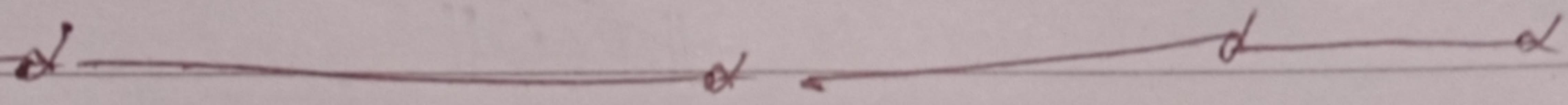


Practice Question (Tangent & Normal
vector)

Ex 12.4

Question 5 to 11



Unit Binormal Vector s.

If C is the graph of vector valued function $\vec{s}(t)$ in 3-space then we define the Binormal vector to C at t to be

$$B(t) = T(t) \times N(t)$$

The cross product that $B(t)$ is orthogonal to both $T(t)$ and $N(t)$.

Now,

$B(t)$ can be expressed directly in term of $\vec{s}(t)$ as.

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{\vec{s}'(t) \times \vec{s}''(t)}{\|\vec{s}'(t) \times \vec{s}''(t)\|}$$

Find $B(t)$

(14)

$$\underline{\gamma}(t) = 3\sin t \mathbf{i} + 3\cos t \mathbf{j} + 4t \mathbf{k}$$

As we know $\underline{\gamma}'(t)$

$$B(t) = \frac{\underline{\gamma}'(t) \times \underline{\gamma}''(t)}{\|\underline{\gamma}'(t) \times \underline{\gamma}''(t)\|}$$

$$\|\underline{\gamma}'(t) \times \underline{\gamma}''(t)\|$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\gamma}(t) = 3\sin t \mathbf{i} + 3\cos t \mathbf{j} + 4t \mathbf{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\gamma}'(t) = 3\cos t \mathbf{i} - 3\sin t \mathbf{j} + 4 \mathbf{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\gamma}''(t) = -3\sin t \mathbf{i} - 3\cos t \mathbf{j} + 0 \mathbf{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\gamma}'(t) \times \underline{\gamma}''(t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\underline{\gamma}'(t) \times \underline{\gamma}''(t)\|$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 3\cos t & -3\sin t & 4 \\ -3\sin t & -3\cos t & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \begin{vmatrix} -3\sin t & 4 \\ -3\cos t & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 3\cos t & 4 \\ -3\sin t & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$+ k \begin{vmatrix} 3\cos t & -3\sin t \\ -3\sin t & -3\cos t \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (0 - (-12 \cos t)i - j(0 - (-12 \sin t)) + k(-9 \cos^2 t - 9 \sin^2 t)$$

$$\Rightarrow 12 \cos t i - j(12 \sin t) - 18(\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t)$$

$$\Rightarrow = 12 \cos t i - 12 \sin t j - 18 k$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|\boldsymbol{\zeta}'(t) \times \boldsymbol{\zeta}''(t)\| &= \\ &= \sqrt{(12 \cos t)^2 + (-12 \sin t)^2 + (-9)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{144 \cos^2 t + 144 \sin^2 t + 81} \\ &= \sqrt{144 + 81} \\ &= \sqrt{225} \Rightarrow 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\boldsymbol{\zeta}'(t) \times \boldsymbol{\zeta}''(t)\| = 15$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{\boldsymbol{\zeta}'(t) \times \boldsymbol{\zeta}''(t)}{\|\boldsymbol{\zeta}'(t) \times \boldsymbol{\zeta}''(t)\|}$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{12 \cos t i - 12 \sin t j - 9 k}{15}$$

$$B(t) = \frac{12 \cos t i}{15} - \frac{12 \sin t j}{15} - \frac{7k}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t)_2 = 4\sqrt{3} \cos t i - 4\sqrt{3} \sin t j - \frac{3}{5} k$$

⇒ Ans.

(16) Final $B(t) = ?$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\zeta}(t) = e^t \sin t i + e^t \cos t j + 3k$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\zeta}(t) = \frac{\underline{\zeta}'(t) \times \underline{\zeta}(t)}{\|\underline{\zeta}'(t) \times \underline{\zeta}(t)\|}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\zeta}(t)_2 = e^t \sin t i + e^t \cos t j + 3k$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\zeta}'(t) = (e^t \cos t + \sin t e^t) i + (-e^t \sin t + \cos t e^t) j + 0k$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\zeta}'(t) = (-e^t \cancel{\sin t} + e^t \cos t + \cos t e^t + e^t \cancel{\sin t}) i \\ + (-e^t \cancel{\cos t} - e^t \sin t - \sin t e^t + \cos t e^t) j$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\zeta}'(t) = 2e^t \cos t i - 2e^t \sin t j$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\underline{\zeta}'(t) \times \underline{\zeta}(t)\|$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ e^t \cos t + \sin t e^t & -e^t \sin t + \cos t e^t & 0 \\ 2e^t \cos t & -2e^t \sin t & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\dot{z}(0-0) = j(z(0-0))$$

$$+ K (-2e^{2t} \sin t (e^t \cos t + e^t \sin t) + 2e^{2t} \cos t (e^t \cos t - e^t \sin t))$$

$$\Rightarrow K (-2e^{2t} \sin t \cos t - 2e^{2t} \sin^2 t + 2e^{2t} \cos^2 t + 2e^{2t} \cos t \sin t)$$

$$\Rightarrow K (-2e^{2t} (\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t)).$$

$\hookrightarrow = 1$

$$\Rightarrow -2e^{2t} K$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\epsilon}'(t) \times \underline{\epsilon}(t) = -2e^{2t} K.$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\underline{\epsilon}'(t) \times \underline{\epsilon}(t)\| = \sqrt{(-2e^{2t})^2}$$

$= \sqrt{4e^{4t}}$

$$\Rightarrow = 2e^{2t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|\underline{\epsilon}(t) \times \underline{\epsilon}(t)\| = 2e^{2t}$$

$$B(t) = \left\| \frac{\underline{\epsilon}'(t) \times \underline{\epsilon}(t)}{\|\underline{\epsilon}'(t) \times \underline{\epsilon}(t)\|} \right\|$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{-2e^{2t} K}{2e^{2t}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{B}(t) = \frac{-\alpha \sin t}{\alpha^2 t^2} \hat{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{B}(t) = -k \rightarrow \text{Ans}$$

↳ Binormal vector

$$(18) \quad \vec{r}(t) = a \cos t i + a \sin t j + ct k \text{ and}$$

Binormal vector

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}'(t) = a \cos t i + a \sin t j + ck$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}''(t) = -a \sin t i + a \cos t j + ck$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}'''(t) = -a \cos t i - a \sin t j$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}'(t) \times \vec{r}''(t) =$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -a \sin t & a \cos t & c \\ -a \cos t & -a \sin t & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$a \cos t i + a^2 \cos^2 t j + (a^2 \sin^2 t + a^2 \cos^2 t) k$$

$$\Rightarrow a \cos t i + a^2 \cos^2 t j + a^2 k$$

$$\Rightarrow a \cos t i - a \cos t j + a^2 k$$

$$(f'(t) \times \vec{v}(t)) =$$

$$= \sqrt{(ac\sin t)^2 + (-ac\cos t)^2 + (a^2)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{a^2 c^2 \sin^2 t + a^2 c^2 \cos^2 t + a^4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{a^2 c^2 + a^4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{a^2 (c^2 + a^2)}$$

$$= a \sqrt{a^2 + c^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \underline{\vec{v}(t) \times \vec{r}(t)}$$

~~$$a \vec{v} \vec{a} \| f_2(t) \times \vec{v}(t) \|$$~~

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{a(c\sin t i - ac\cos t j + a^2 k)}{a \sqrt{a^2 + c^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{a c \sin t i}{a \sqrt{a^2 + c^2}} - \frac{a c \cos t j}{a \sqrt{a^2 + c^2}} + \frac{a k}{a \sqrt{a^2 + c^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow B(t) = \frac{c \sin t i}{\sqrt{a^2 + c^2}} - \frac{c \cos t j}{\sqrt{a^2 + c^2}} + \frac{a k}{\sqrt{a^2 + c^2}}$$

Date _____

Praktische Übungen (Binomial Verteilung)

Ex 12.4.

Questions 15, 16, 17, 18

