

Experiment No. 6

Aim: Implement a Singly Linked List.

Theory:

Like arrays, Linked List is a linear data structure. Unlike arrays, linked list elements are not stored at a contiguous location; the elements are linked using pointers.

Insertion in the Linked List

1. Insert at the beginning

- Allocate memory for new node
- Store data
- Change next of new node to point to head
- Change head to point to recently created node

2. Insert at the End

- Allocate memory for new node
- Store data
- Traverse to last node
- Change next of last node to recently created node

3. Insert at the Middle

- Allocate memory and store data for new node
- Traverse to node just before the required position of new node
- Change next pointers to include new node in between

Delete from a Linked List

You can delete either from the beginning, end or from a particular position.

Delete from beginning

- Point head to the second node

2. Delete from end

- Traverse to second last element
- Change its next pointer to null

3. Delete from middle

- Traverse to element before the element to be deleted
- Change next pointers to exclude the node from the chain

Conclusion: (Students write conclusion in your own words. U have to describe what u you understood from the experiment and the concept of the experiment. **Conclusion carry 4 marks out of 10)**