## **Problem E. Spy Detected!**

**Time limit** 2000 ms **Mem limit** 262144 kB

You are given an array a consisting of n ( $n \ge 3$ ) positive integers. It is known that in this array, all the numbers except one are the same (for example, in the array [4,11,4,4] all numbers except one are equal to 4).

Print the index of the element that does not equal others. The numbers in the array are numbered from one.

## Input

The first line contains a single integer t ( $1 \le t \le 100$ ). Then t test cases follow.

The first line of each test case contains a single integer n ( $3 \le n \le 100$ ) — the length of the array a.

The second line of each test case contains n integers  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  ( $1 \le a_i \le 100$ ).

It is guaranteed that all the numbers except one in the a array are the same.

## Output

For each test case, output a single integer — the index of the element that is not equal to others.

## **Examples**

Input	Output
4	2
4	1
11 13 11 11	5
5	3
1 4 4 4 4	
10	
3 3 3 3 10 3 3 3 3 3	
3	
20 20 10	