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Q1.) What is edge Computing? Explain with example.

Ans. Edge Computing is a networking philosophy focused on bringing computing close to source of data as possible in order to reduce latency & bandwidth used. It means running fewer processes in the cloud and moving those process to local places such as on a user's computers or an IoT device or an edge server. Bringing computation to network's edge minimizes the amount of long-distance communication that has to happen between a client and server. It centralized applications running close to users, either on the device itself or on network edge.

Example: Consider a building secured with dozens of high-definition IoT video cameras. These are dumb cameras that simply output a raw video signal and continuously stream that signal to cloud server. On the cloud server, the video output from all the cameras is put through a motion detection application to ensure that only clips featuring activity are saved to the server's database. This means there is a constant and significant strain on the building's internet infrastructure, as significant bandwidth gets consumed by the high volume of video footage being transferred. This is very heavy load on the

cloud server that has to process the video footage from all cameras. Simultaneously. The cloud server is only responsible for storing the important footage, meaning that the server could communicate with a higher number of cameras without getting overloaded. This is what edge computing looks like.

Q2) Explain Containers & edge Computing with open stack.

Ans- Containers with openstack:-

Containers are a technology that enables developers to download ready base images, pack onto them applications, break them down into components, deploy and test each part in continuous integration system and push them to a registry, where system engineers can deploy them on top of the existing infrastructure and make them available to the world.

Use of Containers:-

- (1) Kolla (containers) is an openstack project to build containers for each openstack service. It includes a sophisticated build and templating system and is capable of building containers from both source and packages on a variety of host OS.
- (2) Containers require less system resources than

traditional as hardware VM environment because they don't include OS images

- (3) Openstack Services are comprised of different composable projects that deliver programmable infrastructure. When it comes to running containerized applications on Openstack, it depends whether you want to run containers on bare metal

Edge Computing with open Stack :-

- (1) Openstack provides fundamental infrastructure building blocks that can be deployed anywhere including the edge of network.
- (2) The flexible and modular nature of Openstack means you can run the minimal services required at edge, yet provide robust support for bare metal, container technologies and VM.
- (3) Openstack is already the most highly distributed infrastructure software, running in thousands of data centers around the world and many users in telecom and retail industries are working now to advance the edge computing use case with Openstack.

Example :-

Let say we are using Openstack infrastructure in a distributed fashion across multiple physical areas, or edge sites.

Each edge contains between 5 and 20 machines and we would like to deploy one or more openshift clusters at each one.

Benefits of these clusters:

- Low latency to end users
- Smaller footprint
- Confined fault domain
- Connected to Central Site for central applications or disaster recovery.

Edge Computing

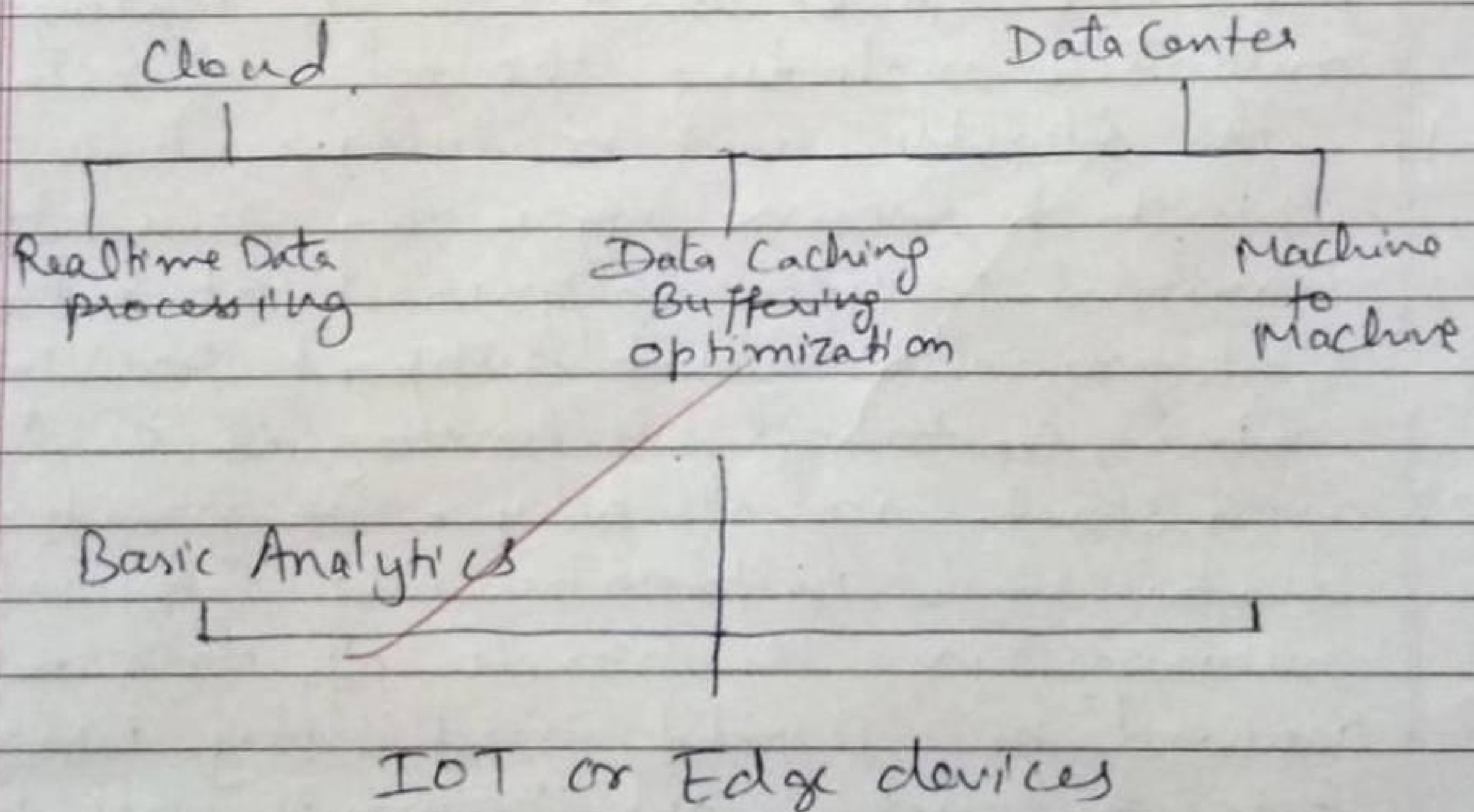


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