Alex Kitsul
230134210
CPSC 450
Assignment 5 - Report
March 23

## Psedocode

```
main:
    string <- from file
    char_list <- pre_process_string(string)
    fixed_string <- BWT(char_list)
pre process string(string):
    char list <- convert string to char list
    letter count = dictionary of letter occurance counts
    for i from 0 to len(char list):
        update letter_count for char_list[i]
        char list[i] = char list[i] concat letter count
    if no dollar sign in count, throw error
    return char_list
BWT(char_list):
    unsorted list <- char list
    sorted_list <- alphabetically sort char_list with $ first
    dict_list <- (keys = sorted_list, values = unsorted_list)
    new string <- ""
    start <- "$1"
    new string = new string concat start[0]
    while dict list[start] != "$1":
        new string = new string concat dict list[start][0]
        start = dict_list[start]
    return reverse of new string
```

## Program Code

## ${\bf Burrows Wheeler Transform}$

```
def main():
        Main driver method
        Parameters:
            None
        Returns:
            None. Side effect.
    11 11 11
    file name = input("Enter file name: ")
    with open(file name) as file:
        # Read in string from file
        read string = file.read()
        # Pre-process string by adding place numbers to the string
        char list = pre process string(read string)
        # Apply char list with new counted chars to BWT algo
        fixed string = BWT(char list)
        print("Result:", fixed_string)
def pre_process_string(string):
        Pre processes string to count character occurances and
        splits into char array
        Parameters:
            string (String): A string with a $ somewhere in the string
        Returns:
            char_list (list[char]): A char list with counts of the occurances of
            every character ['c1', 'c2', etc...]
    11 11 11
    \# Split string into char list
    char list = list (string)
    \# Make dict to store character occurance count (most O(1) way to do this)
    letter count = dict()
    \# Iterate through the char list and replace character with itself and its
    # occurance
    for i in range(len(char list)):
        if (char_list[i] not in letter count):
```

```
letter count [char list[i]] = 1
        else:
             letter count[char list[i]] += 1
        char list[i] = char list[i] + str(letter count[char list[i]])
    \# If no \$ was found, then string is not valid, throw exception
    if ("$" not in letter count or letter count["$"] > 1):
        raise ValueError("No dollar sign found in input string, \
        or too many $'s in string. Invalid.")
    return char list
def BWT(char list):
        Execute the Inverse BTW algorithm to decode a string
        Parameters:
             char list (list[char]): A list of characters that have been
             pre-processed by pre process string(string)
        Returns:
             new string (String): The reassembled string
    11 11 11
    \# Make the sorted and unsorted list into dicts to make searches
    # much more efficient
    unsorted\_list = char\_list
    sorted list = sorted(char list)
    dict list = dict(zip(sorted list, unsorted list))
    new\_string = ""
    # Start at the $1 and continue until you hit the $1 value
    start = "$1"
    \# (Add the first $ to the string)
    new_string += start[0]
    \# While we haven't hit the $1 end value, append the value (at index 0 to cut off
    # the count number, to the reassembled string)
    while (dict list[start]!= "$1"):
        new string += dict list[start][0]
        start = dict list[start]
    return new string [::-1]
\mathbf{i} \mathbf{f} = \mathbf{main} = \mathbf{main} = \mathbf{main}:
    main()
```

## Examples with Output



