## שלב ג – תכנות

## תוכנית 1

התוכנית מתארת מקרה שמטופל נזקק לטיפול דחוף ועוקבת אחרי התרופות שהרופא נותן לו בטיפול. שימוש בפונקציה שבודקת זמינות של תרופה במלאי.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE NONEDITIONABLE FUNCTION check_medication_availability(
    p_medication_name IN VARCHAR2,
    p_strength IN VARCHAR2,
    p_quantity_needed IN NUMBER
) RETURN BOOLEAN

IS
    v_quantity_in_stock NUMBER;

BEGIN
    SELECT QuantityInStock INTO v_quantity_in_stock
    FROM Medication
    WHERE LOWER(Name) = LOWER(p_medication_name)
    AND Strength = p_strength
    AND ROWNUM = 1;

RETURN v_quantity_in_stock >= p_quantity_needed;

EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    RETURN FALSE;

END:
```

שימוש בפרוצדורה שבהינתן מטופל, רופא ורשימת תרופות מנהלת את הטיפול:

- 1. מוצאת את החולה או מכניסה אותו למערכת אם הוא חולה חדש.
  - 2. מוצאת לו חדר פנוי במחלקת החירום.
- 3. יוצרת רשומה של הטיפול ומקשרת לכל התרופות שצריך לקבל (ומעדכנת את הכמות שלהן רמאגר*)*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE handle_emergency_treatment(
   p_patient_name IN VARCHAR2,
    p_patient_dob IN DATE,
    p_doctor_id IN NUMBER,
   p medication list IN SYS REFCURSOR,
    p_treatment_result OUT SYS_REFCURSOR
   v_patient_id NUMBER;
    v_treatment_id NUMBER;
   v room id NUMBER;
    v_medication_id NUMBER;
   v_emergency_dept_id NUMBER;
    TYPE medication_record IS RECORD (
        med_name VARCHAR2(100),
strength VARCHAR2(50),
        quantity NUMBER
    v medication medication record;
    insufficient_medication EXCEPTION;
   PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT(insufficient_medication, -20001);
BEGIN
     - Find or create patient
        SELECT PatientID INTO v_patient_id
        FROM Patient
        WHERE Name = p_patient name AND DateOfBirth = p patient dob;
    EXCEPTION
        WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
             -- Create new patient
            SELECT NVL(MAX(PatientID), 0) + 1 INTO v_patient_id FROM Patient;
            INSERT INTO Patient (PatientID, Name, DateOfBirth)
            VALUES (v_patient_id, p_patient_name, p_patient_dob);
    -- Find available room in Emergency Department
    SELECT DepartmentID INTO v_emergency_dept_id
    FROM Department
   WHERE UPPER(Name) = 'EMERGENCY';
   SELECT MIN(RoomID) INTO v room id
   FROM Room
   WHERE DepartmentID = v_emergency_dept_id
    AND ROOMID NOT IN (SELECT ROOMID FROM Patient WHERE ROOMID IS NOT NULL);
    -- Assign room to patient
   UPDATE Patient
   SET RoomID = v room id
   WHERE PatientID = v patient id;
    SELECT NVL(MAX(TreatmentID), 0) + 1 INTO v_treatment_id FROM Treatment;
    INSERT INTO Treatment (TreatmentID, Description, PatientID, DoctorID, TreatmentDate) VALUES (v_treatment_id, 'Emergency Treatment', v_patient_id, p_doctor_id, SYSDATE);
```

```
Process medications
               FETCH p_medication_list INTO v_medication;
               EXIT WHEN p medication list%NOTFOUND;
               IF NOT check_medication_availability(
                   v_medication.med_name,
                   v medication.strength,
                   v_medication.quantity
                   RAISE insufficient_medication;
               END IF;
               SELECT MedicationID INTO v medication id
               FROM Medication
               WHERE LOWER(Name) = LOWER(v_medication.med_name)
AND Strength = v_medication.strength
               -- Update medication stock
               UPDATE Medication
               SET QuantityInStock = QuantityInStock - v_medication.quantity
WHERE MedicationID = v_medication_id;
               -- Link medication to treatment
               INSERT INTO Medication_Treatment (MedicationID, TreatmentID, Quantity)
               VALUES (v_medication_id, v_treatment_id, v_medication.quantity);
           END LOOP;
           -- Prepare treatment result
           OPEN p_treatment_result FOR
           SELECT t.TreatmentID, p.Name AS PatientName, d.Name AS DoctorName,
                  m.Name AS MedicationName, m.Strength, m.Form, m.Manufacturer, mt.Quantity
           FROM Treatment t
           JOIN Doctor d ON t.DoctorID = d.DoctorID
           JOIN Medication Treatment mt ON t.TreatmentID = mt.TreatmentID
           JOIN Medication m ON mt.MedicationID = m.MedicationID
           WHERE t.TreatmentID = v_treatment_id;
           COMMIT;
      EXCEPTION
100
           WHEN insufficient_medication THEN
               ROLLBACK;
               RAISE APPLICATION ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient medication in stock');
103
           WHEN OTHERS THEN
               RAISE;
```

תוכנית ראשית המוצאת רופא מתאים ואת רשימת התרופות, קוראת לפרוצדורה ומדפיסה תוצאות למסך.

```
DECLARE
   v medication list SYS REFCURSOR;
   v treatment result SYS REFCURSOR;
   v patient name VARCHAR2(100) := 'Kaela Cabena';
   v patient dob DATE := TO DATE('1999-07-19', 'YYYY-MM-DD');
   v doctor id NUMBER;
   v treatment id NUMBER;
   v patient name result VARCHAR2(100);
   v doctor name VARCHAR2(100);
   v medication name VARCHAR2(100);
   v strength VARCHAR2 (50);
   v quantity NUMBER;
BEGIN
   SELECT DoctorID INTO v doctor id
   FROM Doctor d
   JOIN Department dep ON d.DepartmentID = dep.DepartmentID
   WHERE UPPER (dep.Name) = 'EMERGENCY'
   AND ROWNUM = 1;
   -- Prepare medication list
   OPEN v medication list FOR
   SELECT Name, Strength, 1 AS Quantity
   FROM Medication
   WHERE UPPER (Name) IN ('ASPIRIN', 'MENTHOL', 'OCTOCRYLENE')
   AND QuantityInStock > 0;
```

```
handle_emergency_treatment(
       p_patient name => v_patient name,
       p patient dob => v patient dob,
       p_doctor_id => v_doctor_id,
       p medication list => v medication list,
       p treatment result => v treatment result
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Emergency Treatment Result:');
       FETCH v treatment result INTO
           v treatment id, v patient name result, v doctor name,
           v medication name, v strength, v quantity;
       EXIT WHEN v treatment result%NOTFOUND;
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Treatment ID: ' || v treatment id);
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Patient: ' | | v patient name result);
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Doctor: ' | | v doctor name);
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Medication: ' || v medication name ||
                           ', Strength: ' || v strength ||
                           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('---');
   CLOSE v treatment result;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
```

```
WHEN OTHERS THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT_PUT_LINE('An error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);

ROLLBACK;

END;
```

תוצאת ההרצה:

```
Emergency Treatment Result:
Treatment ID: 1005
Patient: Kaela Cabena
Doctor: Gunter Moyles
Medication: octocrylene, Strength: 1 (Quantity: 1)
Treatment ID: 1005
Patient: Kaela Cabena
Doctor: Gunter Moyles
Medication: Menthol, Strength: 2 (Quantity: 1)
Treatment ID: 1005
Patient: Kaela Cabena
Doctor: Gunter Moyles
Medication: OCTOCRYLENE, Strength: 4 (Quantity: 1)
Treatment ID: 1005
Patient: Kaela Cabena
Doctor: Gunter Moyles
Medication: Menthol, Strength: 5 (Quantity: 1)
Treatment ID: 1005
Patient: Kaela Cabena
Doctor: Gunter Moyles
Medication: Aspirin, Strength: 4 (Quantity: 1)
```

פונקציה שמחזירה נתונים סטטיסטיים אודות מחלקה (כרגע רק את מספר החולים, בהמשך אולי עוד נתונים):

```
-- Function to get department statistics

create or replace FUNCTION get_dept_stats(p_dept_id NUMBER) RETURN number IS

v_result number;

BEGIN

-- Count patients in the department

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT p.PatientID) INTO v_result

FROM Patient p

JOIN Room r ON p.RoomID = r.RoomID

WHERE r.DepartmentID = p_dept_id;

RETURN v_result;

END;
```

## eref cursor: פרוצדורה שמוצאת רופאים שעובדים הרבה ומחזירה

```
REATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE find high workload doctors (
      p_ref_cursor OUT SYS_REFCURSOR
   v doctor name Doctor.Name%TYPE;
   v doctor specialty Doctor.Specialty%TYPE;
  v_treatment_count NUMBER;
   OPEN p_ref_cursor FOR
       SELECT d.Name, d.Specialty, COUNT(t.TreatmentID) AS TreatmentCount
       FROM Doctor d
       LEFT JOIN Treatment t ON d.DoctorID = t.DoctorID
       GROUP BY d.DoctorID, d.Name, d.Specialty
       HAVING COUNT(t.TreatmentID) > (
           SELECT AVG(treatment_count)
               SELECT COUNT (TreatmentID) AS treatment count
               FROM Treatment
               GROUP BY DoctorID
           )
       ORDER BY TreatmentCount DESC;
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Doctors with High Workloads:');
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('----');
       FETCH p_ref_cursor INTO v_doctor_name, v_doctor_specialty, v_treatment_count;
       EXIT WHEN p_ref_cursor%NOTFOUND;
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Dr. ' || v_doctor_name || ' (' || v_doctor_specialty ||
                           '): ' || v treatment count || ' treatments');
  CLOSE p_ref_cursor;
EXCEPTION
       IF p_ref_cursor%ISOPEN THEN
           CLOSE p_ref_cursor;
       END IF;
```

התוכנית הראשית מדפיסה את הנתונים עבור המחלקות והרופאים ע"י קריאה לפונקציה ולפרוצדורה:

```
DECLARE
   v stats number;
   v ref cursor SYS REFCURSOR;
   v doctor name VARCHAR2(100);
   v doctor specialty VARCHAR2(100);
   v treatment count NUMBER;
   v total patients NUMBER := 0;
   -- Cursor for departments
   CURSOR c departments IS
       SELECT DepartmentID, Name, Location
       FROM Department D
       WHERE EXISTS (
             SELECT ROOMID
             FROM ROOM R
             WHERE R.DEPARTMENTID = D.DEPARTMENTID
       AND ROWNUM < 100
       ORDER BY DepartmentID
   -- Record type for department
   TYPE r_department IS RECORD (
      DepartmentID number,
       Name varchar2(100),
      Location varchar2(100)
   );
   v department r department;
BEGIN
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Department Analysis:');
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('----');
   -- Analyze each department using the function
   OPEN c departments;
       FETCH c departments INTO v department;
       EXIT WHEN c_departments%NOTFOUND;
```

```
v stats := get dept stats(v department.DepartmentID);
      v_total_patients := v_total_patients + v_stats;
      DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Department: ' || v department.Name);
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Location: ' || v_department.Location);
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Patients: ' || v_stats);
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('----');
  CLOSE c_departments;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('----');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Overall Statistics:');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Patients: ' || v_total_patients);
  find_high_workload_doctors(v_ref_cursor);
      FETCH v_ref_cursor INTO v_doctor_name, v_doctor_specialty, v_treatment_count;
      EXIT WHEN v_ref_cursor%NOTFOUND;
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Dr. ' || v_doctor_name || ' (' || v_doctor_specialty ||
                          '): ' || v_treatment_count || ' treatments');
  CLOSE v_ref_cursor;
XCEPTION
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('An error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
```

```
Department: Intensive
Location: P-3
Patients: 2
Department: Emergency
Location: G-5
Patients: 1
Department: Orthopedics
Location: D-9
Patients: 3
Department: Physical
Location: C-7
Patients: 1
Overall Statistics:
Total Patients: 145
Doctors with High Workloads:
Dr. Goran Dabourne (Obstetrics): 7 treatments
Dr. Skipp Faulder (Psychiatry): 7 treatments
Dr. Robenia Carrabott (Neurology): 7 treatments
Dr. Sayre Lavalde (Obstetrics): 6 treatments
Dr. Derwin Fullun (Radiology): 6 treatments
Dr. Clayborne Shank (Obstetrics): 6 treatments
Dr. Even Beartup (Pediatrics): 6 treatments
Dr. Silvie Capron (Psychiatry): 6 treatments
Dr. Jacquenetta Eitter (Radiology): 6 treatments
Dr. Ellynn Hadingham (Psychiatry): 6 treatments
Dr. Becki Kembry (Pharmacy): 5 treatments
Dr. Berky Umbers (Laboratory): 5 treatments
Dr. Marten Elwood (Radiology): 5 treatments
```