

# D.Y.PATIL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, KOLHAPUR.

DEPT. OF ELECTRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATION

COURSE NAME: MINI-PROJECT-II
COURSE CODE: 201ETP317

-: PROJECT NAME :ARDUINO BASED 3D PRINTED ROBOTIC ARM WITH
SMARTPHONE CONTROL

# ARDUINO BASED ROBOT ARM WITH SMARTPHONE CONTROL

**Submitted By:** 

Pratik S. Yadav.

Shivaraj B. Kumbhar.

Shriprasad J. Kadam.

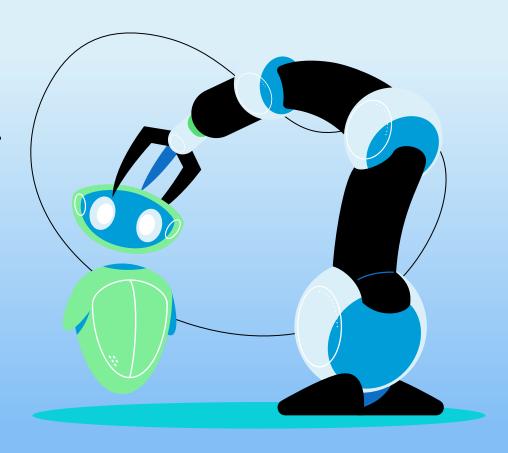
Shivraj B. Ghorpade.

Shreyas K. Thorat.

**Under Guidance of:** 

prof. S. R. Khot

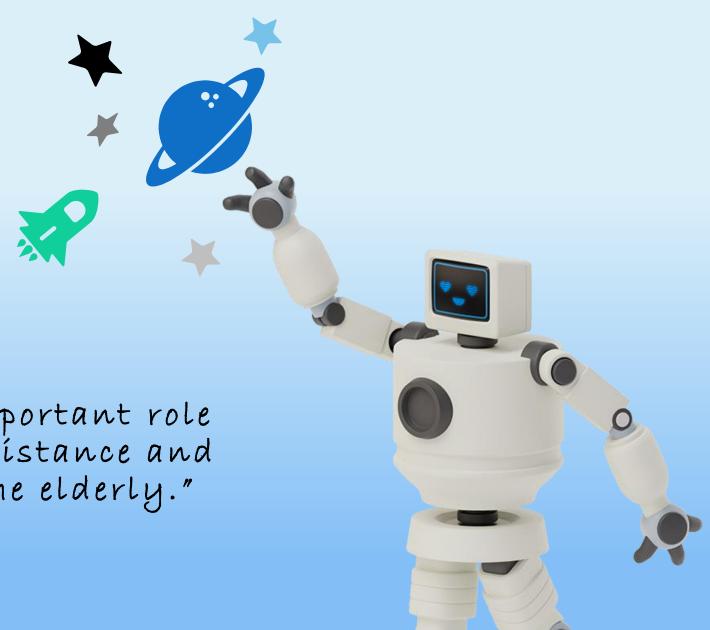
(Course Co-Ordinator)



#### **Table of Contents:**

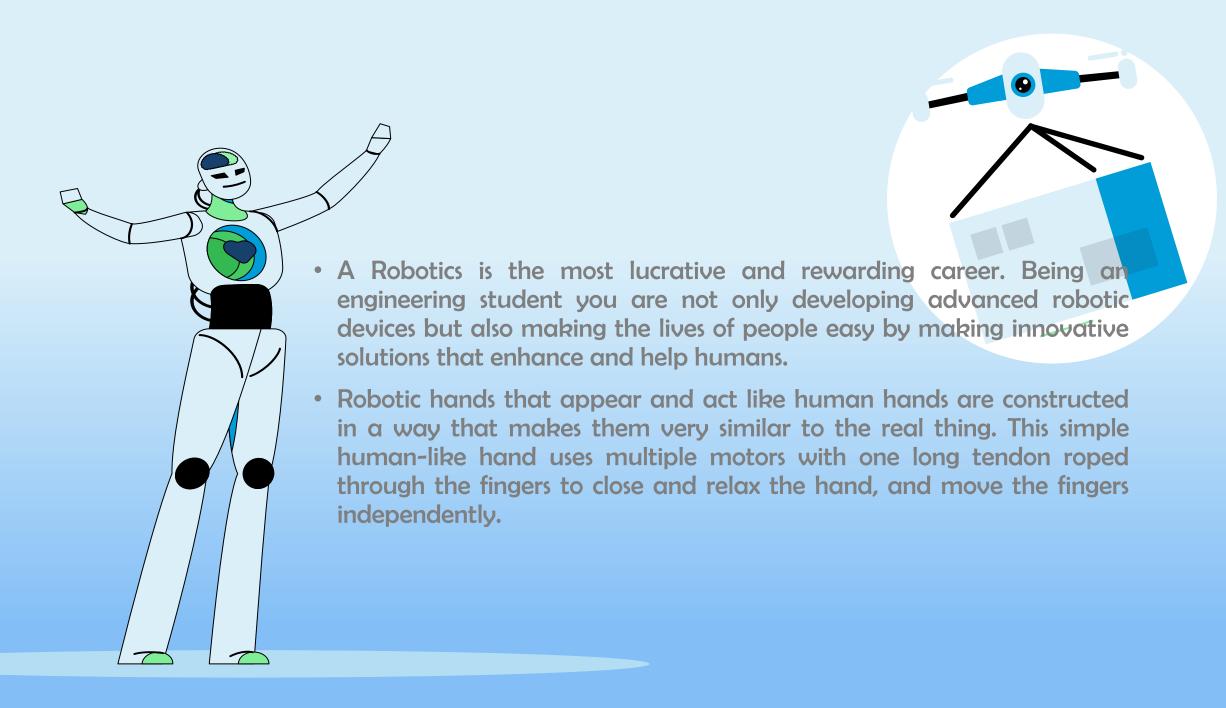
- Project Motivation.
- Aims and Objectives.
- Block Diagram.
- Circuit Diagram.
- Hardware and Software Requirements.
- Component Specifications.
- Arduino IDE code.
- Advantages and Limitations.





"Robotics will play an important role in providing physical assistance and even companionship for the elderly."

-Bill Gates



## Aims and Objectives:

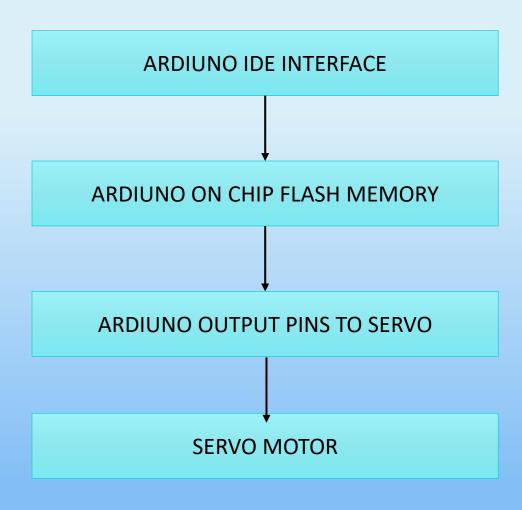
- Robotic arms are fast, accurate and reliable, and can collectively be programmed to perform an almost infinite range of different operations.
- Robotics arms can be used for all manner of industrial production, processing and manufacturing roles- any task in which extremely precise, fast and repeatable movements are required





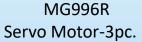
- At times humans may tend to error or get tired or may not be competent to work at certain levels and hence the use of Robotic Arm becomes Mandatory.
- Robot arms are ideal for operations which are repetitive, consistent and require a very high degree of accuracy, as well as for applications in which a human worker might struggle to perform safely.

## **Block Diagram:**



#### Hardware & Software Requirements:









Aurdiuno UNO



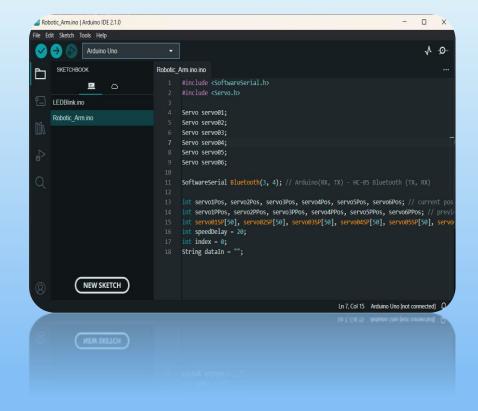
Power Adapter





SG90 Servo Motor-3pc.

#### Ardiuno IDE



# Components Specifications

Microcontroller	ATmega328P – 8 bit AVR family microcontroller
Operating Voltage	5V
Recommended Input Voltage	7-12V
Input Voltage Limits	6-20V
Analog Input Pins	6 (A0 – A5)
Digital I/O Pins	14 (Out of which 6 provide PWM output)
DC Current on I/O Pins	40 mA
DC Current on 3.3V Pin	50 mA
Flash Memory	32 KB (0.5 KB is used for Bootloader)
SRAM	2 KB
EEPROM	1 KB
Frequency (Clock Speed)	16 MHz

#### Arduino UNO



# Components Specifications

#### MG996 Servo Motor



Operating Voltage:	+5V typically
Current:	2.5A (6V)
Stall Torque:	9.4 kg/cm (at 4.8V)
Maximum Stall Torque:	11 kg/cm (6V)
Operating speed:	0.17 s/60°
Gear Type:	Metal
Rotation:	0°-180°
Weight of Motor:	55gm

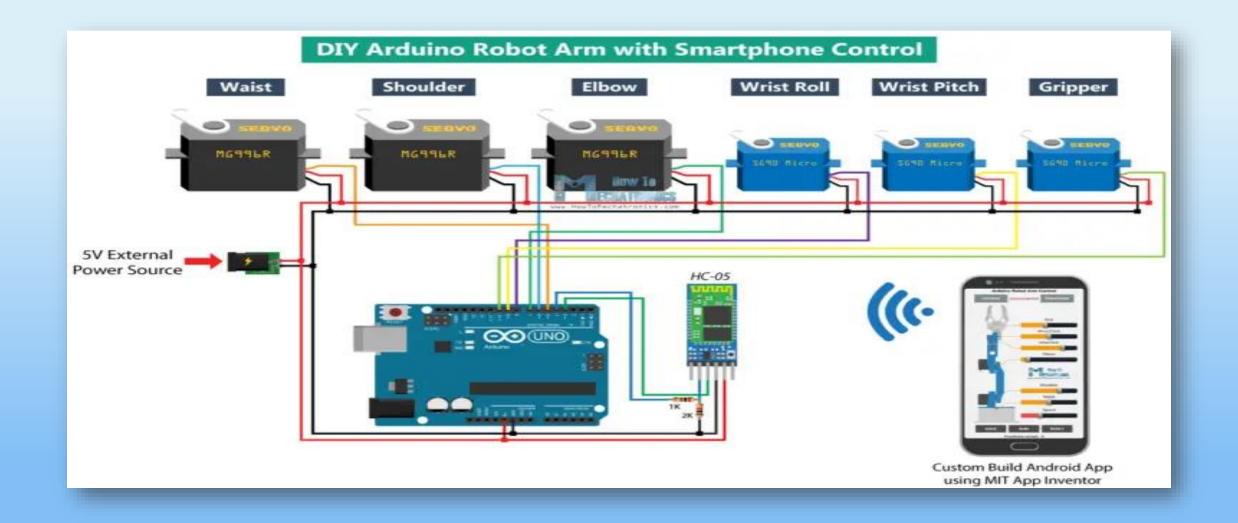
# Components Specifications

#### MG90 Servo Motor



Operating Voltage:	4.8 ~ 6 V DC Volts
Operating Speed (4.8v):	0.15 Sec/60 Degrees
Operating Speed (6v)	0.12 Sec/60 Degrees
Stall Torque (4.8v):	1.3kg/cm

## Circuit Diagram:



## Ardiuno IDE code:

```
roboticpick-place.ino.ino
        #include<Servo.h>
        Servo s1;
        Servo s2;
       Servo s3;
        Servo s4;
        void setup() {
         s1.attach(5);
          s2.attach(6);
          s3.attach(7);
          s4.attach(8);
        void loop() {
        s1.write(0);
        delay(2000);
        s2.write(70);
       delay(2000);
                          //elbow down
        s3.write(160);
        delay(2000);
```

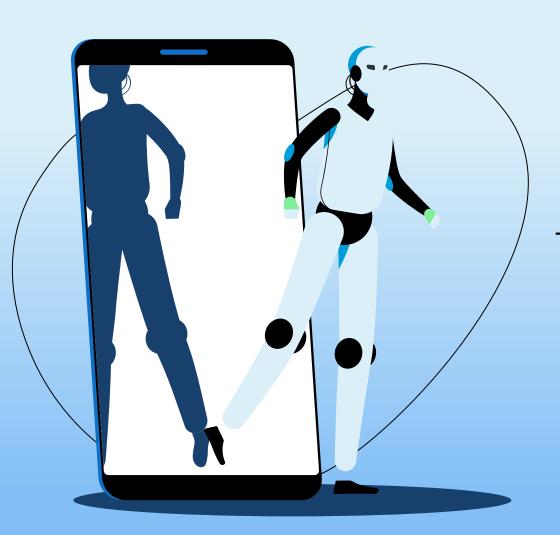
```
s4.write(0);
                       //gripper close to pick the element
     delay(2000);
     s3.write(90);
     delay(2000);
     s2.write(120);
     delay(2000);
     s1.write(90);
     delay(2000);
     s2.write(70);
     delay(2000);
     s3.write(160);
                       //elbow down
     delay(2000);
     s4.write(90);
     delay(2000);
46
     s2.write(120);
     delay(2000);
```

### **Advantages:**

- Cost Effectiveness: There will be no lunchbreaks, holidays, sick leave or shift time allocated for robotic2. Improved Quality Assurance: Robotic automation eliminates the risks of vigilance decrement by accurately producing and checking items meet the required standard without fail.
- Increased Productivity: Due to continuous and stress less work the production will take place continuously and wil boost the production.
- Work In Hazardous Environments: If a high level of chemicals are present, robotic automation offers the ideal solution, as it will continue to work without harm, even in areas that have extremely high or low temperatures Robotics will prove themselves the best.

### Limitations:

- Potential Job Losses: One of the biggest concerns surrounding the introduction of robotic automation is the impact of jobs for workers. If a robot can perform at a faster, more consistent rate, then the fear is that humans may not be needed at all.
- Initial Investment Costs: This is typically the biggest obstacle that will decidewhether or not a company will invest in robotic automation, or wait until a later stage. The cash flow must be sustainable in the meantime and the stability of the company is by no means worth the risk if the returns are only marginal.
- Hiring Skilled Staff: Over the past decade manufacturers have found it harder to source skilled staff members to fill the specialised roles in their factories.



# Thank You!

