1. OpenMP program to calculate pow(i, x) for all threads

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <math.h>

int main() {
    int i;
    printf("Enter the value of i: ");
    scanf("%d", &i);
    #pragma omp parallel
    {
        int x = omp_get_thread_num();
        double result = pow(i, x);
        printf("Thread %d: %d^%d = %f\n", x, i, x, result);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

2. OpenMP program to sum even and odd numbers in an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>

int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    printf("Enter the elements of the array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
}</pre>
```

```
}
int sum_even = 0, sum_odd = 0;
#pragma omp parallel sections
{
  #pragma omp section
  {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
       sum_even += arr[i];
     }
   }
    printf("Sum of even numbers: %d\n", sum_even);
  }
  #pragma omp section
  {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if (arr[i] % 2 != 0) {
       sum_odd += arr[i];
     }
   }
    printf("Sum of odd numbers: %d\n", sum_odd);
 }
}
return 0;
```

}

3. OpenMP program to implement basic calculator operations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
int main() {
 int a, b;
  printf("Enter two numbers: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
 int sum, diff, prod;
 float quot;
 #pragma omp parallel sections
 {
   #pragma omp section
   {
     sum = a + b;
     printf("Sum: %d\n", sum);
   }
   #pragma omp section
   {
     diff = a - b;
     printf("Difference: %d\n", diff);
   }
   #pragma omp section
     prod = a * b;
     printf("Product: %d\n", prod);
   }
```

```
#pragma omp section
    {
      if (b != 0) {
       quot = (float)a / b;
        printf("Quotient: %.2f\n", quot);
     } else {
        printf("Quotient: undefined (division by zero)\n");
     }
    }
 }
  return 0;
}
4. OpenMP program to perform arithmetic operations on two vectors
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
int main() {
  int n = 4; // Vector size
  int A[n], B[n], C[n];
  printf("Enter elements of vector A: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &A[i]);
 }
  printf("Enter elements of vector B: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &B[i]);
 }
  #pragma omp parallel sections
  {
```

```
#pragma omp section
{
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   C[i] = A[i] + B[i];
    printf("Add: C[\%d] = \%d\n", i, C[i]);
 }
}
#pragma omp section
{
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    C[i] = A[i] - B[i];
    printf("Sub: C[\%d] = \%d\n", i, C[i]);
 }
}
#pragma omp section
{
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    C[i] = A[i] * B[i];
    printf("Mul: C[%d] = %d\n", i, C[i]);
 }
}
#pragma omp section
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (B[i] != 0) {
      C[i] = A[i] / B[i];
      printf("Div: C[%d] = %d\n", i, C[i]);
    } else {
```

```
printf("Div: C[%d] = undefined (division by zero)\n", i);
}
}
return 0;
}
```

5. OpenMP program to generate prime numbers in a range

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
int is_prime(int num) {
  if (num <= 1) return 0;
  for (int i = 2; i*i <= num; i++) {
    if (num % i == 0) return 0;
 }
  return 1;
}
int main() {
  int start, end;
  printf("Enter the start and end of the range: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &start, &end);
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int i = start; i <= end; i++) {
    if (is_prime(i)) {
      printf("Prime number: %d\n", i);
   }
 }
```

```
return 0;
```

6. OpenMP program to toggle characters in a string based on thread ID

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
int main() {
  char str[100];
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  scanf("%s", str);
  int n = strlen(str);
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    int thread_id = omp_get_thread_num();
    if (isupper(str[i])) {
      str[i] = tolower(str[i]);
    } else {
      str[i] = toupper(str[i]);
    }
    printf("Thread %d: %c\n", thread_id, str[i]);
 }
  printf("Toggled string: %s\n", str);
  return 0;
}
```

7. OpenMP program to compute Fibonacci numbers for an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
int fibonacci(int n) {
  if (n \le 1) return n;
  return fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2);
}
int main() {
  int A[] = \{10, 13, 5, 6\};
  int n = sizeof(A) / sizeof(A[0]);
  int result[n];
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    result[i] = fibonacci(A[i]);
    printf("Thread %d: Fibonacci of %d is %d\n", omp_get_thread_num(), A[i], result[i]);
 }
  return 0;
}
```

8. OpenMP program to implement Matrix multiplication and analyze speedup and efficiency

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <time.h>

void matrix_multiply(int **A, int **B, int **C, int size, int num_threads) {
```

```
omp_set_num_threads(num_threads);
  #pragma omp parallel for collapse(2)
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
      C[i][j] = 0;
      for (int k = 0; k < size; k++) {
        C[i][j] += A[i][k] * B[k][j];
      }
    }
 }
}
int main() {
  int sizes[] = {200, 400, 600, 800, 1000};
  int num_sizes = sizeof(sizes) / sizeof(sizes[0]);
  int num_threads_arr[] = {1, 2, 4, 6, 8};
  int num_threads_count = sizeof(num_threads_arr) / sizeof(num_threads_arr[0]);
  for (int s = 0; s < num_sizes; s++) {
    int size = sizes[s];
    int **A = (int **)malloc(size * sizeof(int *));
    int **B = (int **)malloc(size * sizeof(int *));
    int **C = (int **)malloc(size * sizeof(int *));
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      A[i] = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));
      B[i] = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));
      C[i] = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));
    }
    // Initialize matrices
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
        A[i][j] = rand() \% 10;
        B[i][j] = rand() \% 10;
     }
    }
    for (int t = 0; t < num_threads_count; t++) {</pre>
      int num_threads = num_threads_arr[t];
      double start_time = omp_get_wtime();
      matrix_multiply(A, B, C, size, num_threads);
      double end_time = omp_get_wtime();
      printf("Size: %d, Threads: %d, Time: %f seconds\n", size, num_threads, end_time -
start_time);
    }
    // Free memory
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      free(A[i]);
      free(B[i]);
      free(C[i]);
    }
    free(A);
    free(B);
    free(C);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

9. OpenMP program to perform Matrix times vector multiplication and analyze speedup and efficiency

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <omp.h>
void matrix_vector_multiply(int **A, int *B, int *C, int rows, int cols, int num_threads) {
  omp_set_num_threads(num_threads);
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
    C[i] = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
      C[i] += A[i][j] * B[j];
    }
 }
}
int main() {
  int sizes[] = {200, 400, 600, 800, 1000};
  int num_sizes = sizeof(sizes) / sizeof(sizes[0]);
  int num_threads_arr[] = {1, 2, 4, 6, 8};
  int num_threads_count = sizeof(num_threads_arr) / sizeof(num_threads_arr[0]);
  for (int s = 0; s < num\_sizes; s++) {
    int size = sizes[s];
    int **A = (int **)malloc(size * sizeof(int *));
    int *B = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));
    int *C = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      A[i] = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));
    }
```

```
// Initialize matrix and vector
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
        A[i][j] = rand() \% 10;
     }
      B[i] = rand() \% 10;
    }
    for (int t = 0; t < num_threads_count; t++) {</pre>
      int num_threads = num_threads_arr[t];
      double start_time = omp_get_wtime();
      matrix_vector_multiply(A, B, C, size, size, num_threads);
      double end_time = omp_get_wtime();
      printf("Size: %d, Threads: %d, Time: %f seconds\n", size, num_threads, end_time -
start_time);
    }
    // Free memory
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      free(A[i]);
    }
    free(A);
    free(B);
    free(C);
  }
  return 0;
}
```