PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY (A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)



SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE M.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE

PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY

NAME : B SHIVARAMA DEEKSHITULU

REGISTER NO : 23370056

SEMESTER : 3rd SEMESTER

SUBJECT: INFORMATION SECUITY MANAGEMENT

S.No	ASSETS
1	SMART BOARD
2	. BIO METRIC SCANNER
3	CCTV
4	PERSONAL COMPUTER
5	PATCH CABLE
6	PROJECTOR
7	PRINTER
8	HDMI CABLE
9	ACCESS POINT
10	UPS

1. SMART BOARD

What is a Smart Board?

A Smart Board is an interactive whiteboard. It lets you control a computer using touch, a stylus, or gestures. Unlike traditional whiteboards, Smart Boards allow you to interact with digital content in real-time. You can write, draw, click, drag, and drop items just like you would on a tablet or smartphone. These boards come with various software options, allowing users to run presentations, draw diagrams, and even connect to the internet.

Smart Boards first emerged in the early 1990s. The technology was quickly adopted in educational settings with smart classrooms, where it provided new ways to engage students. Today, Smart Boards are found in schools, businesses, and even homes. They serve as a central hub for collaborative work and learning and come with a variety of features.



Features of a Smart Board:

Touchscreen Interface

Multi-touch Capability

Digital Ink

Screen Sharing

Interactive Software

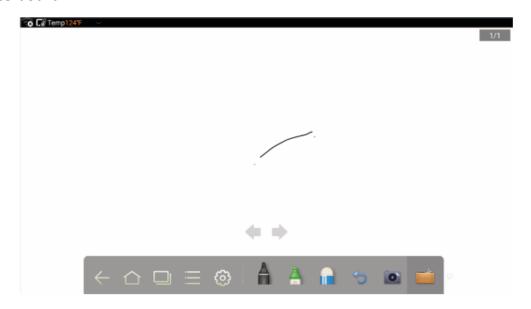
Connectivity

Audio and Video Integration

Customizable Interface

Cloud Integration

White board



Uses of Smart Boards:

1. Education

Interactive Lessons

Collaborative Learning

Instant Feedback

2. Corporate Settings

Interactive Presentations

Brainstorming Sessions

Remote Collaboration

3. Healthcare

Medical Training

Patient Education

Team Collaboration

4. Retail

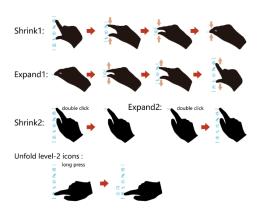
Interactive Displays

Training

Operations Management

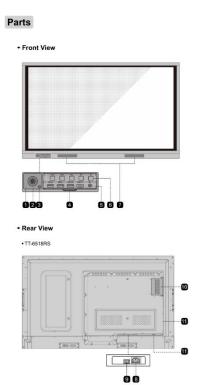
Benefits of Using a Smart Board

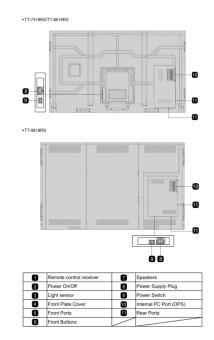
- 1. Enhanced Engagement
- 2. Improved Collaboration
- 3. Versatility
- 4. Increased Productivity
- 5. Accessibility
- 6. Cost-Effective
- 7. Environmental Benefits
- 8. Real-Time Feedback
- 9. Long-Term Durability



The functions of the side toolbar are as follows:

Icon	Functions
4	Enter annotation mode, and click again to stop annotation and take a screenshot.
	Access discussion mode.
命	Go to Home page.
◆	Return to the previous menu/Exit an app
88	Go to the internal PC source.
	Manage currently running applications. Slide up/down the currently running application or click "x" at the upper right corner to close the application.
→	Go to your favorite source. You can set favorite source in the "tool bar" submenu in the system settings.





Specifications:

Model	TT-6518RS
Display Backlight	LED
Display Area	56.24 x 31.63 in 1428.5 x 803.5 mm
Active Screen Size	65.00 inch
Display Ratio	16:9
Resolution	3840 x 2160 Pixel
Display Colors	8 bit, 1.07 billion colors
Brightness	≥ 350 cd/m²
Contrast	4000:1
Response Time	≤ 8 ms

Life Time	30000 h (Min.)
Speaker Position	Forward
Max. Power Output	2 x 15 W
Microphone Type	3.5 mm interface
Electrical:	Maximum ≤ 220
Power Consumption	W Standby Mode ≤ 0.5 W
Working Voltage	AC 100 V – 240 V, 50 Hz / 60 Hz
Touch Surface	Anti-glare tempered glass
Transparency	88%
Surface Hardness	7H
HID support	YES
Touch Points	10 Points in Smart system 20 Points in Windows
Writing Tools	Eraser, Stylus or Finger
Scan Speed	10 ms
Positioning Accuracy	Center area 1.0 – 1.5 mm / Edge area 1.2 – 2.0 mm
Communication Interface	USB-A
Storage Temperature/ Humidity	-14 °F – 122 °F / 20% – 70%
Working Temperature/ Humidity	32 °F – 104 °F / 20% – 70%
Outline Dimension	60.87 x 37.1 x 3.74 in

1546 x 943 x
95 mm
67.91 x 42.72 x
11.02 in
1695 x 1075 x
275 mm
HDMI In x 1, USB (Touch) x 1, USB (Public) x 2,
Microphone In x 1
HDMI In x 2, DP x 1, USB (Touch) x 4, HDMI Out x 1,
Line Out x 1, DC Out (5V, 2A), SPDIF out x 1, USB 2.0
(Public) x 1, USB 2.0 (Embedded) x 1, RS-232 x 1, USB
3.0 (Public) x 1, Audio In x 1, VGA x 1, LAN In x 1, LAN
Out x 1, OPS Slots (4K@60 Hz)
ARM A53 x 4, 1.4 GHz
2 GB
8 GB
approx. 44 kg
Wall-mounted / Floor Stand

Mitigation:

Access Control: Implement password protection and user roles to restrict access

Network Security: Use WPA3 encryption and VPNs for secure connections

Regular Updates: Enable automatic updates for OS and apps

Endpoint Protection: Install antivirus and firewall on Windows OS

Data Encryption: Encrypt stored files and use secure cloud storage

Vulnerabilities:

Unauthorized Access: Risk of unauthorized users accessing settings or data

Malware Attacks: Vulnerable to malware in Windows OS environment

Network Breaches: Potential access by unauthorized devices

Data Leakage: Risk of accidental exposure via unsecured cloud storage

Outdated Software: Risk of exploits due to unpatched vulnerabilities

Risk:

Unauthorized Access: Risk of unauthorized users accessing sensitive settings, files, or networked resources on the smart board, leading to data breaches or misuse

Malware Infection: The smart board, particularly with Windows-based OPS (Open Pluggable Specification) modules, may be susceptible to malware or viruses if not properly secured, potentially compromising network security

Policies:

User Authentication Policy: Require unique logins and enable two-factor authentication

Data Privacy Policy: Limit access to sensitive data and enforce encryption

Acceptable Use Policy: Define acceptable use and restrict unapproved app downloads

Incident Response Policy: Set protocols for identifying and responding to security incidents

Device Management Policy: Regularly update software and conduct system audits

2. BIO METRIC SCANNER

Biometric scanners in laboratories are advanced devices that identify individuals through unique biological traits, such as fingerprints, facial features, or iris patterns. They enhance security by ensuring that only authorized personnel can access sensitive areas and equipment, reducing the risk of data breaches. Additionally, biometric systems improve operational efficiency by streamlining authentication processes, allowing quick access without the need for passwords or ID cards

SPECIFICATION:

Hardware:

Model: XYZ-500

Processor: Dual-Core ARM Cortex A7

Memory: 512MB RAM, 4GB Flash Memory

Display: 3.5-inch TFT LCD, 320x240 pixels

Biometric Sensor: Optical fingerprint sensor, 500 DPI, stores up

to 10,000 templates

Card Reader: RFID/MIFARE/EM, up to 10,000 card templates

Network: Ethernet (10/100 Mbps), optional Wi-Fi (2.4 GHz)

Interfaces: USB 2.0, RS232/RS485

Power: DC 12V/1.5A, 2000mAh battery backup

Software: Linux-based OS, custom attendance software,

HR/payroll integration support

Attendance Modes: Fingerprint, Card, Password, Face

(optional)

Communication Protocols: TCP/IP, USB-host, RS232/RS485

Operating Environment: -10°C to 50°C, 20%-80% humidity

Certifications: CE, FCC, RoHS



Risks:

Data Breaches: Unauthorized access to biometric data can lead to identity theft.

Spoofing Attacks: Biometric systems can be tricked by fake fingerprints, facial recognition masks, or voice recordings.

Privacy Concerns: The collection and storage of biometric data raise significant privacy issues.

System Failure: Biometric systems may fail to recognize legitimate users, leading to denial of access

Vulnerabilities:

Insecure Storage: Biometric data that is not securely encrypted can be exposed.

Limited Authentication: Some biometric systems may only use a single factor (e.g., fingerprints), making them less secure.

User Behavior: Users may share or expose their biometric traits, intentionally or unintentionally.

Mitigation Strategies:

ncryption: Ensure all biometric data is encrypted both at rest and in transit.

Multi-Factor Authentication: Combine biometrics with other authentication methods (e.g., passwords, tokens).

Regular Audits: Conduct periodic security audits and vulnerability assessments on biometric systems.

Policies:

Data Protection Policy: Establish clear guidelines on the collection, storage, and sharing of biometric data.

Access Control Policy: Define who has access to biometric systems and data, ensuring access is limited to authorized personnel.

Incident Response Policy: Create a protocol for responding to security breaches or incidents involving biometric data.

3. CCTV

_System Overview: The Dahua 4 MP Starlight+ ePoE camera offers Analytics+ functions at the edge — performing complex real-time face capture, people counting, and perimeter protection surveillance. The Dahua Analytics+ algorithms significantly improve accuracy and reliability as compared to standard intelligent features. The camera is ideal for a host of diverse applications — Starlight+, True Wide Dynamic Range, and Smart IR technologies allow the camera to operate in any lighting condition and the IP67 and IK10 rating make the camera suitable for the harshest environments.



Functions

Face Capture:

Dahua Analytics+ with Face Capture technology automatically captures faces from a digital image or from a video frame. The camera employs advanced algorithms to locate faces quickly and accurately from the source video and then captures the facial image.

Facial Attributes:

Once the camera captures a facial image, it analyzes the face and extracts six attributes — age, gender, expression, and whether the target face wears glasses, wears a mask, or sports facial hair.

People Counting:

The camera uses complex real-time people counting algorithms to deliver accurate flow statistics from two distinct people counting functions, Line Crossing and Regional. The line crossing function counts the number of people crossing a defined line, and the regional function counts the number of people in a distinct, user-defined area. People counting is ideal for measuring the number of customers entering or exiting a location and to monitor groups of people in a distinct location.

Perimeter Protection:

Dahua Analytics+ includes Tripwire and Intrusion functions that offer custom tripwires based on object type for automation in limited access areas. Perimeter Protection requires less pixels to detect an object to deliver improved accuracy and decreased false alarms due to lights, weather, trees, or animals.

- 1/1.8-in. 4 MP Progressive-scan CMOS Sensor
- Triple-stream Encoding
- Smart H.265+ and Smart H.264+ Dual Codec
- 4 MP (2688 x 1520) at 30 fps, 2.7 mm to 12 mm Motorized Lens
- Enhanced Power and Data Transmission Distances (ePoE)
- Starlight+ Technology for Low-light Applications
- Analytics+ Functions Face Capture, Facial Attribute Extraction,
 People Counting, and Perimeter Protection
- ArcticPro Series Camera Operational down to -40° C (-40° F)

- IP67 Ingress Protection and IK10 Vandal Resistance
- True Wide Dynamic Range (120 dB) and Day/Night IR Cut Filter
- Maximum IR LED Distance 50 m (164.04 ft)
- Intelligent Video System

Technical Specification

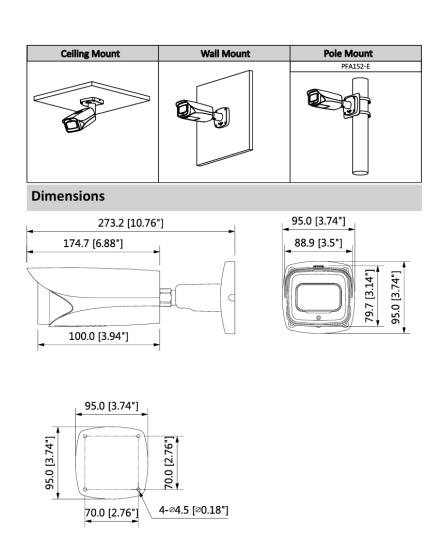
Camera			
Image Sensor	1/1.8-in. 4 MP CMOS		
Effective Pixels	2688(H) x 1520(V)		
RAM/ROM	1 GB / 128 MB		
Scanning System	Progressive		
Electronic Shutter Speed	Auto, Manual, 1/3 s to 1/100,000 s		
Minimum Illumination Color:	0.0024 lux at F1.8 (1/3 s, 30 IRE) Color: 0.029 lux at F1.8 (1/30 s, 30 IRE) 0 lux at F1.8 (with IR on)		
S/N Ratio	Greater than 56 dB		
IR Distance	Distance up to 50.0 m (164.04 ft)		
IR On/Off Control	Auto, Manual		
IR LEDs	Three (3)		
Lens Lens Type	Motorized		

Mount Type			Board-in				
Focal Length			2.7 mm to 12 mm				
Max. Apert	cure		F1.8				
Angle of View			Horizontal: 114° to 47° Vertical: 62° to 26°				
Optical Zoo	Optical Zoom		4.4x				
Aperture C	ontrol		Auto				
Close Focus	Close Focus Distance		1.20 m (3.94 ft)				
DORI Distance ¹			Detect (8 ppf)	Observe (19 ppf)	Recognize (38 ppf)	Identify (76ppf)	
Distance	Lens		58 m	23 m	12 m (39	6 m (20	
	Wide		(190ft)	(75 ft)	ft)	ft)	
			131 m	52 m	26 m	13 m	
	Telephoto		(430ft)	(171 ft)	(85 ft)	(43 ft)	
Video			Smart H.265+, H.265, Smart H.264+,				
Compression	on		H.264, H.264B, H.264H, MJPEG (sub				
			stream only)				
Streaming Capability			Three (3) Streams				
Resolution			4 MP (2688 x 1520),2560 x 1440, 2304 x 1296, 1080p (1920 x 1080), 1.3 MP				
			(1280 x 960), 720p (1280 x 720), D1 (704				
Eramo Pato			x 480), VGA (640 x 480), CIF (352 x 240)				
Frame Rate			Main Stream:4 MP(2688 x 1520)at 30fps Sub Stream 1: D1 at 30 fps				
			Sub Stream 1: D1 at 30 lps Sub Stream 2: 1080p at 11 fps				
Bit Rate Control			CBR/VBR				

Bit Rate	H.264: 32 Kbps to 8192 Kbps H.265: 19 Kbps to 8192 Kbps
Day/Night	Auto (ICR), Color, B/W
BLC Mode	BLC, HLC, True WDR (120 dB), SSA
White Balance	Auto, Natural, Street Lamp, Outdoor, Manual, Regional Custom
Gain Control	Auto, Manual, Gain Priority, Shutter Priority
Noise Reduction	3D DNR
Motion Detection	Off, On (4 Zones, Rectangular)
Region of Interest	Off, On (4 Zones)
Advanced Features	Electronic Image Stabilization (EIS), Smart IR, Defog
Flip	0°, 90°, 180°, 270°
Audio Compression	G.711a, G.711Mu, AAC, G.726, G.723
Network Ethernet	RJ-45 (10/100 Base-T)
Protocol	HTTP, HTTPS, TCP, ARP, RTSP, RTP, UDP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, DNS, DDNS, PPPOE, IPv4/v6, QoS, UPnP, NTP, ICMP, IGMP, 802.1x
Interoperability	ONVIF Profile S and G, CGI, Milestone, Genetec, P2P

Streaming Method	Unicast / Multicast
Maximum User Access	20 Users
Edge Storage	Network Attached Storage (NAS) FTP Micro SD Slot, maximum 256 GB
Web Viewer	IE (Version 8 and higher), Chrome, Firefox, Safari (Version 12 and higher)
Management Software	SmartPSS, DSS, P2P
Smart Phone	IOS, Android
Certifications Safety	UL60950-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1- 07 EN60950-1
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	FCC CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart B Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
Audio	Input: One (1) Channel Output: One (1) Channel
Alarm	Input: Two (2) Channels (5 mA, 5 VDC) Output: One (1) Channel (300 mA, 12 VDC)
Electrical Power Supply	12 VDC or PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at, Class 4)
Power Consumption 12 VDC	Standard: 3 W with IR ON: 12.1 W with heater ON: 10.3 W
Power Consumption PoE+	Standard: 3.7 W with IR ON: 15.2 W with heater ON: 12.5 W
Operating Conditions	-40° C to +60° C (-40° F to +140° F), 10% to 95% RH
Storage Conditions	-40° C to +60° C (-40° F to +140° F), 10% to 95% RH (daily temperature difference within 15° C/59° F)

Ingress Protection	IP67
Vandal Resistance	IK10
Casing	Metal and Plastic
Dimensions	273.20 mm x 95.0 mm x 95.0 mm (10.76 in. x 3.74 in.)
Net Weight	1.11 kg (2.44 lb)
Gross Weight	1.51 kg (3.33 lb)



Risk:

Privacy Concerns: CCTV may infringe on the privacy of employees, especially if cameras are placed in sensitive areas.

Data Security Risks: Video footage can be vulnerable to hacking or unauthorized access, potentially exposing sensitive information.

System Malfunctions: Cameras can fail due to technical issues, leading to gaps in surveillance and security.

Mitigation:

Privacy Concerns:

Clearly define areas where cameras will be installed to avoid monitoring private spaces (e.g., restrooms, break rooms).

Inform employees about the presence of CCTV and the purpose of surveillance to foster transparency.

Data Security Risks:

Implement strong passwords and encryption for accessing CCTV footage.

Regularly update software and firmware to protect against vulnerabilities.

System Malfunctions:

Schedule regular maintenance and inspections to ensure all cameras and equipment are functioning correctly.

Install backup systems or redundant cameras to cover critical areas.

Vulnerabilities:

Unauthorized Access: CCTV systems can be susceptible to unauthorized access if passwords are weak or not regularly updated, allowing intruders to view live feeds or recorded footage.

Network Vulnerabilities: If the CCTV system is connected to a network, it may be exposed to cyber threats such as hacking, malware, or denial-of-service attacks, compromising the entire system.

Insufficient Encryption: Lack of proper encryption for video feeds and stored footage can make sensitive data susceptible to interception during transmission or unauthorized access.

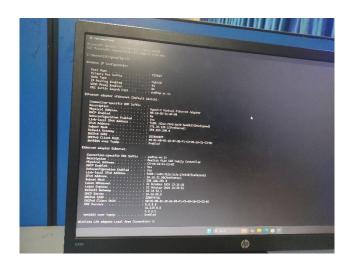
Policy:

Access Control: Access to live feeds and recorded footage will be restricted to authorized personnel only. Strong passwords and multi-factor authentication will be implemented to protect access.

Data Protection: All video footage must be stored securely, with encryption applied to both in-transit and at-rest data, in compliance with GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation) and other relevant data protection laws

4.PERSONAL COMPUTER

Personal computer assets in a lab typically include desktops, monitors, and peripherals like keyboards and mice. These are essential for running experiments, processing data, and supporting lab workflows.



SPECIFICATIONS:

Hardware Specifications

Device Name: DCS220

Model: HP 280 G4 MT Business PC

Processor: Intel Core i5-8500 CPU @ 3.00 GHz

Installed RAM: 8.00 GB (7.83 GB usable)

System Type: 64-bit operating system, x64-based

processor

Pen and Touch: No pen or touch input available

Software Specifications

Operating System Edition: Windows 11 Pro

Version: 21H2

Installed On: 25-05-2022

OS Build: 22000.2538

Experience: Windows Feature Experience Pack

1000.22000.1000.0-

Network information:

Ethernet Adapter Ethernet 1

Description: Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller

Physical Address (MAC): C4-65-16-21-C1-CA

IPv4 Address: 10.10.32.37 (Preferred)

Subnet Mask: 255.255.254.0

Default Gateway: 10.10.31.8

DNS Servers: 8.8.8.8, 10.14.139.5

Ethernet Adapter Ethernet 2 (VirtualBox Host-Only)

Description: VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter

Physical Address (MAC): A4-00-27-00-08-09

IPv4 Address: 192.168.63.1 (Preferred)

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Wireless LAN Adapter Wi-Fi

Description: Realtek RTL8821CE 802.11ac PCle Adapter

Physical Address (MAC)**: A4-FC-77-24-61-E7

Media State: Disconnected

RISk:

Data Loss: Accidental deletion, hardware failure, or software corruption can lead to the loss of critical lab data.

Cybersecurity Threats: PCs are vulnerable to malware, ransomware, and unauthorized access, potentially compromising sensitive data.

Physical Damage: Equipment can be damaged due to mishandling, spills, or power surges, affecting functionality

VULNERABILITIES:

- · Weak passwords and lack of multifactor authentication
- Outdated operating systems and software
- · Unpatched security vulnerabilities
- Lack of firewall and antivirus protection
- · Inadequate network security (e.g., open or unsecured Wi-Fi)
- · Physical access vulnerabilities (e.g., unlocked workstations)

MITIGATION:

- ·Cybersecurity: Mitigating risks associated with personal computers (PCs) in terms of malware, data breaches, or security vulnerabilities.
- · Environmental Science:

Mitigation strategies related to the environmental impact of personal computers and technology.

· Finance or Economics:

Mitigating financial risks associated with personal computing, like data loss or unauthorized access to financial information.

ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY:

PC Inventory Management: All personal computers (PCs) must be registered in an asset inventory, including details like serial numbers, owners, and locations. Regular audits should be conducted to keep this information current.

Security Measures: PCs must have up-to-date antivirus software, enabled firewalls, and security patches applied promptly. Access should be secured with strong passwords and multi-factor authentication.

5. PATCH CABLE

The patch cable in the lab is essential for network connectivity but is vulnerable to wear, environmental damage, and security risks. Regular inspections, proper cable management, and secure connections mitigate these risks. Including the cable in an asset inventory ensures effective tracking and maintenance

SPECIFICATION:

Brand: DigiLink

Type: Ethernet Patch Cable

Configuration: 4 Pair

Gauge: 23 AWG (American Wire Gauge)

• Standard Compliance: UL E247344 CM (Communication

Cable Standard)

Certification: ETL Verified

Category: Category 6 (CAT6)

• Standard: TIA-568-C.2

 Sheath Material: Likely PVC or a similar material, though not specified in the image



RISK:

Connection Failure: Patch cables are susceptible to wear and tear, which can lead to connection issues and disrupt network communication

Data Interception: Unsecured or damaged cables may allow unauthorized access to transmitted data

Physical Damage: Patch cables can be damaged by foot traffic, spills, or misplacement, impacting functionality

VULNERABILITIES:

Cable Wear: Constant plugging and unplugging, or improper handling, can cause cable degradation

Unsecured Connections: Patch cables not properly secured can result in network disruptions

Environmental Exposure: Exposure to extreme temperatures, moisture, or chemicals can deteriorate the cable's integrity

MITIGATION:

Regular Inspection: Periodically inspect patch cables for any signs of wear or damage and replace them if needed

Proper Cable Management: Implement cable management practices to prevent tangling and damage

Environmental Protection: Use cable covers or conduits to shield cables from environmental hazards and reduce physical wear

ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY:

Inventory Management: Label each patch cable and record it in an inventory with information like type, length, location, and purchase date

Maintenance Schedule: Include patch cables in regular audits and maintenance schedules to ensure they are functional and properly connected

Security Measures: Ensure all cables are securely connected to prevent accidental disconnections and unauthorized access to the network

6. PROJECTOR

The projector serves as an essential tool for presentations, collaborative work, and educational sessions within the lab environment. Effective management of this asset ensures its reliability, security, and optimal performance, thereby supporting the lab's operational needs. Key components of the asset management plan include identifying risks (such as data security and hardware malfunction)



SPECIFICATION:

Brand: Epson

Model: EB-X41

Inputs:

HDMI

USB-A

USB-B

Audio

Video

Computer (likely VGA)

Lamp Type: ELPLP96

Features:

Status Indicator

Lamp and Temperature Indicators

Control Buttons: Power, Source Search, Menu, Esc, Volume, and Navigation buttons

RISK:

Image Quality Degradation: Dust accumulation on the lens or internal components may reduce image clarity

Overheating: Extended use without proper ventilation can lead to overheating, potentially damaging internal parts

Electrical Surge: Power surges may damage the projector's circuits, affecting functionality

VULNERABILITIES:

Physical Damage: The projector lens or housing may get damaged due to falls, knocks, or mishandling

Unsecured Access: Projectors with unsecured network connections are vulnerable to unauthorized access or tampering

Firmware Vulnerabilities:

Outdated firmware can expose the projector to security vulnerabilities, especially if connected to a network

MITIGATION:

Regular Cleaning: Clean the lens and air filters periodically to maintain image quality and airflow

Ventilation Check: Ensure the projector is placed in a wellventilated area to prevent overheating

ASSET MANAGEMENT:

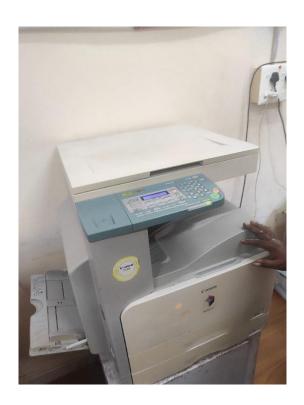
Inventory Management: Register the projector in the asset inventory, noting the model, serial number, location, and purchase date Maintenance Schedule: Include the projector in routine maintenance schedules to check for dust buildup, firmware updates, and functionality

Reference: ANSI/TIA-568-C.2

7. PRINTER

CANON:

The Canon imageRUNNER series is designed for reliable, high-volume document handling, supporting functions such as copying, scanning, and printing. Known for their durability, these copiers are often found in office settings where consistent, efficient performance is needed. This specific model combines straightforward control with Canon's quality imaging technology, allowing users to handle typical document workflows effectively



Specifications:

Functionality:

1. Copying: High-resolution document reproduction.

2. Printing: Support for monochrome printing.

3. Scanning: Basic scan functions for archiving or digital transfer.

Paper Handling:

- 1. Supports a variety of paper sizes and types.
- 2. Has an automatic document feeder for bulk copying.
- 3. Multiple paper trays to handle high-volume tasks.

User Interface:

- 1. Basic LCD display with physical buttons for operation.
- 2. Options for adjusting print and copy settings.
- 3. Simplified control panel, suitable for non-technical users.

FEATURES:

Multi-Functionality: Capable of copying, printing, and basic scanning, making it a versatile choice for everyday office tasks.

User-Friendly Interface: Simple control panel with an LCD screen and physical buttons, allowing easy access to core functions for users with minimal technical skills.

RISK:

Security Risks: They can be hacked, leading to data breaches.

Compatibility Issues: They may not work well with all operating systems or software.

High Supply Costs: Ink and toner can be expensive.

Vulnerabilities:

Enhance Security: Use strong passwords, keep firmware updated, and configure security settings to prevent unauthorized access.

Check Compatibility: Before purchasing, verify that the printer is compatible with your operating system and software. Regularly update drivers as needed.

Mitigation:

Enhance Security: Use strong, unique passwords for network access.

Regularly update the printer's firmware to patch any security vulnerabilities.

Configure network security settings, such as enabling firewalls and disabling unused services.

Check Compatibility: Before purchasing a printer, verify compatibility with your operating system and software applications.

Regularly check for driver updates on the Canon website to ensure optimal performance

Policy:

Security: Use strong passwords for printers.

Keep printer firmware updated.

Set up firewalls and disable unnecessary features.

Compatibility: Check compatibility with systems before buying a printer.

Update printer drivers regularly.

Supply Management: Use high-yield ink or toner cartridges.

Get approval before using third-party cartridges.

Monitor printing volume to control costs

8. HDMI CABLE

HDMI, or High-Definition Multimedia Interface, is a widely used technology for transmitting high-quality video and audio between devices. HDMI cables enable seamless connections between source devices (like gaming consoles, Blu-ray players, or computers) and display units (like TVs, monitors, or projectors), delivering both audio and video signals over a single cable. The HDMI standard was first introduced in 2002 and has since evolved with various versions that offer increasingly advanced features

SPECIFICATIONS:

Resolution: Up to 10K @ 120Hz (HDMI 2.1).

Bandwidth: 48 Gbps max (HDMI 2.1).

Audio:



Supports Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD, and up to 32 audio channels (eARC for higher fidelity).

HDR Support:

HDR10, Dolby Vision, HDR10+.

VRR (Variable Refresh Rate): Reduces screen tearing, ideal for gaming.

Cable Types:

Standard: Up to 1080p.

High-Speed: Up to 4K @ 30Hz.

Premium High-Speed: 4K @ 60Hz with HDR.

Ultra High-Speed: 4K @ 120Hz, 8K @ 60Hz, required for HDMI 2.1

Compatibility: Backward compatible with older HDMI versions

Risk:

- 1. Data Breaches: Unauthorized access leading to loss or theft of sensitive information.
- 2. System Failures: Hardware or software malfunctions causing operational downtime.
- 3. Phishing Attacks: Attempts to deceive employees into revealing confidential information

Mitigation:

- 1. Encryption: Protects data by converting it into a secure format, accessible only by authorized users.
- 2. Access Control: Limits user access based on roles to minimize exposure to sensitive information.
- 3. Regular Security Audits: Periodic assessments to identify and address vulnerabilities.

Vulnerability:

- 1. Outdated Software: Lacks the latest security patches, making it prone to exploitation.
- 2. Weak Passwords: Increases the risk of unauthorized access to systems and accounts.
- 3. Unsecured Networks: Allows hackers to intercept data on unprotected connections.

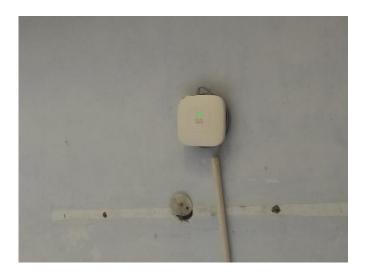
Policy:

- 1. Access Control Policy: Defines who has access to specific systems and data
- 2. Incident Response Plan: Outlines steps for handling and reporting security incidents.
- 3. Data Protection Policy: Ensures data confidentiality, integrity, and compliance with regulations

9. ACCESS POINT

CISCO WIRELESS ACCESS POINT:

Cisco wireless access point installed alongside a lighting fixture, likely providing network coverage within an indoor environment. Such configurations are essential for ensuring comprehensive wireless network connectivity in spaces like offices, schools, or other facilities. The integration of wired and wireless infrastructure within a shared physical space reflects the effort to maintain network accessibility and support a variety of internet-enabled devices.



SPECIFICATIONS:

Hardware

Cisco Access Point (AP): Provides Wi-Fi coverage, powered via Ethernet (PoE).

Cabling: Ethernet cables supply data and power, minimizing clutter. Lighting Fixture Fluorescent tube nearby; might cause minor interference. Software

Cisco OS: Powers the AP with features like user authentication and secure access.

Management Tools: Managed via Cisco DNA Center for monitoring, configuration, and security.

Security Features: Supports WPA3, user authentication, and network segmentation for protection

Risks:

Unauthorized Access: Intruders may gain access to the network through unsecured or poorly configured WAPs

Data Interception: Sensitive data may be intercepted without proper encryption.

Firmware Vulnerabilities: Outdated firmware increases the risk of exploitation.

Network Overload: Excessive connections can lead to performance degradation or outages.

Physical Tampering: Unauthorized physical access can lead to malicious reconfiguration or downtime

Mitigations:

Strong Authentication: Implement WPA3 and restrict access using MAC filtering or enterprise authentication.

Encryption: Enforce WPA3 or stronger encryption standards to protect data.

Firmware Updates: Regularly update firmware to protect against vulnerabilities.

Load Management: Monitor network traffic and apply load balancing to handle peak usage.

Physical Security: Place WAPs in secure, limited-access areas to prevent tampering

Vulnerabilities:

Outdated Firmware: Increases susceptibility to known security exploits.

Weak or No Encryption: Inadequate encryption opens the network to data interception.

Default Configurations: Using default settings (e.g., SSID, passwords) creates potential security gaps

Policies:

Access Control Policy: Require WPA3 or enterprise authentication for all connections; disable unsecured access

• Firmware Management Policy: Maintain an update schedule in alignment with Cisco's latest security patches.

Encryption Policy: Enforce WPA3 encryption; prohibit deprecated protocols (e.g., WEP).

Network Segmentation Policy: Segment guest and internal networks; disable SSID broadcasting on sensitive networks

10 UPS (Numeric Digital 1000 Plus-V)

This is a Numeric Digital 1000 Plus-V uninterruptible power supply (UPS) designed to provide backup power and protect electronic devices from power fluctuations. It is rated for 1000 VA, suitable for supporting computers, networking devices, and other sensitive equipment. The UPS includes an automatic voltage regulator (AVR) to stabilize the output power during low or high voltage conditions. The LED indicators on the front panel show the operational status and battery charge level. Hardware features typically include a sealed lead-acid battery, input and output ports, and cooling vents

SPECIFICATION:

Hardware Specifications:



- 1. Power Capacity: 1000 VA / 600W, suitable for supporting multiple devices like computers, routers, and small servers.
- 2. Battery Type: Sealed lead-acid battery, designed for long life and high reliability, with typically a 5–10 minute backup duration for moderate loads.
- 3. Automatic Voltage Regulation (AVR): Stabilizes incoming power, protecting against surges, sags, and brownouts without depleting the battery.
- 4. LED Indicator: LED lights for indicating power status, battery mode, and faults, providing at-a-glance operational insights.
- 5. Cooling System: Ventilation slots to prevent overheating, ensuring consistent performance and prolonged device life.
- 6. Input/Output Ports: Includes power input and multiple output sockets for connected devices, possibly with overload protection.

Software Specifications:

- 1. Power Management Software: Compatible software (if provided or compatible with third-party UPS monitoring software) enables real-time monitoring and management
- 2. Communication Interface: USB or serial connectivity for connecting the UPS to a computer, allowing automated actions like safe shutdown during extended outages
- 3. Event Logging: Software may include options for logging events such as power outages, battery status, and system faults for easy troubleshooting
- 4. Battery Health Monitoring: Real-time battery health and charge level monitoring to alert users of any issues

Self-Test Functionality: Software or onboard controls may enable periodic self-tests to ensure battery health and overall UPS functionality.

Risks:

Power Outages: Sudden loss of power can lead to equipment failure and data loss.

Battery Failure: Batteries may degrade over time, resulting in reduced runtime and reliability.

Overloading: Connecting more devices than the UPS can handle can lead to overheating and potential failure.

Environmental Factors: High temperatures, humidity, or dust can affect UPS performance.

Vulnerabilities:

Aging Equipment: Older UPS systems may be more prone to failures.

Inadequate Capacity Planning: Failure to assess future power needs can result in insufficient UPS capacity.

Physical Access: Unauthorized physical access to the UPS can lead to tampering or sabotage.

Firmware Issues: Outdated firmware can expose the system to security vulnerabilities

Mitigation Strategies:

Regular Testing and Maintenance: Schedule routine inspections and testing of the UPS and its batteries to ensure proper operation.

Load Management: Calculate and monitor the total load connected to the UPS, ensuring it does not exceed its capacity.

Environmental Controls: Install the UPS in a controlled environment with adequate cooling and dust filtration.

Battery Replacement: Establish a schedule for replacing batteries based on manufacturer recommendations or performance monitoring.

Policies:

UPS Usage Policy: Define guidelines for the appropriate use of UPS systems, including acceptable load limits and device connections.

Maintenance Policy: Establish a maintenance schedule that includes regular inspections, testing, and battery replacement.

Incident Response Policy: Outline procedures for responding to UPS failures or power outages, including communication plans and escalation procedures.

Access Control Policy: Implement restrictions on physical access to UPS systems to prevent unauthorized tampering.