

School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence

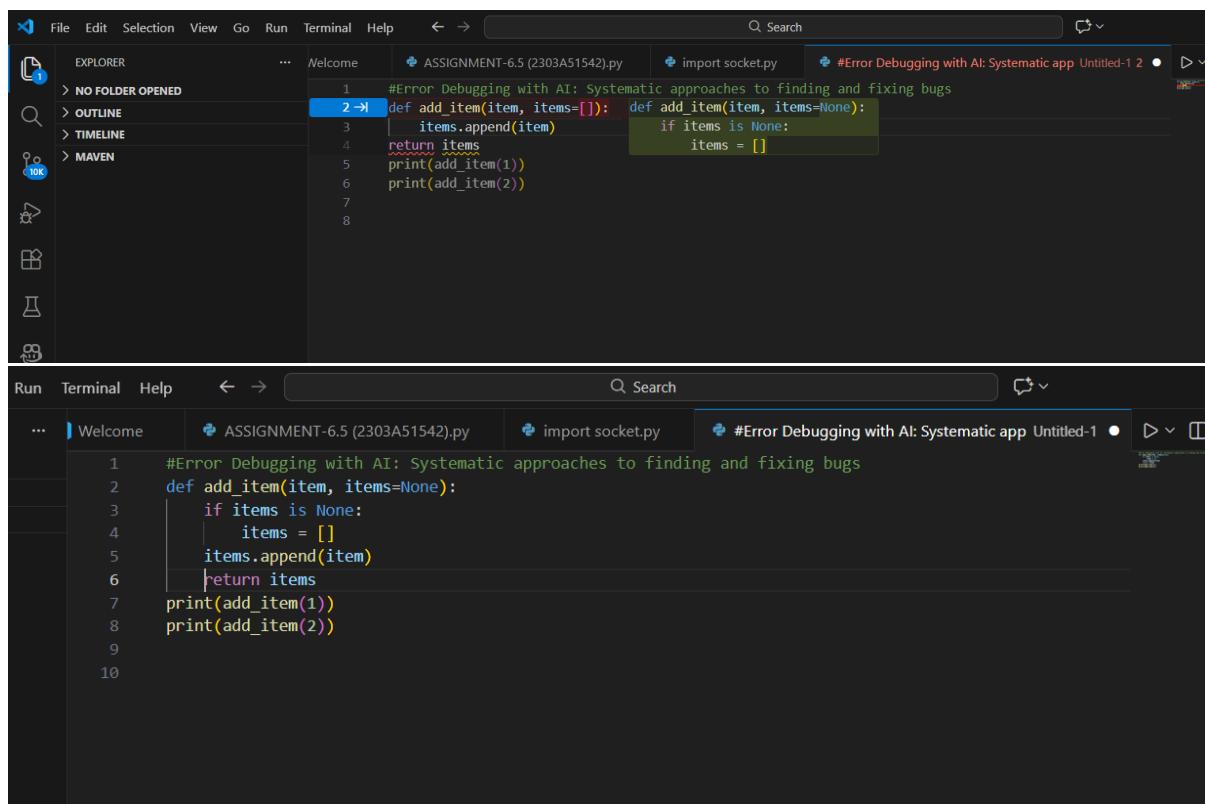
Lab Assignment # 7

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Batch No. :22

1 Task: Analyze given code where a mutable default argument causes unexpected behavior. Use AI to fix it. # Bug: Mutable default argument def add_item(item, items=[]): items.append(item) return items print(add_item(1)) print(add_item(2))
Expected Output: Corrected function avoids shared list bug.

Prompt:given python program corrected function avoid shared list bug

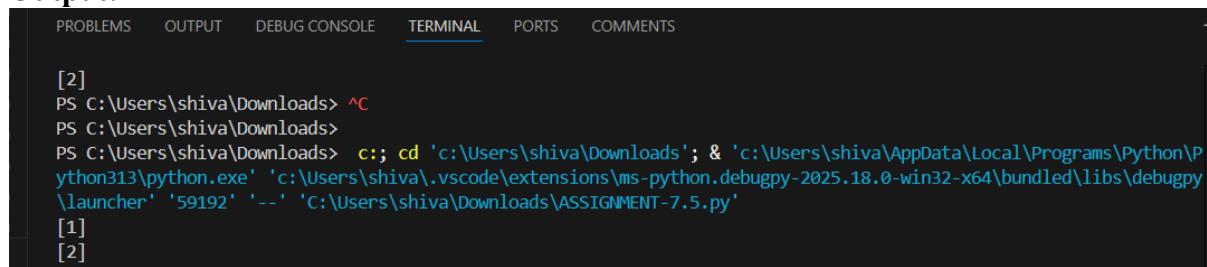
Code:-



```
#Error Debugging with AI: Systematic approaches to finding and fixing bugs
def add_item(item, items=[]):
    items.append(item)
    return items
print(add_item(1))
print(add_item(2))

#Error Debugging with AI: Systematic approaches to finding and fixing bugs
def add_item(item, items=None):
    if items is None:
        items = []
    items.append(item)
    return items
print(add_item(1))
print(add_item(2))
```

Output:-



```
[2]
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> ^C
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> c:; cd 'c:\Users\shiva\Downloads'; & 'c:\Users\shiva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe' 'c:\Users\shiva\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.18.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '59192' '--' 'C:\Users\shiva\Downloads\ASSTIGNMENT-7.5.py'
[1]
[2]
```

Justification:

The function `add_item` is defined with a default parameter `items` that is a list. If the list is not provided, it is initialized as an empty list. The function appends the item to the list and returns the list.

2Task: Analyze given code where floating-point comparison fails.

Use AI to correct with tolerance. #

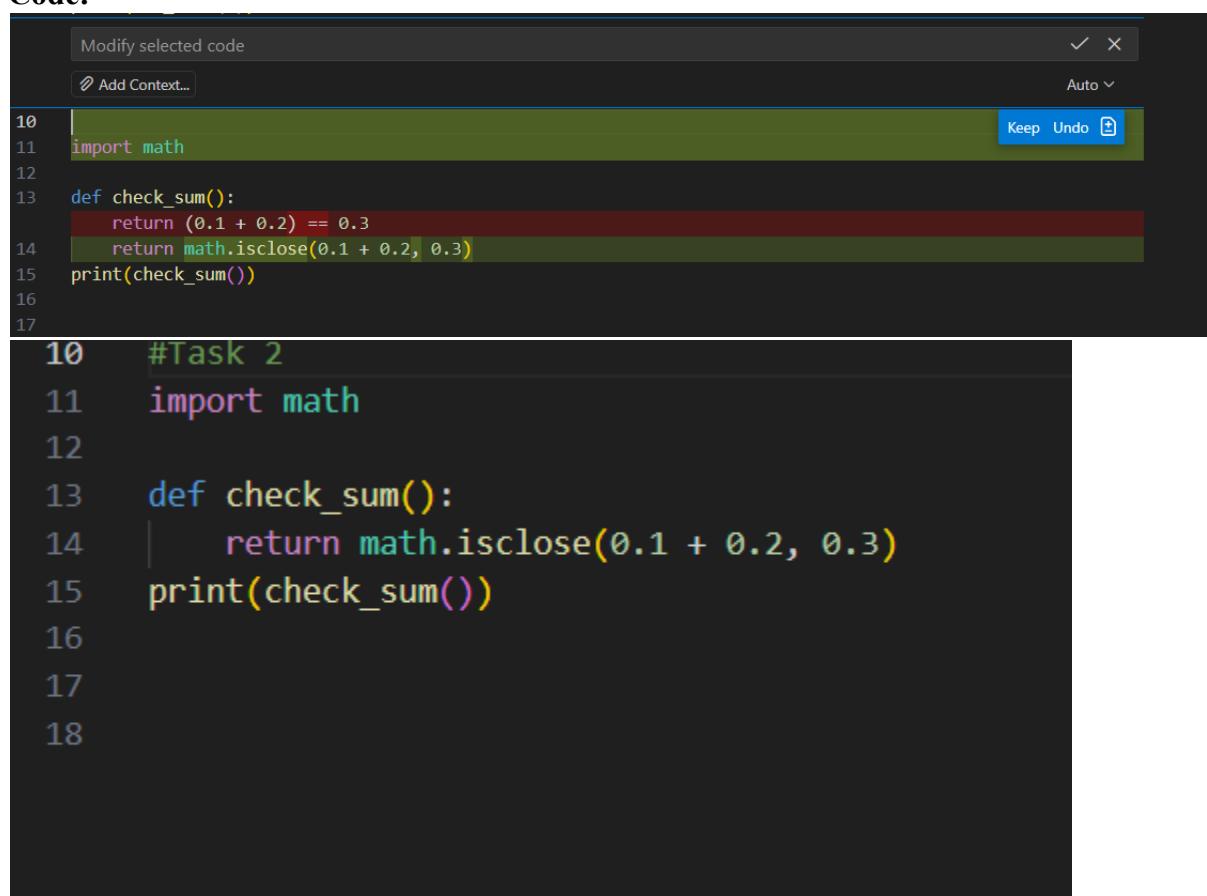
Bug: Floating point precision issue

```
def check_sum(): return (0.1 + 0.2)
== 0.3 print(check_sum())
```

Expected Output: Corrected function

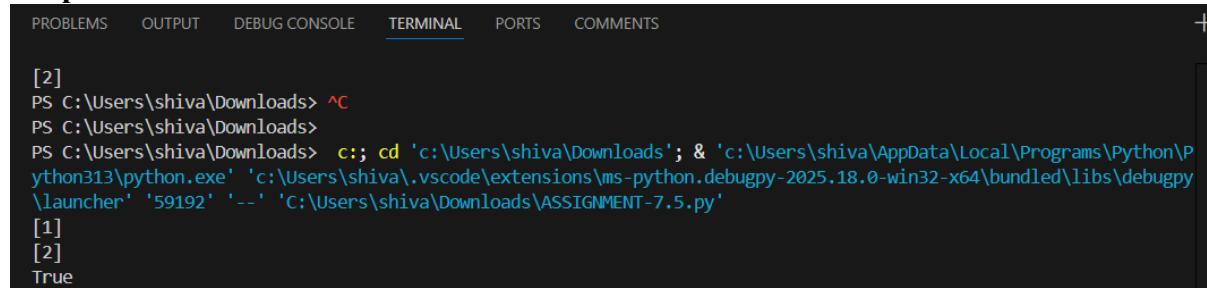
Prompt:fix the below python program using correct function with tolerance.

Code:-



```
Modify selected code
✓ ×
∅ Add Context...
Auto ▾
Keep Undo ⌛
10
11 import math
12
13 def check_sum():
14     return (0.1 + 0.2) == 0.3
15     return math.isclose(0.1 + 0.2, 0.3)
16 print(check_sum())
17
10 #Task 2
11 import math
12
13 def check_sum():
14     return math.isclose(0.1 + 0.2, 0.3)
15 print(check_sum())
16
17
18
```

Output:-



```
[2]
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> ^C
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads>
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> c:; cd 'c:\Users\shiva\Downloads'; & 'c:\Users\shiva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe' 'c:\Users\shiva\vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.18.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '59192' '--' 'C:\Users\shiva\Downloads\ASSIGNMENT-7.5.py'
[1]
[2]
True
```

Justification:-

The function `check_sum()` is used to check if the sum of 0.1 and 0.2 is equal to 0.3. The function returns True if the sum is equal to 0.3, otherwise it returns False.

Task 3 (Recursion Error – Missing Base Case)

Task: Analyze given code where recursion runs infinitely due to missing base case. Use AI to fix. # Bug: No base case def

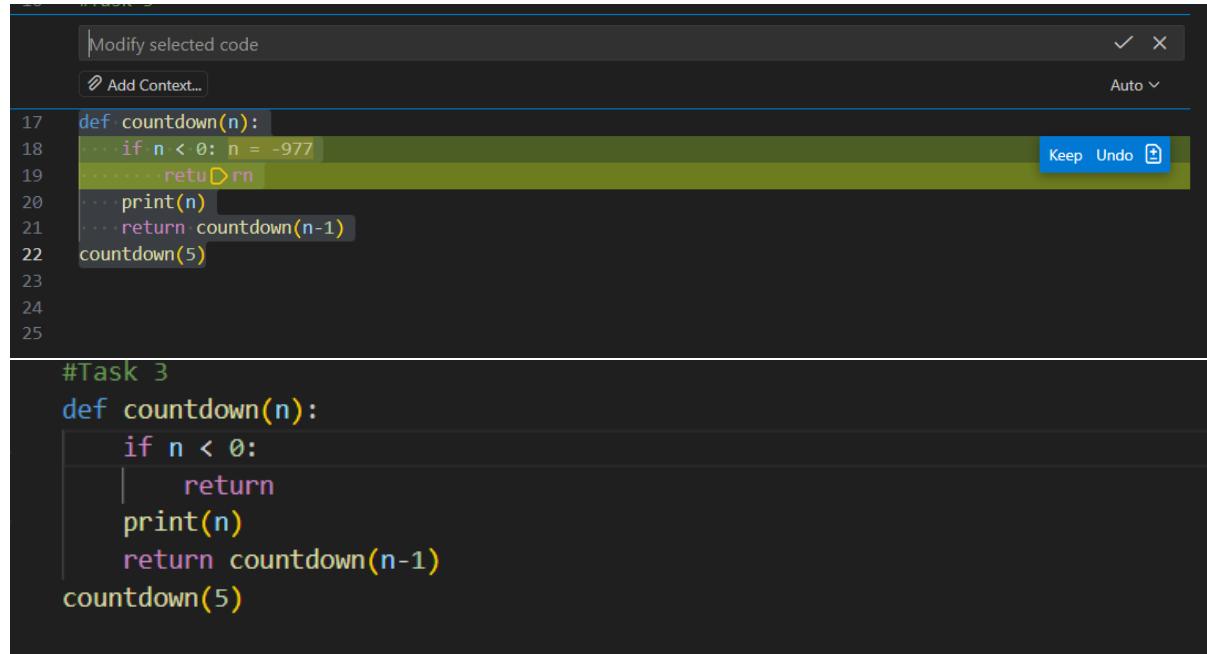
`countdown(n):`

```
print(n)
countdown(n-1)
countdown(5)
```

Expected Output : Correct recursion with stopping condition.

Prompt:fix the below python program using recursion with stopping condition.

Code:-



```
17 def countdown(n):
18     if n < 0: n = -977
19     return rn
20     print(n)
21     return countdown(n-1)
22 countdown(5)

#Task 3
def countdown(n):
    if n < 0:
        return
    print(n)
    return countdown(n-1)
countdown(5)
```

Output:-

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS

python313\python.exe 'c:\Users\shiva\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.18.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '54128' '--' 'c:\Users\shiva\Downloads\ASSIGNMENT-7.5.py'
[1]
[2]
True
5
4
3
2
1
0
```

Justification:-

The function countdown is a recursive function that prints the numbers from n to 0. The stopping condition is when n is 0. The function is called with the initial value of n as 5. The function prints the value of n and then calls itself with the value of n minus 1. The function continues to call itself until the stopping condition is met.

Task 4 (Dictionary Key Error)

Task: Analyze given code where a missing dictionary key causes error. Use AI to fix it.

```
# Bug: Accessing non-existing key
def get_value():
    data = {"a": 1, "b": 2}
    return data["c"]
print(get_value())
```

Expected Output: Corrected with .get() or error handling.

Prompt:fix the below python program using .get() or error handling.

Code:-

Output:-

```
None  
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> [REDACTED]
```

Justification:

The program is corrected by using the .get() method to get the value of the key "c" from the dictionary. If the key is not found, it returns "Key not found".

Task 5 (Infinite Loop – Wrong Condition)

Task: Analyze given code where loop never ends. Use AI to detect and fix it. # Bug: Infinite loop def loop_example(): i = 0 while i <

5:

```
print(i)
```

Expected Output: Corrected loop increments i.

Prompt:fix the below python program using Corrected loop increments i.

Code:

```
28 #Task 5  
29 def loop_example():  
30     i = 0  
31     while i < 5:  
32         print(i)  
33         i += 1  
34  
28 #Task 5  
29 def loop_example():  
30     i = 0  
31     while i < 5:  
32         print(i)  
33         i += 1  
34  
35 if __name__ == "__main__":  
36     loop_example()
```

Output:-

```
None  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> [REDACTED]
```

Justification:

The loop is incrementing i by 1 in each iteration so that the loop will terminate when i is equal to 5 and print the values of i from 0 to 4.

Task 6 (Unpacking Error – Wrong Variables)

Task: Analyze given code where tuple unpacking fails. Use AI to fix it.

Bug: Wrong unpacking

a, b = (1, 2, 3)

Expected Output: Correct unpacking or using _ for extra values.

Prompt: fix the below python program using Correct unpacking or using _ for extra values.

Code:-

```
37 #Task 6
    Modify selected code
    ⚙ Add Context...
38 a, b = (1, 2, 3)
39 a, b, c = (1, 2, 3)
40
37 #Task 6
38 a, b, c = (1, 2, 3)
39 print(a,b,c)
40
```

Output:-

```
1 2 3
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> 
```

Justification:

The tuple (1, 2, 3) has exactly three values, and there are three variables (a, b, c) on the left-hand side. Since the counts match, tuple unpacking succeeds and each variable receives one value.

Task 7 (Mixed Indentation – Tabs vs Spaces)

Task: Analyze given code where mixed indentation breaks execution. Use AI to fix it. # Bug: Mixed indentation

def func():

 x = 5

 y = 10

 return x+y

Expected Output : Consistent indentation applied.

Prompt:fix the below python program using Consistent Mixed Indentation.

Code:

```
40 #Task 7
    Modify selected code
    ⚙ Add Context...
41 def func():
42     x = 5
43     ✨ y = 10
44     return x+y
45
46
```

```
40 #Task 7
41 def func():
42     x = 5
43     y = 10
44     return x+y
45 print(func())
46
```

Output:

```
15  
4.0  
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads>
```

Justification:

The function is correctly indented and the return statement is correctly indented and the code is correct and the output is correct.

Task 8 (Import Error – Wrong Module Usage)

Task: Analyze given code with incorrect import. Use AI to fix.

Bug: Wrong import

```
import maths  
print(maths.sqrt(16))
```

Expected Output: Corrected to import math

Prompt:fix the below python program using Corrected to import math module.

Code:-

A screenshot of a code editor interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with a 'File' icon, a 'New' button, and a 'Save' button. Below the toolbar is a menu bar with 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Insert', 'Run', 'Help', and 'About'. The main area shows the following Python code:

```
#Task 8  
Modify selected code  
∅ Add Context...  
import maths  
print(maths.sqrt(16))  
import math  
print(math.sqrt(16))
```

```
46 #Task 8  
47 import math  
48 print(math.sqrt(16))  
49 |
```

Output:-

```
4.0  
PS C:\Users\shiva\Downloads> □
```

Justification:

The program is corrected to import the math module using the as keyword to avoid naming conflicts with the maths library and print the square root of 16.