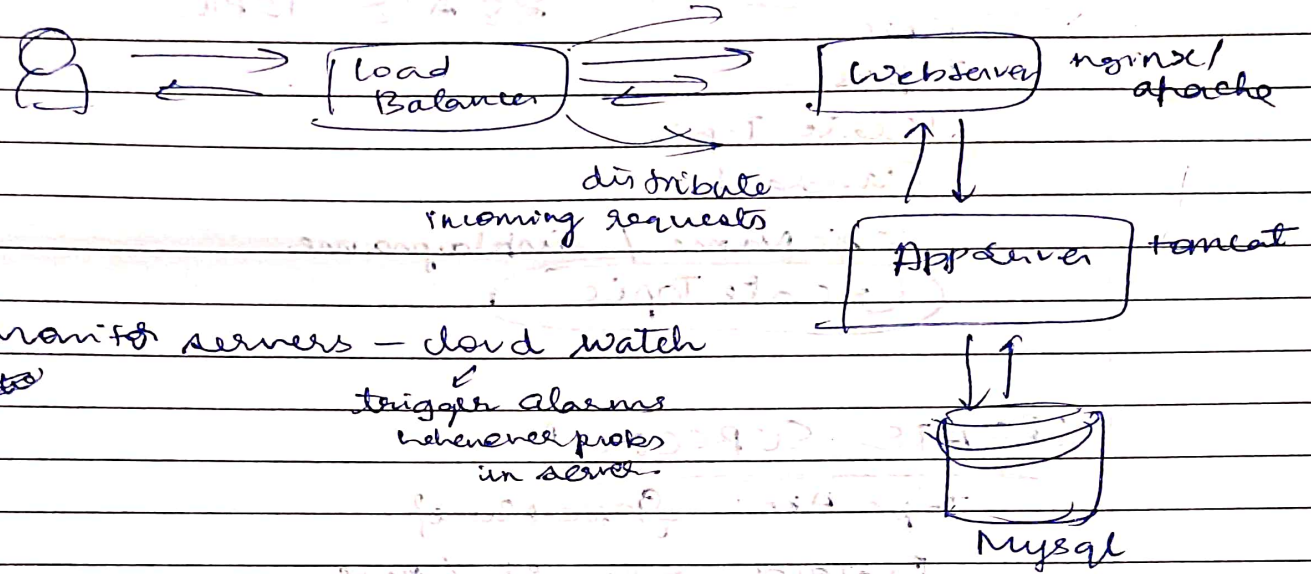


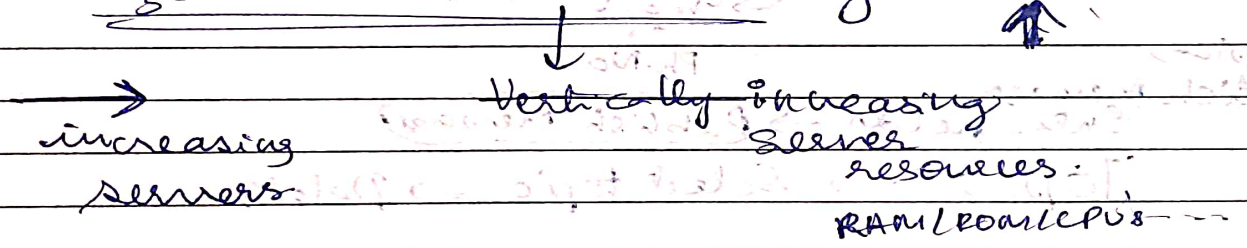
28/3/25

Three Tier Architecture



Monitor servers - cloud watch
to trigger alarms whenever probs in server

Horizontal & vertical scaling



Autoscaling

automatically add/remove servers based on traffic & policy

cost: pay as you go.

SNS - simple notificatⁿ service.
sends notificatⁿ to registered emails

Subscripⁿ SNS

CREATE TOPIC

SNS

Topics

Create Topic

Standard

Topic Name / displayname

Create Topic

CREATE SUBSCRIT^N

Topic Arn: Store Name?

Protocol → Email / SMS

→ Add no. first in Sandbox then continue.

Endpoint

→ Email
or

Ph.No

Topic →
Publish message

Enter fields → Publish Message

Topics → Select topic → Delete

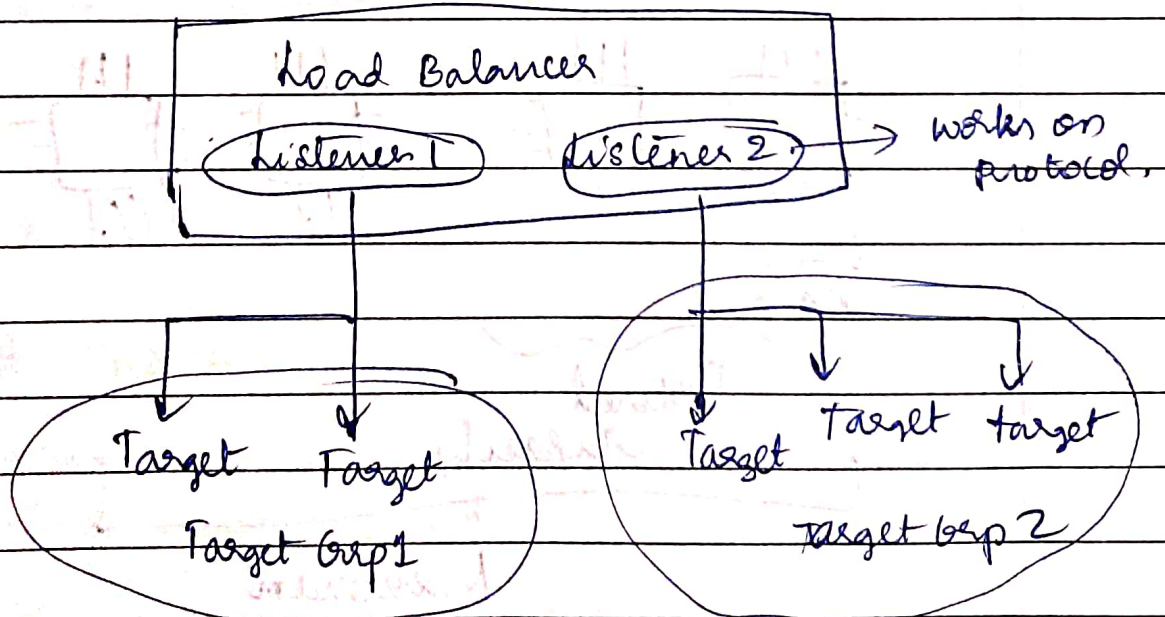
Elastic Load Balancing

- Automatically distributes traffic across multiple targets
- Provides high availability
- Incorporates sensitivity feature
- Performs health checks

Types

- Application load balancer HTTP / HTTPS
- Network load balancer TCP / UDP
- Gateway load balancer IP

Load Balancer Components



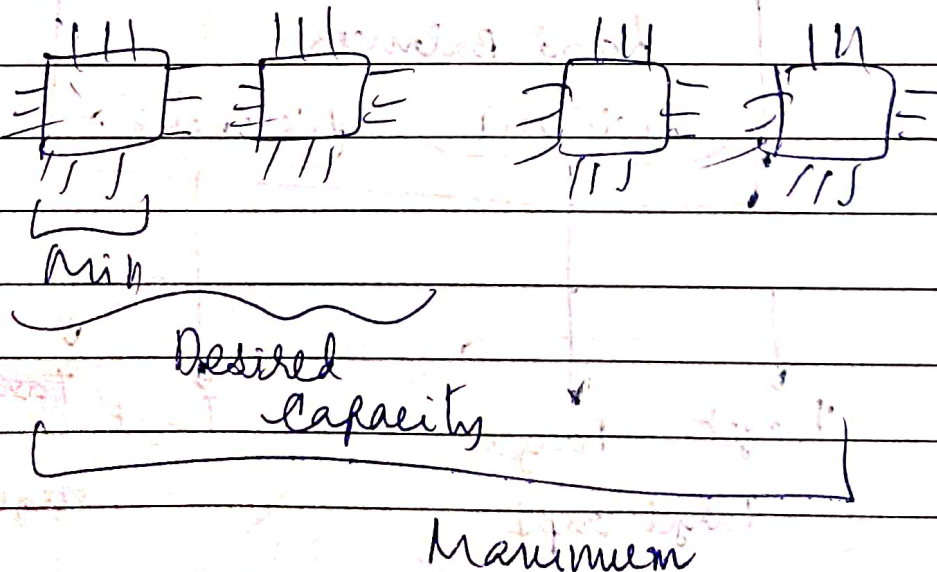
EC2 Autoscaling

- Helps control ~~auto~~ EC2 instances available to handle load for an applicatⁿ
- Launches / Terminates your AWS resources based on specific condⁿ's
- Registers new instances with load balancers when specified.

Components

Launch Templates

what size do u need



Search → ec2
 Instances
 Launch Instance
 Name & tags
 Applicatⁿ & OS Images (Amazon Linux)
 Instance type (t2.micro)
 Key pair (create new) namekey
 Network setting edit
 remove security group name
 name-g
 Configure storage 8 GiB
 Advanced details
Placement group no order of storing
 servers in
 pairs.
 (100)
 Launch Instance
 So, we need
 availability
 of our
 data

To Connect

Select instance

Connect

Scroll down connect

u'll get a terminal -

> sudo su (normal to root user)

> yum update

> yum install nginx -y

Copy public IP address

paste in google address bar.

Configure firewalls / protocols
Inbound outbound

click on instance id

Security tab

security group name

Inbound rules (SSH)

no HTTP HTTPS allowed
So no

Edit inbound rules

Add rule

HTTP IPV4

HTTPS IPV4

So total inbound rules

SSH

HTTP

HTTPS

cross check

by putting

IP address in google

Sudo su

Systemctl start nginx

→ You'll get
welcome
nginx

NO BAXterm

Sessions

ssh

Remote host: *Public IP address*

Advanced setting

Use private key

upload option

open from dashboard

the key downloaded
when u do

key pair

when creating

new instances

login as: ec2-username

↓
u'll find this
instance
after
connecting

Terminate Instance

Select instance

→

Instance state

Terminate

Load balancer.

URBAN
EDGE

Launch instance

Same

Key pair not recommended.

Allow http https then edit.

Security group.

alb-name-sg.

Advanced details

Paste the code `#!/bin/bash - - -`

Launch instance

Select an instance

go to Action → Image & Templates →

name1

name2

↑

ports

Creates more of
same configuratⁿ

Change script

change message inside

Launch instance

Proceed w/o key pair

Launch more like this

Load Balancing (Left)

Target groups.

create

Target-grp name

alb-tg

Shamitha

} rest all default

next.

Select as targets

name1

name2

Include as pending below

Create target grp.

Load Balancers.

Create load balancer.

Applicatⁿ load
balancer

Create

Load balance name

alb-testing name

Availability zones

Select all three.

→ Cancel default security group.

Select alb-name-sg.

distances

Shamitha
Select alb-tg.

Create load

balancer.

copy dns

provisioning

will get o/p:

↓
Active

Refresh 2 diff o/p's -

Auto Scaling

stopped on basis

based on below

and get stage

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

based on below

Launch an instance

Info

Amazon EC2 allows you to create virtual machines, or instances, that run on the AWS Cloud. Quickly get started by following the simple steps below.

Name and tags

Info

Name

e.g. My Web Server

Add additional tags

▼ Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image)

Info

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch your instance. Search or Browse for AMIs if you don't see what you are looking for below

🔍 Search our full catalog including 1000s of application and OS images

Recents

Quick Start

Amazon Linux

aws

macOS

Mac

Ubuntu

ubuntu

Windows

Microsoft

Red Hat

Red Hat

SUSE Linux

SUSE

Debian

debian

Browse more AMIs

Including AMIs from AWS, Marketplace and the Community

Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Amazon Linux 2023 AMI

ami-00a929b66ed6e0de6 (64-bit (x86), uefi-preferred) / ami-05f417c208be02d4d (64-bit (Arm), uefi)

Virtualization: hvm ENA enabled: true Root device type: ebs

Free tier eligible

Description

Amazon Linux 2023 is a modern, general purpose Linux-based OS that comes with 5 years of long term support. It is optimized for AWS and designed to provide a secure, stable and high-performance execution environment to develop and run your cloud applications.

Amazon Linux 2023 AMI 2023.7.20250331.0 x86_64 HVM kernel-6.1

Architecture

64-bit (x86)

Boot mode

uefi-preferred

AMI ID

ami-00a929b66ed6e0de6

Publish Date

2025-03-29

Username

ec2-user

Verified provider

▼ Instance type

Info | Get advice

Instance type

t3.micro

Free tier eligible

▼ Summary

Number of instances

Info

1

Software Image (AMI)

Amazon Linux 2023 AMI 2023.7.2...read more

ami-00a929b66ed6e0de6

Virtual server type (instance type)

t2.micro

Firewall (security group)

New security group

Storage (volumes)

1 volume(s) - 8 GiB

Free tier: In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage (or t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs, 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 30 GiB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GB of snapshots, and 100 GB of bandwidth to the internet.

Cancel

Launch instance

Preview code

New sign in

Multi-session disabled

English



You are currently using the improved sign in UI experience.



The [improved sign in](#) experience will launch soon. During this time, you can still change back to legacy sign in using the dropdown in the upper right corner.



IAM user sign in

Account ID or alias [\(Don't have?\)](#)

151006775912

☐ Remember this account

IAM username

Password

☐ Show Password

[Having trouble?](#)

Sign in

Amazon Lightsail

Lightsail is the easiest way to get started on AWS

[Learn more »](#)

