Creating Numpy Array

[[1 2 3 4 5]]

```
1. using np.array() //1-D and 2-D
2. using np.zeros/onces/empty/random()
 3. using np.arange()
4. using np.linspace()
5. using Copy()
6. using Identity()
In [2]:
import numpy as np
In [3]:
list=[1,2,3,4,5]
print(list)
type(list)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
Out[3]:
list
In [4]:
# 1-D
array = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
print(array)
print("Array Shape : ", array.shape)
type(array)
# [1 2 3 4 5] : Vectors
[1 2 3 4 5]
Array Shape: (5,)
Out[4]:
numpy.ndarray
In [5]:
# 2-D
array2 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
print(array2)
print("Array Shape : ", array2.shape)
array2
#[[1 2 3]
# [4 5 6]] : matrices
[[1 2 3]
[4 5 6]]
Array Shape: (2, 3)
Out[5]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6]])
In [6]:
array 2d= np.array([1,2,3,4,5],ndmin=2)
print(array 2d)
print("Array Shape : ",array_2d.shape)
```

```
Array Shape: (1, 5)
np.zeros
In [7]:
np.zeros(5)
Out[7]:
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
In [8]:
np.zeros((5,4))
Out[8]:
array([[0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0.]])
In [9]:
np.zeros((5,4),dtype=int)
Out[9]:
array([[0, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 0, 0, 0]])
np.onces
In [10]:
np.ones((5,10))
Out[10]:
array([[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
       [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
       [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
       [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
       [1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]])
In [11]:
np.ones((2,4),dtype=complex)
Out[11]:
array([[1.+0.j, 1.+0.j, 1.+0.j, 1.+0.j],
       [1.+0.j, 1.+0.j, 1.+0.j, 1.+0.j]
np.identity()
In [12]:
np.identity(5)
Out[12]:
array([[1., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
```

[0., 1., 0., 0., 0.],

```
[0., 0., 0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0., 0., 1.]]
In [13]:
np.identity(5,dtype=int)
Out[13]:
array([[1, 0, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 1, 0, 0, 0],
       [0, 0, 1, 0, 0],
       [0, 0, 0, 1, 0],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 1]])
np.arange()
In [14]:
np.arange(5)
Out[14]:
array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4])
In [15]:
np.arange(5,20)
Out[15]:
array([ 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19])
In [16]:
np.arange(5,20,5)
Out[16]:
array([ 5, 10, 15])
np.linspace()
In [17]:
np.linspace(1,2,50)
Out[17]:
                , 1.02040816, 1.04081633, 1.06122449, 1.08163265,
array([1.
       1.10204082, 1.12244898, 1.14285714, 1.16326531, 1.18367347,
       1.20408163, 1.2244898 , 1.24489796, 1.26530612, 1.28571429,
       1.30612245, 1.32653061, 1.34693878, 1.36734694, 1.3877551 ,
       1.40816327, 1.42857143, 1.44897959, 1.46938776, 1.48979592,
       1.51020408, 1.53061224, 1.55102041, 1.57142857, 1.59183673,
       1.6122449 , 1.63265306, 1.65306122, 1.67346939, 1.69387755,
       1.71428571, 1.73469388, 1.75510204, 1.7755102 , 1.79591837,
       1.81632653, 1.83673469, 1.85714286, 1.87755102, 1.89795918,
       1.91836735, 1.93877551, 1.95918367, 1.97959184, 2.
In [18]:
np.linspace(1,10)
Out[18]:
                  , 1.18367347, 1.36734694, 1.55102041, 1.73469388,
array([ 1.
        1.91836735, 2.10204082, 2.28571429, 2.46938776, 2.65306122,
        2.83673469, 3.02040816, 3.20408163, 3.3877551, 3.57142857,
```

[0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],

```
3.75510204, 3.93877551, 4.12244898, 4.30612245, 4.48979592,
        4.67346939, 4.85714286, 5.04081633, 5.2244898, 5.40816327,
        5.59183673, 5.7755102, 5.95918367, 6.14285714, 6.32653061,
        6.51020408, 6.69387755, 6.87755102, 7.06122449, 7.24489796,
                                7.79591837, 7.97959184, 8.16326531,
                   7.6122449 ,
       7.42857143,
        8.34693878, 8.53061224, 8.71428571, 8.89795918, 9.08163265,
        9.26530612, 9.44897959, 9.63265306, 9.81632653, 10.
In [19]:
np.linspace(1,10,10)
Out[19]:
array([ 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8., 9., 10.])
Copy()
In [20]:
array2
Out[20]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
      [4, 5, 6]])
In [21]:
array 3 = array2.copy()
In [22]:
array 3
Out[22]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
      [4, 5, 6]])
np.empty()
In [23]:
np.empty((2,5))
Out[23]:
array([[ 1., 2., 3., 4., 5.],
      [ 6., 7., 8., 9., 10.]])
In [24]:
np.empty((2,10),dtype=int)
Out[24]:
array([[94497381540176,
                                    Ο,
                                                    0,
                                                                   0,
                                    0,
                    0,
                                                    0,
                                                                   0,
                    0,
                                    0],
                    0,
                                    0,
                                                    Ο,
                                                                   Ο,
       [
                    0,
                                    0,
                                                                   0,
                                                    Ο,
                    0,
                                    0]])
np.random()
In [25]:
```

Properties and Attributes

- 1. shape
- 2. ndim
- 3. size
- 4. itemsize
- 5. dtype
- 6. astype()

ndim: Give the dim

```
In [26]:
print(array)
print(array.shape)
print("Dim is:", array.ndim)
[1 2 3 4 5]
(5,)
Dim is: 1
In [27]:
print(array2)
print()
print(array2.shape)
print("Dim is:", array2.ndim)
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]]
(2, 3)
Dim is: 2
In [28]:
array_3d = np.array([[[1,2],[3,4],[5,6]]])
print(array 3d)
array_3d
[[[1 2]
  [3 4]
  [5 6]]]
Out[28]:
array([[[1, 2],
        [3, 4],
        [5, 6]]])
In [29]:
array 3d.shape
O11+ [291 •
```

```
UUU [2].
(1, 3, 2)
In [30]:
print("Dim is:", array_3d.ndim)
Dim is: 3
size
In [31]:
array2
Out[31]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
      [4, 5, 6]])
In [32]:
array2.size
Out[32]:
Itemsize: Give based upon data-types
In [33]:
array2.itemsize
Out[33]:
In [34]:
array.itemsize
Out[34]:
8
In [35]:
array_3d.itemsize
Out[35]:
8
In [36]:
a=np.array([1,2,3,4,5],dtype=float)
print(a)
[1. 2. 3. 4. 5.]
In [37]:
a.itemsize
Out[37]:
```

In [38]:

```
b=np.array([1,2,3,4,5],dtype=complex)
print(b)
[1.+0.j 2.+0.j 3.+0.j 4.+0.j 5.+0.j]
In [39]:
b.itemsize
Out[39]:
16
dtype
In [40]:
array
Out[40]:
array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
In [41]:
array.dtype
Out[41]:
dtype('int64')
In [ ]:
astype: Convert pre-created one array data-type to another
data-type array.astype("float")
In [42]:
print(array.dtype)
int64
In [43]:
array
```

```
int (42):
print(array.dtype)
int64

In [43]:
array
Out[43]:
array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])

In [44]:
array.astype("float")
Out[44]:
array([1., 2., 3., 4., 5.])

In [45]:
array.astype("float").dtype
Out[45]:
dtype('float64')
```

List Vs Numpy Array

- 1. Faster
- 2. Convenient
- 3. Less Memory

Less Memory

```
In [46]:
import sys
In [47]:
lista=range(100)
In [48]:
len(lista)
Out[48]:
100
In [49]:
narray = np.arange(100)
In [50]:
len(narray)
Out[50]:
100
In [51]:
# 88: one element size * total element size == 2800 bytes
print(sys.getsizeof(88)*len(lista))
2800
In [52]:
print(narray.itemsize*narray.size)
800
print("Same thing is happen but memory difference is : ",sys.getsizeof(88)*len(lista)-nar
ray.itemsize*narray.size,"bytes")
Same thing is happen but memory difference is : 2000 bytes
Faster
```

```
In [54]:
import time
In [55]:
time.time()
```

```
ouctool.
1638780427.0125968
In [59]:
x=range(1000000)
y=range(1000000,2000000)
start_time=time.time()
z=[(x+y) \text{ for } x,y \text{ in } zip(x,y)]
time.time()-start time
Out[59]:
0.1595139503479004
In [60]:
a = np.arange(1000000)
b = np.arange(1000000, 2000000)
start_time=time.time()
c = a+b
time.time()-start_time
Out[60]:
0.005863189697265625
In [61]:
t1=np.arange(5)
t2=np.arange(0,5)
print(t2+t1)
[0 2 4 6 8]
In [62]:
11=range(5)
12 = range(0, 5)
13 = [(11+12) \text{ for } (11,12) \text{ in } zip(11,12)]
print(13)
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8]
In [ ]:
Indexing, Slicing and Iteration
reshape()
In [64]:
arr1 = np.arange(24).reshape(6,4)
```

```
[4, 0, 0, /],
       [8, 9, 10, 11],
       [12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19],
       [20, 21, 22, 23]])
In [68]:
arr1[3:5,2:]
Out[68]:
array([[14, 15],
      [18, 19]])
In [72]:
arr1[1]
Out[72]:
array([4, 5, 6, 7])
In [102]:
arr1[:,1]
Out[102]:
array([ 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21])
In [73]:
np.arange(16)
Out[73]:
array([ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15])
In [81]:
arr2 = np.arange(16).reshape(2,8)
In [82]:
arr2
Out[82]:
array([[ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7], [ 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15]])
In [87]:
arr2[:,4:6]
Out[87]:
array([[ 4, 5],
       [12, 13]])
In [90]:
arr1
Out[90]:
array([[ 0, 1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6, 7],
       [8, 9, 10, 11],
       [12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19],
       [20, 21, 22, 23]])
```

```
In [96]:
for i in arr1:
    print(i)
[0 1 2 3]
[4 5 6 7]
[ 8 9 10 11]
[12 13 14 15]
[16 17 18 19]
[20 21 22 23]
Iteration
In [100]:
for i in np.nditer(arr1):
    print(i)
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
Numpy Array Operations
 1. Basic Operations #### a. A-B #### b. B*2 #### c. A.dot(B)
 2. Unary Opeartions #### a. A.min() #### b. A.sum()
 3. Universal Function #### a. np.exp(B) #### b. np.aqrt() #### c. np.sin(A)
 4. Convertion Types #### a. arr1.astype("int")
In [103]:
arr3 = np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10])
arr4 = np.array([11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20])
In [104]:
arr3+arr4
Out[104]:
```

array([12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30])

In [91]:

iterate over array

```
In [105]:
# Vector Multiplicatiom
arr3*arr4
Out[105]:
array([ 11, 24, 39, 56, 75, 96, 119, 144, 171, 200])
In [106]:
# Scaler Multiplication
arr3*5
Out[106]:
array([ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50])
In [111]:
arr3>5
Out[111]:
array([False, False, False, False, True, True, True, True,
       True])
Dot
In [128]:
arr5 = np.arange(6,12).reshape(3,2)
arr6 = np.arange(6, 18, 2).reshape(2, 3)
In [129]:
arr5
Out[129]:
array([[ 6, 7],
      [8, 9],
       [10, 11]])
In [130]:
arr6
Out[130]:
array([[ 6, 8, 10],
      [12, 14, 16]])
In [131]:
arr5.dot(arr6)
Out[131]:
array([[120, 146, 172],
       [156, 190, 224],
       [192, 234, 276]])
In [132]:
arr6
Out[132]:
array([[ 6, 8, 10],
       [12, 14, 16]])
```

```
In [133]:
arr6.max()
Out[133]:
16
In [134]:
arr6.min()
Out[134]:
6
In [135]:
arr6.mean()
Out[135]:
11.0
In [137]:
arr6
Out[137]:
array([[ 6, 8, 10], [12, 14, 16]])
In [139]:
arr6.max(axis=1)
Out[139]:
array([10, 16])
In [140]:
arr6.min(axis=0)
Out[140]:
array([ 6, 8, 10])
In [141]:
arr6.sum()
Out[141]:
66
In [149]:
arr6.sum(axis=1)
Out[149]:
array([24, 42])
Universal Function
In [150]:
np.sin(arr6)
```

Out[150]:

Reshaping Numpy Array

- 1. Revel
- 2. Reshape
- 3. Transpose
- 4. Stacking
- 5. Spliting

In [154]:

Revel: Convert High Dim To 1-D

```
arr1
Out[154]:
array([[ 0, 1, 2,
       [ 4, 5, 6, 7],
[ 8, 9, 10, 11],
       [12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19],
       [20, 21, 22, 23]])
In [156]:
arr1.ndim
Out[156]:
In [161]:
# Convert 2-D To 1-D
arr1.ravel()
Out[161]:
array([ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
       17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23])
In [163]:
arr1.ravel().ndim
Out[163]:
```

Transpose

```
In [170]:
arr2
Out[170]:
array([[ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7],
      [ 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15]])
In [168]:
arr2.transpose()
Out[168]:
array([[ 0, 8],
      [ 1, 9],
       [ 2, 10],
       [ 3, 11],
      [ 4, 12],
      [ 5, 13],
      [ 6, 14],
       [ 7, 15]])
Stacking: Adding two row of column of an array
In [171]:
arr7= np.arange(6,12).reshape(3,2)
arr8= np.arange(12,18).reshape(3,2)
In [179]:
print(arr7.shape)
arr7
(3, 2)
Out[179]:
array([[ 6, 7],
      [8, 9],
       [10, 11]])
In [181]:
print(arr8.shape)
arr8
(3, 2)
Out[181]:
array([[12, 13],
      [14, 15],
       [16, 17]])
In [177]:
# arr7+arr8
In [182]:
print("shape is : ",np.hstack((arr7,arr8)).shape)
np.hstack((arr7,arr8))
shape is: (3, 4)
```

```
Out[182]:
array([[ 6, 7, 12, 13],
       [8, 9, 14, 15],
       [10, 11, 16, 17]])
In [183]:
print("shape is : ",np.vstack((arr7,arr8)).shape)
np.vstack((arr7,arr8))
shape is: (6, 2)
Out[183]:
array([[ 6, 7],
            9],
       [ 8,
       [10, 11],
       [12, 13],
       [14, 15],
       [16, 17]])
In [185]:
np.concatenate((arr7,arr8))
Out[185]:
array([[ 6, 7],
       [ 8,
            9],
       [10, 11],
       [12, 13],
       [14, 15],
       [16, 17]])
In [186]:
arr8
Out[186]:
array([[12, 13],
       [14, 15],
       [16, 17]])
In [188]:
np.hsplit(arr8,2)
Out[188]:
[array([[12],
        [14],
        [16]]),
 array([[13],
        [15],
        [17]])]
In [189]:
np.vsplit(arr8,3)
Out[189]:
[array([[12, 13]]), array([[14, 15]]), array([[16, 17]])]
Fancy indexing
In [197]:
```

arr8

```
Out[197]:
array([[12, 13],
       [14, 15],
       [16, 17]])
In [198]:
arr8[[0]]
Out[198]:
array([[12, 13]])
In [209]:
arr8[[1,2]]
Out[209]:
array([[14, 15],
       [16, 17]])
Random Array generate
In [269]:
arr9 = np.random.randint(low=1, high=100, size=10).reshape(5,2)
In [270]:
arr9
Out[270]:
array([[86, 79],
       [37, 75],
       [10, 12],
       [16, 12],
       [70, 3]])
In [271]:
arr9>50
Out[271]:
array([[ True, True],
       [False, True],
       [False, False],
       [False, False],
       [ True, False]])
Indexing using boolean array
In [273]:
arr9[arr9>50]
Out[273]:
array([86, 79, 75, 70])
In [285]:
# greater the 50 and odd do equal to zero
arr9[(arr9>50) & (arr9%2!=0)] = 0
```

In [286]:

```
arr9
Out[286]:
array([[86,
             0],
       [37, 0],
       [10, 12],
       [16, 12],
       [70, 3]])
Graph Plot
In [308]:
x = np.linspace(-50, 50, 50)
In [309]:
x.size
Out[309]:
50
In [310]:
y=np.sin(x)
In [311]:
y.size
Out[311]:
50
In [312]:
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline # This is similar to getch in c language
UsageError: unrecognized arguments: # This is similar to getch in c language
In [313]:
plt.plot(x,y)
Out[313]:
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f891221d9a0>]
  1.00
  0.75
  0.50
  0.25
  0.00
 -0.25
 -0.50
 -0.75
 -1.00
          -40
                 -20
                          Ò
                                 20
In [314]:
```

quedetric equation

y=x*x+5*x+5

```
plt.plot(x,y)
Out[322]:
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f8911f37a00>]

2500
2000
1500
500
-40
-20
0
20
40
```

Broadcasting

array([[0, 2],

[2, 4], [4, 6]])

In [322]:

if the dimensions of two array are dissimilar, elements-to-elemnts operations are not possible. However operations on arrays of non-similar shapes is still possible in Numpy, Because of the broadcasting capability.

Important Function In Numpy

```
In [347]:
np.random.random()
```

```
Out[347]:
0.5156712377826581
In [370]:
# Random values generate in float in range 0.0-0.1
np.random.random(10)
Out[370]:
array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0])
In [363]:
# Random Values in integer
np.random.randint(1,100,10)
Out[363]:
array([13, 73, 10, 76, 6, 80, 65, 17, 2, 77])
In [371]:
np.random.seed(1)
np.random.random()
Out[371]:
0.417022004702574
In [372]:
# Random values in float
np.random.uniform(1,100,10)
Out[372]:
array([72.31212485, 1.01132311, 30.93092469, 15.52883319, 10.14152088,
       19.43976093, 35.21051198, 40.27997995, 54.34285667, 42.50025693])
In [375]:
np.random.uniform(1,100,10).reshape(5,2)
Out[375]:
array([[42.68965488, 95.83106348],
       [53.78336321, 69.49583428],
       [32.23604747, 68.96359184],
       [83.62794152, 2.81053946],
       [75.26428718, 98.8972478 ]])
In [399]:
array1 = np.random.randint(1,10,6)
In [400]:
array1
Out[400]:
array([6, 8, 1, 4, 2, 5])
In [401]:
array1.max()
Out[401]:
In [404]:
```

```
# To find max element index
array1.argmax()
Out[404]:
In [414]:
array5 = np.random.randint(1,10,6)
In [415]:
array5
Out[415]:
array([9, 2, 2, 9, 8, 1])
In [421]:
# Replace odd with -1
array5[(array5%2!=0)]=-1
In [422]:
array5
Out[422]:
array([-1, 2, 2, -1, 8, -1])
In [423]:
# where
In [428]:
array6 = np.random.randint(1,50,6)
In [442]:
array6
Out[442]:
array([11, 19, 29, 29, 31, 32])
In [443]:
np.where(array6%2!=0,-1,array6)
Out[443]:
array([-1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 32])
In [448]:
np.sort(array6)
Out[448]:
array([11, 19, 29, 29, 31, 32])
In [ ]:
```