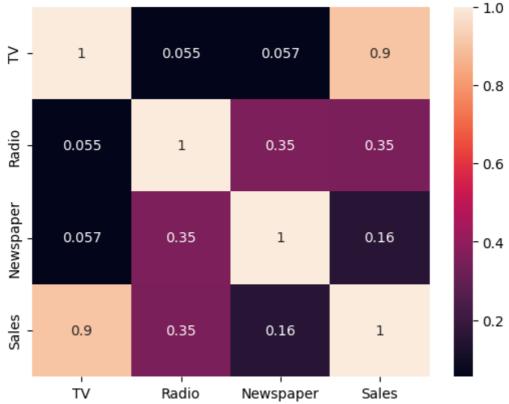
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In [1]: import numpy as np
        import seaborn as sns
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.metrics import median_absolute_error
        from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
        from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
        from sklearn.svm import SVR
        data = pd.read_csv('advertising.csv')
In [2]:
        data.head()
Out[2]:
             TV Radio Newspaper Sales
        0 230.1
                  37.8
                             69.2
                                   22.1
            44.5
                  39.3
                             45.1
                                   10.4
           17.2
        2
                  45.9
                             69.3
                                   12.0
        3 151.5
                  41.3
                             58.5
                                   16.5
         4 180.8
                  10.8
                             58.4
                                   17.9
In [3]: data.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
        Data columns (total 4 columns):
         # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         0 TV 200 non-null float64
1 Radio 200 non-null float64
         2 Newspaper 200 non-null float64
         3 Sales
                    200 non-null float64
        dtypes: float64(4)
        memory usage: 6.4 KB
```

In [4]: # finding correlation between features
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), annot=True)

Out[4]: <Axes: >



```
In [5]: data.isnull().sum()
 Out[5]: TV
                      0
         Radio
         Newspaper
         Sales
         dtype: int64
 In [6]: x = data.iloc[:, :-1].values
         y = data.iloc[:, -1].values
 In [9]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y, test_size = 0.20, random_s
In [10]: regressor = LinearRegression()
         regressor.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[10]: ▼ LinearRegression
         LinearRegression()
In [11]: predicted = regressor.predict(x_test)
In [12]: print(f"R2 score is {r2_score(y_test, predicted)*100:.2f}%")
         print(f"Mean absolute error is {mean_absolute_error(y_test, predicted):.2f}")
         print(f"Median absolute error is {median_absolute_error(y_test, predicted):.2f}"
         R2 score is 86.45%
         Mean absolute error is 1.42
         Median absolute error is 0.58
In [13]: rf_regressor = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=9000, random_state=0)
         rf_regressor.fit(x, y)
```

```
y_pred = regressor.predict(x)
In [14]: print(f"R2 score is {r2_score(y, y_pred)*100:.2f}%")
         print(f"Mean absolute error is {mean_absolute_error(y, y_pred):.2f}")
         print(f"Median absolute error is {median_absolute_error(y, y_pred):.2f}")
         R2 score is 90.21%
         Mean absolute error is 1.24
         Median absolute error is 0.88
In [15]: rf_regressor.feature_importances_
Out[15]: array([0.85329491, 0.13453907, 0.01216602])
In [16]: svr_regressor = SVR(kernel='rbf')
         svr_regressor.fit(x,y)
Out[16]: ▼ SVR
         SVR()
In [17]: svr_predicted = svr_regressor.predict(x)
In [18]: print(f"R2 score is {r2_score(y, svr_predicted)*100:.2f}%")
         print(f"Mean absolute error is {mean_absolute_error(y, svr_predicted):.2f}")
         print(f"Median absolute error is {median_absolute_error(y, svr_predicted):.2f}")
         R2 score is 88.52%
         Mean absolute error is 1.36
         Median absolute error is 1.11
```