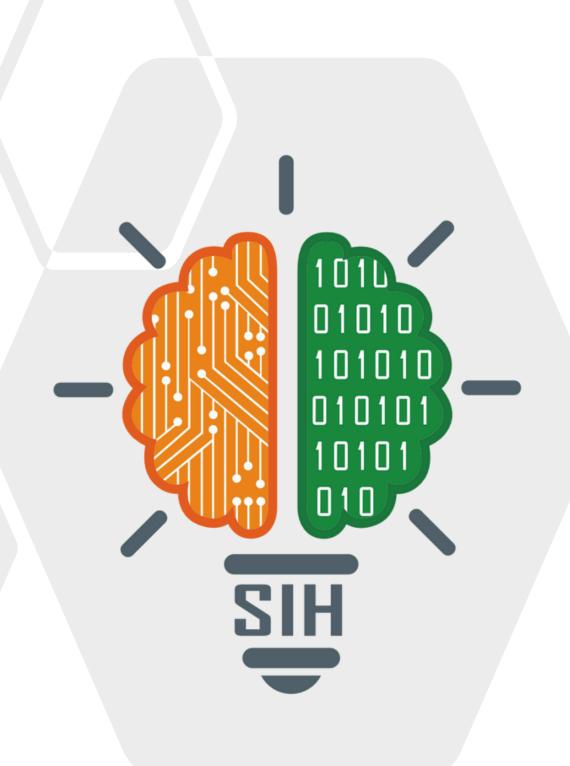
SMART INDIA HACKATHON 2025



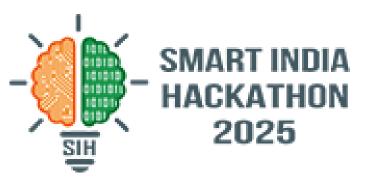
TITLE PAGE

- Problem Statement ID SIH25016
- Problem Statement Title- Automated Student Attendance
 - Monitoring and Analytics System for Colleges
- Theme- Smart Education
- PS Category- Software
- Team ID- Neuro Nova
- Team Name Neuro Nova





IDEA TITLE



Proposed Solution

Attendance in most colleges is still tracked manually using roll calls or paper registers. This approach:

- Consumes valuable teaching time.
- Is prone to errors like incorrect entries and proxy attendance.
- Becomes harder to manage in large classes.
- Provides little to no analytics for identifying at-risk students or monitoring engagement.

As education shifts towards digital transformation, continuing with outdated systems creates inefficiencies, delays, and lack of transparency.

Why Unique?

Enhanced Accuracy – By integrating QR codes (~95% accuracy), biometrics (~98% accuracy), and facial recognition (~97% accuracy), the system ensures a combined accuracy rate of 99%+. This multi-technology approach guarantees that students never face issues in marking attendance, even if one method fails.



TECHNICAL APPROACH

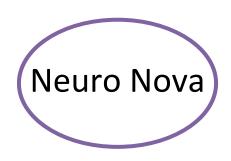


Technologies to be Used

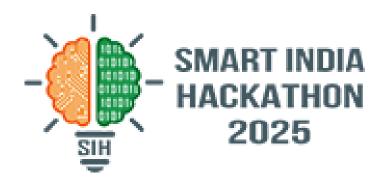
- Programming Languages: Python, JavaScript
- Frameworks: React (frontend), Node.js/Express (backend)
- Database: MySQL / Firebase / MongoDB (cloud-based)
- AI/ML: OpenCV / TensorFlow / MediaPipe / FaceNet / DeepFace / InsightFace
- Hardware: Biometric scanner, Camera, QR code scanner.
- Cloud Services: AWS / Google Cloud for storage & dashboards

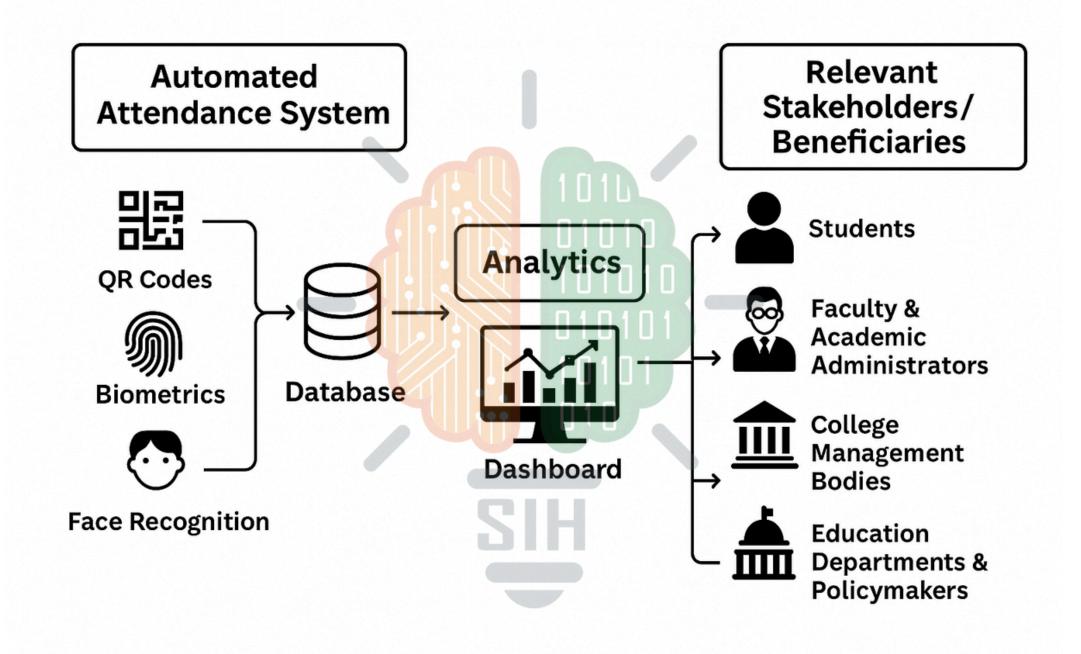
Methodology & Process

- Student Registration → Enroll with photo/biometrics/QR ID.
- Attendance Capture → QR scan / face recognition / biometric.
- Data Storage → Records stored in cloud database securely.
- Dashboard Access → Faculty & admin track attendance in real-time.
- Analytics → Reports on trends, defaulters, & engagement levels.



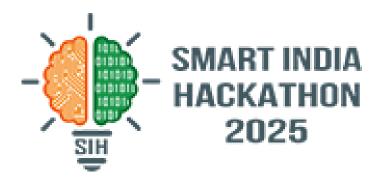
PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM







FEASIBILITY AND VIABILITY



Feasibility

- Technically viable with existing tools (QR, biometrics, face recognition).
- Affordable with cloud-based & open-source solutions.
- Scalable across classrooms, departments, and online platforms.

Potential Challenges & Risks

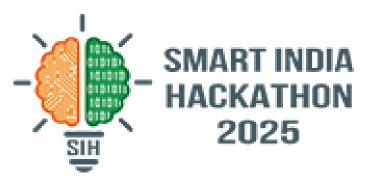
- High Initial Cost (biometric/face recognition hardware).
- Data Privacy Concerns (student biometric data security).
- Internet Dependency (for real-time cloud updates).
- Resistance to Change from faculty/students.

Strategies to Overcome

- Start with low-cost QR system, scale to biometrics later.
- Use secure encryption & compliance (GDPR/Indian IT laws) for data.
- Provide offline backup mode with sync once internet is available.
- Conduct training & awareness sessions for smooth adoption.



IMPACT AND BENEFITS



Potential Impact on Target Audience

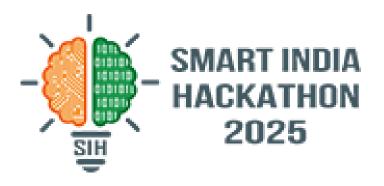
- Students → Fair, transparent, and error-free attendance records.
- Faculty → Saves time, reduces workload, and provides insights.
- Administrators → Better monitoring, accountability, and planning.
- Institutions → Digital transformation and improved reputation.

Benefits of the Solution

- Social → Promotes fairness, transparency, and student accountability.
- Economic → Saves operational costs and reduces manual effort.
- Environmental → Paperless system reduces register/record-keeping waste.
- Educational → Early identification of disengaged/at-risk students.



RESEARCH AND REFERENCES



References & Research Work

- 1. Automated Attendance Systems Research papers on QR code & biometric-based solutions.
 - International Journal of Computer Applications (IJCA) "Attendance Management System using QR Code Authentication"
 - IEEE Xplore "Facial Recognition based Smart Attendance System"

Education Technology & Analytics

- SpringerLink "Digital Transformation in Higher Education Institutions"
- ScienceDirect "Student Engagement Analytics for Academic Improvement"

Data Privacy & Security

- GDPR Guidelines Data protection in educational systems.
- Indian IT Act (2000) Compliance for biometric data handling.