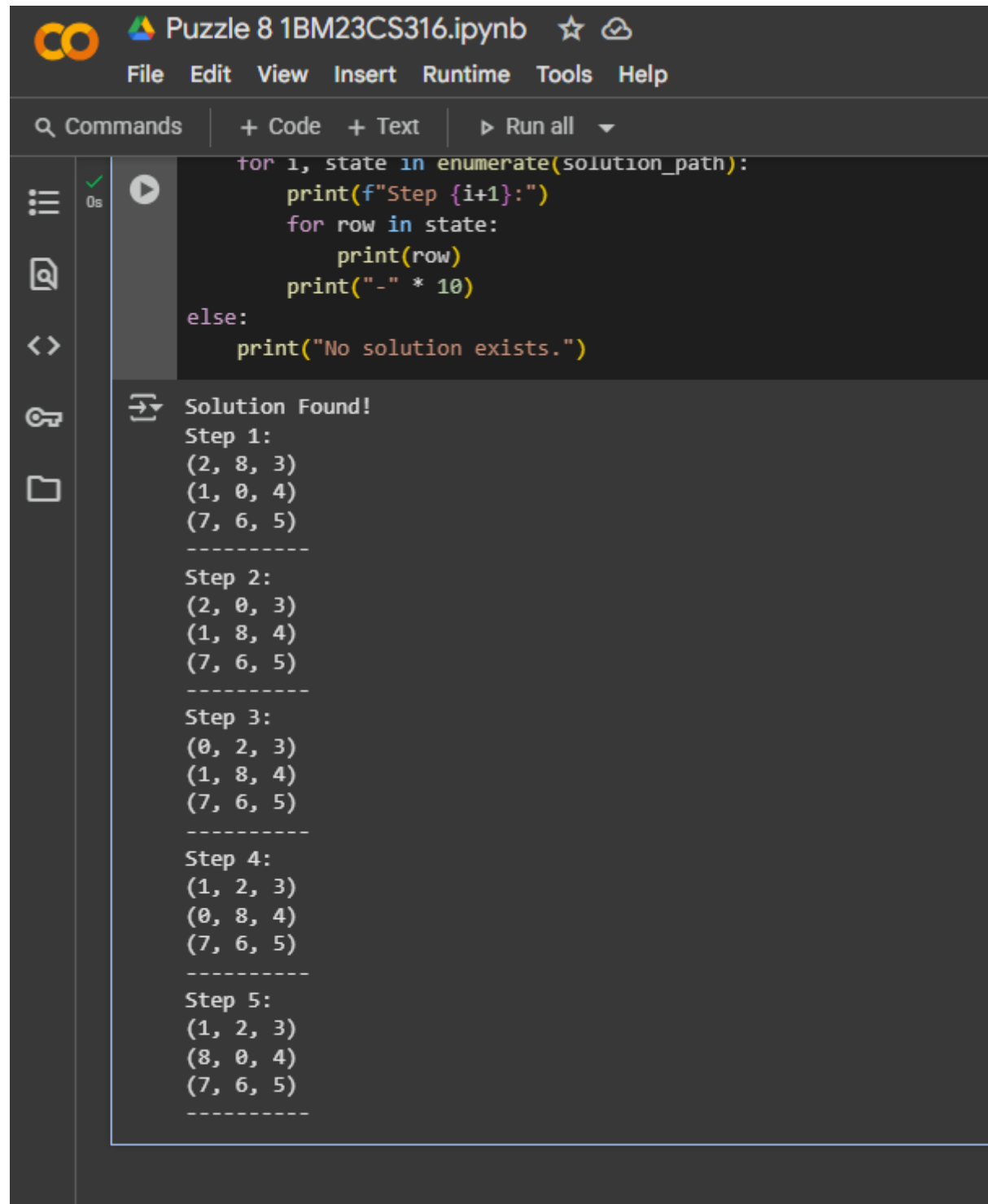


```

from collections import deque
def find_blank(state):
    for i in range(3):
        for j in range(3):
            if state[i][j] == 0:
                return (i, j)
def get_neighbors(state):
    neighbors = []
    blank_row, blank_col = find_blank(state)
    moves = [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)]
    for move_row, move_col in moves:
        new_row, new_col = blank_row + move_row, blank_col + move_col
        if 0 <= new_row < 3 and 0 <= new_col < 3:
            new_state = [list(row) for row in state]
            new_state[blank_row][blank_col],
new_state[new_row][new_col] = \
                new_state[new_row][new_col],
new_state[blank_row][blank_col]
            neighbors.append(tuple(tuple(row) for row in new_state))
    return neighbors
def bfs(initial_state, goal_state):
    queue = deque([(initial_state, [])])
    visited = set([initial_state])
    while queue:
        current_state, path = queue.popleft()
        if current_state == goal_state:
            return path
        for neighbor in get_neighbors(current_state):
            if neighbor not in visited:
                visited.add(neighbor)
                queue.append((neighbor, path + [neighbor]))
    return None
initial_state = (
    (2, 8, 3),
    (1, 6, 4),
    (7, 0, 5)
)
goal_state = (
    (1, 2, 3),
    (8, 0, 4),
    (7, 6, 5)
)
solution_path = bfs(initial_state, goal_state)
if solution_path is not None:
    print("Solution Found!")
    for i, state in enumerate(solution_path):
        print(f"Step {i+1}:")

```

```
        for row in state:
            print(row)
        print("-" * 10)
else:
    print("No solution exists.")
```



The image shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with a dark theme. The top bar includes the Colab logo, the file name "Puzzle 8 1BM23CS316.ipynb", and icons for star and share. Below the top bar is a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Insert", "Runtime", "Tools", and "Help". A toolbar below the menu bar contains "Q Commands", "+ Code", "+ Text", and "Run all" with a dropdown arrow. On the left side, there is a sidebar with icons for a list, a document, a double arrow, a key, and a folder. The main area is divided into two sections. The top section contains a code cell with the following Python code:

```
for i, state in enumerate(solution_path):
    print(f"Step {i+1}:")
    for row in state:
        print(row)
    print("-" * 10)
else:
    print("No solution exists.")
```

The bottom section contains an output cell with the following text:

```
⇒ Solution Found!
Step 1:
(2, 8, 3)
(1, 0, 4)
(7, 6, 5)
-----
Step 2:
(2, 0, 3)
(1, 8, 4)
(7, 6, 5)
-----
Step 3:
(0, 2, 3)
(1, 8, 4)
(7, 6, 5)
-----
Step 4:
(1, 2, 3)
(0, 8, 4)
(7, 6, 5)
-----
Step 5:
(1, 2, 3)
(8, 0, 4)
(7, 6, 5)
-----
```

### Algorithm: BFS

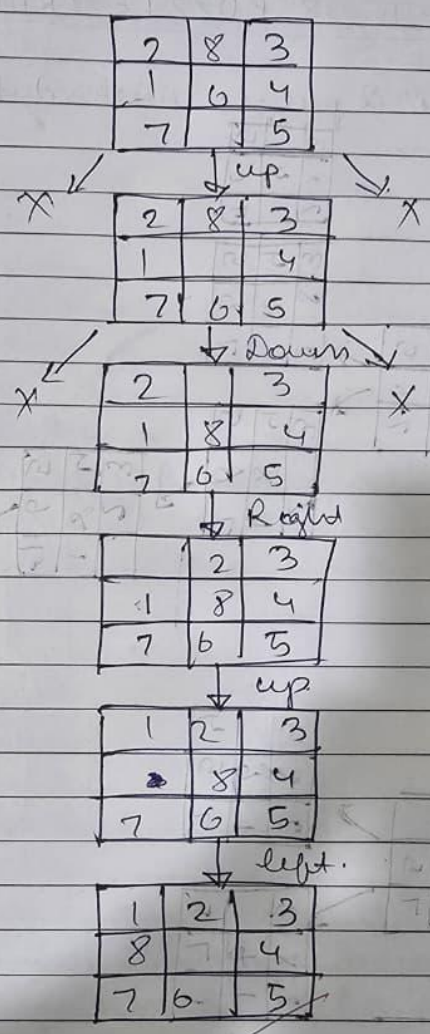
1. Start - write goal state
2. Take input in string form
3. BFS (Start state)
4. Move according to valid moves and choose least misplaced tile for next BFS
5. Push each h value, state, path chosen into queue.
6. Choose the least valid visited branch and move ahead.
7. If ~~Start state~~ Start state = goal state, calculate number of moves.

### Algorithm:- DFS.

1. Start and get the goal state.
2. Take the input in string form.
3. DFS (Start state)
4. Move accordingly to valid moves and choose least possible tile
5. Add each state to recursion
6. If Start state = goal state, return path.

20.09

# DFS ?





# LAB-III 8 PUZZLE PROBLEM

Using BFS solve 8 puzzle without heuristic

