

Initialization & Configuration

MTLDevice.CreateSystemDefaultDevice() -> MTLDevice // once in App

MTLDevice

makeCommandQueue()-> MTLCommandQueue // once in App

MTLCommandQueue

makeCommandBuffer()
-> MTLCommandBuffer // per draw

MTLCommandBuffer

makeRenderCommandEncoder(descriptor:)
-> MTLRenderCommandEncoder // per draw

MTLRenderCommandEncoder

addCompletionHandler { _ in semaphore.signal() }
semaphore.wait()

// in case of async rendering

setDepthStencilState(_)

setRenderPipelineState(_)

setCullMode(_ : MTLCullMode (.none, .front, .back))

setTriangleFillMode(_ : MTLTriangleFillMode .fill, .lines)

// .lines is useful for debugging.

setViewport(_ : MTLViewport)

// All the other encoding functions go here.

present(_ : MTLDrawable) // in case rendering to a screen

endEncoding()

commit()

waitUntilCompleted() // in case of synchronized rendering

MTLViewport

originX: Double **0.0**
originY: Double **0.0**
width: Double
height: Double
znear: Double **0.0**
zfar: Double **1.0**

MTLVertexDescriptor

layouts[i].stride : Int <num bytes for the corresponding attributes>

layouts[i].stepRate : Int **1**

layouts[i].stepFunction : MTLVertexStepFunction

.perVertex (default)

.perPatchControlPoint (for tessellation)

attributes[j].format : MTLVertexFormat (.float3 for normal etc)

attributes[j].offset : Int <byte offset in the layout i>

attributes[j].bufferIndex : Int <i, the index of the layout[i]>

MTLDepthStencilDescriptor

depthCompareFunction : MTLCompareFunction .less, .always, ...
isDepthWriteEnabled : Bool

MTLDevice

makeDepthStencilState(descriptor:)
-> MTLDepthStencilState // once in App per render target

MTLRenderPassDescriptor

colorAttachment[i].texture : MTLTexture
colorAttachment[i].loadAction : MTLLoadAction .dontCare, .load, **.clear**
colorAttachment[i].storeAction : MTLStoreAction .dontCare, **.store**, ...
depthAttachment.texture : MTLTexture.
depthAttachment.loadAction : MTLLoadAction .dontCare, .load, **.clear**
depthAttachment.storeAction : MTLStoreAction .dontCare, **.store**, ...

MTKView

currentRenderPassDescriptor : MTLRenderPassDescriptor

colorPixelFormat : MTLPixelFormat **.bgra8Unorm**

depthStencilPixelFormat : MTLPixelFormat **.depth32Float**

sampleCount: Int **1**

frame.size : CGSize

contentScaleFactor: CGFloat

NOTE: frame.size * contentScaleFactor gives the actual width and height in pixels.

currentDrawable: CAMetalDrawable? (protocol MTLDrawable)

MTLRenderPipelineDescriptor

rasterSampleCount : Int

colorAttachments[i].pixelFormat : MTLPixelFormat

depthAttachmentPixelFormat : MTLPixelFormat

stencilAttachmentPixelFormat : MTLPixelFormat **.invalid**

vertexFunction : MTLFunction?

fragmentFunction : MTLFunction?

vertexDescriptor : MTLVertexDescriptor?

tessellationPartitionMode : MTLTessellationPartitionMode **.pow2**

tessellationFactorStepFunction : MTLTessellationFactorStepFunction .constant (default), .perPatch(for tessellation)

tessellationOutputWindingOrder : MTLWinding **.clockwise** (default)

maxTessellationFactor : Int 16 for iOS, 64 for MacOS. See *Metal-Shading-Language-Specification.pdf*.

tessellationControlPointIndexType : MTLTessellationControlPointIndexType **.uint32**

colorAttachments[i].isBlendingEnabled : Bool True for alpha blending

colorAttachments[i].rgbBlendOperation : MTLBlendOperation .add

colorAttachments[i].sourceRGBBlendFactor : MTLBlendFactor .sourceAlpha

colorAttachments[i].destinationRGBBlendFactor : MTLBlendFactor .oneMinusSourceAlpha

example01.metal

```
...
constant bool var01 [[ function_constant(<*>) ]];
...
vertex VOut vertex_func(...) {...}
fragment float4 fragment_func(...) {...}
...
```

MTLFunctionConstantValues

```
setConstantValue(
    _ : <UnsafeRawPointer>
    type: MTLDataType .bool, ...
    index: Int <*>
)
```

name of the kernel function
in *.metal file

MTLDevice

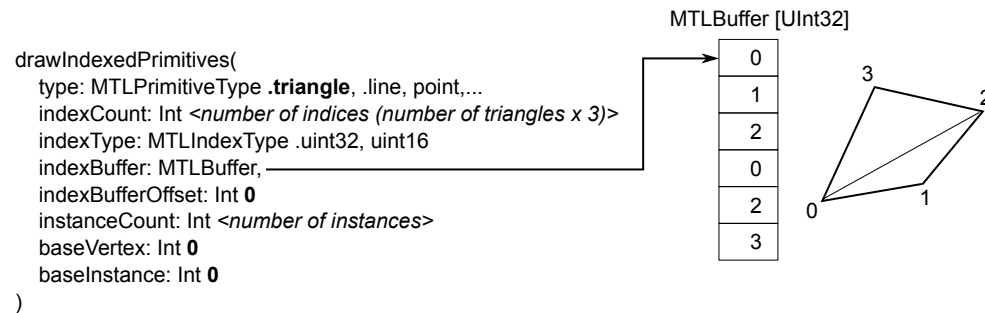
makeDefaultLibrary() -> MTLLibrary

MTLLibrary

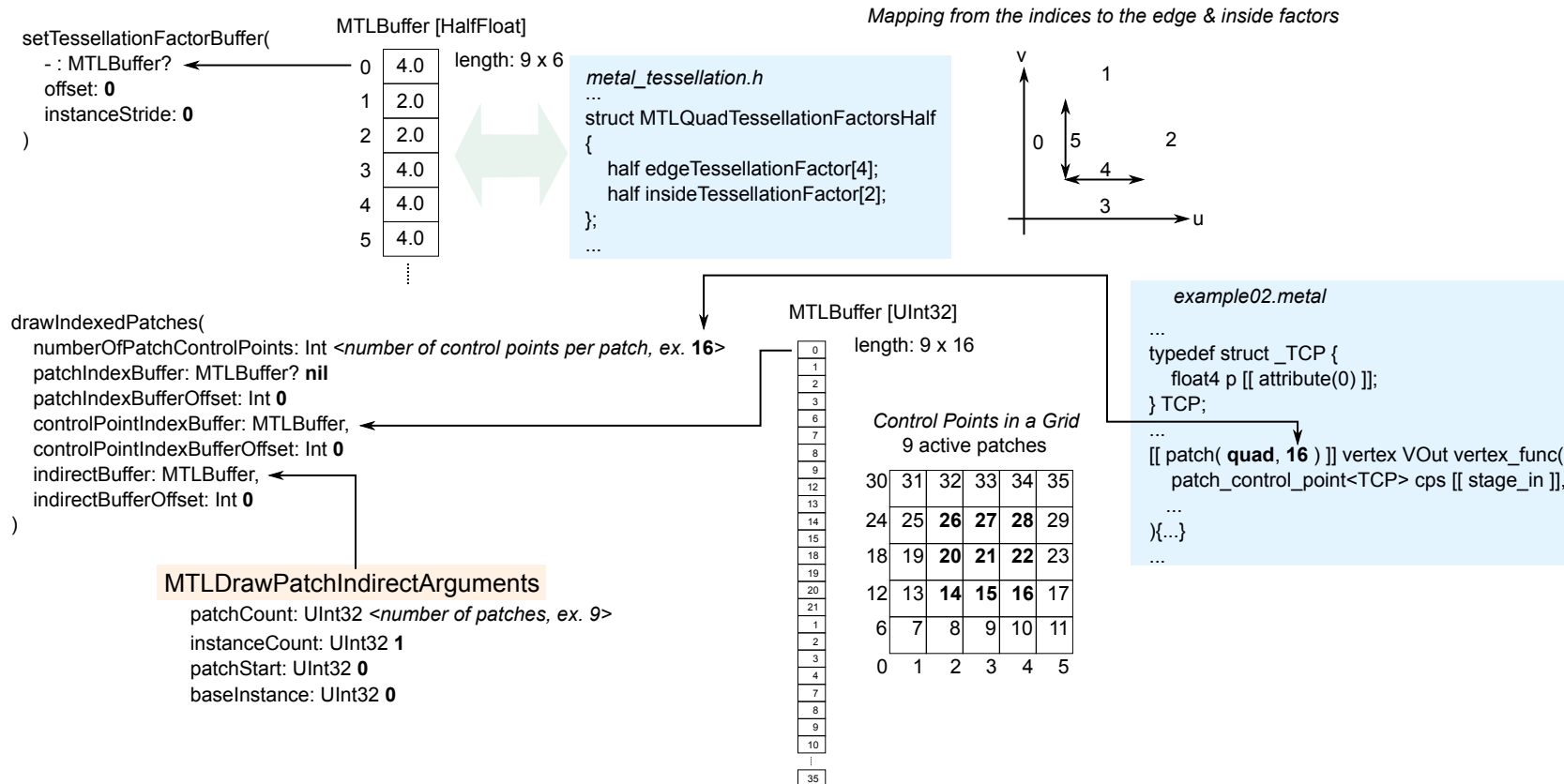
makeFunction(name: constantValues:)
-> MTLFunction

Drawing Triangles & Patches, and the Indices

Drawing Triangles



Drawing Patches



Assignment of the Parameters to the Vertex & Fragment Shaders

MTLDevice

```
makeBuffer(
  [ bytes: UnsafeRawPointer, ]
  length: Int <number of bytes>,
  options : MTLResourceOptions .storageModeShared, .storageModePrivate
) -> MTLBuffer
```

MTLSamplerDescriptor

```
sAddressMode: MTLSamplerAddressMode .repeat
tAddressMode: MTLSamplerAddressMode .repeat
mipFilter: MTLSamplerMipFilter .linear
maxAnisotropy: Int 8
```

MTLTexture

MTLBuffer

```
setVertexBytes( _ UnsafeRawPointer, length: Int <in bytes, less than 4 KB>, index: Int )
```

```
setVertexBuffer( _ MTLBuffer?, offset: Int 0, index: Int )
```

```
setVertexTexture( _ MTLTexture?, index: Int )
```

```
setVertexSamplerState( _ MTLSamplerState?, index: Int )
```

```
setFragmentBytes( _ UnsafeRawPointer, length: Int <in bytes, less than 4 KB>, index: Int )
```

```
setFragmentBuffer( _ MTLBuffer?, offset: Int 0, index: Int )
```

```
setFragmentTexture( _ MTLTexture?, index: Int )
```

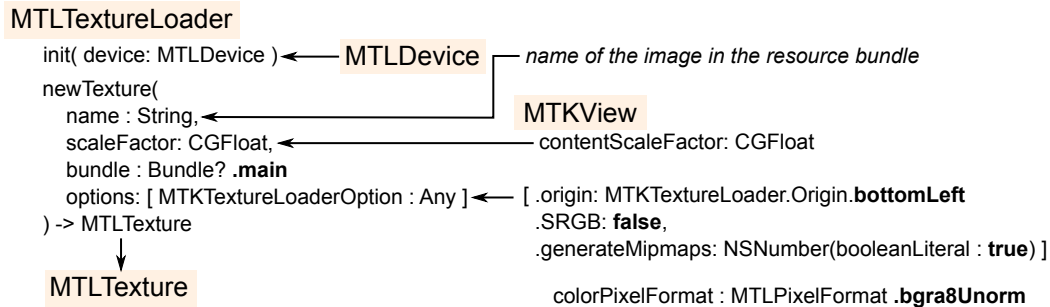
```
setFragmentSamplerState( _ MTLSamplerState?, index: Int )
```

example03.metal

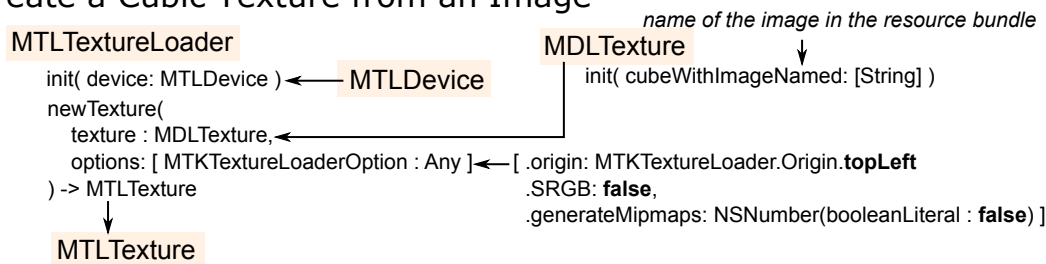
```
...
vertex VOut vertex_func(
  ...
  device T1& var01 [[ buffer(1) ]],
  device T2* arr01 [[ buffer(2) ]],
  ...
  texture2d<float> tex01 [[ texture(0) ]],
  depth2d<float> tex02 [[ texture(1) ]],
  ...
  sampler smp [[sampler(0)]],
) { ... }
...
fragment float4 fragment_func(
  ...
  constant T3& var01 [[ buffer(1) ]],
  constant T4* arr01 [[ buffer(2) ]],
  ...
  texture2d<float> tex01 [[ texture(0) ]],
  depth2d<float> tex02 [[ texture(1) ]],
  ...
  sampler smp [[sampler(0)]],
) { ... }
...
```

Texture Generation

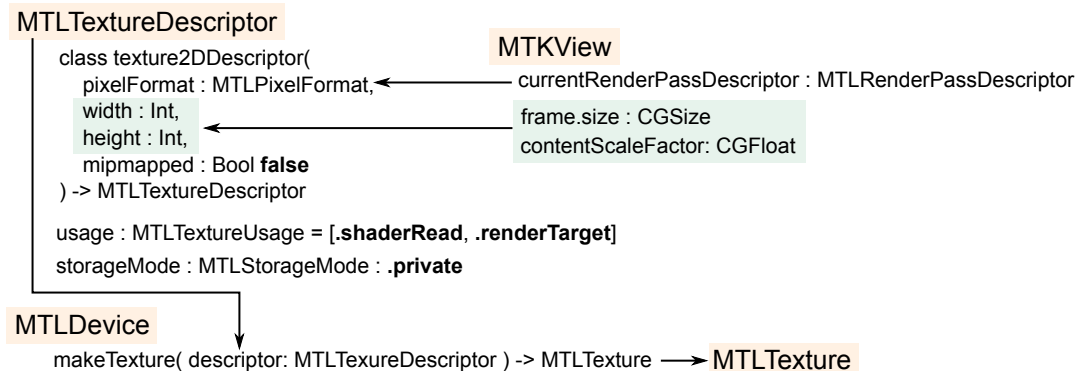
Create a Texture from an Image



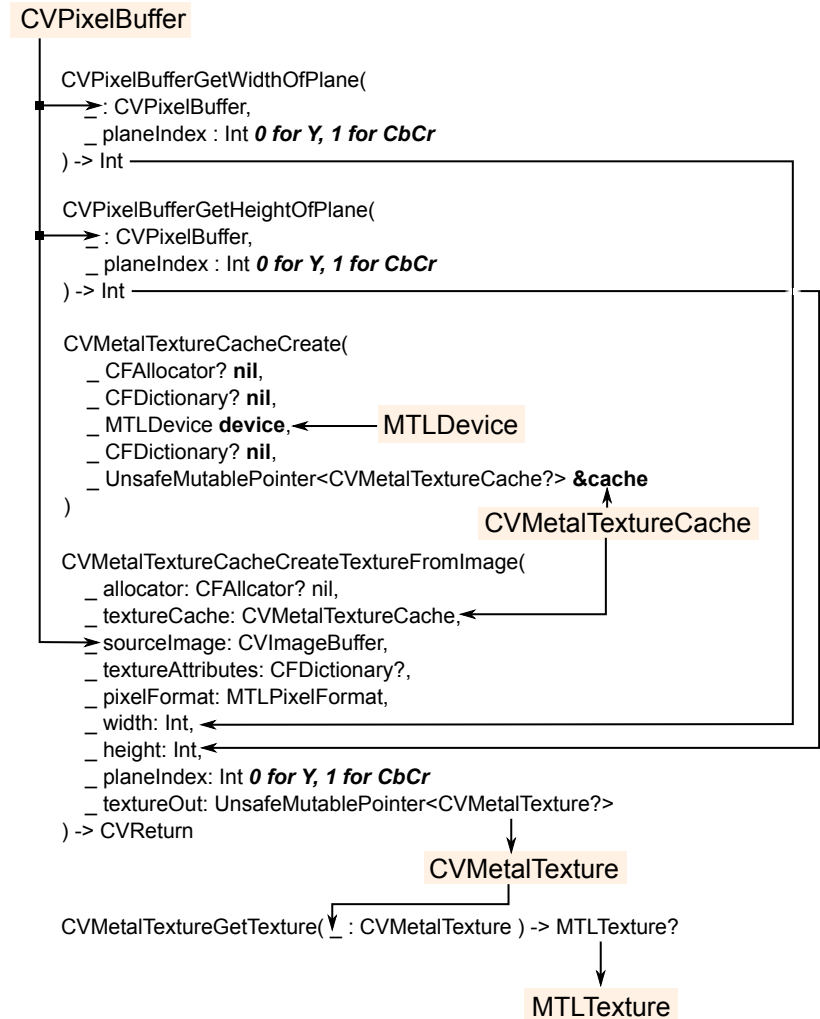
Create a Cubic Texture from an Image



Create an Empty Texture

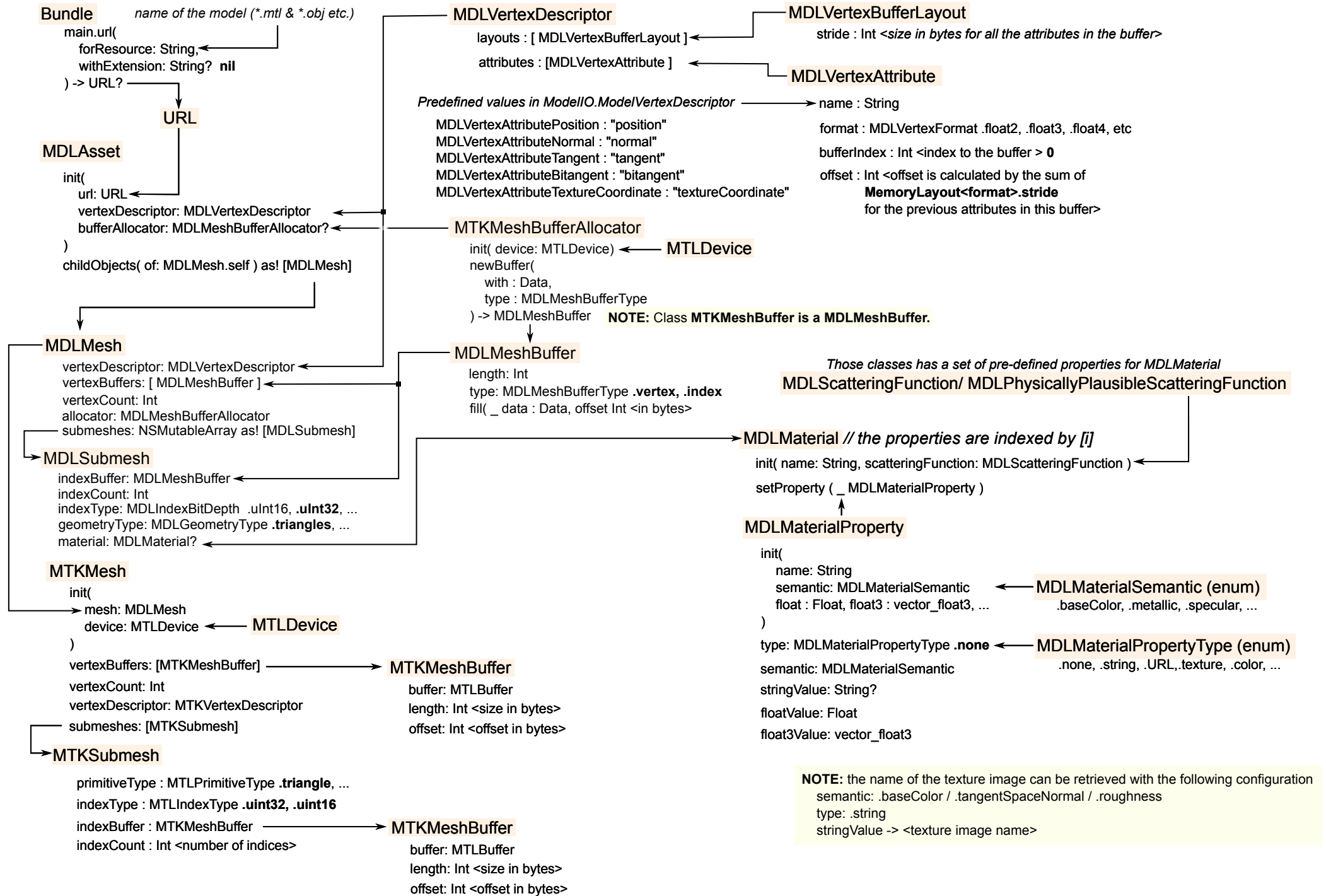


Create a Texture from Core Video Images

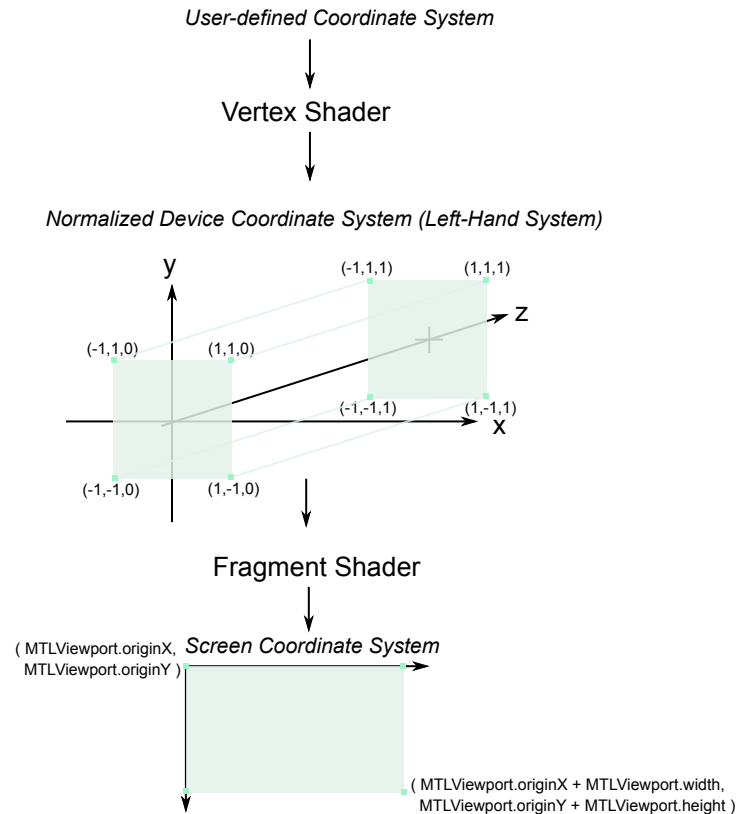


NOTE: CVImageBuffer == CVPixelBuffer == CVBuffer

MDLMesh and MTKMesh



Coordinate Systems and Others

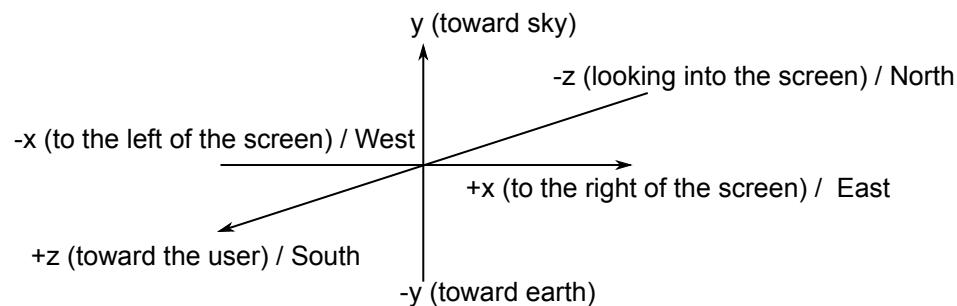


How to discard a vertex in the vertex shader

```

...
struct VOClip {
    float4 p [[ position ]];
    ...
    float c [[ clip_distance ]] [1];
};
// The only difference from COVlip
// is the absence of float c.
struct VO {
    float4 p [[ position ]];
    ...
}
vertex VOClip vertex_func(...){
    ...
    VOClip out {
        .p = position,
        ...
        .c = clip_distance // if negative, the vertex is discarded.
    }
    return out;
}
...
fragment float4 fragment_func(
    VO in [[ stage_in ]], // This is not VOClip, but VO.
    ...) { ... }
  
```

ARKit Coordinate System



How to discard a vertex in the fragment shader

```

...
// Just call discard_fragment(); in the fragment shader.
fragment float4 fragment_func(...) {
    ...
    if (discard) {
        discard_fragment();
    }
}
  
```