

2. $H = -\gamma B S_z$

$$\Rightarrow U(t, t_0) = U(t, 0) = \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} + i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right)$$

$$\theta = \frac{\gamma B t}{2}$$

$$\hat{S}_z(t) = U(0, t) \hat{S}_z U(t, 0)$$

$$= \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} + i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right) S_z \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} + i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right)$$

$$= S_z$$

$$\hat{S}_x(t) = U^\dagger(t, 0) \hat{S}_x U(t, 0)$$

$$= \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} - i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right) S_x \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} + i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right)$$

$$= \cos^2 \theta S_x + \sin^2 \theta (-S_x)$$

$$+ i \frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta}{\hbar/2} (S_x S_z - S_z S_x)$$

$$= \cos 2\theta S_x + \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\hbar} [S_x, S_z]$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\hat{S}_x(t) = \cos(\gamma B t) S_x}$$

$$\hat{S}_y(t) = U^\dagger(t, 0) \hat{S}_y U(t, 0)$$

$$= \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} - i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right) \hat{S}_y \left(\cos \theta \mathbb{1} + i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right)$$

$$= \cos^2 \theta \hat{S}_y + \sin^2 \theta \frac{\hat{S}_z \hat{S}_y \hat{S}_z}{\hbar^2/4}$$

now $[\hat{S}_z, \hat{S}_x] = i\hbar \hat{S}_y$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{S}_x(t) = \cos 2\theta \hat{S}_x + i \sin 2\theta \hat{S}_y$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\hat{S}_x(t) = \cos(rBt) \hat{S}_x + \sin(rBt) \hat{S}_y}$$

$$\hat{S}_y(t) = \left(\cos \theta \uparrow - i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right) \hat{S}_y \left(\cos \theta \uparrow + i \sin \theta \frac{S_z}{\hbar/2} \right)$$

$$= \cos^2 \theta \hat{S}_y - \sin^2 \theta \hat{S}_y + i \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\hbar} [\hat{S}_y, \hat{S}_z]$$

$$= \cos 2\theta \hat{S}_y - \sin 2\theta \hat{S}_{yx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\hat{S}_y(t) = \cos(rBt) \hat{S}_y - \sin(rBt) \hat{S}_x}$$