AnalysisNote8

February 24, 2023

1 Real distributions vs Permutation

As we have seen, most tricksters exist where corresponding real animals are observed. However, because of cultural transmission, distribusions are more dense in realized tricksters distributions than a null hypothesis (trickster randomly distributed where real animals are observed).

To avoid the problems of difference in research efforts, we only consider presence/absence in each hex grid.

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import seaborn as sns
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import geopandas as gpd
     import sys
     import latlon_utils
     #import rioxarray as rxr we used this function to read tiff, but could cause,
      →conflict with plotting hex grids
     import h3
     from geopy.distance import geodesic
     #from geojson import Feature, Point, FeatureCollection, Polygon
     import plotly.express as px
     import random
     import scipy as sp
     from scipy.integrate import cumtrapz
     import statsmodels
     from statsmodels.stats import multitest
     import math
     import statannot
     df=pd.read_csv('TrickSter_data3.csv')
```

```
[1]:
             nid
                                  lng TrickSter
                                                 Annu_Mean_Temp Annu_Prec \
                       lat
          103918 68.72000
                           158.70000
                                                      -13.231120
                                                                      173.0
     0
                                          raven
     1
          103817 64.95187
                             64.64844
                                                       -4.123444
                                                                      473.0
                                          raven
     2
            3926 57.82907 -152.98389
                                                        3.271220
                                                                     1499.0
                                          raven
     3
            2434 51.00000 -112.50000
                                          raven
                                                        3.957418
                                                                      342.0
     4
            2439 40.00000 -103.00000
                                                        9.747086
                                                                      395.0
                                          raven
```

```
512
             2464 52.00000 -120.00000
                                                         1.460037
                                                                       964.0
                                            wren
      513
             2466
                   50.50000 -122.80000
                                            wren
                                                         4.090998
                                                                       822.0
      514
             2472 47.11975 -123.53846
                                                         9.940903
                                                                      1873.0
                                            wren
      515
             2477 45.50000 -124.00000
                                                        10.183416
                                                                      2005.0
                                            wren
      516
             2220 51.50000
                              14.40000
                                                         9.163620
                                                                       593.0
                                            wren
                 hex_index presence Norm_Annu_Mean_Temp
                                                           Norm_Annu_Prec
           8104ffffffffff
                                                                  0.025701
      0
                                   1
                                                 0.050405
      1
           81107fffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.249975
                                                                  0.072716
      2
           810c7fffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.412010
                                                                  0.233506
      3
           8112ffffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.427046
                                                                  0.052186
           8126bfffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.553911
                                                                  0.060492
                                                                  0.149663
      512 8112ffffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.372323
      513 8128ffffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.429973
                                                                  0.127409
      514 8128ffffffffff
                                   1
                                                 0.558158
                                                                  0.292117
      515 8128ffffffffff
                                                 0.563472
                                                                  0.312804
      516 811f3fffffffff
                                                 0.541126
                                                                  0.091522
      [517 rows x 10 columns]
[10]: print("Python Current Version:-", sys.version)
      # some critical packages
      print("H3 package version:-", h3.__version__)
      print("Statsmodels package version:-", statsmodels.__version__)
      print("Latlon package version:-", latlon_utils.__version__) # retrive data from_
       ⇔World clim
      # other used packages
      print("Numpy package version:-", np.__version__)
      print("Scipy package version:-", sp.__version__)
      print("Pandas package version:-", pd.__version__)
      print("Geopandas package version:-", gpd.__version__)
     Python Current Version: - 3.8.13 | packaged by conda-forge | (default, Mar 25
     2022, 06:05:47)
     [Clang 12.0.1]
     H3 package version: - 3.7.4
     Statsmodels package version: - 0.13.2
     Latlon package version: - 0.0.7
     Numpy package version: - 1.23.3
     Scipy package version: - 1.9.1
     Pandas package version: - 1.5.0
     Geopandas package version: - 0.11.1
 [2]: def MedianDistance(data):
          # calculate median distance given data points
```

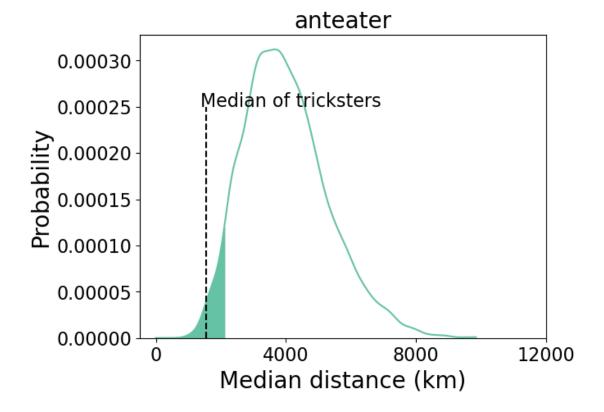
```
center_lng=[]
    center_lat=[]
   for i in range(len(data)):
        x=h3.h3_to_geo_boundary(data[i], True)
       x=np.mean(x, axis=0)
        center_lng.append(x[0])
        center_lat.append(x[1])
   df=pd.DataFrame({'latitude':center_lat, 'longitude':center_lng})
   Distance=[] # realized distances between tricksters
   for i in range(len(df)):
       place1=df.iloc[i, :]
        for j in range(i+1, len(df)):
            place2=df.iloc[j, :]
            Distance.append(geodesic(place1, place2).km)
   return np.median(Distance)
def Distribution_Test(df, target, rep=10000):
    # Test whether TS is more dense than random distributions on RA
    # df: data farme of tricksters. See above as an example
    # target: str of target species
    # rep: int of replications to generate a median distributions under the
 ⇔null hypothesis
   if target == 'water bird' or target == "monkey" or target ==_
 print ("We ignore this species")
       return np.nan
   else:
        # Step 1: calculate distances between tricksters
       hex_TS=np.unique(df[df['TrickSter']==target]['hex_index']) # hex_qrids_\( \)
 ⇔of focal Tricksters
       median TS=MedianDistance(hex TS)
        # Step 2: calculate distances under null hypothesis (random_
 ⇔distirbutions of TS given RA exist)
        df_meta=pd.read_csv('./GBIF/For_gbif_trickstar.xlsx - Sheet1.csv') #_J
 →meta file
        taxa=df_meta[df_meta['Category'] == target]['Taxa'].reset_index(drop=True)
        for i in range(len(taxa)):
            if i==0:
                data=pd.read_csv('./GBIF/'+target+'/'+taxa[i]+'_cleaned.csv')
                dd=pd.read_csv('./GBIF/'+target+'/'+taxa[i]+'_cleaned.csv')
                data=pd.concat([data,dd])
```

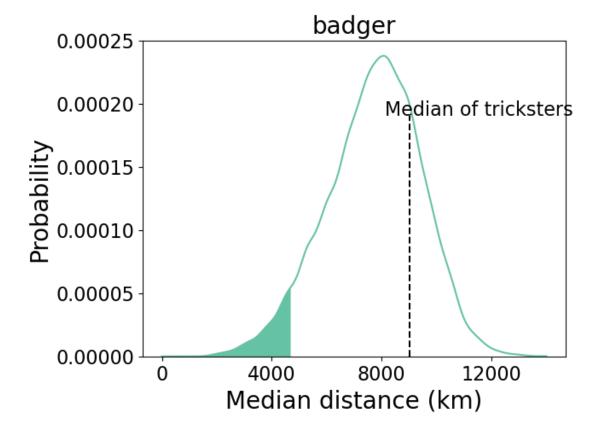
```
#print(data)
      hex_RA=np.unique(data['hex_index'])
      Median_RA=[]
      for k in range(rep):
          hex_extract=np.random.choice(hex_RA, len(hex_TS), replace=False)
          Median_RA.append(MedianDistance(hex_extract))
      kernel=sp.stats.gaussian_kde(Median_RA)
      x=np.linspace(0, max(Median_RA), 5000)
      y=kernel(x)
      cum y= cumtrapz(y, x)
      idx_d= np.searchsorted(cum_y, 0.05) # index of x that gives cum~0.0.5
      p_val= cum_y[np.searchsorted(x, median_TS, side='right')]
      plt.plot(x, y, color='#66c2a5')
      plt.vlines(x=median_TS, ymin=0, ymax=max(y)*0.8, color='k',__
→linestyle='--')
      plt.ylim(0, max(y)*1.05)
      plt.fill_between(x[:idx_d], np.zeros([np.size(x[:idx_d])]), y[:idx_d],__
⇔color='#66c2a5')
      plt.xlabel("Median distance (km)", fontsize=20)
      plt.xticks([0, 4000, 8000, 12000], fontsize=16)
      plt.ylabel("Probability", fontsize=20)
      plt.yticks(fontsize=16)
      plt.text(x=median_TS*0.9, y=0.8*(max(y)), s='Median of tricksters', ___

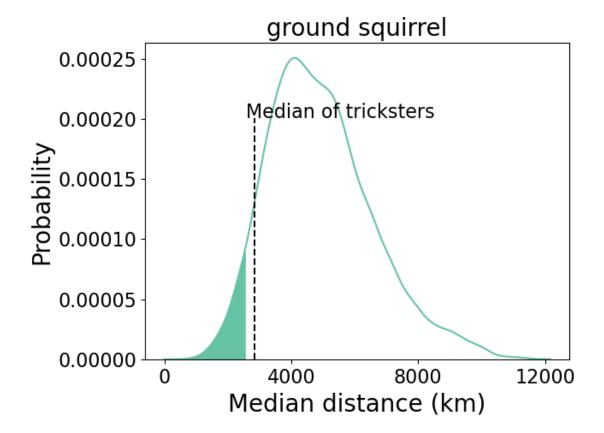
¬fontsize=16)
      plt.title(target, fontsize=20)
      plt.savefig("CompareDistance_Earth"+target+".pdf", bbox_inches='tight',
⇒pad inches=0.05)
      plt.show()
      return p_val # significance
```

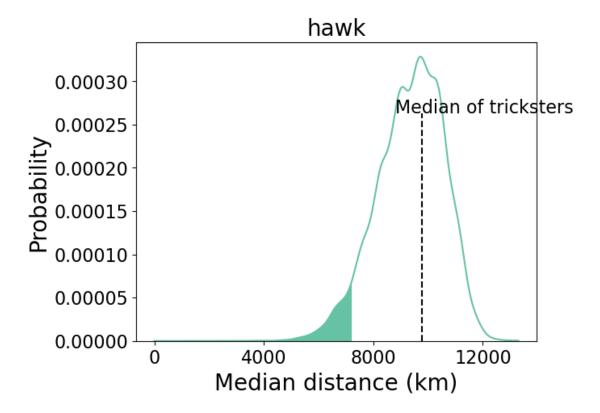
```
[3]: species=np.sort(np.unique(df["TrickSter"]))
P_vals=[]
for i in range(len(species)):
    target=species[i]
    print(i)
    P_vals.append(Distribution_Test(df, target, rep=10000))

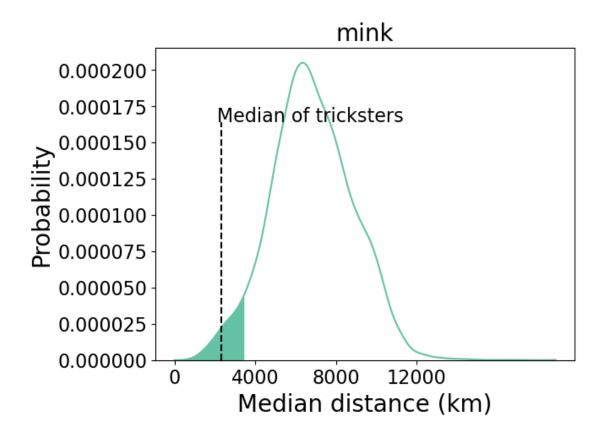
df_result=pd.DataFrame({'Tricksters':species, 'P values':P_vals})
df_result
```



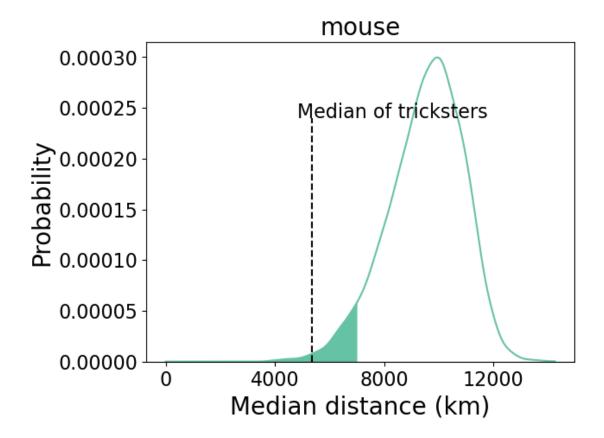


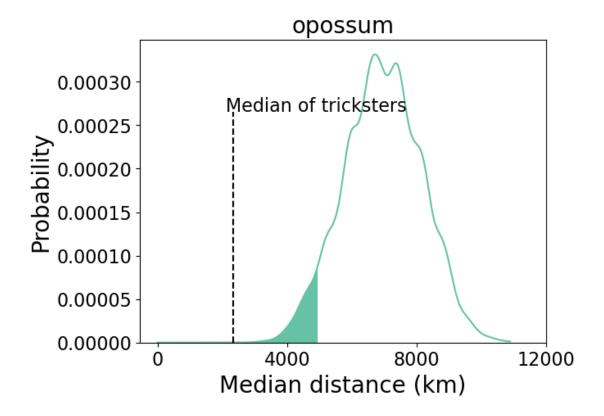


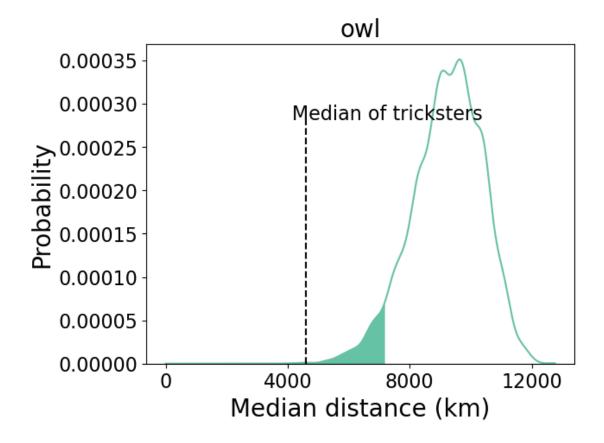


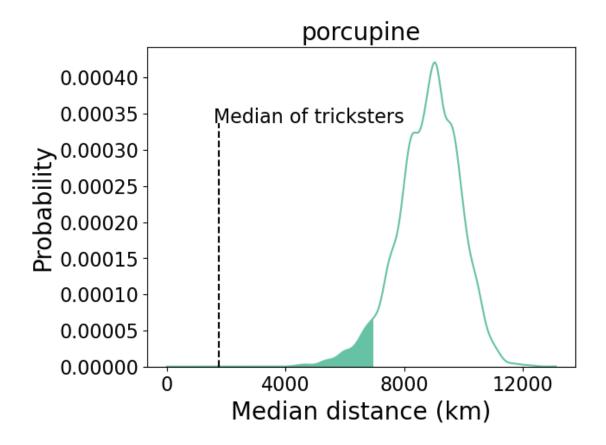


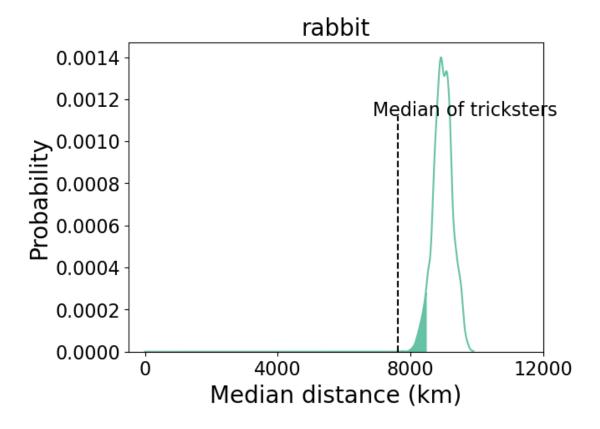
We ignore this species

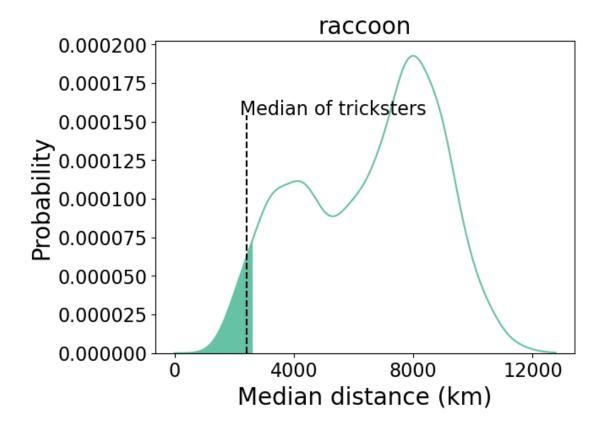


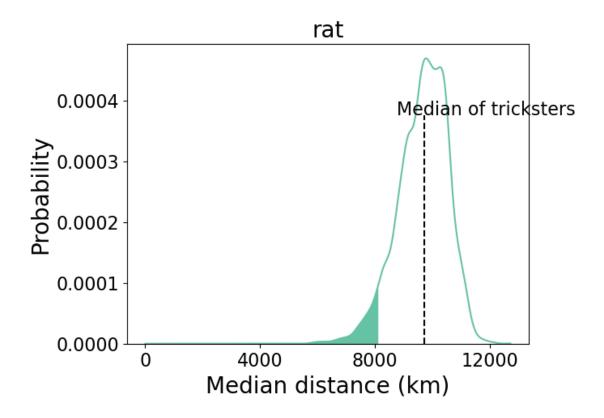


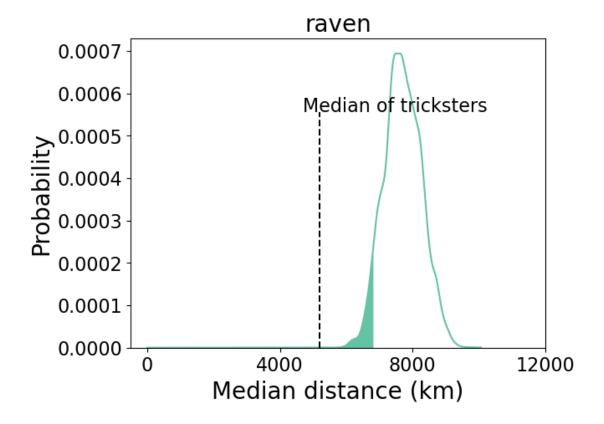


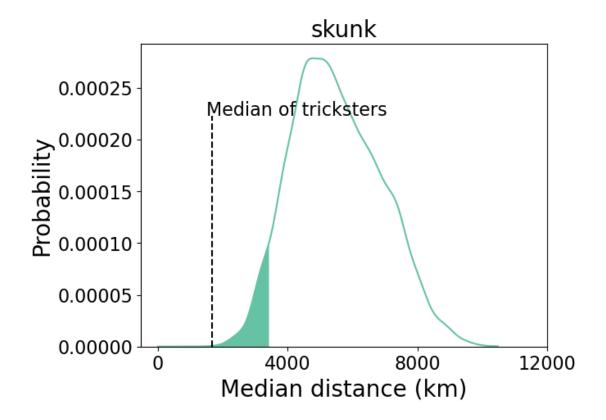


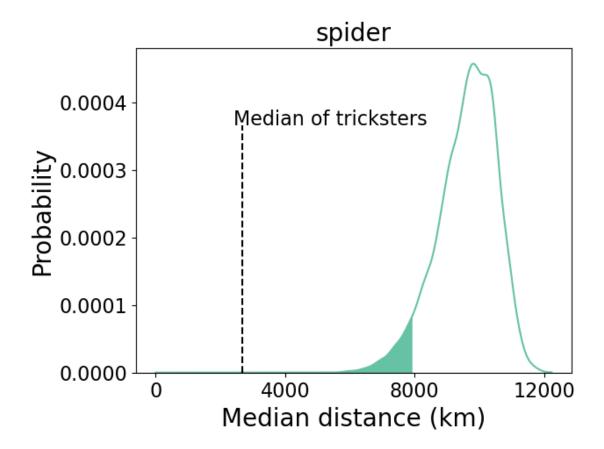




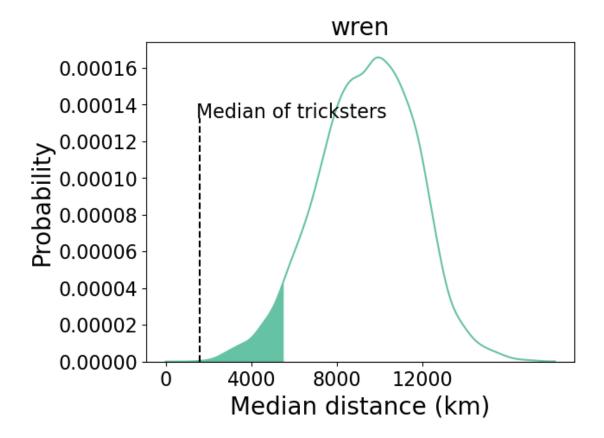








We ignore this species



[3]:		Tricksters	P values
	0	anteater	9.008631e-03
	1	badger	7.663841e-01
	2	ground squirrel	8.528373e-02
	3	hawk	6.051496e-01
	4	mink	1.532789e-02
	5	monkey	NaN
	6	mouse	5.026744e-03
	7	opossum	5.735126e-08
	8	owl	4.606392e-04
	9	porcupine	2.800319e-55
	10	rabbit	1.365183e-06
	11	raccoon	3.902032e-02
	12	rat	4.898402e-01
	13	raven	1.504630e-05
	14	skunk	1.341975e-04
	15	spider	4.682530e-74
	16	water bird	NaN
	17	wren	1.196346e-04

```
[4]: df_result=pd.DataFrame({'Tricksters':species, 'P values':P_vals})
      df_result=df_result.drop(index=[5, 16])
 [5]: # need to remove monkey bird and GS
      a, b=multitest.fdrcorrection(df_result['P values'])
      df_result['FDR']=a
      df_result
 [5]:
                Tricksters
                                 P values
                                              FDR
      0
                  anteater
                             9.008631e-03
                                             True
                             7.663841e-01
      1
                    badger
                                           False
      2
          ground squirrel
                             8.528373e-02
                                           False
      3
                             6.051496e-01
                      hawk
                                            False
      4
                      mink
                             1.532789e-02
                                             True
      6
                             5.026744e-03
                                             True
                     mouse
      7
                             5.735126e-08
                                             True
                   opossum
      8
                             4.606392e-04
                                             True
                       owl
      9
                 porcupine
                             2.800319e-55
                                             True
      10
                    rabbit
                             1.365183e-06
                                             True
      11
                             3.902032e-02
                                           False
                   raccoon
      12
                             4.898402e-01
                       rat
                                           False
      13
                     raven
                             1.504630e-05
                                             True
      14
                             1.341975e-04
                     skunk
                                             True
      15
                    spider
                             4.682530e-74
                                             True
      17
                      wren
                             1.196346e-04
                                             True
[83]:
      11/15
```

[83]: 0.7333333333333333

As we can see above, about 70% data (where we remove three species from the analysis) suggest that TS is more clugged than the null hypothsis. The exceptions are badger, hawk, racoonm, and rat. RA distribution of racoon is clugged while that of badger hawk, and rat are as broad as those of TS, respectively (see Analysis Note 6). In the above figures, these three species show median >8000km

[]: