QUESTIONS / LAYOUT

PLEASE TICK BOX TO SELECT YOUR ANSWER

1

When an element sits inside the another element, the outer box is known as the...

a) Containing element ☐

b) Outer box ☐

c) Bounding element ☐

2

What can you use to keep an element in the same spot in a browser window, even if the user scrolls down?

a) Absolute positioning ☐

b) Fixed positioning ☐

c) Floats ☐

3

When elements overlap, which property indicates the element that should appear above or below the others?

a) `z-index` ☐

b) `height` ☐

c) `stacking-context` ☐

4

When using the `float` property, which other property are you most likely to need?

a) `left` ☐

b) `z-index` ☐

c) `width` ☐

5

If you have floated elements sitting next to each other, what can be used to ensure a box starts on a new line?

a) `clear:left;` ☐

b) `float:none;` ☐

c) `margin-right:100%;` ☐

6

Which of the following rules would center a paragraph on the page?

a) `p{width:960px;
text-align:center;}` ☐

b) `p{width:960px;margin:
0px auto 0px auto;}` ☐

c) `p{width:960px;
float:center;}` ☐

7

Which unit of measurement would you use to create a liquid layout?

a) `%` ☐

b) `em` ☐

c) `px` ☐

8

The rule `div{float:right;width:300px;}` applies to the following code. Which of the following options indicates the correct layout if the page is 900 pixels wide?

```
<div>1</div>
<div>2</div>
<div>3</div>
<div>4</div>
<div>5</div>
```

5	4	3
2	1	

3	2	1
5	4	

1	2	3
4	5	

a) ☐   b) ☐   c) ☐