

# VkSwapchainKHR

## VkSwapchainCreateInfoKHR

```
sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SWAPCHAIN_CREATE_INFO_KHR;;
pNext = nullptr;
flags = 0;
surface ← VkSurfaceKHR
minImageCount; ←
    // usually 2 (double buffering) or 3 (triple)
imageFormat; ←
imageColorSpace; ←
imageExtent; ←
imageArrayLayers; ←
    // usually 1 unless you are doing stereo stuff

imageUsage; ←
    // VK_IMAGE_USAGE_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_BIT
    // - if the image is the direct render target
    // VK_IMAGE_USAGE_TRANSFER_DST_BIT
    // - if the image is copied/transferred from another.

imageSharingMode;
    // VK_SHARING_MODE_EXCLUSIVE
    // - if the image is owned by a single queue family.
    // VK_SHARING_MODE_CONCURRENT
    // - if the image is shared by multiple queue families

// The following two apply only for VK_SHARING_MODE_CONCURRENT
queueFamilyIndexCount; // Ex. 2
pQueueFamilyIndices; // Ex. { 0, 1 }

preTransform; ←
compositeAlpha; ←
    // usually VK_COMPOSITE_ALPHA_OPAQUE_BIT_KHR (ignore alpha)
presentMode; ←
clipped = VK_TRUE;
oldSwapchain;
    // usually nullptr. Used for transitions like window resizing
```

```
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceFormatsKHR(
... pSurfaceFormats[*].format
... .colorSpace
)
```

```
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR(
pSurfaceCapabilities
->minImageCount
->maxImageCount
->currentExtent
->minImageExtent
->maxImageExtent
->maxImageArrayLayers
->supportedUsageFlags
->supportedTransforms
->currentTransform
->supportedCompositeAlpha
)
```

```
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfacePresentModesKHR(
... pPresentModes[*]
)
```

```
VkResult vkCreateSwapchainKHR(
    VkDevice device, ← VkDevice
    const VkSwapchainCreateInfoKHR* pCreateInfo,
    const VkAllocationCallbacks* pAllocator,
    VkSwapchainKHR* pSwapchain → VkSwapchainKHR
);
```

```
void vkDestroySwapchainKHR(
    VkDevice device, ← VkDevice
    VkSwapchainKHR swapchain, ← VkSwapchainKHR
    const VkAllocationCallbacks* pAllocator
);
```