            <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-facebook" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
            <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-twitter" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
            <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-dribbble" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
            <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-behance" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
            <li><a href="#"><i class="fa fa-linkedin" aria-hidden="true"></i></a></li>
        </ul>
    </div>
</div>
<div class="home">
    <div class="home_slider_container">
        <div class="owl-carousel owl-theme home_slider">
            <div class="owl-item">
                <div class="background_image"
                    style="background-image:url({% static 'images/home_slider.jpg' %})"></div>
                <div class="home_slider_content_container">
                    <div class="container">
                        <div class="row">
                            <div class="col">
                                <div class="home_slider_content">

```

```

        <div class="home_title">
            <h2>Let us take you away</h2>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="owl-item">
    <div class="background_image"
        style="background-image:url({% static 'images/home_slider.jpg' %})"></div>
    <div class="home_slider_content_container">
        <div class="container">
            <div class="row">
                <div class="col">
                    <div class="home_slider_content">
                        <div class="home_title">
                            <h2>Let us take you away</h2>
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>

<div class="owl-item">
    <div class="background_image"
        style="background-image:url({% static 'images/home_slider.jpg' %})"></div>
    <div class="home_slider_content_container">
        <div class="container">
            <div class="row">
                <div class="col">
                    <div class="home_slider_content">
                        <div class="home_title">
                            <h2>Let us take you away</h2>
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>

</div>

<div class="home_page_nav">
    <ul class="d-flex flex-column align-items-end justify-content-end">
        <li><a href="#" data-scroll-to="#destinations">Offers<span>01</span></a></li>
    </ul>
</div>

```

```

        <li><a href="#" data-scroll-to="#testimonials">Testimonials<span>02</span></a></li>
        <li><a href="#" data-scroll-to="#news">Latest<span>03</span></a></li>
    </ul>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="home_search">
    <div class="container">
        <div class="row">
            <div class="col">
                <div class="home_search_container">
                    <div class="home_search_title">Search for your trip</div>
                    <div class="home_search_content">
                        <form action="#" class="home_search_form" id="home_search_form">
                            <div
                                class="d-flex flex-lg-row flex-column align-items-start justify-content-lg-between
                                justify-content-start">
                                <input type="text" class="search_input search_input_1" placeholder="City"
                                    required="required">
                                <input
                                    type="text"
                                    class="search_input
                                    search_input_2"
                                    placeholder="Departure"
                                    required="required">
                                <input type="text" class="search_input search_input_3" placeholder="Arrival"
                                    required="required">
                                <input type="text" class="search_input search_input_4" placeholder="Budget"
                                    required="required">
                                <button class="home_search_button">search</button>
                            </div>
                        </form>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>

<div class="intro">
    <div class="intro_background" style="background-image:url({% static 'images/intro.png'
    %})"></div>
    <div class="container">
        <div class="row">
            <div class="col">
                <div class="intro_container">
                    <div class="row">

                        <div class="col-lg-4 intro_col">
                            <div class="intro_item d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-start">
                                <div class="intro_icon"></div>
                                <div class="intro_content">

```

```

        <div class="intro_title">Top Destinations</div>
        <div class="intro_subtitle">
          <p>Nulla pretium tincidunt felis, nec.</p>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>

    <div class="col-lg-4 intro_col">
      <div class="intro_item d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-start">
        <div class="intro_icon">
        </div>
        <div class="intro_content">
          <div class="intro_title">The Best Prices</div>
          <div class="intro_subtitle">
            <p>Sollicitudin mauris lobortis in.</p>
          </div>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>

    <div class="col-lg-4 intro_col">
      <div class="intro_item d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-start">
        <div class="intro_icon">
        </div>
        <div class="intro_content">
          <div class="intro_title">Amazing Services</div>
          <div class="intro_subtitle">
            <p>Nulla pretium tincidunt felis, nec.</p>
          </div>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="destinations" id="destinations">
  <div class="container">
    <div class="row">
      <div class="col text-center">
        <div class="section_subtitle">simply amazing places</div>
        <div class="section_title">
          <h2>Popular Destinations</h2>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

```

```

<div class="row destinations_row">
  <div class="col">
    <div class="destinations_container item_grid">

      {% for i in dests %}
      <div class="destination item">
        <div class="destination_image">
          
          {% if i.offer == True %}
            <div class="spec_offer text-center"><a href="#">Special Offer</a></div>
          {% endif %}
        </div>
        <div class="destination_content">
          <div class="destination_title"><a href="destinations.html">{{i.name}}</a></div>
          <div class="destination_subtitle">
            <p>{{i.desc}}</p>
          </div>
          <div class="destination_price">From ${{i.price}}</div>
        </div>
      </div>
      {% endfor %}
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

<div class="testimonials" id="testimonials">
  <div class="parallax_background parallax-window" data-parallax="scroll"
    data-image-src="{{% static 'images/testimonials.jpg' %}}" data-speed="0.8"></div>
  <div class="container">
    <div class="row">
      <div class="col text-center">
        <div class="section_subtitle">simply amazing places</div>
        <div class="section_title">
          <h2>Testimonials</h2>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
    <div class="row testimonials_row">
      <div class="col">

        <div class="testimonials_slider_container">
          <div class="owl-carousel owl-theme testimonials_slider">
            <div class="owl-item text-center">
              <div class="testimonial">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
                lobortis dolor. Cras placerat lectus a posuere aliquet. Curabitur quis vehicula
                odio.</div>
              <div class="testimonial_author">
                <div
                  class="testimonial_author_content d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-

```



```

content-start">
    <div>john turner,</div>
    <div>client</div>
  </div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="owl-item text-center">
  <div class="testimonial">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
    lobortis dolor. Cras placerat lectus a posuere aliquet. Curabitur quis vehicula
    odio.</div>
  <div class="testimonial_author">
    <div
      class="testimonial_author_content d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-
content-start">
        <div>john turner,</div>
        <div>client</div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>

  <div class="owl-item text-center">
    <div class="testimonial">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
      lobortis dolor. Cras placerat lectus a posuere aliquet. Curabitur quis vehicula
      odio.</div>
    <div class="testimonial_author">
      <div
        class="testimonial_author_content d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-
content-start">
        <div>john turner,</div>
        <div>client</div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
<div class="test_nav">
  <ul class="d-flex flex-column align-items-end justify-content-end">
    <li><a href="#">City Breaks Clients<span>01</span></a></li>
    <li><a href="#">Cruises Clients<span>02</span></a></li>
    <li><a href="#">All Inclusive Clients<span>03</span></a></li>
  </ul>
</div>
</div>
</div>

<div class="news" id="news">
  <div class="container">

```

```

<div class="row">
  <div class="col-xl-8">
    <div class="news_container">
      <div
        class="news_post d-flex flex-md-row flex-column align-items-start justify-content-
start">
        <div class="news_post_image"></div>
        <div class="news_post_content">
          <div class="news_post_date d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-start">
            <div>02</div>
            <div>june</div>
          </div>
          <div class="news_post_title"><a href="#">Best tips to travel light</a></div>
          <div class="news_post_category">
            <ul>
              <li><a href="#">lifestyle & travel</a></li>
            </ul>
          </div>
          <div class="news_post_text">
            <p>Pellentesque sit amet elementum ccumsan sit amet mattis eget, tristique at
            leo. Vivamus massa. Tempor massa et laoreet.</p>
          </div>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
    <div
      class="news_post d-flex flex-md-row flex-column align-items-start justify-content-
start">
      <div class="news_post_image"></div>
      <div class="news_post_content">
        <div class="news_post_date d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-start">
          <div>01</div>
          <div>june</div>
        </div>
        <div class="news_post_title"><a href="#">Best tips to travel light</a></div>
        <div class="news_post_category">
          <ul>
            <li><a href="#">lifestyle & travel</a></li>
          </ul>
        </div>
        <div class="news_post_text">
          <p>Tempor massa et laoreet malesuada. Pellentesque sit amet elementum ccumsan
          sit amet mattis eget, tristique at leo.</p>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>

```

```

        class="news_post d-flex flex-md-row flex-column align-items-start justify-content-
start">
        <div class="news_post_image"></div>
        <div class="news_post_content">
        <div class="news_post_date d-flex flex-row align-items-end justify-content-start">
        <div>29</div>
        <div>may</div>
        </div>
        <div class="news_post_title"><a href="#">Best tips to travel light</a></div>
        <div class="news_post_category">
        <ul>
        <li><a href="#">lifestyle & travel</a></li>
        </ul>
        </div>
        <div class="news_post_text">
        <p>Vivamus massa. Tempor massa et laoreet malesuada. Aliquam nulla nisl, accumsan
sit amet mattis.</p>
        </div>
        </div>
        </div>

        <div class="col-xl-4">
        <div class="travello">
        <div class="background_image"
style="background-image:url('{% static 'images/travello.jpg' %}')"></div>
        <div class="travello_content">
        <div class="travello_content_inner">
        <div></div>
        <div></div>
        </div>
        </div>
        <div class="travello_container">
        <a href="#">
        <div class="d-flex flex-column align-items-center justify-content-end">
        <span class="travello_title">Get a 20% Discount</span>
        <span class="travello_subtitle">Buy Your Vacation Online Now</span>
        </div>
        </a>
        </div>
        </div>
        </div>
        </div>
        </div>
        </div>

        <div class="parallax_background parallax-window" data-parallax="scroll"

```

```

    data-image-src="{% static 'images/footer_1.jpg' %}" data-speed="0.8"></div>
<div class="container">
  <div class="row">
    <div class="col">
      <div class="newsletter">
        <div class="newsletter_title_container text-center">
          <div class="newsletter_title">Subscribe to our newsletter to get the latest trends &
            news</div>
          <div class="newsletter_subtitle">Join our database NOW!</div>
        </div>
        <div class="newsletter_form_container">
          <form action="#"
            class="newsletter_form d-flex flex-md-row flex-column align-items-start justify-
content-between"
            id="newsletter_form">
            <div
              class="d-flex flex-md-row flex-column align-items-start justify-content-between">
                <div><input type="text" class="newsletter_input newsletter_input_name"
                  id="newsletter_input_name" placeholder="Name" required="required">
                  <div class="input_border"></div>
                </div>
                <div><input type="email" class="newsletter_input newsletter_input_email"
                  id="newsletter_input_email" placeholder="Your e-mail"
                  required="required">
                  <div class="input_border"></div>
                </div>
              </div>
            <div><button class="newsletter_button">subscribe</button></div>
          </form>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
<div class="row footer_contact_row">
  <div class="col-xl-10 offset-xl-1">
    <div class="row">
      <div class="col-xl-4 footer_contact_col">
        <div
          class="footer_contact_item d-flex flex-column align-items-center justify-content-
start text-center">
          <div class="footer_contact_icon">
          </div>
          <div class="footer_contact_title">give us a call</div>
          <div class="footer_contact_list">
            <ul>
              <li>Office no: +91 7310899168</li>
              <li>Mobile: +91 9027192039</li>
            </ul>
          </div>
        </div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

```

```

    </div>
  </div>

  <div class="col-xl-4 footer_contact_col">
    <div
      class="footer_contact_item d-flex flex-column align-items-center justify-content-
start text-center">
      <div class="footer_contact_icon"></div>
      <div class="footer_contact_title">come & drop by</div>
      <div class="footer_contact_list">
        <ul style="max-width:190px">
          <li>Radha Town,Mathura</li>
        </ul>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>

  <div class="col-xl-4 footer_contact_col">
    <div
      class="footer_contact_item d-flex flex-column align-items-center justify-content-
start text-center">
      <div class="footer_contact_icon">
      </div>
      <div class="footer_contact_title">send us a message</div>
      <div class="footer_contact_list">
        <ul>
          <li>shivank99sg@gmail.com</li>
          <li>shivank.garg_cs17@gla.ac.in</li>
        </ul>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>

</div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
<div class="col text-center">
  Copyright &copy;
  <script>document.write(new Date().getFullYear());</script> All rights reserved
</div>
</footer>
</div>
<script src="{% static 'js/jquery-3.2.1.min.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'styles/bootstrap4/popper.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'styles/bootstrap4/bootstrap.min.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'plugins/OwlCarousel2-2.2.1/owl.carousel.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'plugins/Isotope/isotope.pkgd.min.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'plugins/scrollTo/jquery.scrollTo.min.js' %}"></script>

```

```

<script src="{% static 'plugins/easing/easing.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'plugins/parallax-js-master/parallax.min.js' %}"></script>
<script src="{% static 'js/custom.js' %}"></script>
</body>
</html>

```

<!--admin.py>

```

from django.contrib import admin
from .models import Destination
admin.site.register(Destination)

```

<!--model.py>

```

from django.db import models
class Destination(models.Model):

    name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    img = models.ImageField(upload_to='pics')
    desc = models.TextField()
    price = models.IntegerField()
    offer = models.BooleanField(default=False)

```

<!--app.py>

```

from django.apps import AppConfig
class TravelloConfig(AppConfig):
    name = 'travello'

```

<!--urls.py>

```

from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from . import views

urlpatterns = [
    path('', views.index, name='index')
]

```

<!--views.py>

```

from django.shortcuts import render
from .models import Destination

def index(request):
    dests = Destination.objects.all()
    return render(request, "index.html", {'dests': dests})

```